The Sydney Morning Herald.

NO. 6836.—VOL. XLI. | SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1860. | PRICE THREEPENCE.

BIRTH.

On the 3rd instant, at Snail's Bay, Balmain, the wife of Thomas Aspinwall, Esq., of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

On Saturday, 28th ultimo, by licence, at St. Andrew's Church, by the Rev. G. King, William Dalton, second son of Mr. G. Banks, architect and builder, Lymington, Hampshire, to Ellen Reynolds, youngest daughter of C. J. Potter, York-street, Sydney.

On Thursday, the 3rd instant, at Enfield, by the Rev. M. D. Meares, Henry Boyle, Esq., of Surat, to Rosa, second daughter of Richard Douglass, Esq., of Enfield.

DEATH.

On the first instant, at her residence, Kent-street South, Sydney, Margaret M'Bride, widow of the late John M'Bride, of Sydney, aged 43 years, leaving a large family to deplore their loss.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

OVERLAND ROUTE TO ENGLAND.—THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S steamship BENARES, G. C. BURNE, Commander, will be despatched for SUEZ, with her Majesty's mails, passengers, specie, and cargo, on MONDAY, the 14th of May, 1860, at 2 o'clock, touching at MELBOURNE, KANGAROO ISLAND, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, POINT DE GALLE, and ADEN.
For particulars regarding freight and passage, with information on all subjects connected with the PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Lines, apply to HENRY MOORE, Agent.
Moore's Wharf, Sydney, April 16th, 1860.

STEAM TO NEW ZEALAND.—The I. R. M. Company's Steamers will be despatched as under :—
For AUCKLAND direct.—PRINCE ALFRED, J. BOWDEN, commander, on the 10th May.
For NELSON, TARANAKI, WELLINGTON, PORT COOPER, and OTAGO.—LORD WORSLEY, R. JOHNSON, commander, on the 10th May.
Return tickets are issued at reduced rates, entitling the holders to remain a month in New Zealand.
PEARSON and CO., agents, Grafton Wharf.
SAMUEL CLARK, manager.
Shippers will please observe that no bonded goods will be received on board without shipping notes, the same as for free goods.
The name of the port of destination must in all cases be mentioned in the shipping notes, and where possible, marked also on the packages, to facilitate the stowage of the same.
Notice to consignees per I. R. M. Company's steamers.—Bills of lading must be presented at the office, and freight paid before delivery of goods.

MOSSMAN'S BAY.—Steamers from the Circular Quay, at 11 and 12 a.m., 1, 2, 3, 4 p.m.
Fares, 6d. each way.
Tea, coffee, and refreshments.

MANLY BEACH (BRIGHTON) STEAMERS VICTORIA or PHANTOM.—LEAVE DAILY.
Phœnix Wharf, for Watson's Bay and Manly, 10·5, 2·5.
Circular Quay, ditto ditto, 10·30, 2·30, 5·15.
Woolloomooloo, ditto ditto, 10·45, 2·45.
Manly, for Watson's Bay, Woolloomooloo, and Sydney, 8·0, 12·0, 4·15. Watson's Bay, for Woolloomooloo and Circular Quay, 8·15, 4·30. Fares, 1s.
On SATURDAYS and SUNDAYS.
Phœnix Wharf, for Watson's Bay and Manly, 10·5, 2·15.
Circular Quay, ditto ditto, 10·30, 2·30.
Woolloomooloo, ditto ditto, 10·45, 2·45.
Manly, for Watson's Bay, Woolloomooloo, and Sydney, 8·0, 12·0, 5·0. Watson's Bay, for Woolloomooloo and Circular Quay, 8·15, 5·15. Fares, 1s. 6d.; children, 9d.
Fares to Watson's Bay, 1s.; children, 6d.

PARRAMATTA STEAMERS.—EMU, PELICAN, and BLACK SWAN STEAMERS DAILY.
From Parramatta, at 8, and 11 a.m., and 4 p.m.
From Ryde (calling at Gladesville and Hunter's Hill, at 7.45.
From Sydney, at 9 a.m., 1.15 and 4 p.m. (and 6 p.m. to Ryde only.)
ON SUNDAYS.
Sydney, 9 a.m. Parramatta, 4 p.m.
FARES.
Cabin, return tickets, 4s.; steerage, 2s. 6d.
Ditto single fares, 2s. 6d.; ditto, 1s. 6d.
No charge for omnibus. Refreshments to be had on board. Phœnix Wharf.
N.B. The cost of travelling by these steamers is little more than ONE-HALF of that by Railway (and omnibus).

RAPID, STEAMER, leaves the Bethel Wharf, for
WOLLONGONG, MONDAY EVENINGS, at 9 (cargo only); FRIDAY MORNINGS, at 8, returning same day.
KIAMA, MONDAY and WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, at 9.
SHELLHARBOUR WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, at 9.
All freights must be paid in Sydney.
A. A. DUNNICLIFF, agent.

ILLAWARRA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMPACKETS TO
CLYDE RIVER, on MONDAY, at 10 a.m.
WOLLONGONG, on MONDAY, at 10 a.m. and 11 p.m.
SHELL HARBOUR and KIAMA, on MONDAY, at 11 p.m.
KIAMA and SHOALHAVEN, on TUESDAY, at 11 p.m.
MERIMBULA, on FRIDAY, at 10 a.m.
ULLADULLA, on FRIDAY, at 10 a.m.

H. R. N. S. N. CO.—STEAM to the HUNTER.—The CITY OF NEWCASTLE, THIS (SATURDAY) NIGHT, at 11 o'clock.
P. J. COHEN, manager.
Offices, foot of Market-street.

HUNTER RIVER NEW STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
STEAM TO AND FROM THE HUNTER DURING THE MONTH OF MAY.
FROM SYDNEY—
CITY OF NEWCASTLE, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 11 p.m.
PATERSON, MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 11 p.m.
FROM MORPETH—
CITY OF NEWCASTLE, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 8 a.m.
PATERSON, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 8 a.m.
A vessel to Clarence Town, direct, twice during the month.
P. J. COHEN, manager.
Offices, foot of Market-street.

THE A. S. N. COMPANY'S STEAMERS TO
MELBOURNE, calling at EDEN, TWOFOLD BAY.—RANGATIRA, THIS AFTERNOON (SATURDAY), at 3.
HUNTER RIVER.—ILLALONG, MONDAY, at 7 a.m.
CLARENCE TOWN.— ——, on THURSDAY, 17th May, at 7 a.m.
BRISBANE and IPSWICH.—YARRA YARRA, WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 10.
WIDE BAY.—WARATAH, TUESDAY EVENING, at 10.
PORT CURTIS and ROCKHAMPTON direct.—EAGLE, THURSDAY, at 6 p.m.
JAMES PATERSON, manager.
A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, Sussex-street.

STEAM TO BRISBANE, Queensland.—The screw steamer CORIO, COLEMAN, master, will load at Lime-street Wharf, and be despatched in a few days.
MOLISON and BLACK, No. 4, Bridge-street.

MACLEAY RIVER.—STAG, Commercial Wharf. 15s. per ton freight.

FOR FREDERICKTON, CHRISTOPHER TOWN, and KEMPSEY—MACLEAY PACKET, first fair wind.
Apply to C. LAWSON, on board, Baltic Wharf.

FOR THE MACLEAY RIVER.—The MARGARET, from the Commercial Wharf, on MONDAY, 7th instant, at noon.
Apply on board; or to Mr. DALTON.

FIRST VESSEL FOR WINGHAM, MANNING RIVER.—The WILLIAM HEZLETT, THIS AFTERNOON. Will receive cargo for all parts of the River, as well.
Apply to the Captain on board, at Commercial Wharf; or to ROBERT CAMPBELL, Commercial Stores, 101, Sussex-street.

FOR TWOFOLD BAY.—The Schooner ELLEN will sail THIS DAY, two p.m.
For freight or passage apply on board, at the Commercial Wharf.

FIRST VESSEL for MELBOURNE WHARF.—Regular line of traders from the Commercial Wharf. The fine fast-sailing NATIVE LASS, will sail on or about WEDNESDAY next, May 9th.
For freight or passage apply to ANDERSON, CAMPBELL, and CO., Sussex-street.

FIRST VESSEL for MELBOURNE WHARF.—The clipper barque CITY OF MELBOURNE, W. ARNOLD, commander, has the whole of her dead weight engaged, and has room for a few tons of light freight, for which, or passage,
Apply on board, at the Grafton Wharf; or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers.

FREIGHT FOR MORPETH.—H. MOON, Liverpool-street Saw Mills.

FREIGHT FOR NEWCASTLE.—H. MOON, Liverpool-street Saw Mills.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR THE MANNING RIVER.—The FLYING FISH from the Victoria Wharf, THIS AFTERNOON.

FOR MELBOURNE WHARF.—The brig GOLDEN SPRING will be at the Albion Wharf, THIS DAY, and receive cargo. For freight or passage, apply to WILLIAM WRIGHT, 28, Bathurst-street, or LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., George-street.

FOR MELBOURNE Wharf.—The first-class clipper brigantine GOLDSEEKER, 200 tons, WILLIAM LYONS, commander, having three-fourths of her cargo engaged, will be despatched immediately.
For freight or passage apply on board, at Botts' Wharf; or to HENRY H. BEAUCHAMP, 41, King-street.

FOR MELBOURNE WHARF.—The regular trader UNION, LITTLECOTE, master, will commence loading at the Victoria Wharf in a few days, and have the usual quick despatch.
Apply to H. CLARKE, at the Wharf; or to MOLISON and BLACK, 4, Bridge-street.

ONLY VESSEL FOR LAUNCESTON.—☞ The A1 regular trader LADY DENISON, J. M'KINLAY, commander, detained at request of shippers until MONDAY next, on which day she will positively clear at the Customs.
Cabin passage £8 8 0
Including wines, beer, spirits, beds, bedding, &c.
Steerage passage 4 4 0
For freight or passage, apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers.

FOR ADELAIDE direct.—The well-known regular trader JOHN ORMEROD, T. J. SIVIER, master, having two-thirds of her loading on board, will take the remainder of cargo at the Circular Quay, and sail in a few days.
For freight or passage apply to the captain on board; to MOLISON and BLACK; or to EBSWORTH and CO., Bridge-street.

DART, for PORT COOPER, calling at WELLINGTON.—☞ Passengers by this vessel are requested to pay the balance of their passages by noon, or their deposits will be forfeited.
LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., agents, Lloyd's-chambers.

FOR TARANAKI and MANUKAU.—The clipper brig SHAMROCK, 184 tons, DIXON, master, will sail on or about the 8th instant. Has room for a few tons of light freight.
For freight or passage, apply to R. T. FORD, Circular Quay.

NEW CALEDONIA POSTAL SERVICE.—The clipper packet CHAMPION, H. MENNIE, master, will be despatched for PORT DE FRANCE, with H.I.M.'s mails on the 10th May.
For freight or passage apply to LANNOY and BOURGOING, 14, Victoria-terrace, Miller's Point.

FOR PORT DE FRANCE, NEW CALEDONIA, via NORFOLK ISLAND.—The regular trader and clipper brig MARIA. ANDERSON, master, is now receiving cargo at Smith's Wharf, and, having all her dead weight on board, will be quickly despatched.
For freight or passage apply to MOLISON and BLACK, No. 4 Bridge-street.

FOR MANILA.—The A1 clipper ship S. H. TALBOT, under charter for MANILA, has room for a few tons freight, and very superior accommodation for passengers.
Apply to Captain BURGESS, on board; or to ROBERT D. MERRILL, agent, 2, Macquarie-place.

FOR HONGKONG.—The fine first-class American ship FRANCIS P. SAGE, 1424 tons, THOMAS INGERSOLL, commander, will be despatched on or about the 25th instant. Has unrivalled accommodation both for cabin and steerage passengers.
For freight or passage, apply to A. TANGE and CO., Wynyard-square.

FOR HONGKONG.—The fine first-class American ship FRANCIS P. SAGE, 1424 tons, THOMAS INGERSOLL, commander, will be despatched on or about the 25th instant. Has unrivalled accommodation for passengers.
For freight or passage apply to A. TANGE and CO., Wynyard-square.

MADURA, for ROTTERDAM.—Passengers by this vessel are requested to pay the balance of their passage money on SATURDAY, before 11 o'clock a.m., as the vessel will positively sail in the AFTERNOON. Only two cabins for first-class passengers disengaged.
FROST, KOHLER, and CO., agents.

FOR CALCUTTA.—The superior A1 clipper ship HELIOS, Captain THOMAS M. CARTNEY, will sail with quick despatch.
For freight or passage apply to Captain CARTNEY, on board; or to ROBERT D. MERRILL, 2, Macquarie-place.

FOR LONDON.—The favourite A1 and regular trader ship GENERAL WYNDHAM, 651 tons register, J. M. LESLIE, commander. This vessel is nearly new, and recently coppered, and otherwise a superior conveyance. She is appointed to take on the Cateaux Wattel's cargo, and having already nearly sufficient down to fill her, will meet with quick despatch, affording an excellent opportunity for shippers. Has superior accommodation for cabin passengers.
Apply on board to Captain LESLIE, Campbell's Wharf; or to BRIERLEY, DEAN, and CO., 273, George-street.

FOR LONDON, with immediate dispatch.—The magnificent frigate-built ship GEORGE MARSHALL, A1, 13 years, coppered and copper-fastened, JOHN DAVIDSON (late of the Bank of England), commander.
For freight or passage apply to the captain, on board; or to YOUNG, LARK, and BENNETT, George and Margaret streets.

FOR LONDON direct.—To follow the OLIVER CROMWELL, the A1 Aberdeen clipper ship PHŒNICIAN, 478 tons register, JAMES LARGIE, commander, having a large portion of her cargo already down, will have quick despatch.
For freight or passage, apply to Captain LARGIE, on board, at Circular Wharf; or to MONTEFIORE GRAHAM, and CO.

FOR LONDON, with immediate dispatch.—The fine A1 ship WATERLOO (belonging to Messrs. D. Dunbar and Sons), 890 tons register, JOHN YOUNG, commander, is now ready to receive cargo, and will sail at an early date. Passengers are reminded of her well-known character as a favourite passenger ship, and are requested to inspect her saloon accommodation.
For further particulars apply to Captain YOUNG, on board; or to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

BLACKWALL LINE OF PACKETS from MELBOURNE to LONDON.—To sail on 7th May.—The fine frigate-built A1 ship AGINCOURT, 1000 tons, GEORGE TICKELL, commander. The accommodations on board this fine ship are first-rate, and the dietary scale is very liberal. An experienced surgeon will accompany the ship.
RATES.
First cabin —£65 to £90
Second ditto—£35, including steward's attendance
Third ditto —£18 10s. to £25.
Including passage to Melbourne.
J. B. METCALFE and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

THE BLACK BALL AND EAGLE LINE OF PACKETS.—Passage Money, £14, and Upwards.—For LIVERPOOL, calling at CORK to land passengers and mail, the magnificent clipper ship BRITISH TRIDENT, FRANCIS BOYCE, commander, having arrived after a prosperous voyage, will sail from Melbourne for Liverpool direct, on TUESDAY, May 15th.
Saloon.—Passengers in this class will find, on inspection, the accommodation superior to any ship on the berth. The state rooms are unusually large, and well lighted by side ports, and furnished with all cabin furniture, bedding, towels, &c. The dining saloon is beautifully fitted up, and the ladies' boudoir is elegantly arranged with lounges, easy chairs, piano, &c.
The second cabin is on deck, and offers inducements to passengers returning in this class rarely to be met with, being superior to most saloons of other ships.
Passengers, in addition to the usual liberal dietary scale, will have fresh meat issued to them twice a week.
Stewards are appointed to attend on this class.
All crockeryware and cabin and table utensils are provided by the ship, exclusive of bedding, linen, &c.
To third class passengers this ship offers great inducements, the height between decks affording excellent ventilation, in addition to large side ports. The rooms are all enclosed and fitted up with a view to the special comfort of passengers in this class.
For particulars respecting rates of passage, apply to BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO., Melbourne; or THACKER, DANIELL, and CO., O'Connell-street, Sydney.

SHIP FRANCIS P. SAGE, from HONGKONG—CONSIGNEES by this ship will please PASS ENTRIES for Moore's Wharf. Any goods for which entry is not passed by noon THIS DAY (Saturday) will be entered and stored by the undersigned, at the risk and expense of the consignees.
A. TANGE and CO., Wynyard-square.

SHIP GENERAL WINDHAM, from LONDON.—Consignees by the above vessel will be pleased to PASS their Custom-house ENTRIES immediately, for Campbell's Wharf, and to take notice that the vessel will not be responsible for any goods after they are landed, and also that goods for which entries are not passed, when ready to be discharged will be entered by the undersigned at the risk and expense of the consignees. BRIERLEY, DEAN, and CO., 273, George-street.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHIP GEORGE MARSHALL, from LONDON.—Notice to Consignees.—This ship will discharge at the Circular Quay. No goods will be delivered until the freight is paid. All cargo impeding the discharge will be entered and stored by the undersigned, at the consignees' expense and risk, on MONDAY, 7th instant.
Captain DAVIDSON will not be responsible for any debts contracted by his crew.
YOUNG, LARK, and BENNETT, George and Margaret streets.

SHIP LLOYDS, from LONDON. Consignees of goods by this vessel are particularly requested to PASS ENTRIES for Circular Quay, at once. All goods impeding the discharge will be entered, landed, and stored at consignees' risk and expense; and the ship will not be responsible for any loss of or damage to cargo after being landed. Bills of landing must be produced to the undersigned, and orders for delivery obtained before any goods can leave the wharf. Captain Harrison will not be responsible for any debts contracted by his crew.
GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO., agents.
Lloyd's Chambers, George-street.

SHIP GENERAL WYNDHAM, from LONDON.—SPECIAL NOTICE to CONSIGNEES.—This vessel being lumped, consignees will be pleased to pass their Custom-house ENTRIES by noon on MONDAY, the 7th instant. Any goods impeding the discharge after that date will be entered, landed, and stored at their risk and expense. Dated this 5th day of May, 1860. BRIERLEY, DEAN, and CO., 273, George-street.

SHIP MARGARET BLAIR, HALL, master, from Liverpool.—This ship will discharge at Botts' Wharf, and consignees will please pass ENTRIES accordingly. Goods impeding the discharge from want of entries will be cleared by the agents. Freights must be paid and delivery orders obtained at the office. WILLIS, MERRY, and CO., agents, Church-hill.

FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER.—The A1 clipper barque LION, WILLIAM SINCLAIR, commander. This vessel has just arrived from Otago, New Zealand, having completed the voyage there and back to Sydney in thirty days, where she delivered her cargo of horses all in good condition. This is the fifth voyage the LION has made to the Middle Island, New Zealand, without the loss of one horse, and is in every respect superior to any other vessel in the trade for the conveyance of stock. Can be sent to sea in three days. Apply to Captain SINCLAIR, on board; or to JAMES MALCOLM, SEN., Lyons-buildings.

FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER.—The fine brig GRATIA, now undergoing a thorough overhaul, will be ready in a few days to go on any voyage. MOLISON and BLACK, No. 4, Bridge-street.

FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER.—The A1 fast-sailing British-built Barque ASIA, JOHN BARR, commander, can be ready for sea in fourteen days. Apply to MACKINTOSH, HIRST, and CO., Macquarie-place.

FOR SALE, the fine clipper Brig GAZELLE, 284 tons register, fitted up for the conveyance of stock, and well known in the New Zealand cattle trade. Apply to R. T. FORD, Circular Quay.

FOR SALE, the Screw Steamer CORIO, built by Scott and Co., of Greenock, in 1854. For particulars, apply to Captain COLEMAN, on board; or to MOLISON and BLACK, 4, Bridge-street.

MOORE'S WHARF.—VESSELS DISCHARGING OR LOADING AT THIS WHARF CAN LAY ALONGSIDE A REASONABLE TIME WITHOUT CHARGE, AND A LIBERAL ALLOWANCE WILL BE MADE FROM THE WHARFAGES RECEIVED ON CARGO. GOODS STORED IN BONDED OR FREE WAREHOUSES AT LOW RATES.
This capacious wharf has frontage to deep water for vessels of any tonnage, and being enclosed with roomy sheds upon it, offers every security for cargoes discharging or loading. The extensive warehouses, which are of first-class character, are calculated to protect goods stored in them, while their proximity to the waterside obviates the necessity of cartage, by which much expense is saved, and the goods subjected to one removal only. The wharfinger and a watchman live on the premises. HENRY MOORE.

TO SHIPOWNERS and others.—The Proprietors of the PATENT SLIP, Sussex-street, are now prepared to take up vessels, of all sizes, at 1s. per ton, and 6d. per ton per day, slip hire, CHARGING only the REGISTERED TONNAGE; and will also guarantee the best and most expeditious workmanship, with materials of every description, at the lowest possible prices.

NEWCASTLE COAL and COPPER COMPANY.—Notice.—Mr. J. C. DIBBS has been appointed Agent for the sale of this Company's Coals, in Sydney. 2nd April, 1860. JOHN P. PERRY, Secretary.

LOSS OF THE CATEAUX WATTEL.—To the Editor of the SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.—SIR,—In your article on the loss of the fine ship Cateaux Wattel, you state that she "only finished the discharge of her inward cargo last night, and to-morrow was to proceed to the Circular Quay to load." I beg to inform you that she was not coming into the Quay, but into the Cove to lighter her wool off. Now, notwithstanding the use of the steam-engine at Botts' Wharf, she was thirty-two working days discharging her inward cargo, which she could have done in at most twenty working days at the Circular Quay. I am accused of not trying to get the ships. I offered her a berth to discharge her cargo for a lump sum of forty pounds, or a loading berth for the wharfage only—the same terms accepted by her the previous year; but for the consideration of the extra rebate she went to a private wharf to discharge, and then load her outward freight in the Cove. The chances of her being saved at the Circular Quay, in case of fire, were largely in our favour; because there is some one about the wharf at all hours of the night—that is, the water police, watermen, and the Custom House watermen; and it is more than probable that the fire would have been detected much earlier, and the chance of its being extinguished greater, as the engine at the Water Police Court is close at hand, and plenty of water and room for all the engines to have played on the fire at once at her moorings. But as the matter now stands the owners are the sufferers on all sides. The accommodation and convenience of the Circular Quay, to all parties has gone for nothing in this instance as in every other. Had she discharged at the Circular Quay the shippers of gum, &c., would in all probability not have had to lament their present loss, as the produce would most likely have been in store till she was quite ready to load; and of course she had to take in something to ballast her round to the Cove. When will the public and consignees take the matter up, and not allow the best wharf in the port to become depreciated in value, as it will be, if private parties are allowed by them to influence ships, by a ruinous competition, which benefits only those who are the least concerned in colonial interests.
I am, Sir, yours, &c.,
H. GILBERT, manager for lessees, 1860.
Circular Quay, May 4th.

SAILORS' HOME.—The Provisional Committee of the Sydney Sailors' Home specially request that the Subscribers of the above Institution meet at the Australian Library, Bent-street, on MONDAY next, the 7th of May, at 7 p.m., for the purpose of electing a President, six Directors, Treasurer, and Secretary for the current year, in pursuance of the 5th clause of the 4th resolution passed at the public meeting initiating the Institution.
S. NORTH, NAPOLEON LEVELL, } Secretaries.
Sydney, April 30th.

UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Philip-street.—SERVICES on SABBATH, May 6th.
Morning, at eleven o'clock, Rev. Mr. SCHOFIELD.
Evening, at seven o'clock, Mr. BUCKLAND.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH, Castlereagh-street.—Services TO-MORROW, at the following hours:—
Forenoon .... 11 o'clock
Evening .... 7 „

CHURCH EXTENSION.—The Quarterly Collection for Church Extension will be made in the Scots Church, Pitt-street, at each service on Sabbath next.

NOTICE.—The Annual MEETING of the Australasian Wesleyan Methodist Missionary Society will be held, in the Wesleyan Church, York-street, Sydney, on MONDAY EVENING, 7th May, at 7 o'clock; the Honorable George Allen, Esq., M.L.C., in the chair. A report of the Society's proceedings will be read, and the meeting will (D.V.) be addressed by the Rev. Messrs. W. Cuthbertson, B.A., J. Vercoe (recently returned from the Friendly Islands), J. Watkin, S. Ironside, Messrs. G. W. Allen, A. M'Arthur, M.P., John Dawson, and other ministers and friends.
Preparatory SERMONS will be preached on the SABBATH EVENING previously, May 6th, as follow:—
In York-street Church, at half-past 6 o'clock, by the Rev. W. Cuthbertson, B.A.
In Chippendale, at half-past 6 o'clock, by the Rev. Stephen Rabone.
In Bourke-street, Surry Hills, at half-past 6 o'clock, by the Rev. J. Watkin.
In Newtown, at half-past 6 o'clock, by the Rev. S. Ironside.
A Collection will be made at each service on behalf of the Society's Missions.

ST. PHILIP'S CHURCH.—On SUNDAY next, the 6th instant, SERMONS will be preached and collections made in this church, in aid of the stipend fund for the chaplains at the gold-fields. The DEAN OF SYDNEY will preach in the morning; the Rev. A. H. STEPHEN in the evening.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—The Adjourned Monthly MEETING will be held THIS DAY, at St. James', at half-past 2 p.m. Subject for discussion—"Free Public Education."

PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR

BENJAMIN URE, Ship Carpenter, belonging to ABERDEEN, is earnestly requested to write to his widow MOTHER, at 56, Virginia-street, Aberdeen, who is in great grief at not hearing from him. Any one who knows the address of, or can give any information regarding, the said B. URE will, by writing to Mrs. URE, 56, Virginia-street, Aberdeen, receive a mother's blessing.

HINRICH BRUMMER, who arrived in Sydney by the Oldenburg ship ARMIN, will hear of his BROTHER, W. BRUMMER, by writing to care of Messrs. Lincker and Co., ship chandlers, Sydney, where letters await him.

MR. LOUIS MACDONALD, or his NEPHEW, HARRY, who was formerly keeping a boarding-house in Jamison-street, will hear of HARRY HARRISON, by applying to KELLY'S boarding-house, Harrington-street.

MISSING from his home since Thursday, 3rd May, a YOUTH of unsound mind, named JAMES COLEMAN, about seventeen years of age; dressed in a linen blouse, black trousers, panama hat, and cossack boots. Any information concerning him will be gratefully acknowledged by his disconsolate parents. JOSEPH COLEMAN, Crown-street, near Campbell-street, Surry Hills.

THOMAS DANBY, of Newcastle-on-Tyne, who arrived in Sydney in the Blue Jacket about 7 months ago, will hear of HARRY HARRISON, by applying at KELLY'S boarding house, Harrington-street.

MARY SMITH, recently a servant in Pyrmont, Call for LETTERS, PIERCE, news agent Stanley-st.

WANTED, RABY, formerly Carpenter of Black Dog schooner. Call at Royal Oak, Miller's Point.

PRINCE OF WALES THEATRE, SATURDAY EVENING, May 5.—Sixth night of the greatest success ever witnessed in Sydney.
HIGHLAND JESSIE, or the RELIEF OF LUCKNOW—already witnessed by 8500 persons, in five representations.
The piece is acknowledged to be placed upon the stage in the most perfect manner, as regards scenery and mechanical effects, and with a cast of characters unequalled in Australia, presenting
MISS MARY PROVOST,
and the entire talented company.
The performance this evening will conclude with the two act drama of
DICK TURPIN,
Or LIFE ON THE ROAD,
Presenting Mr. Alexander Fitzgerald, Mr. W. H. Stephens, Mr. C. H. Burford, and the superior company.
Box office open from 10 to 3 daily, when places may be secured.

HIGHLAND JESSIE, still received with great demonstrations of applause—sixth night THIS EVENING. PRINCE OF WALES THEATRE.

RELIEF OF LUCKNOW, drawing the most crowded houses nightly. Families who have never been within the walls of a theatre, come to see this piece. Immense enthusiasm.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.—BRITISH and AMERICAN CIRCUS.
Sole Manager, Mr. SAMUEL COLVILLE.
SATURDAY EVENING, May 5.
First night of the new organisation.
PROGRAMME.
PART I.
The curtain will rise upon an entirely novel
FANCY DRESS ENTREE
[illegible] Cavaliers, on highly-trained and superbly-caparisoned [illegible]hargers, arranged and led by Signor Raphael.
Mr. Walter Burton, the pride of the Australias, in his [illegible]ramatic act, entitled
THE VOLTIGEUR OF THE ANDES.
Signor Raphael and Mr. R. Cousins, [illegible]me in Sydney, introduce their world-renowned feats on
LA PERCHE TRAPEZE,
[illegible] which they are acknowledged to be unrivalled.
MADAME TOURNEAR,
[illegible]e Fearless, in her captivating principal act.
The first part will conclude with
A GRAND TRIAL OF SKILL IN AGILITY,
[illegible]troducing the whole strength of the troupe, led by
CHIN FOO LAM BOO!
[illegible]e Celestial Gymnast, and Mr. R. Cousins, the Terrestrial Acrobat.
Intermission of ten minutes.
PART II.
Herr Christoff, surnamed the Daring, in his unequalled [illegible]rformance on the
CORDE ELASTIQUE.
Grand pastoral act,
LE ALLEMANDE!
[illegible]rs. E. Yeamans and Mr. W. Burton—on two horses.
Mr. R. Taylor, the champion Atlas, in his unique enter[illegible]inment on the
REVOLVING GLOBE!
Signor Raphael will depict, in his single horse act, the [illegible]ide of every English heart,
THE ROSE, SHAMROCK, AND THISTLE,
[illegible] the Union that nought can sever.
The whole to conclude with
THE OVERLAND ROUTE;
or, the One Wheel Coach.
[illegible]haracters by the Company. N.B.—2000 passengers can be accommodated.
A SUPERIOR BAND IN ATTENDANCE.
Manager, Clown, and Jester .... Mr. R. Cousins.
Director of the Ring .... Mr. R. Taylor.

SYDNEY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.—In order to assist in liquidating the heavy expense which the [illegible]ociety has incurred in placing the concerts before its [illegible]embers during the past season the committee have de[illegible]rmined upon giving a GRAND extra CONCERT, in [illegible]e great hall of the Sydney Exchange, on MONDAY [illegible]VENING 21st instant, and for which each member and [illegible]bscriber, on payment of half-a-guinea, will receive three [illegible]kets. The charge to non-subscribers will be 5s. each [illegible]ket. Full particulars, with programme, will appear in [illegible]ture advertisement. H. R. WEBB, Secretary. Office, [illegible]unter-street.

SYDNEY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.—Orchestra Members are respectfully requested to attend [illegible]ACTICE, for the Grand Extra Concert (to be given on [illegible]9th instant), in the Hall of the Exchange, on MON[illegible] EVENING, at half-past seven o'clock. H. R. [illegible]BB, secretary.

[illegible]OPLE'S VOCAL MUSIC ASSOCIATION.—SECOND CONCERT of the Season.—Will be [illegible] at the Hall of Temperance on MONDAY [illegible]NING, May 7th.

[illegible]ALL OF TEMPERANCE on MONDAY EVENING.—A large and choice selection of Glees, [illegible]als, and Part Songs.

[illegible]CERT at the HALL OF TEMPERANCE.—Admission one shilling, reserved seats two shillings.

[illegible]LMAIN.—WEDNESDAY, May 10th.—Messrs. [illegible]HOWSON'S SOIREE MUSICALE. To be held at [illegible] large new room at the back of St. Mary's Church. Tickets, 4s.

[illegible]. W. CLARK'S Quadrille Assembly on MONDAY next, at his Academy, 75, William-street.

[illegible]AND QUADRILLE ASSEMBLY on MONDAY next, at Mr. W. CLARK'S. Full and efficient band in [illegible]endance.

FASHIONABLE DANCING and CALISTHENIC EXERCISES, with elastic chest expanders, taught by [illegible]. J. CLARK, SON, and DAUGHTER, Elizabeth-street North. Class days—TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, as usual. Private lessons to ladies and gentlemen in all the [illegible] and fashionable dances. Schools and families attended. Fees paid in advance.

QUADRILLE ASSEMBLY at M'MASTER'S, TO-NIGHT, at 8 o'clock. Sweetman's Band in attendance.

DANCING ACADEMY, 147, Pitt-street, conducted by Mr. F. H. NEEDS, Classes on TUESDAYS and [illegible]RIDAYS. Juveniles for dancing, deportment, and [illegible] at four o'clock; adults at seven o'clock. Schools [illegible]tended.

[illegible]OOGOOD'S SALOON, TO-NIGHT.—The Power of Love (Satanella); selections from Lucia, Sonnambula, &c.; duett, Weeping behold me at thy Feet (Il Trovatore). Billy Smith, the great comic dialogue singer.

[illegible]OOGOOD'S SALOON.—The Manager returns thanks to VERITAS for his poetry. Shall be attended to.

PELICAN HOTEL, South Head Road.—Dancing and music, THIS EVENING, at 8. H. HOLLIDAY.

[illegible] MEETING of the Committee and Supporters of the Land Law and Reform Alliance will take place [illegible]the Rotunda, South Head Road, THIS EVENING, at [illegible] o'clock. By order.

TESTIMONIAL TO JAMES MACARTHUR, Esq.—The friends of this gentleman will be pleased to [illegible] on MONDAY, 7th instant, at four o'clock, at the [illegible] Hotel, George-street.

[illegible]AMBER OF COMMERCE.—The Monthly General MEETING of Members will be held on MONDAY, [illegible] current, at 3 p.m. precisely, to transact such other [illegible] as may be brought before the meeting. HENRY [illegible]CARY, secretary.

SURRY HILLS EVENING SCHOOL OF DESIGN, St. Michael's Schoolroom, Fitzroy-street.—The attention of the public is respectfully requested to the above institution, which offers an opportunity to the young men of Sydney of acquiring a sound knowledge of the first principles of art at a very low charge.

TO THE RIGHT WORSHIPFUL THE MAYOR of the City of Sydney.—We, the undersigned citizens and colonists, beg respectfully to request that you will convene a public meeting, at an early day, for the purpose of giving expression to public opinion on the extraordinary remarks and decision of Judge Holroyd, in the case of Lang v. Macdonald.
Sydney, 30th April, 1860.
Here follows 113 signatures.

(Reply)
Town Hall, Wynyard-square,
Sydney, 2nd May, 1860.
In pursuance with the above requisition, I hereby convene a MEETING of the citizens of Sydney, to be holden at the School of Arts, on MONDAY, the 7th instant, at 7 o'clock p.m., for the purpose therein specified.
JAMES MURPHY, Mayor.

THE ASSAULT ON DR. LANG.—The committee are particularly requested to meet at the Emu Inn, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.—Notice is hereby given, that the ELEVENTH ANNUAL MEETING of the AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY will be held in the principal office of the Society, Hunter-street, Sydney, on TUESDAY, the fifteenth day of May next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to receive the report of the directors, to elect two directors, one in the place of WILLIAM HARVIE CHRISTIE, Esq., who retires by rotation, and is not eligible for re-election; and another in place of THOMAS HOLT, Esq., who also retires, but is eligible for re-election; and to choose two auditors. By order of the Board, ROBERT THOMSON, secretary.

37th By-Law.—No member shall at any meeting be put in nomination for the office of director unless written notice thereof shall have been given to the Board or to the Secretary at least seven days before such meeting.

MUNICIPALITY OF PADDINGTON.—A Public MEETING of the Electors of the above Municipality having been notified by proclamation in the GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, and the SYDNEY MORNING HERALD, to take place on the 14th day of May next, at noon, I hereby give notice that such meeting will be holden at one of those circular roofed cottages on the north side of the Old South Head Road, to the eastward of the Military Barracks, when nine councillors and two auditors are to be nominated for election. If a poll be demanded it will be balloted for at the said place of nomination on the ensuing MONDAY, the 21st May, to commence at 9 o'clock a.m., and close at 4 o'clock p.m.
A. F. WILSHIRE, Returning Officer.
Elfred House, Paddington, April 30th.

TO THE ELECTORS OF PADDINGTON MUNICIPAL ELECTION.—Do not pledge your votes. JOHN SUCKER is a candidate, and his address will appear in Monday's paper.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC LITERARY SOCIETY.—Patron, his Grace the Archbishop.—On the evening of TUESDAY next, 8th instant, a LECTURE will be delivered in the hall of St. Mary's Seminary, by the Venerable Archdeacon M'ENCROE. Subject, "The origin, equity, and results of Sir Richard Bourke's Church Act of 1836." The chair will be taken at 8 o'clock precisely. Members admitted free, on presenting their cards, with the privilege of introducing a lady; non-members on payment of one shilling, or by tickets, procurable at Mr. Dolman's, Pitt-street, and from any member of the committee. R. J. SHERIDAN and J. WHITE, joint hon. secretaries.

SYDNEY MECHANICS' SCHOOL OF ARTS.—A. GORDON, Esq., will deliver a series of LECTURES, on "The Divina Commedia of Dante, as illustrating the Political, Social, and Religious feelings of Italy in the 13th century," illustrated by diagrams, on MONDAY next, the 7th instant, and on the three following Mondays, at half-past seven. Admission free.

SYDNEY MECHANICS' SCHOOL OF ARTS.—The LECTURE, for TUESDAY next, will be delivered by Hon. J. L. MONTEFIORE, Esq., M.L.C. Subject, "Taxation." Members admitted free. Non-members 6d. each.

BALMAIN SCHOOL OF ARTS.—The Mechanical and Landscape Drawing Classes will MEET on MONDAY EVENING next, and each following Monday and Saturday evening, at 7.30 o'clock. T. DIXON CHALEN, Conductor.

ENTRANCES FOR METROPOLITAN RACES.—Autumn Meeting, May 29th, 30th, 31st.—Entrances for the above races close on 10th May (not the 18th, as previously advertised in mistake). Weights to be declared on 17th. Acceptances to be made on or before the 25th. S. C. BURT, honorary secretary.

AUSTRALIAN JOCKEY CLUB.—A GENERAL MEETING of members, on very important business, will be held at the Club Room, O'Brien's Private Hotel, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, the 7th instant, at 2 p.m. S. C. BURT, hon. secretary A.J.C.

TAYLOR, BROTHERS', TUBULAR RIFLE GALLERY, opposite Cunningham's Hotel, King-street. Gentlemen of Sydney and country visitors are respectfully invited to pay a visit to this novel gallery. Rifle practice from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. Firing taught. Six shots, 1s.

DECLARATION OF THE POLL.—Electorate of St. Leonard's—will take place at Ryde Hustings, on MONDAY, the 7th instant, at noon.
Officers will be paid on TUESDAY, the 8th instant, at the Town Hall, Sydney, ten to twelve o'clock.
J. BLAXLAND, Returning-officer.
Hermitage, Ryde, May 4th.

ELECTION FOR ST. LEONARD'S.—All ACCOUNTS against Mr. FARNELL'S Committee are requested to be sent in to the North Shore Committee Rooms, Old Commodore Inn, for settlement.
JOHN H. NORTH, Hon. Secretary.

ST. LEONARD'S ELECTION.—It is requested that all CLAIMS against Mr. SHEPHERD'S Committees be forwarded to the Committee Room, Old Commodore Hotel, North Shore, before 7 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 9th.

IN the Insolvent ESTATE of MAURICE REYNOLDS.—Creditors who have proved their claims in this estate are requested to MEET at my office on TUESDAY, 8th May, at 10 a.m. ROBERT SEMPILL, Official Assignee, 66, Elizabeth-street.

NEW SOUTH WALES ALLIANCE FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF INTEMPERANCE.—The committee of the above Institution have determined to throw open their hall on SABBATH AFTERNOONS to those who are willing to come forward and deliver Lectures for the moral elevation of the working classes.
Ministers and others who are wishful to assist in the above undertaking, are respectfully requested to communicate with Mr. MORRISON, 264, Pitt-street, on or before the 10th instant.
N.B.—The lectures must be of a truly unsectarian character.
J. H. MORRISON, G. J. CROUCH, } Hon. Secretaries.

SYDNEY INSURANCE COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that a DIVIDEND at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum on the original paid-up capital of the Company will be payable at the Offices of the Company, corner of Pitt and Hunter streets, on and after THURSDAY, the 3rd May instant.
By order of the Board,
JOSEPH DYER, secretary.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—To Builders.—TENDERS are required for the erection of a Branch of this Bank at West Maitland. Plans and specifications to be seen on application to the Manager, at West Maitland, or to Mr. EDMUND T. BLACKET, architect, Mort's-buildings, Sydney, to whom tenders are to be sent on or before TUESDAY, May 22nd.
No tender will be accepted that is not perfectly satisfactory, and security will be required for the due performance of the contract.

TO BUILDERS.—No satisfactory tenders having been received for erection of a STORE in Hunter-street, fresh TENDERS are invited. Plans and specification may be seen on application to Mr. G. ALLEN MANSFIELD, architect, 178, Pitt-street, to whom tenders are to be addressed, on or before FRIDAY next, the 11th instant.

TENDERS are required for Drainage, Paving, and certain Plumber's work to six houses in Wynyard-square. For further particulars apply to Mr. HILLY, 138, Pitt-street.

TO BUILDERS.—On account of certain alterations in the plans and specification of two Shops in William-street, fresh TENDERS are REQUIRED. For further particulars apply to Mr. HILLY, architect, 138, Pitt-street, to whom tenders are to be addressed on or before MONDAY, 21st, May.

TO BUILDERS and CONTRACTORS.—TENDERS are required for the completion of a Cottage, on the Point Piper Road. Apply for plans and specifications to Mr. JOHN GOOLD, architect, to whom tenders are to be sent on or before the 11th instant. Lloyd's Chambers.

TO BUILDERS.—Owing to alterations, separate Tenders are again invited for BUILDING TWO HOUSES, in Sussex-street. For particulars apply to Mr. JAMES BARNET, Glebe-road. Tenders to be sent in on MONDAY, 21st May. The lowest tender will not necessarily be accepted.

TENDERS are wanted up to THURSDAY, the 10th instant, for the STONE and BRICKWORK of a Foundry and Engine-works. P. N. RUSSELL and CO., Sussex-street Engine Works.

TO SHIPWRIGHTS and others.—TENDERS will be received by the directors of the Penrith Nepean Bridge Company from parties willing to contract for the construction of one or two punts. All necessary information may be obtained on application to the secretary, ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq., Penrith.

TO BUILDERS.—Tenders are required for the erection of two SHOPS, in William-street, Woolloomooloo. Plans and specifications may be seen and all particulars ascertained on application to the undersigned, to whom tenders are to be addressed on or before MONDAY, the 14th instant. The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted. WEAVER and KEMP, architects, 181, Pitt-street.

TO SLATERS and OTHERS.—TENDERS are REQUIRED for STRIPPING and RE-ROOFING THREE HOUSES, in Bathurst-street. Specifications may be seen on application to the undersigned, to whom Tenders are to be delivered, on or before THURSDAY, the 10th instant. WEAVER and KEMP, architects, 181, Pitt-street. May 3rd, 1860.

TO DRAINAGE CONTRACTORS.—TENDERS are invited for the Drainage and other Works connected therewith at two premises in Richmond-terrace, Sydney. The plans and specification may be seen at the office of Mr. JOHN BIBB, architect, Macquarie street, to whom tenders are to be delivered, on or before the 13th May.

MADAME DUBOST and Miss POTTS beg to announce to the parents and guardians of their pupils and the public generally, that they have REMOVED to Dynevor-terrace, College-street, Hyde Park, one of those healthfully-situated houses lately erected by D. Jones, Esq. Its superior accommodations will enable them to increase the number of their boarders and day pupils.—Their course of instruction comprises all the branches of an accomplished education, in which they are assisted by the first masters. A bath-room for the use of the young ladies.

MR. STEWART'S DAY and EVENING SCHOOL, Caledonia-street, Upper Paddington. Terms, 13s. per quarter.

A LADY gives Finishing Lessons on the Pianoforte and Singing for 30s. per quarter each. Address A. B., 267, Sussex-street South.

ARTISTIC PHOTOGRAPHY.—DALTON'S New Gallery for Artistic Photography is now OPEN. Portraits taken in all the modern branches of the art. Children's portraits instantaneously. 400, George-street.

FREEMAN, BROTHERS, Photographers, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.—Portraits taken in Messrs. FREEMAN'S new and spacious gallery, at reduced prices, by the most approved photographic processes, and artistically coloured. Children taken instantaneously. Photographic views of Sydney for home presents. 392, George-street.

ADVICE GRATIS, daily, from 9 till 10, mornings. Dr. PERCY and CO., 37, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

NOTICE.—Correspondents with Dr. PERCY and CO. are requested to register all money letters, or send half notes. 37, Elizabeth-street North, Sydney.

A. FLACK, Die Sinker and Seal Engraver to the various Government offices. Bankers' and merchants' endorsing stamps, headings for newspapers, &c. At Mr. CONYBER'S, bookbinder, 395, George-street opposite the Royal Hotel.

E. HOLLINGDALE, Practical Watchmaker and Jeweller, 102, King-st. East, next Toogood's Hotel.

HAIGH and BROWN, General Estate and Labour Agents, No. 120, King-street East. Established 1853.

J. C. GLUE, Labour Agent, begs to remind employers in country districts that he continues to HIRE and forward every description of labour required. Immigrants hired on board ship. 163, Pitt-street.

LADIES' and Gentlemen's Clothing cleaned and dyed, at No. 42, Hunter-street.

M. A. HUGHES, Shirt and Underclothing Manufacturer, New Buildings, 94, Market-st. East.

MR. W. ANDERSON, F.R.C.S., Surgeon, author of "Diseases of Pregnancy," "Nervous Affections," &c., may be consulted on diseases of women and children, and nervous affections, from 1 to 3. 211, Macquarie-street.

JAMES SEYMOUR, Horticulturist and Florist, Waverley.—Fruit trees pruned on the most approved principle. Gardens kept in order. Orders left with Mr. J. M'Kean, Markets, Sydney.

HORSES taken in to GRAZE, at Flagstaff Farm, Waverley. Plenty of grass and water.

H. GOLDRING has REMOVED from 289, George-street, to No. 1, Bridge-street.

MR. G. W. GRAHAM, Solicitor, has REMOVED his offices to 423, George-street, three doors north of Market-street, above Mr. Rowden's Auction Rooms.

MR. STANLEY, Professor of Music, REMOVED to 471, Pitt-street, South of Liverpool-street.

MR. LAYTON JAMES, Solicitor, has REMOVED his Offices to Mort's-buildings, Pitt-street.

MR. R. P. ABBOTT, Solicitor, has REMOVED his offices to 104, King-street, one door east of Pitt-st.

MRS. FOOT, Straw Bonnet Maker, REMOVED from Castlereagh-street to No. 86, Market-street East.

MISS STOREY begs to announce that she has REMOVED from 82, to 16, William-street.

MR. T. S. HARWOOD, Glebe-road, Land and Building Surveyor. Every description of property accurately valued.

NOTICE of REMOVAL.—BETTERIDGE and HAYDON'S Office, from George-street to No. 12, Barrack-street.

REMOVAL.—S. SMITH, Law Stationer, &c., Removed to No. 91, Elizabeth-street, opposite Wentworth-place.

REMOVAL.—M. BRODZIAK from 7, Wynyard-square, to Newstead House, Pyrmont.

THE MOST COMFORTABLE LUNCHEON ROOMS in Sydney are at the City Wine Vaults, George-street. Luncheons ready from 12 till 3 daily. Smoking and Billiard Rooms separate. JAMES SIMPSON.

WANTED, to be known the London Coffee and Dining Rooms open from five a.m. until twelve p.m. Hot Joints from one o'clock until three; dinners, including soup and puddings, 1s.; good beds. Mark the address, P. JOHNSON, 4, Hunter-street.

W. J. JOHNSON and CO., Pianoforte, Harmonium, and Music Warehouse. Pianofortes for sale and hire, by Collard, Broadwood, Kirkman, Cadby, Nutting, &c. Pianofortes exchanged, repaired, tuned, and removed by covered vans. MUSIC—an extensive stock in every variety. Catalogues and music forwarded by post. 172, Pitt-street.

HUSBANDS and FRIENDS at THE DIGGINGS.—Mr. DELOHERY prepares Letters; and, if required, will read replies of correspondents. Office—Pitt-street, 5 doors north of Park-street.

TO GROWERS OF ORANGES.—R. J. HARDY will be a BUYER during the season, and will be in Sydney about first week in May.

GENERAL AGENCY.—The undersigned are prepared to undertake the importing of STOCK, executing of INDENTS, &c., on the most favourable terms, through their London agent, Mr. J. H. Scott Durbin, a gentleman of 20 years' experience in these colonies. RAYMOND and CO., Treasury-buildings.

GLENMORE WOOL-WASHING ESTABLISHMENT.—The undersigned are prepared to receive wool in the grease, either to hand-wash or scour. Wool classed and repacked for shipment. RAYMOND and CO., Glenmore; or Treasury-buildings, George-street.

WOOL, HIDES, &c.—The undersigned is a Cash Purchaser of Wool, Sheepskins, Tallow, and Hides. J. H. ATKINSON, Circular Quay.

TO SELLERS of WOOL, HIDES, and SHEEPSKINS BRIERLEY, DEAN, and CO., 173, George-street Sydney, are Purchasers.

NEW LAND SALE ROOMS, 423, George-street.—T. W. BOWDEN has several Properties for PRIVATE SALE in town and country, varying from £250 to £5000.

£600 TO BE LENT on Deeds (freehold). C. H. ROOKE, 123, King-street.

£100 TO £10,000 TO LEND, on Freehold Property. C. H. LONG, broker, 19, Hunter st.

TO FOREIGNERS.—Certificates of Naturalisation provided; terms moderate. C. H. LONG, 19, Hunter-street.

£500 FOR INVESTMENT, in purchase or mortgage. E. BURTON, Elizabeth-street.

£10,000 TO LEND, in small sums. Apply to G. F. BAKER, Hunter-street.

£850 TRUST MONEY.—To LEND on mortgage of Freehold Property, in or near Sydney. Apply to Mr. S. C. BROWN, 104, Pitt-street, Sydney.

£10,000 TO LEND on City Property. J. MULLENS, stock and share broker, 13, Hunter-street.

I HEREBY CAUTION the Public against giving any CREDIT whatsoever to my Wife, ELIZABETH HARPER, as I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted by her. JOHN ERSKINE HARPER, junior.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 27th April, 1860.

CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE, GREAT WESTERN ROAD.—1st District.—TENDERS will be received at this Office until noon of TUESDAY, the 29th day of May next, for forming, draining, ballasting, gravelling, metalling and maintaining road, and for supplying metal for repairs, according to specifications, at the following places on the First District of the Great Western Road:—

1. Parramatta-street to junction of Southern Road (supply of metal)
2. Parramatta-street to junction of Southern Road (maintenance)
3. Junction of Southern Road to Iron Cove Bridge
4. Iron Cove Bridge to Longbottom
5. Longbottom to Homebush
6. Beckett's Bridge to Blacktown Road
7. Blacktown Road to Eastern Creek
8. Lawson's Hill
9. Eastern Creek to Rooty Hill
10. East of Rooty Hill
11. St. Mary's to South Creek
12. West of South Creek
13. East of Stonequarry Hill
14. 2nd mile-stone to Emu Ferry.

Each contract to be tendered for separately.

Specification and form of tender may be seen, and further particulars obtained, at the Office of the Commissioner for Internal Communication, Sydney; the Police Office, Penrith; and from the Road Superintendent, at Parramatta, by whom the works will be pointed out on the ground to parties applying.

Each tender must bear at the foot a memorandum signed by the party tendering, and two responsible persons, as sureties, undertaking that, in the event of the acceptance of such tender, they will severally execute and deliver at the Office of the Crown Solicitor, Sydney; or at the Police Office, Penrith, within ten days from the usual notification of acceptance, a bond to her Majesty in the penal sum of one-tenth of the gross amount of such tender, as security for its due performance, otherwise the tender will not be taken into consideration.

The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Tenders to be endorsed, "Tender for First District, Great Western Road."

W. M. ARNOLD.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 27th April, 1860.

CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE GREAT WESTERN ROAD.—2nd District.—TENDERS will be received at this Office until noon of TUESDAY, 29th day of May next, for forming, draining, ballasting, and metalling road, and for supplying metal for repairs, according to specifications, at the following places, on the Second District of the Great Western Road:—

28. Springhill
29. Seventeen Mile Pinch
30. Whipcord Hill
31. Weatherboard Junction
32. West of Francisco's Hut
33. East of Pulpit Hill
34. Pulpit Hill
35. Lapstone Hill
36. Valley Pinch
37. Rock Swamp
38. At Weatherboard Bridge
39. King's Table Land
40. Denbigh's Hill
41. Cox's Downfall
42. Sawpit Hill
43. East of Busses Inn
44. Near Captain Bull's
45. Near Solitary Creek
46. Hassan's Walls
47. Mount Victoria
48. Jones' Flat to Bergin's Inn
49. Junction Flat
50. Condon's Pinch
51. Bolton's Flat
52. West of Diamond Swamp
53. Redbank to Bywater's Swamp
54. Metalling of contract 23 (Button's Pinch to mid-section Redbank).
55. Metalling of contract 24 (middle to west section Redbank)
56. Metalling of contract 25 (Frying-pan Hill)
57. Mount Lambie Diversion (Honeysuckle Swamp)
58. Mount Lambie Diversion (at Black Springs)
59. Cox's River Bridge Approach.

Each contract to be tendered for separately, at a bulk sum for the work complete.

Specifications and form of tender may be seen, and further particulars obtained, at the Office of the Commissioner for Internal Communication, Sydney, or at the Police Offices, Penrith and Bathurst, and from the Superintendent of Roads at Bowenfels, by whom the works will be pointed out on the ground to any parties applying.

Attached to tenders there must be a memorandum signed by the party tendering, and two responsible persons as sureties, agreeing to be answerable for the due performance of the contract, in the event of the tender being accepted, and undertaking in that event, that they will severally execute and deliver, at the Office of the Crown Solicitor, Sydney, or at the Police Office, Penrith, or Bowenfels, within ten days from the usual notification of acceptance, a bond to Her Majesty in the penal sum of one-tenth of the amount of their tender, for securing such performance, otherwise the tender will not be taken into consideration.

The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest, or any tender.

Tenders to be endorsed, "Tender for Second District, Great Western Road."

W. M. ARNOLD.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 27th April, 1860.

CONSTRUCTION and MAINTENANCE, GREAT NORTHERN ROAD.—1st District.—TENDERS will be received at this office until noon of TUESDAY, the 29th day of May next, for clearing, forming, draining, gravelling, and maintenance, according to specifications, at the following places on the First District on the Great Northern Road:—

1A. Morpeth to Campbell's Hill Bar.
2A. Wollombi Road to Spread Eagle Inn.
4A. Little Harper's Hill to the Nailors.
5A. Continuation of Contract No. 8.
7A. Barlow's Hill to Ironstone Range.
12A. Sandy Creek Bridge, northwards.
18A. Near Forsyth's Fence.

Each contract to be tendered for separately.

Specifications and form of tender may be seen, and further particulars obtained, at the office of the Commissioner for Internal Communication, Sydney; the Police Office, East Maitland; and from the Road Superintendent, Singleton, by whom the works will be pointed out on the ground to parties applying.

Each tender must be signed by the party tendering, and must bear at the foot the names and addresses of two responsible persons, who will severally execute and deliver, at the Office of the Crown Solicitor, Sydney, or at the Police Offices, Singleton or East Maitland, within ten days from the usual notification of acceptance, a bond to her Majesty in the penal sum of one-tenth of the gross amount of such tender, as security for its due performance.

The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Tenders to be endorsed, "Tenders for First District, Great Northern Road."

W. M. ARNOLD.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 27th April.

CONSTRUCTION and MAINTENANCE, MUDGEE ROAD.—TENDERS will be received at this Office, until noon of TUESDAY, the 29th day of May next, for clearing, forming, draining, gravelling, and metalling, according to specifications, at the following places on the Mudgee Road:—

10. Hill, west of Wet Swamp Creek
11. Flat, west of Thompson's Inn
12. Thompson's to Oliver's
13. Oliver's to Barnaby's
14 and 15. Crown Ridge
16. M'Cully's to Readford's
17. Flat, west of Keen's Swamp
18. Round Hill
19. Cunningham's Creek
20. Flat, east of Long Gully Hill
21. Long Gully Hill
22. Tabrabucca Swamp
23. East of Cudgegong Corner
24. Bald Hill.

Specifications and form of tender may be seen, and further particulars obtained, at the Office of the Commissioner for Internal Communication, Sydney; the Police Office, Mudgee; and from the Road Superintendent at Keen's Swamp, by whom the works will be pointed out on the ground to persons applying.

Each tender must be signed by the party tendering, and must bear at the foot the names and addresses of two responsible persons, who will severally execute and deliver at the Office of the Crown Solicitor, Sydney, or at the Police Office, Mudgee, within ten days from the usual notification of acceptance, a bond to her Majesty in the penal sum of one-tenth of the gross amount of such tender, as security for its due performance.

The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Tenders to be endorsed "Tenders for Mudgee Road."

W. M. ARNOLD.

TO BUILDERS and others. — WATCH-HOUSE CONDOBOLIN.—Attention is invited to a notice in the GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, calling for tenders for the erection of a Watch-house at Condobolin.

Tenders, to be endorsed "Tender for Watch-house, Condobolin," will be received at the Public Works Office, Sydney, up to 12 o'clock on TUESDAY, the 8th May next.

Plan, specification, and form of tender may be seen, and further particulars obtained, at the Colonial Architect's Office, Sydney, and at the Police Office, Condobolin.

The Treasury, Sydney, 2nd May, 1860.

CLOTHING, &c.—Attention is invited to the Notice from this Department, published in the GOVERNMENT GAZETTE of the 1st instant, calling for tenders for the above.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS REDUCED RATES AND ADDITIONAL TRAIN.—Attention is invited to the issue of SEASON TICKETS at reduced rates.

The reduction of rates for passengers between Sydney and Parramatta.

The reduction of rates for the conveyance of carriages, horses, dogs, live stock, and parcels.

The issue of return tickets daily for carriages and horses at reduced rates.

The issue of excursion tickets for passengers, carriages, horses, available from SATURDAY MORNING till MONDAY EVENING, at single fares for the double journey.

The reduction of rates for the conveyance of goods to 3d. per ton per mile.

The additional train leaving Parramatta for Sydney, at 5·35 p.m., and returning from Sydney at 6·45 p.m., calling at all stations.

For full particulars, see advertisements in the GOVERNMENT GAZETTE and in the daily and weekly papers.

B. H. MARTINDALE.
Railway Branch Department of Internal Communication, 3rd January, 1860.

General Register Office,
Elizabeth-street, Sydney, April 30.

BIRTHS, DEATHS, and MARRIAGES.—The public are informed that the Office for the Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, and for the Registration of Deeds, is REMOVED to the new premises in Elizabeth-street, at the rear of the Supreme Court.

CHRISTOPHER ROLLESTON, Registrar-General.

BEFORE THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OF NEW SOUTH WALES.— In the matter of the PETITION of the Honorable ALEXANDER BERRY and the Municipality of Nowra and Good Dog.

To all whom it may concern—

This is to NOTIFY that it was yesterday resolved by the Legislative Council, "That the petitioners for the formation of the Shoalhaven Municipality and the Corporation of that Municipality be allowed to appear and be heard before the Select Committee to whom the said petition stands referred, or by agent or counsel if they think fit."

R. O'CONNOR, Clerk of the Legislative Council.
Legislative Council Office, Sydney, 3rd May, 1860.

The Office of the Pilot Board, 4th May.

AN APPOINTMENT of SEA PILOT, Port Jackson, having become vacant, applications for the same, accompanied by testimonials, will be received at this office until 2 o'clock on TUESDAY, the 22nd instant, at which hour applicants are requested to be in attendance.

By order of the Board,
W. J. WILSHIRE, secretary.

PRINTED PUBLIC DOCUMENTS.—On SALE, at the Government Printing Office, Phillip-street North, and by S. GOOLD, Government Agent, 178, corner of Pitt and King streets, the following Printed Public Documents:—

	Price per copy. s.	d.
GOVERNMENT GAZETTE ...	1	0
Votes and Proceedings of Legislative Assembly	0	6
Minutes of the Legislative Council	0	6
Paddington Electoral List, 1860-1	1	6
Canterbury Electoral List, 1860-1	1	11
Sydney Insurance Company's Act, 1860 ...	0	6
REPORTS AND EVIDENCE:—		
Church and School Lands (110)	1	10
Mrs. Frances De Courcy (306)	1	4
Hawkesbury Benevolent Society's Act Amendment Bill (535)	1	1
Mr. C. F. Gorton (289)	1	3
Mr. John Malley—Evidence (273)	1	4
Sydney Grammar School (200)	2	6
RETURNS TO ADDRESSES:—		
Criminals Condemned to Death since 1840, (518)	1	1
Statistics of Schools (37)	4	4
PETITIONS:—		
Seizure of Opium per Kate Hooper—(Lei Afoo) (523)	0	6
State Aid to Religion—East Maitland and Suburbs (521), Liverpool (522), each	0	6
Weekly Abstract No. 23 (543)	0	6
Weekly Report of Divisions, No. 15 (533)	1	0
Additional Standing Rule and Order (495)	1	0
Disputes between the Collector of Customs and Customs Agents and others (521)	0	6
Numerical System of Land Registration—Letter from the Registrar, Auckland, New Zealand (461)	1	1
Gold Fields' Regulations, Local Court Rules, Adelong (c. 100)	0	6
Customs Disputes—Further Papers (531) ...	1	2
BILLS:—		
Abattoir Road (537)	0	6
Affiliated Colleges Act Amendment (532)	0	6
Commissioner at Newcastle Appointment	1	0
Common Law Procedure Act Extension (546)	0	6
District Courts Act Amendment (545)	0	6
Enforcement of Claims against the Crown	1	0
Hawkesbury Benevolent Society's Act Amendment (530)	0	6
Lien on Wool Act Continuation	0	6
Parramatta Water Protection	0	6
Sydney Municipal Elections...	0	6
Wesley College	1	0
Seamen's Engagement Amendment ...	0	6

Subscribers will continue to be supplied from the Government Printing Office, on the following terms, namely:—

Government Gazette, 7s. 6d. per quarter.

Parliamentary Papers, £2 10s. per session; payable in advance.

THOMAS RICHARDS, Government Printer.
4th May, 1860.

THE Undersigned MASTER BAKERS of Sydney and suburbs have resolved, that from and after the first MONDAY in MAY, 1860, to DISCONTINUE the LONG CREDITS, and conduct their trade upon a system of strict weekly payments:—

A. SMAIL
J. B. VERDAU
J. LOGAN
A. SHADLER
D. DUNK
C. CHILD
C. GROSS
H. WEINGARTH
J. H. CAMPBELL
F. HOFFMAN
C. J. HOHNEN
J. O'HEAR
R. PATRICK
R. COOK
G. W. HALLIDAY
E. SMITH
W. VAUGHAN
C. KURTZ
C. LOVELY
J. CARMICHAEL
W. G. WHITESIDE
E. BONES
P. FREEHILL
G. HIEL
R. SMAIL
J. HARDIE
D. WILLIAMSON
B. GAFFNEY
C. RIORDEN
L. KRAUSS
J. BROWN
G. and J. HAMILTON
G. WILKIE
R. MILLARD
T. QUEALY
D. BEDFORD
G. UPTON
R. MAY
W. HAMILTON
J. WEIR
J. TEMPLETON
P. GREIG
J. CHISHOLM
P. WHITELAW
W. MEEK
A. NEWTON
S. HOLMES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application is intended to be made to Parliament within three months next ensuing for leave to bring in a Bill to incorporate a Company, to be called "The Wagga Wagga Bridge Company," and to enable the said Company to Erect a Bridge over the Murrumbidgee, at Wagga Wagga, and to take toll thereat, and for other purposes in the said bill mentioned.

Dated the twenty-first day of April, A.D. 1860.

RICHARD DRIVER, junr.,
Solicitor for the bill, 176, Pitt-street, Sydney.

AUSTRALIAN LIBRARY AND LITERARY INSTITUTION.—Subscribers are admitted, on the nomination of a shareholder, to all the advantages of this Library, containing 15,000 volumes, and a reading-room regularly supplied with British and colonial periodicals and newspapers.

	£	s.
Annual subscription ...	3	0
Half-yearly ...	2	0
Quarterly ...	1	0
Monthly ...	0	10

Subscriptions date from the time of joining. Subscribers residing out of Sydney are allowed an extra number of volumes. The Library is open every day except Monday, and the reading-room every day, from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. Further information can be obtained, with a copy of the rules, on application to P. J. ELLIOTT, Librarian.

DERWENT AND TAMAR MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
SYDNEY BRANCH.

Ships insured in this Company are warranted free from average under five pounds per cent., unless general.

Claims for losses or average are payable by the Company at three months after settlement of the same.

Claims for loss or damage are made payable in London if required, policies for the same being granted in triplicate.

Offices, Sydney Exchange, and Patent Slip Wharf, Sussex-street, where applications for insurances will be received.

TOWNS and DARLEY, Agents.

SYDNEY OPHTHALMIC INSTITUTION, for the cure of Diseases of the Eye.—Patron, Sir William Denison; President, Sir A. Stephen; Surgeon, Dr. Berncastle. Apply from 9 to 11. 229, Macquarie-street.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY. —The Directors have the satisfaction to draw the attention of intending assurers to the important and peculiar privileges accorded to the Society by its ACT OF INCORPORATION, among which are the following:—

(1) The Protection to a gradually increasing amount of all its policies after an endurance of two years, against the operation of laws relating to insolvency.

(2) The Protection of Policies of Married Women against the debts or control of their husbands.

(3) For the encouragement of small assurers, their policies are relieved from the heavy tax involved in taking out letters of administration, &c.

ANNUAL PREMIUMS for Assurance of £100, with bonus additions.

Age, Premium.	25	35	45	55
	£2 2 8	£2 15 4	£3 16 0	£5 12 2

Comparative view of bonuses accruing to a Policy of Assurance of £500, effected at the age of 40 in different offices.

An English Proprietary Company, ten premiums paid......	£50	16	8
Scottish "Widows' Fund" (Mutual), seven premiums paid......	0	0	0
AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY, five premiums paid	81	13	7

For full tables see prospectus.

General conditions as to surrenders, voyaging, residence abroad, loans to members, payment of claims, &c., &c., will be found to be more than usually liberal.

Prospectuses, printed forms, and all information may be obtained from any of the agents, or at the Principal Office.

ROBERT THOMSON, actuary and secretary.
Hunter-street, February 15th, 1859.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY Established January 1st, 1849, and incorporated by Act of Parliament of New South Wales, for Granting Assurances on Lives, Present, Deferred, and Reversionary Annuities, and Endowments for Children and Old Age.

On the principle of Mutual Assurance and an Equitable Division of the whole of the Profits amongst all the members.

Directors.
Chairman—John Fairfax, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—W. H. Christie, Esq.
The Hon. Thomas Holt, Esq. | The Hon. J. Mitchell, Esq.
George King, Esq. | M. E. Murnin, Esq.
Medical Referee—Sprott Boyd, Esq., M.D.
Consulting Actuary.
Morris Birkbeck Pell, Esq., B.A., Sydney University.
Solicitor—M. Consett Stephen, Esq.
Bankers—The Australian Joint Stock Bank.
Actuary and Secretary—Robert Thomson, Esq.
Principal Office—Sydney, New South Wales.

The Rates of the Society are as low as is consistent with perfect security. ALL PROFIT ON EACH TRANSACTION REVERTS TO THE INDIVIDUAL CONCERNED.

Extracts from Life Assurance Tables.

Premiums to Assure £100, with bonus additions payable at death.

Annual Premium payable during Life.				Premiums to cease in ten Years.			
Age	Prem.	Age	Prem.	Age	Prem.	Age	Prem.
20	£1 17 5	45	£3 16 0	20	£3 14 10	45	£6 [illegible]
30	2 8 2	55	6 12 2	30	4 13 8	55	[illegible]

For the rates for other ages, &c., see the Prospectus of the Society. Policies effected under these tables were then entitled to participate, received, at last investigation, BONUS ADDITIONS OF MORE THAN 3 PER CENT. PER ANNUM ON THE SUM ASSURED.

Tables for DEFERRED and REVERSIONARY ANNUITIES, for ENDOWMENTS for Children, for JOINT LIVES, ASSURANCES, and for ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES, will be found in the Prospectuses of the Society.

The Directors invite intending assurers to compare the Tables and the general facilities of this Society with those of other offices.

The Directors beg to draw attention to the important privileges accorded to the Society by Parliament, among which are (1st.) THE PROTECTION OF ALL ITS POLICIES against the operations of the Insolvent Laws, after a certain duration, to a gradual increasing amount.

(2nd.) THE PROTECTION OF POLICIES OF MARRIED WOMEN against the debts or control of their husbands.

(3rd.) SMALL ASSURERS being saved the expense of letters of administration.

Prospectuses, forms of proposal, and every information may be obtained at any of the agencies in this and the other colonies, or at the principal office.

ROBERT THOMSON, Actuary and Secretary.
Hunter-street, Sydney, February 15, 1859.

FIRE INSURANCE— SYDNEY INSURANCE COMPANY.
Office, corner of Pitt and Hunter streets, Sydney
Incorporated by Act of Council, 18 Vict., 1855.
Subscribed Capital £250,000
DIRECTORS:—
S. D. GORDON, Esq., M.L.A., CHAIRMAN
RICHARD JONES, Esq., M.L.A., DEPUTY-CHAIRMAN
T. C. BREILLAT, Esq.
M. E. MURNIN, Esq.
JOHN FAIRFAX, Esq.
THOMAS HOLT, Esq.
Surveyor—JAMES HUME, Esq.
Secretary—Mr. JOSEPH DYER.

Within the last four years this company has paid for losses by fire the sum of £15,508 5s. 0d.

The directors would point out the public advantages derived from the establishment of this truly colonial institution. The rates of premium on fire insurance have been reduced 75 per cent. below the rates charged by the English companies some few years back—and they are now as low as those charged by the English companies established here. The liability of a large body of wealthy shareholders is unlimited, so that a security equal to the largest subscribed capital of the English companies is assured, with the great advantage of the security being in the colony, and lastly, the profits of the company are retained in the colony, instead of being transmitted to England.

BUILDINGS—metal or slated roof, stone or brick, from 2s. 3d to 6s. 6d. per cent.

BUILDINGS—shingled ditto ditto ditto, from 3s. 9d. to 10s. 6d. per cent.

WOODEN BUILDINGS—metal or slated roof, 8s. upwards. Shingled, special.

Agents are appointed in every considerable town in the colony.

N.B.—There is no exemption made in the above company from payment of losses occurring through bush fires, country properties being insured against such casualties.

LONDON ALLIANCE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Further reduction of 25 per cent. on the former premiums.

The undersigned are prepared to issue Fire Policies at the reduced rates of premium, viz.:—

On First-class risks, from 2s. 3d. to 5s. 9d. per cent. per anum

On Second-class ditto, from 3s. 9d. to 8s. per cent. per ditto.

Third-class ditto (subject to arrangement).

Non-hazardous goods insured at the same rate of premium as the buildings in which they are deposited.

An extra charge for hazardous goods. Special risk taken by agreement.

THACKER, DANIELL, and CO., Agents.
No. 10, O'Connell-street.

ROYAL FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
Capital—£2,000,000.
FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The prompt payment of losses incurred by the great fires during the past years has shown the character which this company has ever maintained, throughout the world, under this head. It will only be necessary to assure that the Agents can with confidence announce to their fellow-citizens that they may feel assured that every legitimate claim will be immediately settled.

RATES OF PREMIUM.

CLASS 1.—Brick or stone buildings, slated, metal, or shingled roofs, occupied as dwelling or counting houses only, from 2s. 3d. to 5s. 9d. per cent. per annum.

CLASS 2.—Brick or stone buildings, slated, metal, or shingled roofs, occupied for storing merchandise, or for purposes of trade, from 3s. 9d. to 7s. 6d. per cent. per annum.

Losses adjusted and paid in Sydney.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

The important advantages afforded by the Company in this branch will include the following, viz.:—

GUARANTEE of an AMPLE CAPITAL, MODERATE PREMIUMS, Large Participation of PROFITS by the ASSURED, amounting to TWO-THIRDS of NET AMOUNT, small charge for Management, the expenses of the office being borne in due proportions by the two branches, and EXEMPTION of the ASSURED from the LIABILITY of PARTNERSHIP.

Life claims can be settled in the colony without reference to England.

LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Agents, Lloyd's Chambers, 84 George-street, Sydney.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Empowered by Acts of Parliament.
Established in 1836.

Having a Colonial Proprietary, and the following Board of Directors in Sydney
J. S. Willis, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. G. K. Holden, Esq., M.L.C. | J. B. Watt, Esq.
Hon. Sir Daniel Cooper, M.P. | R. Buchanan, Esq.
Sir C. Nicholson, Bart.
Medical Referees:
Hon. John Macfarlane, Esq., M.D.
Joseph Burgon, Esq.
Surveyor, F. H. Grundy, Esq., C.E.

Capital subscribed exceeding................ £1,8[illegible]
Accumulated Funds and Capital paid up, exceeding .... £1,1[illegible]
Of which £290,000 are invested in the colonies in Government and other securities.
Reserve Surplus Fund, £250,000—with unlimited liability of the shareholders.

The Directors continue to grant Policies of Insurance in Town or Country in both departments of the Company's business, upon terms which will be found as liberal as those of any other office.

Tables of Rates for Fire and Life Insurance, and its branches, and every information can be obtained from A. STANGER LEATHES, Resident Secretary, the Offices, Wynyard-square, Sydney.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.—
Capital, £1,259,760.
Income for 1858, £197,188; invested funds, £404,499.
Directors for Australasia:
A. Ross, Esq., J.P. | James Gill, Esq.
C. Bradshaw, J.P. | A. B. Whyte, Esq.
Superintendent, James Rattray, Esq.
FIRE DEPARTMENT.
Insurances effected at the reduced rates of premium.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.

The rates charged in Australasia are the same as those in England.

All losses on adjustment paid in Sydney.

Forms of proposal and all information can be obtained on application at the office, in Sydney, 60, Margaret-street.

WILLIAM RAE, resident secretary.

SMYTH'S SYDNEY MARINE ASSURANCE OFFICE, Lyons-buildings, George-street.
Conducted according to the usage at Lloyd's,
By Mr. Samuel H. Smyth.
Marine Surveyor, Captain Malcolm.
Assistant Surveyor, Captain Charles Robertson.
Agent for the Port of Newcastle, Mr. George Mitchell.
Melbourne, Captain Colin Brown.
Auckland, New Zealand, Captain W. C. Daldy.
Lyttleton, Port Cooper, Messrs. Cookson, Bowler, and Co.
Nelson, Mr. John Beit.
Port Adelaide, Captain J. W. Smith.
London Agents, Messrs. Tooth and Mort, Fenchurch-street, London.

Hours of attendance from 10 till 4.

A table of reduced rates of premium to be obtained on application at the Office.

N.B.—Policies on goods, gold, and specie to Great Britain, are granted in triplicate, payable in London, in case of loss, if required.

S. H. SMYTH, Lyons-buildings, George-street.

SYDNEY BRANCH.—ALLIANCE FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY of LONDON.—The undersigned issue Policies at the reduced rates of premium.

THACKER, DANIELL, and CO., 10, O'Connell-street.

VICTORIA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Established 1849.
Empowered by Act of the Legislative Council.
Capital, £1,000,000.
Head Office, 82, Collins-street East, Melbourne.
Directors:
The Hon. Henry Miller, M.L.C., Chairman
W. R. Burnby, Esq., Deputy-Chairman
John Dinwoodie, Esq., J.P.
William Hall, Esq., J.P.
The Hon. William Highett, M.L.C.

Risks taken at the usual rates, and the utmost liberality afforded to insurers.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned, who have been appointed agents for New South Wales.

RAYMOND and CO.,
Treasury-buildings, George-street

WATERLOO LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Incorporated A.D. 1851.
Head Office—355, Strand, London.
General Agents for the Australian Colonies, B. R. MATHEWS and SON, Melbourne.
Capital, £400,000.

Policies issued at the lowest rates of premium.
All claims paid in the colonies.
Policies indisputable.
For prospectuses, &c., apply to W. G. SPRIGG and CO., agents, Wynyard-square.

WATERLOO LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.— NOTICE TO ASSURERS.—Messrs. W. G. SPRIGG and CO., of Wynyard-square, merchants, having been appointed to represent this Company in Sydney in the room of Mr. J. N. Beit, late agent here, all renewal and other premiums due on existing policies must be forthwith paid to the former, or the policies will lapse.

B. R. MATHEWS and SON, agents at Melbourne, and general agents for the Australian colonies.

AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK.—Notice is hereby given that interest is allowed by this bank on fixed deposits as follows, namely,

At 5 per cent. per annum for a period of 6 months
4 ditto ditto 3 months

and at rates to be agreed on for longer periods.

For the greater convenience of depositors, bank post bills, with interest added at these rates, respectively, are issued payable to order, and are thus negotiable at any moment. By order of the Board of Directors,

A. H. RICHARDSON, General Manager.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—
Paid-up capital £500,000
Reserved fund 205,000

This Bank allows interest upon deposits, if lodged for fixed periods, at rates varying from 3 to 5 per cent. per annum, and allows the immediate transfer of such portion of customers' balances as may not by them be immediately required to a deposit account, at the above rates of interest.

Dividends on shares in public companies, and interest on debentures, collected for customers free of charge.

Investments in colonial securities and also in those of Great Britain, effected.

The agency of Banks, either in the colonies or in England, undertaken on such terms as may be agreed upon.

Credits and drafts issued on England, America, and on the chief ports in the Eastern Seas, also upon all towns within the Australasian colonies.

ROBERT WOODHOUSE, secretary.
Bank of New South Wales, 1st November.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—An AGENCY of this Bank is now established on the Snowy River Gold-fields, under the management of Mr. JOSEPH YATES, of Adelong, of which the public is respectfully informed. ROBERT WOODHOUSE, Inspector.

Sydney, 28th February, 1860.

BANK OF AUSTRALASIA.—Incorporated by Royal Charter.—Notice is hereby given, that interest on deposits is allowed by this bank as under, viz.:—

On sums payable at 3 months' notice, 3 per cent. per annum.
On ditto ditto, 6 ditto, 4 ditto.
On ditto ditto, 12 ditto, 5 ditto.

Sydney, 1st April. JAS. HENDERSON, Manager.

LONDON CHARTERED BANK OF AUSTRALIA. —The rates of interest allowed on Deposits at this Bank are as follows:—

On fixed deposits for 3 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
Ditto ditto for 6 months, 5 ditto ditto.

Sydney, 10th March. H. D. BLOXHAM, manager.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.—
(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)
Paid-up capital £1,260,000
Reserve fund 252,000

Interest will be allowed on fixed deposits, lodged after date, as under, viz.:—

	Per Annum.	
Subject to 7 days' notice of withdrawal ...	2½	per cent.
Ditto 15 ditto ...	3	ditto
Ditto 3 months' ditto ...	4	ditto
Ditto 6 ditto ditto ...	5	ditto
Ditto 12 ditto ditto ...	5½	ditto

And on deposits of large amount, according to special arrangement.

GEORGE K. INGSLOW, Manager.

ENGLISH, SCOTTISH, AND AUSTRALIAN CHARTERED BANK.
(Incorporated by Royal Charter 1852.)
Paid-up capital £500,000
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

		Per Annum.	
Repayable on	7 days' notice	2½	per cent.
Ditto	on 15 ditto ditto	3	ditto
Ditto	on 3 months' ditto	4	ditto
Ditto	on 6 ditto ditto	5	ditto
Ditto	on 12 ditto ditto	5½	ditto

On deposits of large amounts, interest according to special arrangement.

JOHN YOUNG, Manager.

WILLIAM PARFITT and CO., English and Australian Dispatch Agency: London, Sydney, and Melbourne—Goods, parcels, baggage, samples, books periodicals, valuables, &c. forwarded and delivered at any place in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland or in the Australian Colonies.

Insurances effected throughout for land and sea risk. Cash remittances made and money orders granted.

Supplies from England regularly forwarded at London prices, and no commission charged when an advance is made.

General agency business transacted on liberal terms Orders from the country must be accompanied by a remittance or a reference.

Parcels from the interior sent to the Agent in Sydney or Melbourne, must be distinctly addressed, and will be regularly forwarded.

Agent for New South Wales:
M. BAYLEY, Circular Quay.
Agent for Victoria:
J. W. BROOKES, 9, Flinders-street West.

COLONIAL PRODUCE SALES. — The undersigned SELL privately, or by auction, every FRIDAY, at their Produce Stores, 66, King-street West—

Wool, tallow, sheepskins, hides, and every description of colonial produce at the usual colonial rates of commission.

Advances made on wool, tallow, sheepskins, and hides sent for unreserved sale.

DURHAM and IRWIN, auctioneers, and brokers,
66, King-street West, Sydney.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS of the WESTERN and NORTHERN DISTRICTS.—The undersigned is prepared to receive cattle for sale, and to conduct the same on commission. Well grassed paddocks, abundantly watered, enable him to afford more than usual advantages to owners entrusting sales to his management. JOHN KING LETHBRIDGE, Dunheved, Penrith.

GEORGE SHARP begs to inform heads of families, and the inhabitants of Sydney generally, that he has succeeded to the business of butcher so many years carried on by his father, Mr. W. Sharp, in Hunter-street, and trusts by persevering attention in conducting the business strictly on the same principles as hitherto pursued in the old establishment, to merit a share of the liberal support and patronage kindly bestowed for so long a period on his father. Business will commence on TUESDAY, the 8th May. No. 62, Hunter-street.

NOTICE.—Whereas it has come to our knowledge that boots and shoes, bearing our brand "P. & Co." (on the soles), and not of our manufacture, have been exported to the Australian colonies for sale without our knowledge and privity, we hereby give notice that the parties so acting are amenable to the law, and that, if such practices are continued after this notice, legal proceedings will be taken against them. All boots and shoes manufactured by us on and after the 1st day of January, 1859, will bear the following brand:—

"Poole and Co., wholesale Boot and Shoe Manufacturers, Northampton. These goods made expressly for the Australian colonies."

POOLE and CO., Northampton.
November 30th, 1858.

REMOVAL.—RICHARD R. HUGHSON begs to inform the public that he has REMOVED from Louisa Creek to Mudgee, where he has opened those large and commodious premises recently erected at the corner of Market and Lewis streets, and opposite to the Royal Mail Booking office, as a first-class Commercial and Family Hotel, and solicits the patronage of his Sydney and country friends when visiting Mudgee, as also the inhabitants of the town and district; in doing which, it may, perhaps, be necessary to state that he has gone to very considerable expense in fitting and furnishing the hotel, in order to make it second to none in the colony for comfort and convenience.

R. R. H. would further beg to draw attention to the arrangements he has made in the cuisine and other departments, so essential to the comfort and satisfaction of those who have occasion to make an Hotel a temporary home, having engaged all his employés with a strict regard to their efficiency in the several branches of their business.

The cellars, it is scarcely necessary to observe (from his long experience in the business) are stocked with the choicest and best qualities of Spirits, Liqueurs, Wines, Ales and Porters that can be obtained in the colony.

The arrangements for families have been made with a considerate care for the comfort and privacy of those who may patronise his establishment; and in conclusion he would impress upon the public that his charges will be so moderately adjusted, that they must insure entire satisfaction.

N.B.—The stables are commodious and well ventilated, with a good supply of the very best hay and corn

BILLIARDS.

One of Hopkins and Stephens' full-sized tables has been fitted up in a spacious room, and a competent marker will always be in attendance.

Vivat Regina.

PAGE and TOOGOOD, Seed Growers and Merchants to the Queen, Southampton. Seeds direct from the grower, the most certain means to prevent disappointment.

Priced catalogues may be obtained from Mr. HENRY MOORE, Moore's Wharf, Sydney, by whom orders will be received.

MICHAEL GUILFOYLE, Nurseryman, Florist, and Seedsman, Ornamental and Landscape Gardener, Exotic Nursery, Double Bay, begs to remind parties desirous of procuring large or small quantities of PLANTS that he has the most extensive collection of all sorts of Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, and also of Flowering Plants, of every description, which was ever offered to the public to select from since gardening was known in the colony. An inspection of the Nursery is especially invited.

Prices strictly moderate, with the usual allowance to the trade. N.B. Flower and Vegetable Seeds of every description. *.* Native Seeds, in great variety, always ready, in collections.

LAND SALE ROOMS, 423, George-street.—A Register, containing full particulars of houses, estates, allotments of land, stations, and stock; ship, bank-stock and other shares intended for PRIVATE SALE, will be kept at these rooms for the convenience of vendors and purchasers, and no charge made except to the vendor when sales are effected. Plans, accompanying instructions, will be exhibited on the walls of the sale room. T. W. BOWDEN.

CHARLES BROWN, Stock and Commission Agent, of 33, Bourke-street, Melbourne; and Deniliquin, New South Wales, begs to inform Squatters and others that he has established a branch of his business in Sydney, which will be carried on in the name of CHARLES BROWN and CO., under the management of Mr. Edward M. Stephen, Lyons-buildings, George-street, Sydney, 2nd April.

HENRY COLEMAN begs respectfully to inform the inhabitants of Sydney and its environs that he is prepared to REMOVE NIGHT-SOIL at a minute's notice, in a most expeditious and cleanly manner, without leaving any offensive effluvia in the house or premises, as he employs only first-class and careful workmen, and has every convenience and appliance for the same. H. C.'s charges will be found to be of the lowest scale, and he can assure those families who may favour him with their orders that they will be punctually attended to, and he will give every satisfaction. N.B.—No money expected until work approved. Address, 92, Liverpool-street, between George and Pitt streets.

THE IMPROVED TURKISH BATH, and Appliances for the Water Treatment of Disease, Spring-street, Sydney.

Under the care of JOHN le GAY BRERETON, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., L.A.C., author of the "Turkish Bath in Health and Disease."

Open for patients only from 1 o'clock a.m. to noon. Charge, 10s. 6d., including shampooing and curative movements. No invalids admitted to the afternoon baths. Open daily to the public from 2 o'clock p.m. to 7 o'clock p.m., Sundays excepted. Charge for a single bath, 7s. 6d.; four tickets for a guinea. Open for ladies only from 10 o'clock a.m. to noon on Tuesdays and Fridays.

The Invalid Baths are under the personal superintendence of Dr. Brereton, whose consultation rooms adjoin the Bath.

No admittance to the Baths except by ticket.

Tickets to be procured at the Bath.

SYDNEY HOMŒOPATHIC DISPENSARY, for the present held at Mr. BELL'S Pharmacy George-street, opposite Bridge-street.

MEDICAL OFFICERS:
Francis Bellamy, Esq., M.R.C.S., L.A.C.
Charles Meymott, Esq., M.R.C.S., L.A.C.
J. Le Gay Brereton, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., L.A.C.

Days of attendance—Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at three o'clock p.m.

The object of this Institute is to supply advice and medicine on the homœopathic system of medicine to the poor and labouring classes.

Persons friendly to the cause of homœopathy, and others who are desirous of seeing this system fairly tried, are solicited to aid in this work by subscribing to the fund.

Rule IV.—Every annual subscriber of not less than one guinea, to be entitled to recommend three gratuitous patients for each guinea subscribed, and every subscriber of half a guinea to be entitled to recommend one gratuitous patient; annual subscribers have the further privilege of recommending an unlimited number of subscribing patients.

V.—Gratuitous patients will obtain medical advice and medicine at the dispensary.

VI.—Subscribing patients will have to pay (during the time they are under treatment), 2s. 6d. per week, or 7s. 6d. per month (to be paid in advance), for medical advice; they will also have to pay one shilling for each prescription prepared at the Pharmacy.

If surgical apparatus, or expensive external remedies be required, an extra charge will be made.

For copy of rules or other information, apply to JOHN BELL, honorary secretary Homœopathic Pharmacy, where subscribers will be received.

DENTISTRY.—Established 1842.—Messrs. J. and M. EMANUEL, Dentists, continue to supply Artificial Teeth, extract teeth, teeth plugged with gold, and all other operations appertaining to their profession. Mr. J. EMANUEL wishes to inform strangers visiting the colony, that he passed his examination in the Hague, Holland, in the year 1836, and received his dental diploma. George-street North, near Hunter-street.

CONSUMPTION, Indigestion, Headache, Bilious Complaints, &c., &c.—Take the Balm of Circassia, prepared by Dr. PERCY and CO., 37, Elizabeth-street North.

SKIN DISEASES, Liver Complaints, Worms of all kinds—Take the Cordial Balm of Circassia, with Dr. PERCY and CO.'S Regulating Purifying Pills. Price, 2s. 6d. and 5s. per box. 37, Elizabeth-street North.

PREMATURE DECLINE, Consumption, Debility, &c., &c., consult Dr. PERCY and CO., 37, Elizabeth-street North. Hours, from 9 till 2; and from 5 till 8 evenings.

DR. PERCY and CO.'S CORDIAL BALM OF CIRCASSIA, for invigorating debilitated constitutions, and the cure of diseases resulting from the follies of youth. Price 4s. 6d., 11s., and 33s. per bottle. 37, Elizabeth-st.

DR. TOWNSEND'S Original and Genuine SARSAPARILLA. Sole agents, SMITH, BROTHERS, and CO., Stores, Circular Quay.

PULMONIC MIXTURE for coughs, colds, &c.; Nutrative Cream, for promoting the growth of the hair; Anodyne Toothache Drops. Sold wholesale and retail. J. W. HUNTER, chemist and druggist, 407, George-street, opposite the Royal Hotel.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—Rheumatism and Gout.—The most eminent medical authorities agree in extolling this celebrated Oil as surpassing all known anti-rheumatic remedies. Dr. Schenk, the great German physician, states that "it ought to be considered as a specific in rheumatism and gout. It heals all chronic and painful affections of the human body, wherever they are seated, whether internal or external, if they have originated in rheumatism and gout, as surely and certainly as bark cures intermitting fever."

Dr. De Jongh's Oil is sold only in imperial half-pint, pint, and quart bottles, capsuled and labelled with his stamp and signature, without which none can possibly be genuine. Sole agents, ANSAR, HARFORD, and CO., 77, Strand, London. Wholesale agents at Sydney, Messrs ELLIOTT, BROTHERS, 181, Pitt-street.

KEATING'S WORM TABLET.—A purely vegetable sweetmeat, both in appearance and taste furnishing a most agreeable method of administering a well-known remedy for intestinal or thread worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation; and is especially adapted for children, being as harmless in its action as it is prompt and certain in its effects, and may be taken with impunity by the most delicate. Wholesale agents, FOSS, SON, and CO., 217½, Pitt-street. Entrance down the gateway.

HOMŒOPATHY.—All Homœopathic Medicines, the various preparations; Medicine Cases, of all sizes; Domestic Medicine Guides; the Homœopathic Materia Medica, and most of the works published on this science, may be obtained at the Homœopathic Pharmacy, George-street, opposite Bridge-street. JOHN BELL, late Bell and Huntley.

PERSIAN INSECT DESTROYING POWDER.— Unrivalled in exterminating fleas, bugs, flies, beetles, cockroaches, and every description of insect-infesting animals; protects furs, clothes, &c., from moths; harmless to animal life. Sold wholesale by Thomas Keating, 79, St. Paul's Churchyard, London. Wholesale agents, FOSS, SON, and CO., 217½, Pitt-street. Entrance down the gateway.

DANDRIFF LOTION. — The great prevalence of dandriff in the hair has called forth a variety of lotions, more or less successful in removing this very unpleasant and distressing disease of the scalp. This wash is prepared from a recipe extensively used, and prescribed by that eminent physician Dr. Locock, and is the most efficient as well as safest preparation for that purpose. It also imparts a delightful coolness to the head. In bottles, 2s. 6d. each. CHARLES C. FINCH (late J. and E. Row), 84, King-street, Sydney.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and OINTMENT.—Dyspepsia, Disordered Digestion.—Some persons are particularly prone to stomach and liver complaints; while in others these diseases are produced by sedentary habits, irregular living, or mental disquietude. The liver and stomach being distempered, the heart and lungs soon sympathise with them, and both mind and body shortly suffer. These admirable pills act directly on these organs, and soon restore them to a natural and healthy condition. The impurities are discharged from the system, the respiratory organs are relieved, the heated blood cooled, and the bilious secretion regulated, the heart's action becomes tranquil, the nerves acquire strength, and health benignly dawns again, and happiness returns, and the patient is thoroughly restored to easy digestion, cheering thoughts, and refreshing repose.

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand (near Temple Bar), London, and at 80, Maiden-lane, New York; also, by all respectable druggists and dealers in medicine throughout the civilised world, and in all parts of Australia, at the following prices:—1s. 3d., 3s. 3d., and 5s. each pot. There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes. N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot

---

POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED, for Coughs, Colds, Shortness of Breath, Asthma, &c.—This invaluable medicine has the extraordinary property of immediately relieving coughs, colds, hoarseness, difficulty of breathing, and huskiness in the throat. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, consequently causing a free expectoration.

Those who are troubled with that unpleasant tickling in the throat, which deprives them of rest night after night, by the incessant cough which it provokes, will, by taking one dose, find immediate relief; and one bottle, in most cases, will effect a cure.

Prepared and sold by Thomas Powell, No. 16 (late 51), Blackfriars Road, near the Bridge, London. Sold also by all the respectable chemists and wholesale and retail patent medicine vendors throughout the kingdom. Established 1824.

Can be obtained of all chemists and medicine vendors throughout Australia.

AMERICAN AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.— On hand and for SALE by the subscribers:—

Double and single horse powers, with or without thrashers and separators

Winnowing machines, various sizes; ploughs, haycutters, weighing machines, hay or depot scales, reaping and mowing machines, Many's patent, &c., &c., &c.

Also, dried apples, hams, cheese, lobster, salmon, beef, pork stoves, shovels, axes, picks, axe and pick handles, Manila and Europe rope, chairs, wood and willow ware, of all descriptions, rosin, pitch, cement, buckets, tubs, &c., &c.

WILKINSON, BROTHERS, and CO., Walker's Wharf.

STEAM-ENGINES, portable and fixed, Steam Ploughs, complete, Thrashing Machines, Reapers, Mowers, Chaff-Cutters, Pulpers, Oil Cake Mills, and all descriptions of Agricultural Tools, Implements, and Machinery. Quartz-Crushing Machinery, Mining Engines and Machinery, Hydraulic Engines and Machinery, Screw and other Presses, Brick and Tile making Machinery, Sawing Machinery and Engineers' Tools; Chains, Nails, and Black Ironmongery.

THE AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERS' COMPANY (LIMITED)
DIRECTORS.
Andrews, C. J., Esq., of the firm of Messrs. Barrett, Exall and Andrews, agricultural engineers, Reading.
Bentall, E. H., Esq., agricultural engineer, Heybridge, near Maldon, Essex.
Fowler, John, Esq., patentee of the steam plough, 28 Cornhill, London.
Turner, E. R., Esq., of the firm of Messrs. E. R. and F. Turner, agricultural engineers, Ipswich.
Warner, C. E., Esq., of the firm of Messrs. John Warner and Sons, bell and brass founders to her Majesty, and hydraulic engineers, 8, Crescent, Jewin-street, London.
BANKERS—The Bank of England.
MANAGER—W. Archdall O'Doherty.

CENTRAL DEPOT AND EXPORT WAREHOUSE—Swan-lane, Upper Thames-street, London, E.C., (formerly in the occupation of the late firm of W. Dray and Co.)

This company has been formed for the purpose of supplying the public direct with Agricultural Implements and Machinery of the most approved construction, at manufacturers' fixed prices.

With an ample capital the active co-operation of the leading manufacturers—a special organization for the purpose—and the possession of the best situated and most extensive premises in London, the Company now offer to the Australian public the following important and exclusive advantages:—

The power of selecting from the manufactures of ALL the leading makers.

The certainty of having only first-class goods supplied, at manufacturers' prices.

The option of having the goods delivered at the principal colonial seaports, free of all risk to the purchaser, and at a charge included in price; thereby securing the goods to colonial purchasers at a cost very little exceeding that incurred by British farmers.

The opportunity of procuring supplies of all other goods through the Company's agency, on the best terms, and in many cases free of any charge for freight or other expenses.

The facility of making remittances in colonial produce, and receiving the proceeds in goods or cash.

The utmost promptitude, regularity, and care in the execution of orders or commissions.

And reliable information and advice as to all recent improvements and requirements of particular districts and operations.

The fact of the directors having been chosen from the leading manufacturing firms will afford an invaluable guarantee of the quality, workmanship, and fitness for its use of every article sold, and for the faithful fulfilment of the above pledges.

The catalogues of the Company are published in English, French, German, and other languages; and a special Illustrated Priced Colonial Catalogue will be forwarded, post free, upon application.

No Australian agriculturist or shipper should leave England without an inspection of the Company's stock.

Orders, accompanied by a remittance in money or produce, or a credit on England, will have prompt attention, addressed to the Manager of

The AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERS' COMPANY (Limited), Swan-lane, Upper Thames-street, London, (formerly in the occupation of the late firm of W. Dray & Co).

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO AGRICULTURISTS.— One of RANSOME and SIMS' latest Catalogues of improved Farm machinery and implements will be forwarded without charge, and post free, to any part of the colony, on application for the same to

EDWARD BINGHAM,
115, York-street, Sydney.

This Catalogue contains a most interesting and detailed account of the Steam Plough now in use in England, Scotland, and Ireland.

CONFECTIONARY.—Merchants, Storekeepers, and others can be supplied with every description of confectionary, of the finest quality, in any quantity, on the shortest notice, and at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction. W. J. CATES, wholesale confectioner, 4?, George-street.

JACQUESSON and SON'S CHAMPAGNE.—E. TEILLARD and CO. remind the consumers of this genuine brand, in order not to be imposed upon by the numerous spurious imitations at present in this market, they should not buy any which has not round the neck of the bottles the signature of Jacquesson and Son, with the words "Ed. Teillard and Co., agents."

Jacquesson and Son reserve to themselves the sale of their wine in New South Wales, and refuse to sell it unless through their agents, E. Teillard and Co.

A reward of £100 is offered to any party giving information that will lead to the conviction of the thieves selling wilfully spurious imitations of said mark.

E. TEILLARD and CO., wine and spirit merchants, 140, Pitt-street North.

VEGETABLE seeds, in selections, each package contains 35 sorts, 21s. FERRIS and SON, Pitt-st.

SEED OATS and Cape Barley, 2000 bushels, 3s. 6d. and 5s., full weights. FERRIS and SON, Pitt-st.

FOOD for Pigs and Poultry.—Barley Meal, £7 per ton, 7s. 6d. per 100. FERRIS and SON, Pitt-street.

SEED WHEAT, Adelaide prize samples. FERRIS and SON, Pitt-street, near the Theatre.

COLONIAL NEGROHEAD TOBACCO, choice samples, on SALE, by FERRIS and SON, Pitt-street.

STEAM CHAFF-CUTTER. — On SALE, a very powerful Steam Chaff-Cutter, by Richmond and Chandler, now landing, ex Switzerland. Address F. B., HERALD Office.

CHINESE FIRE CRACKERS, just landed, ex Eagle, and on SALE by SMITH, BROTHERS, and CO., Macquarie-place.

OARS and PADDLES, in variety, at Boat Shed, 4?, Sussex-street. T. DAY, Jun.

THE WINTER SEASON NOW RAPIDLY APPROACHING, H. COHEN and CO. would strongly impress upon their customers the necessity of making preparations to meet the change.

In readiness for the numerous demands of their friends, H. Cohen and Co. have great pleasure in announcing the arrival of extensive additions to their stock ex Ellwood Walter, Cateaux Wattel, Kammer Director Von Flotow, &c., &c.

These goods are all manufactured to order, the materials of the best quality, while the newest winter style has been adopted for the ready made articles. The public will please to observe that H. Cohen and Co. do not make use of the plan of some houses in announcing large arrivals when such have no existence, but this is a bona fide consignment from their own agents, and made expressly to suit the requirements of the colonists, from the elegant costume of the gentleman, to the rough suit of the miner. Overcoats in every style, waterproof sacs, macintoshes and monkey jackets, warm coats, vests, and trousers made of the best materials, of fashionable cut, and strongest workmanship. This shipment also includes the last style of beaver and whitney talmas; poncho capes; the new raglan coat, and many other novelties too numerous to mention.

H. COHEN and CO. would urge their friends to give an early call at the Monster Clothing Hall, as, although their resources are immense, they anticipate a great press of business as soon as the winter begins. As the best cutters in the colony are at the Monster Clothing Hall, every description of clothing is made to measure, in the highest style of art, and at prices that defy competition.

No connection with any other establishment in the colony.

H. COHEN and CO.'S Monster Clothing Mart, 402, George-street, Sydney.

COHEN AND CO.'S LIST OF PRICES FOR WINTER CLOTHING.

COATS, COATS.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Drab driving overcoats ...	1 10 0	to	4 10 0
Beaver ponchos, without sleeves ...	1 1 0	to	2 0 0
Beaver ponchos, with sleeves ...	1 5 0	to	2 5 0
Petersham beaver, in all materials	1 1 0	to	2 3 0
Pilot cloth chesterfields, wool lined	0 15 0	to	1 8 0
Pilot cloth sacs, wool lined ...	0 18 0	to	2 0 0
Pilot cloth jackets, wool lined ...	0 7 0	to	1 5 0
Pilot cloth jackets, silk bound ...	1 1 0	to	1 15 0
Pilot cloth talmas, a superior garment ...	0 10 0	to	1 18 0
Black mohair sacs, wool lined ...	0 19 0	to	1 10 0
Double stitched beaver sacs, silk lined ...	1 1 0	to	2 10 0
Corded beaver chesterfield ...	1 15 0	to	2 5 0
Mohair ponchos ...	1 5 0	to	1 10 0
The Kars jacket, a new cut	1 3 0	to	1 12 0
The Alliance sac, in all materials	1 5 0	to	2 3 0
The Omar Pacha winged talma ...	1 18 0		
The Inkermann wrapper ...	1 17 0		
The elephant cloth, chesterfield ...	2 5 0		
The reversible beaver ...	2 0 0		
The Italian wrapper ...	1 15 0		
Coats, black shooting ...	0 15 0	to	1 10 0
Coats, black ozonian ...	0 16 6	to	1 15 0
Coats, black frock ...	1 12 0	to	2 10 0
Coats, blue frock ...	1 8 0	to	2 10 0
Coats, black dress ...	1 10 0	to	2 5 0
Coats, Oxford mixture ...	0 16 0	to	1 10 0
Coats, fancy does ...	0 13 6	to	1 12 0
Coats, strong tweed ...	0 8 0	to	0 15 0
Coats, for riding ...	1 1 0		
Coats, for shooting ...	0 19 6	to	1 15 0
Coats, for fishing ...	0 17 6	to	1 10 0
Coats, for sporting ...	0 15 6	to	1 5 0

	TROUSERS. 1st quality. £ s. d.	TROUSERS. 2nd quality. £ s. d.	TROUSERS. 3rd quality. £ s. d.
Trousers, black cloth ...	1 1 0	0 17 6	0 10 0
Trousers, fancy doe ...	0 19 6	0 15 6	0 10 9
Trousers, buckskin ...	1 2 0	0 16 6	0 12 6
Trousers, worsted cord ...	0 16 0	0 14 6	0 11 6
Trousers, tweed...	0 15 0	0 10 6	0 8 6
Trousers, pilot cloth ...	0 13 0	0 10 6	0 7 6
Trousers, moleskin ...	0 6 6	0 5 6	0 4 6
Trousers, steel mixture ...	1 0 0	0 15 0	0 10 0

	VESTS. 1st quality. £ s. d.	VESTS. 2nd quality. £ s. d.	VESTS. 3rd quality. £ s. d.
Vests, black cloth ...	0 12 0	0 10 6	0 8 6
Vests, fancy doe...	0 10 6	0 8 6	0 5 0
Vests, black satin ...	0 12 6	0 10 6	0 8 6
Vests, fancy satins ...	0 13 6	0 11 0	0 7 6
Vests, fancy silk ...	0 12 0	0 10 0	0 6 6
Vests, tweed ...	0 10 0	0 8 6	0 4 0
Vests, for balls ...	1 1 0	0 17 6	0 12 0
Vests, quilting ...	0 9 6	0 7 6	0 4 6

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' CLOTHING.

	COATS. 1st quality. £ s. d.	COATS. 2nd quality. £ s. d.	COATS. 3rd quality. £ s. d.
Boys' black cloth ...	1 0 0	0 15 6	0 10 6
Youths' ditto ditto ...	1 2 0	0 17 0	0 12 6
Boys' fancy doe...	0 19 0	0 15 0	0 10 0
Youths' ditto ditto ...	1 1 0	0 16 0	0 12 0
Boys' tweed ...	0 10 0	0 7 6	0 5 6
Youths' ditto ...	0 11 0	0 8 6	0 6 6

	TROUSERS. 1st quality. £ s. d.	TROUSERS. 2nd quality. £ s. d.	TROUSERS. 3rd quality. £ s. d.
Boys' black cloth ...	0 12 6	0 10 6	0 7 6
Youths' ditto ditto ...	0 14 0	0 12 0	0 9 6
Boys' fancy ...	0 11 6	0 10 0	0 8 6
Youths' ditto ...	0 12 6	0 11 0	0 9 6

	VESTS. 1st quality. £ s. d.	VESTS. 2nd quality. £ s. d.	VESTS. 3rd quality. £ s. d.
Boys' black cloth ...	0 9 0	0 6 6	0 5 0
Youths' ditto ...	0 9 6	0 7 0	0 5 0
Boys' silk ...	0 10 0	8 0	0 6 6
Youths' ditto ...	0 11 6	0 9 0	0 7 0
Boys' satin...	0 9 0	0 8 6	0 4 0
Youths' ditto ...	0 12 0	0 10 0	0 8 6

Every garment is marked the selling price in plain figures.

NO ABATEMENT.

The MONEY RETURNED for any article not giving satisfaction.

To STOREKEEPERS, SHIPPERS, and RESIDENTS IN THE INTERIOR.

The WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT of H. COHEN and CO. forms a distinct section of their business, while their perfect knowledge of the exact description of goods suitable for these colonies, combined with the great facilities they possess of importing direct from their own houses, place them in a position to supply storekeepers and others at fully 15 per cent. less than any house in Sydney. Residents in the interior may rest assured that every attention will be given to their orders, and their parcels forwarded with as little delay as possible.

NOTE.—It having come to the notice of Messrs. H. COHEN and CO. that certain unprincipled tradesmen are in the habit of asserting that "we are connected with the firm," or "it's the same concern," intending visitors to the MONSTER CLOTHING HALL should note that they are in the right shop, as Messrs. H. COHEN and CO. have no connection with any other house in Sydney.

NEW WINTER DRESSES.—Three cases of superior Norwich Dresses, in all the most approved shades, for winter.

The above have been purchased in the colony at a large discount, and will be offered for immediate sale, as under, viz.,—

One guinea dress, at 12s. 9d.

Twenty-five shilling ditto, at 14s. 6d.

W. C. PRESTON and CO., Cavendish House, next the Commercial Bank, George-street.

MEN'S MERCERY.—We shall offer during the present week a quantity of Goods, as under, which have been re-marked, at and under cost price:—

A lot of good and fashionable neck ties, all at 2s. each

A lot of Paris kid gloves, all sizes, at 2s. 9d. per pair

A lot of lined gloves, at 1s. per pair

A lot of Ford's eureka shirts, No. 4, at 25s. the half dozen

A lot of other makes, with bands, 27s. 6d. ditto

A lot of extra large corasso ditto, 30s. ditto

A lot of various regatta shirts, at the English price

A lot of superior crimean shirts, at 9s. 6d. each

A lot of half-hose (various), at 3s. 11d., 3s. 3d., 3s. 9d. and 4s. 3d., the half-dozen.

W. C. PRESTON and CO., Cavendish House. ☞ Next the Commercial Bank, George-street.

MANTLE and MILLINERY WAREHOUSE, 88, KING-STREET.

Ex Mail Steamer.

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S MANTLES and JACKETS.

Just received, 13 cases of the above, in cloth and velvet, choice and fashionable shapes.

JOHN HALBERT is now prepared to submit to his friends and the public generally the largest and most select stock of mantles ever shown in Sydney, to which he respectfully solicits an inspection.

CHEAP WINTER MANTLES, at JOHN HALBERT'S.

	s. d.		s. d.
Ladies' cloth mantles, good quality from	6 11	to	10 6
Ditto ditto ditto, richly trimmed ...	12 9		21 0
Ditto ditto ditto, extra rich ...	22 6		39 6
A large lot of plain, embossed, and embroidered velvet mantles ...	29 6		95 0
Ladies' cloth jackets, all colours...	6 11		16 6
Children's mantles and jackets ...	3 11		10 6
Young ladies' ditto ditto...	5 9		18 6

Mantle and Millinery Warehouse, 88, King-street.

BLANKETS.—RICHARD GRIFFITHS (late Coutts and Griffiths) wishes to call the attention of his numerous customers to the following low list of Blankets.

WITNEY.	s. d.		BATH.	s. d.	
8-4 ...	8 9	per pair	9-4 ...	16 6	per pair
9-4 ...	10 11		10-4 ...	21 0	
10-4 ...	13 6		11-4 ...	27 6	
11-4 ...	17 9		12-4 ...	38 6	
12-4 ...	21 0		13-4 ...	45 0	
13-4 ...	25 0		14-4 ...	50 0	

Scarlet and blue blankets equally low.

86, King-street, 3rd May.

GIVING UP BUSINESS.—Leaving the Premises.—The shop must be closed very shortly.—G. C. TUTING, Beverley House, 265 and 267, Pitt-street, being obliged to leave his premises in a short time (the shop being advertised) must DISPOSE of all his valuable STOCK, without reserve. The shop is now OPENED, and the stock, most of which will be sold at half-price. The following is a list of a few of the leading articles:—

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Rich checked silks ...	1 13 6	worth	2 10 0
Rich glace silks ...	1 19 6	...	3 3 0
Rich brocaded silks ...	2 13 6	...	4 4 0
Rich flounced silks ...	2 18 6	...	4 10 0
Rich silk poplins ...	0 0 12½	...	0 1 9
French merinoes ...	0 2 4½	...	0 2 10
Ditto ditto ...	0 2 11½	...	0 3 10
Cobourgs, coloured ...	0 0 6½	...	0 1 0
Norwich dresses ...	0 10 6	...	0 18 0
Challi plaid ...	0 0 18	...	0 2 2
Tweed dresses ...	0 0 8½	...	0 1 0
Arabian glaces ...	0 0 13½	...	0 1 6
Norwich checks ...	0 0 10½	...	0 1 4
8-4 wool plaids ...	0 3 9	...	0 5 0
6-4 wool plaid ...	0 1 11	...	0 2 9
French delaines ...	0 0 9	...	0 1 2
Mantle cloths ...	0 5 6	...	0 8 6
French bareges ...	0 0 4½	...	0 1 0
Printed bareges, flounced ...	0 7 10	...	0 14 0
Printed muslins ...	0 0 4½	...	0 0 7½
White flounced muslin dresses	0 5 9	...	0 10 6
Flounced muslins... ...	0 6 9	...	0 10 6
Muslin collars ...	0 0 9½	...	0 1 3
Ditto ditto ...	0 0 11½	...	0 1 6
Cambric handkerchiefs ...	0 0 3½	...	0 0 6
Ditto ditto ...	0 0 6½	...	0 0 10
Lace lappets ...	0 0 4½	...	0 1 6
Parasols ...	0 2 3	...	0 4 0
Ditto ...	0 2 11	...	0 5 6
Bonnet ribbons ...	0 0 3½	...	0 0 6
Ditto ditto ...	0 0 5½	...	0 0 10½
Hosiery ...	0 0 5½	...	0 0 8½
Ditto ...	0 0 10	...	0 1 3
Prints ...	0 0 3½	...	0 0 5½
Ditto ...	0 0 5½	...	0 0 8½
Mosquito net ...	0 0 8½	...	0 1 2
Cloth mantles ...	0 6 9	...	0 13 6
Ditto ditto ...	0 9 6	...	0 18 0
Silk mantles, about half-price			
Lace mantles ...	0 13 6	...	0 25 0

MILLINERY.—This department will be cleared at about half-price.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Straw hats and bonnets ...	0 0 4½	worth	0 2 0
Fashionable brown straw hats	0 0 13½	...	0 3 6
Leghorn hats ...	0 2 6	...	0 5 0
Manila hats ...	0 0 8½	...	0 2 0
Boys' hats ...	0 1 9	...	0 3 6

Flowers, less than half-price

Stays, all kinds, very cheap.

The above large and valuable stock must be cleared out, and one trial will convince every purchaser.

The Shop is RE-OPENED THIS MORNING, at 9 o'clock.

G. C. TUTING, 265 and 267, Pitt-street—Beverley House.

CLAPHAM HOUSE, 278, George-street.—J. M. ILLIDGE has just landed, and on SALE, a fresh parcel of Ladies' Cashmere Adelaide Boots, at 3s. 6d. and 4s 6d. per pair; ladies superior coloured adelaide and elastic-side boots, at 5s. 6d. and 6s. 6d.; ladies' double sole cloth and cashmere boots, from 5s. 6d. to 10s. 6d. per pair. Also, ladies' and children's goloshes, and an infinite variety of infants' and children's shoes and boots, from 1s. per pair upwards. Ladies are particularly invited to make an early call and inspect the stock. Observe the address, J. M. ILLIDGE, Clapham House, 278, George-street, nearly opposite Jamison-street.

THE EVENT at No. 235, PITT-STREET.—The occasion to which this notice bears reference progresses with undiminished interest. Thousands of the most extraordinary bargains on record are daily on SALE—

500 cloth mantles, new shapes, 7s. 9d. each

350 large size Spanish mantles, 10s 6d.

100 elegant ditto, with sleeves, £1 15s.

450 English tweed dresses, 18 yards, only 6s. 11s.

800 Norwich ditto ditto, 18 ditto, 14s. 9d.

120 cloth jackets, for ladies, at 12s. 6d.

200 children's mantles, from 4s. 6d. to 10s. 6d.

230 elegant silk robes, 20 yards, only £3 3s.

800 pieces children's underclothing, 1s. each

430 ditto ladies' ditto, 2s. 6d. ditto

200 pairs Eugenie kid gloves, 2s. per pair

500 ditto gentlemen's kid gloves, 1s. 6d. ditto

20 bales of sheetings, flannels, counterpanes, blankets, damask and woollen table covers, &c., &c. Also,

12 cases of fancy goods of every description.

WALTHAM RUSH, 235, Pitt-street.

CHEAP! CHEAP! CHEAP!—SELLING OFF!!
W. HOWES, Clothier, 253, Pitt-street, is clearing out the whole of his large stock of Men's Clothing, of every description, at the following low prices.

COATS.	s. d.
Black cloth sacs ...	20 0
Tweed sacs, all wool ...	15 6
Fancy doeskin shooting coats ...	12 6
Shepherds' plaid coats ...	6 6
Silk and wool sacs, only ...	9 6
Pilot coats, well lined ...	11 6
Ditto ditto, superior quality ...	15 6
Superior mohair coats, only ...	19 6
Boys' coats in great variety.	
TROUSERS.	
Black cloth trousers ...	14 6
Tweed trousers, all wool ...	12 6
Superfine black kerseymere trousers ...	20 0
Shepherds' plaid trousers ...	4 11
500 waistcoats of every description, from	3 6
Plaid jumpers, only ...	4 11
Dungaree jumpers, only ...	3 11
Superior melton jumpers, very cheap	
Crimean shirts, only ...	5 6
Ditto ditto, superior ...	7 11
Serge shirts ...	4 11
Men's white shirts, from ...	2 11

Also a large stock of guernseys, flannel and cotton drawers, braces, belts, neck-ties, handkerchiefs, gloves, scarfs, hosiery, hats, caps, carpet bags, blankets, rugs, &c., &c., equally cheap.

W. HOWES, 253, Pitt-street, particularly calls the attention of his country customers to the above notice, as this is a good opportunity to buy, wholesale or retail.

☞ 253, Pitt-street, Sydney.

MANTLES! MANTLES!! MANTLES!!!—WILLIAM PRICE, of "La Ville de Paris," begs to inform his numerous customers that he has just opened, ex Waterloo, three cases, all of the newest shapes and most recent designs, consisting of

Brown and drab cloth mantles, from 10s. 9d. each

Ditto ditto various styles, 16s. 6d. each

Ditto ditto, richly trimmed, from 18s. 6d. to 45s. each

Children's ditto, all sizes and shapes, from 6s. 9d. each

Ladies' tweed and cloth jackets, from 7s. 6d each

The new seal mantles, in mauve and drabs

Ladies' black mantles, new style, at all prices

Together with a choice assortment of brown and mixed melton cloths.

WILLIAM PRICE, "La Ville de Paris."

BABY LINEN, Ladies' Underclothing, and richly-embroidered Cloaks, just opened at "La Ville de Paris."

SUPERIOR Paris Corsets, to fasten in front, Linsey Wolsey and Steel Skirts, just opened at "La Ville de Paris."

CHOICE Muslin Flouncings, Insertions and Edgings the handsomest imported, at "La Ville de Paris."

FELT HATS, Felt Hats, Ladies' and Children's, new shapes, just opened, at "La Ville de Paris."

BROWN and Drab Ostrich Feathers, richly worked collars and sleeves, just opened, at "La Ville de Paris."

COLONIAL TWEED.—Messrs. DONALDSON and CO. invite inspection at No. 4, Lloyd's-chambers, George-street, Sydney. J. TAPSON, sole agent.

EVERY description of Ladies' Bonnets and Hats artificial flowers, feathers, and millinery; also men's panama, cabbagetree, felt, and other hats, in quantities to suit the trade. GREGORY, CUBITT, and CO., manufacturers and importers, Wynyard-street, Sydney, and 15, Aldermanbury, London.

ON SALE, at the Undersigned's.—Ex Ætna and Bengal.

Black and drab ladies' riding hats

Drab beaver hats

Drab shell hats

Drab merino hats

Mohair hats

Best black ventilated hats

Ditto ditto ditto, on cork

Black and brown palm leaf hats

French soft hats, napped

French felt ditto, in various colours

Cloth, tweed, horsehair, and other caps, in great variety

Every description of gold and silver lace, &c., &c.

Hats and caps made to order

Country storekeepers can be supplied with the sizes they require, at wholesale prices.

B. MOUNTCASTLE, real hat manufacturer and importer, 319, George-street, and 64, Market-street.

DEAN'S FURNITURE WAREHOUSE REMOVED to No. 283, Pitt-street, one door south from Market-street.

Drawing-room, dining-room, bedroom, hall, and kitchen furniture on hand. Also,

Iron bedsteads, cots; hair, fibre, flax, and straw mattresses.

An inspection is invited.

EX PHOENICIAN.—For SALE, a large size PHOTOGRAPHIC INSTRUMENT, with CHEMICALS and all the necessary apparatus; in first-rate order. F. LASTER, Fancy Bazaar, 80, South Head Road.

LEA and PERRINS' celebrated WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.—The undersigned having been appointed agent for this highly esteemed article, purchasers may avoid the numerous imitations by applying to him direct, —through whose agency wholesale dealers may import the sauce direct from Lea and Perrin. S. A. JOSEPH, Margaret-street.

ELECTRO-PLATE. ELECTRO-PLATE.—A. L. WOOLF (late D. Mitchell), 247, Pitt-street, next Victoria Theatre, Sydney, begs to inform the public in general that he is in constant receipt of a varied and choice assortment of electro-plated ware at the following prices:—

Parlour candlesticks, 12s. 6d. per pair

Chamber ditto, 7s. 6d. each

Piano ditto, 10s. 6d. per pair

Cruet stands, with cut glass bottles, 14s. 6d.

Liqueur and pickle stands, with coloured cut bottles, 21s.

Tea and coffee services, consisting of tea-pot, coffee-pot, sugar basin, and cream ewer, 50s.

Butter coolers, with coloured glass bowls, from 9s. 6d.

Knife rests, 2s 6d. per pair

Electro-plated teaspoons, on white metal, 12s. 6d. per dozen

Ditto table spoons and forks, 30s.

Ditto dessert spoons and forks, 25s.

Nickel silver, or British plate, teaspoons, 7s. 6d. per dozen

Ditto ditto, table spoons and forks, 20s.

Ditto ditto dessert spoons and forks, 15s.

An allowance of five per cent. on all purchases of £5 and upwards.

Note the address!—A. L. WOOLF (late D. Mitchell), 247, Pitt-street, next Victoria Theatre.

NEW PLATEDWARE, per ship Asia.—Messrs. BRUSH and MAC DONNELL are now landing the following

Communion Services, fitted in oak cases

Chamber and table candlesticks, with and without shades

Flower stands, inkstands, soy frames, nutcracks

Kettles and stands, with spirit lamps

Sugar baskets, butter coolers, egg frames

Toast racks, hock stands, wine coolers

Set of meat dishes and covers, venison dish and cover

Corner dishes, best steel plated champagne nippers

Tea and coffee services, and a large variety of the most useful articles, of the best description.

BRUSH and MAC DONNELL.

NEW JEWELLERY.—Messrs. BRUSH and MAC-DONNELL beg to direct public attention to the new FLOWER BRACELETS and BROOCHES, in fine gold, which they have just received. These beautiful productions are of most original and tasteful designs, and are worthy the inspection of intending purchasers.

BRUSH and MAC DONNELL.

TO SURVEYORS.—We have just received, per ship Asia, a supply of the following instruments, in addition to our present stock:—

Adams' registered circumferenters, best chains and arrows, 66 and 100 feet; prismatic compasses, pocket sextants, Chesterman's metallic tapes, steel tapes, 33, 50, and 66 feet; levelling staves, 14 and 16 feet; drainage and pocket levels, drawing instruments, in cases and separately, &c., &c. Also,

Elliot's Swiss planimeter

Payne's patent pedometer

Negretti and Zambra's clinometer

Dupin's measurer, for ascertaining heights of mountains or places difficult of access.

BRUSH and MAC DONNELL.

NEW MICROSCOPES, per ship Asia.—Messrs. BRUSH and MAC DONNELL are now landing a number of superior Achromatic Microscopes, comprising those of very elaborate construction, to the most simple and inexpensive instrument adapted to the first use of the amateur, viz:—

Large compound microscope, on the most approved construction, having secondary stage for adjustment of achromatic condenser, coarse and fine adjustments to the body, lenses from 1 inch to ⅛ inch focal distance, and every addition and appliance of the newest and most perfect kind, suitable for the highest branches of microscopic investigation.

Student's microscope, by Pillischer, £11

Educational microscope, by Smith and Beck, £15

Society of Art's microscope, by Field (most improved kind), £5

Society of Art's simple microscope, £1 1s

Microscopes from other London makers, with various apparatus, and excellent defining power, from £6 10s. to 20

Hand microscopes with forceps, in cases; glass body microscopes, with beetles, &c.

Microscopic objects in great variety—animal, vegetable, mineral, and fossil.

Glass cells of various sizes, and every apparatus for mounting objects; also,

Quekett's Practical Treatise; Carpenter on the Microscope; Hogg on the Microscope; Adulterations Detected, by Hassall; The Microscope in Medicine, by Dr. Beale; The Microscope, by Dr. Lardner; Half-hours with Microscope; How to Work with the Microscope; and many other interesting works.

BRUSH and MAC DONNELL, 326, George-street, Sydney; and 23, Collins-street, Melbourne.

THE OXY-CALCIUM LIGHT and DISSOLVING VIEW APPARATUS.

This recent adaptation is particularly recommended, as being easily managed, free from all risk of explosion, and possessing a brilliancy nearly equal to the oxy-hydrogen light, without the danger of the latter.

Phantasmagoria lanterns, and cheap magic lanterns and slides of every size.

BRUSH and MAC DONNELL.

RACE GLASSES, very powerful, with twelve glasses, morocco bound, in cases with sling-straps, at A. BLAU, 15, Hunter-street, first floor.

STOP WATCHES. Race Watches, and Marine Recorders.—A few of the above for SALE by the undersigned from the best makers, with independent centre-seconds, compensation balance, and all the recent improvements, suitable for doctors, captains, and sportsmen; price, £35 each.

A. BLAU, 15, Hunter-street, first floor.

BRIERLEY, DEAN, and CO. have constantly on SALE, at their New Stores, 273, George-street, opposite Hunter-street,

Cotton goods

Silk ditto

Woollen ditto

Worsted ditto

Haberdashery

Millinery

Small wares

Hosiery and gloves

Made-up clothing

Blankets

Flannels

Straw hats and bonnets

Boots and shoes

Earthenware

Brushware

Saddlery

Ironmongery

Cutlery

Perfumery

Oilmen's stores

Wines

Spirits

Ale and porter

Soap

Salt

Coffee

Sugar

Bengal cigars and cheroots

Manila ditto.

THE UNDERSIGNED have always on SALE, and to arrive—

Tod, Heatly, and Co.'s fine wines, in wood and bottle

"Harmony," pale and brown sherries

Amontillado

Pale and dark brandies, in wood and bottle

Moselle, sparkling hock, champagne, and claret

Soda crystals, caustic soda, and soda ash

Muntz sheathing metal and nails

Copper and yellow metal rod

Cannister powder, FF, and FFF.

DONALDSON, GRAHAM, and CO.

OYSTERS AND LOBSTERS, IN TINS.—

Pickled salmon, in barrels, herrings

Codfish, sausage skin, in kegs

American buckets, whittled headed clothes' pins

White beans, preserved ginger

A. TANGE and CO., Wynyard-square.

EX GEORGE MARSHALL, General Wyndham, Lloyds, and late arrivals, and FOR SALE by the undersigned—

Day and Martin's blacking

Bath bricks

Hunman and Riley's boots

Candle cotton, velvet corks

New muscatels, Jordon almonds

Wotherspoon's confectionary, 1 lb. tins

Hill and Ledger's 1 and 2 lb. jams, in tins

Castor oil, half-pints

Wallis' chicory

Price's candles

Colman's starch, mustard, and blue

Sardines, salmon, oysters

Pearl barley, figs

Letchford's vestas

Huntley and Palmer's biscuits

Batty's salad oils

Morton's bottled fruits

Dray covers and canvas

Martell's brandy, W. I. rum

Geneva, old tom, whisky

Port and sherry, in large variety

Congou and Hysonskin teas

Sugars of various sorts

Barrett's tobacco

Dried apples

Collins' picks and axes

Champion's vinegar

Clousseau's No. 6 pale brandy, 1 dozen cases

Byass's porter, pints and quarts

Allsopp's ale, ditto ditto

Rock salt

Middlemore's saddlery

Early and Smith's slops

Blankets.

DANGAR, GILCHRIST, and CO., 88, Clarence-street.

FOR SALE, an Iron Tank (400 gallons), and sundry steerage fittings. Apply on board the CORIO steamer, off the Gas Wharf.

FOR SALE, BY THE UNDERSIGNED—

Cosen's pale sherries, ex Oscar, from Cadiz

Ditto port wine

Hunt's single, double, treble, and quadruple diamond port, ex Kite, from Oporto

Spanish red wines

Hennessy's brandy, in cases

U. V. P. ditto, ditto

Ditto ditto, in bulk

Risart's brown brandy

Ditto pale ditto

West India strong rum

Ditto weak ditto

Key brand geneva

Byass' bottled ale and porter

Kent and Sussex hops

Whybrow's pint pickles

Ditto salad oil

Ditto pickled herrings

Colman's mustard, lbs. and half lbs.

Ditto starch, in 56 lb. cases

Pickled salmon, in tierces

Boiled and raw oil and turpentine

Havannah cigars

Manila cheroots

Muscatel raisins

Cheshire ditto

Haxall flour, just arrived per Ceylon

Sheet lead, 4 lbs., 5 lbs., 6 lbs., 7 lbs.

Rolled zinc, assortments

Muntz patent metal, 14 oz. to 20 oz., and nails

Tinplates, IC, IX, IXX.

LAMB PARBURY, and CO.

FOR SALE.—

9, 10, 12, and 15 h. p. engines and boilers

Boiler plate and angle iron, sheet zinc

Muntz's yellow metal, hoop iron

Telegraph wire, Nos. 6 and 7; rivets and washers

Paints—white, black, and red; linseed oil

Caithness pavement, oakum, cordage

Patent safety fuse and tape fuse

Printing and coloured papers, envelopes, and stationery

Brown and grey papers, and paper bags

Soda water bottles, soda crystals, bath bricks

Wotherspoon's confectionary and jams

Pearl barley, cheese, tapioca

Scotch whisky, dark brandy, bitters.

CAIRD, PATERSON, and CO.

FOR SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned, ex Phoenician, Waterloo, and other late arrivals:—

Pale brandy, key brand geneva

Absynthe, bitters

Brandy, in bulk

W. I. rum, champagne

Raspberry and cherry syrups

Candied peel, German sausages

Brown paper, assorted sizes

White herrings, in tins

Salmon, 1lb. and 2lb. tins

Oatmeal, pearl barley

W. I. arrowroot, sago, oats

Candles, rape oil

Toys, English and German

Fancy soaps, macassar oil

Eau de cologne, lavender water

Matches, L.N.B. and saloon; bird cages

English guns, single and double barrels

Gilt mouldings, figures under shades

Pianofortes, musical boxes, flutinas

Glass beads, whips, vases

Assorted hair oil and perfumery

Purses, reading lamps

English paperhangings, English cutlery

Black silk velvets, beaufort ties

Ladies' underclothing and stays

Swiss embroidered curtains

Artificial flowers

French braces.

FRANCK, BROTHERS, and GANS, 22, Macquarie-place, Sydney.

L. AND S. SPYER and CO. have ON SALE—

Oilmen's stores (Stivens and Co.), first quality

Liquorice, jujubes, nuts, candies

Robinson's groats, Sir Hans Sloane's chocolate

Black lead, candle cotton, gold leaf

Colza and linseed oil, in wood and drums

Galvanized iron tiles, 26 and 28 guage

Candle moulds, shot, grain and block tin

Cart boxes, anvils, vyces, bellows

Boots and shoes, invoices; blankets.

Wynyard-square.

EX GEORGE MARSHALL, GENERAL WYNDHAM, &c.

Brandy, Martell's, Hennessy's, Rizats, &c.

Ditto, in case, U. V. P. Co.'s and Hennessey's

Demerara rum, 30 and 10 o.p.

Port, sherry, champagne, sparkling hock, &c.

Bass's ale and Barclay's stout, bottled by Clark and Bengough

Ind Cooper's ale and Truman's porter, ditto

Furze's stout, in hogsheads, in prime order.

L. and S. SPYER and CO

ON SALE by L. and S. SPYER and CO.—BOILER PLATE, Angle and Rivet Iron.

TO SETTLERS and STOREKEEPERS &c.—The undersigned have constantly on HAND—

Woolpacks, 10 to 10½ lb.; woolbagging, all widths

Bags, sewing twine, fine and coarse

Sheepshears, Sorby's and Wilkinson's

Sugars, rice, tea, flour, and tobacco

Mole trousers, Scotch twill shirts

Wines and spirits, &c.

And every article requisite on a station.

JAMES MORT and CO., 175, Pitt-street.

BLOCHAIRN IRON COMPANY'S MANUFACTURE.—On SALE by the undersigned:—

Boiler plates of various sizes

Angle and T iron, ditto

Bar iron, round, flat, and square, ditto.

FLOWER, SALTING, and CO.

THE UNDERSIGNED are the sole Agents here for the Clyde Galvanizing Iron Company, and have constantly on hand their manufacture of Tiles, corrugated and plain sheets, of various guages and lengths.

FLOWER, SALTING, and CO.

STEAM ENGINES.—On SALE by the undersigned.—2 of Messrs. Clayton, Shuttleworth, and Co.'s manufacture

One, a 10 horse-power portable, with enlarged fire box, &c., fitted up complete

One, a 8 horse-power portable, with enlarged fire box, &c., fitted up complete. Also,

One 10 horse-power stationary engine, manufactured by Messrs. C. D. Young and Co., of Glasgow.

FLOWER, SALTING, and CO.

QUICKSILVER.—For SALE, by the undersigned—30 bottles, each 109, nett 75 lbs.

FLOWER, SALTING, and CO.

PIG IRON.—On SALE, by the undersigned, ex late arrivals,

100 tons, Blair and Gartsherrie.

FLOWER, SALTING, and CO.

FOR SALE, EX LATE ARRIVALS.—

Brandy, dark, in wood

Ditto, pale, in cases

Geneva, key brand

Whisky, finest Campbelltown, in hogsheads and quarter-casks

Old tom various brands, in wood and bottle

Sherry, in hogsheads and quarter-casks, various qualities

Port, ditto ditto, ditto

Sparkling hock, moselle, and burgundy

Oatmeal, finest Scotch, fresh landed

Pickles, various brands, ditto

Bottled fruits, ditto, ditto

Jams and jellies, ditto, ditto

Ling fish, fresh landed, in 1-cwt. tin-lined cases

Herrings, in half-barrels and firkins

Ditto, in cases

Cheese, North Wilts and Chedder, fresh landed

Hams, Redgate's and Sinclair's, ditto

Bacon, Redgate's and Cosy's, ditto

Sago, in 1-cwt. cases

Arrowroot, in tins

Macaroni

Vermicelli.

MACKINTOSH, HIRST, and CO., 13, Macquarie-place.

FOR SALE, ex Alice, from Calcutta—

Finest Patna table rice

Cossipore sugar, No. 1

Oats, gram, and split peas. Also,

Calcutta lines, assorted sizes

Ditto mats and matting.

MACKINTOSH, HIRST, and CO., 13, Macquarie-place.

NOW LANDING, ex Phoenician and Asia, and ON SALE by the Undersigned—

Bar, sheet, and hoop iron

Anvils, vyces, blacksmith's bellows, hand and sledge hammers

Cast, shear, and blister steel

Cart arms and Carron boxes

Portable forges, and cast-iron furnace pans

Screwed shanks and nuts, and bolts and nuts

Horse-shoes, brushware, fenders, and fire-irons

Spades, grafting tools, shovels, dung, potato, and hay forks

Patent, wrought, cut, and zinc nails

Walker's horse nails, rose and countersunk

Milner's patent holdfast thief and fireproof safes

Galvanised iron buckets and tubs

Pit, cross-cut, rip, hand, iron and brass back saws

Bench and fancy planes

Broad, Kent, falling, and mortice axes

Avery's platform and counter machines

Ditto, and other steelyards

Portable washing coppers

Warner's lift and force pumps

Lyons' patent sausage machines

Iron bedsteads, assorted sizes and patterns

Kent grates, and Kent's knife cleaners

Brassfoundry and ironmongery of all kinds.

JOHN KEEP, Wholesale Ironmonger, Barrack-street.

BYASS'S ALE and STOUT, at 8s. 6d. per dozen.—1000 dozen superior quality Byass's Ale and Stout, in any quantity, at 8s. 6d. per dozen, warranted equal to any in Sydney. Phoenix Store, 320, George-street.

NORWOOD.—FOR SALE, Four ALLOTMENTS. Apply to Mr. RUSSELL, 81, King-street.

J. G. WALLER and CO., of Wynyard-square, have now on SALE, some magnificent samples of Champagne, both in pints and quarts; also, sparkling Hock sparkling Moselle and Claret, which they can strongly recommend.

ALSOPP'S ALE, bottled by F. Friend and Co., of very fine quality, now ON SALE, by J. G. WALLER and Co., Wynyard-square.

B. B. H. CROWN IRON.—Invoices of the above, in the harbour, and to arrive, always for SALE by the undersigned. Buyers for export may effect a considerable saving by taking an entire shipment. IREDALE and CO., iron merchants.

IREDALE and CO.'S COLZA OIL.—This oil is of the finest quality, and of greater illuminating power than any before offered to the public. It is free from all unpleasant smell, does not smoke, and, owing to its purity, will never clog the operations of the lamp.

ENGLISH FIREWORKS now on SALE at the noted cheap house. ABRAHAM'S, 77, King-street.

CHINESE CRACKERS, 3d. packet, at the shop established for 12 years ABRAHAM'S, King-street.

SWEET Scotch OATMEAL, just landed, in 60 lb. bags, 10s. each. H. S. BIRD, Circular Quay.

POTATOES.—Real Brown's River, for Sale, at the Stores, 41, King-st. West. H. H. BEAUCHAMP.

NEW ZEALAND POTATOES for SALE, in lots to suit purchasers. BROWN and HILL, Grafton Wharf.

AMERICAN LUMBER.—To Builders, Contractors, and Private Buyers.—L. B. THRELKELD and CO. have in hand for private SALE, in lots to suit purchasers, a general assortment of American Timber, comprising

T. and G. 1 inch flooring boards

Ditto 1¼ inch ditto ditto

Ditto 1 inch carpenters' clear boards, planed one side

1 inch broad shelving boards, ditto

T. and G. ½ inch ditto ditto ditto

Weatherboards, planed one side

Rough weather ditto

Scantling, 3 x 2, 4 x 2, 4 x 3, 5 x 2, 6 x 2, 6 x 2½

Deals, 9 x 3, 10 x 3, 11 x 3, 12 x 3.

Also, a good assortment of Hobart Town Timber, comprising timber various sizes, palings, &c.

City Mart, 62, George-street.

CIRCULAR QUAY SAW MILLS and Timber Yard.—To Architects, Contractors, Builders, Coachmakers, Cabinetmakers, Wheelwrights, &c.—A large and varied assortment of foreign and colonial TIMBER, doors, sashes, architraves, mouldings, shingles, laths, battens, and palings; French doors, blinds, &c. W. H. ROLFE.

HARDWOOD, from Brisbane Water; the largest assortment in Sydney. ROLFE, Circular Quay.

COLONIAL HARDWOOD.—Assorted stock of 300,000 feet, always on hand. W. JOLLY and CO.

PINE, all descriptions; doors, sashes, slates, cedar, posts, rails, palings, blue gum felloes. W. JOLLY and CO.

500,000 FEET AMERICAN PINE Cedar, Hardwood, Doors, Sashes, Architraves, Mouldings, Palings, Laths, Battens, &c. BROOMFIELD and WHITAKER, Albion Wharf.

80,000 BEST BANGOR SLATES. BROOMFIELD and WHITAKER. Albion Wharf.

500 BARRELS best Plaster of Paris and Portland Cement. BROOMFIELD and WHITAKER.

180,000 BEST Forest Oak and H. T. Shingles. BROOMFIELD and WHITAKER.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, a small commodious COTTAGE, with garden and good well of water, &c., &c. Apply to ROBERT THOMSON, St. Leonard's Cottage; rent moderate.

2000 DOORS and Glazed Windows. GOODLET and CO., Erskine and Parramatta streets.

150,000 FEET PITCH PINE, Baltic, Oregon and White Pine, G. and T. flooring, from 1½-inch to ½-inch. GOODLET and CO., Victoria Steam Saw Mills, Erskine-street and Parramatta-street.

MOULDINGS, Skirtings, Architraves, Rolls, Turnery, &c., on hand and made to order. GOODLET and CO., Erskine-street.

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND best BANGOR SLATES. R. WYNNE, Slate Yard, Pitt-street, Circular Quay.

FOUR HUNDRED BARRELS best PORTLAND CEMENT and Plaster of Paris. R. WYNNE, Circular Quay.

MURPHY'S CHEAP PAPERHANGING DEPOT, Paint, Oil, and Colour Store, No. 23, Parramatta-street, right opposite Tooth's Brewery gate, and about 100 yards from the Railway station.—JOHN MURPHY begs to inform his customers and the public in general, that he has reduced every article in his establishment to the lowest possible prices, viz., boiled and raw linseed oil, by the single gallon 4s. 9d., by the 5-gallon drum 4s. 9d. with drum given in, by the 5-gallon drum (parties finding their own drum) 4s. 6d., by the barrel of about 30 to 54 gallons, 4s. 3d.; colza and sperm oil, 7s. 6d. per gallon; humpback polar and black oil 4s. 6d. per single gallon, by quantities (10 to 20 gallons) 3s. 9d. to 4s., parties finding their own vessels; white lead, 36s. to 40s. per cwt.; green, blue, yellow, black, and red paint, 34s. to 40s. per cwt.; dry colours 20s. per cwt.; window glass 44 x 36 to 10 x 8, of which are of the following prices:—Per dozen squares, 10 x 8, 2s.; 12 x 10, 2s. 6d.; 14 x 10, 3s.; 14 x 12, 4s.; 16 x 10, 4s. 6d.; 16 x 12, 5s.; 18 x 12, 6s.; 18 x 14, 7s.; 20 x 14, 7s. 6d.; 22 x 16, 8s. 6d.; 22 x 18, 10s.; 24 x 18, 12s. Painters' and plasterers' brushes, hair-brooms, hearth, stove, blacklead, and scrubbing brushes in great variety and cheap, room paper of every variety of pattern, 6d. to 6s. per roll of 12 yards length. N.B.—All goods delivered free of charge in and about the city. At the same time J. M. begs to intimate to those who may favour him with their orders, that all goods must be paid for before they leave his establishment, or on delivery, as he intends to keep no more books.

Country and all other orders attended to with despatch. Note the address,—JOHN MURPHY, No. 23, Parramatta-street.

PEAK DOWNS, Leichhardt District.—FOR SALE Nine BLOCKS of COUNTRY in the above favourite locality. Full particulars on application. LOTZE and LARNACH

WINTER FUEL.—Messrs. P. J. ELLIOTT and CO., in again returning their sincere thanks to their numerous friends and the public, for the liberal support already received, assure them that no pains shall be spared to merit a continuance of their favours. A constant supply of the following articles always ready for delivery on the shortest notice.

A. A. Co.'s best screened house coal, steam and smiths' coal

Oak and iron-bark, and every description of good dry wood for bakers, laundries, or house purposes, cut by steam, to any length, from six inches to four feet.

Charcoal, large iron-bark, coke, and breeze.

Lime, constantly fresh, being burnt on the wharf.

Oaten and lucerne hay, pressed or unpressed; straw; maize, whole or cracked; oats, barley, bran, and pollard.

Chaff, of the best description.

Laths, shingles, pailings, posts and rails.

Shipping supplied with coal or wood on liberal terms, either by the ton or cargo.

Woolloomooloo Coal Wharf.

FOR SALE, the STATION known as "Keera," in the Gwyder District, with 5000 SHEEP, or without any stock. For particulars apply to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

FOR SALE.—

1400 Wethers, more or less, 3½ years old

1160 ditto, ditto ditto, 2½ ditto

3500 ditto, ditto ditto, 3½ to 7½ ditto.

The greater part of the wethers, and a large number of ewes, are fit for the butcher. The whole are in good condition, and have never been diseased. No objection to deliver them at Queanbeyan or Goulburn. Application to be made to the undersigned, at Coolamatong, Maneroo.

ARTHUR BLOMFIELD.

FOR SALE, about 2000 EWES, to lamb next spring, ages one to six years, deliverable near Gayndah, in the Wide Bay district. Apply to GRIFFITHS, FANNING, and CO. Spring-street, Sydney.

STORE CATTLE and SHEEP, on SALE by the undersigned:—

CATTLE.

1000 equal sexes, 2 to 7 years, at Tamworth

1000 ditto ditto, ditto, on the Macintyre

1200 ditto ditto, ditto, on the Manilla

1000 ditto ditto, ditto, at Baraba

500 ditto, breeding herd, near Armidale

700 bullock, 2 to 7 years, at Armidale.

DURHAM and IRWIN, 66, King-street West.

UNOCCUPIED BLOCKS of Country in Queensland, for SALE. REA and CO., stock and station agents, 21, Hunter-street.

STORE CATTLE.—CHARLES BROWN and CO., have for SALE—

2000 well-bred heifers, about 3 years old, deliverable on the Richmond

500 bullocks, from 2 to 6, deliverable on the Peel. 500 head, 2 to 7, on the Clarence, and some other lots at different places. Also,

Several unstocked runs in the Port Curtis District.

For further particulars apply to CHARLES BROWN and CO., Lyons-buildings, George-street.

HEIFERS.—45 choice Heifers, suitable for dairy purposes, selected from the herd of the undersigned, on SALE, at Newstead, Camden.

J. W. LOWE.

LAND for SALE, in allotments, of sizes to suit purchasers, situated in healthy localities, in and near the city. Terms liberal, and long credit, will be given if required. Apply to SHEPHERD and CO., Darling Nursery; or to Mr. DEANE, solicitor, 9, Hunter-street.

TO BUILDING MECHANICS and WORKING MEN.—Allotments of LAND for SALE, on LONG CREDIT, or in exchange for labour. To respectable persons wishing to build at once, assistance will be given to the extent of one-half of their outlay. For particulars, apply to Mr. LUCAS, Burwood Railway Station.

UNSTOCKED RUNS on the DARLING DOWNS.—Messrs. RAYMOND and CO. have received instructions to offer for SALE by private contract, the following runs:—"Urie," "Talah," and "Bridgewood," situated in the district of Darling Downs, and adjoining the well known salt bush and fattening runs of Messrs. Ferrett and Lang, known as "Wallum and Chinchilla." These runs offer unusual advantages to parties looking out for new runs, as they are in a well known first-class fattening and settled district, and have a frontage to a never failing creek of water of 30 miles.

For further particulars apply at the office, Treasury-buildings, George-street.

SPLENDID SHEEP PROPERTY, NEW ENGLAND, worth the particular attention of small capitalists. Messrs. RAYMOND and CO. have received instructions to offer for SALE, a first-class SHEEP STATION in the northern district of New England, with about 9000 well-bred sheep (of which 4600 are breeding ewes), 200 head of cattle (a dairy herd), and 25 head of horses, of which 12 are selected hacks. Station is capable of carrying 12,000 sheep in all seasons, and 300 cattle.

The improvements are more extensive and complete than on most stations, no expense necessary to the thorough working of the station having been spared. They include every convenience for a homestead for a private family. Mail twice a-week to and from Sydney and Queensland.

Further particulars and tracings can be obtained at their office, Treasury-buildings, George-street.

STORE CATTLE,

500 head, mixed, from two to seven, delivered at Terrels, near Barraba

300 head from two to six, delivered at Berah, Melville Plains

800 head, delivered near Armidale

600 ditto bullocks } delivered on the Richmond.
400 ditto cows }

For further particulars apply to RAYMOND and Co., Treasury-buildings, George-street.

SPLENDID FATTENING STATIONS FOR SALE.—Mr. BREWSTER has received instructions from James Brady, Esq., to offer for sale by private contract, those first-class well-watered fattening stations DALHOMEY and MERIOSSAY, situated on the Castlereagh River, and Moolma Creek, in the district of Bligh. These runs are very superior, and to those who may be unacquainted with the character of the country, it may be only necessary to mention one fact in proof of the above—viz., that the fattening properties of the grasses on the stations are so rich, that sore cattle, while tailing, become fat enough for market. Any further eulogy in this description, it is therefore considered, would be superfluous. Together with these runs will be delivered ONE THOUSAND HEAD of well-bred cattle, from two to seven years old, among which will be found a large proportion of bullocks. —Full particulars on application at the Rooms, Squatters' Exchange, George-street.

DISTRICT OF MARANOA.—WOODSTOCK and BLENHEIM RUNS, together with 10,120 SHEEP, more or less, warranted sound.—Mr. BREWSTER has been instructed to offer for sale, by private contract, these well known runs, WOODSTOCK and BLENHEIM, situated in the above favoured district, having a frontage to both sides of the MURILLA CREEK, by which, and its tributaries, they are abundantly and conveniently watered, and adjoining the well known stations of Messrs. J. and A. BELL and THOMAS HALL, Esqs. The country consists or open box ridges, interspersed with myall and salt bush, sound and healthy in the wettest seasons.

The improvements are good, substantial, and useful.

With these runs will be sold the following first-class sheep, viz.:—

4320 breeding ewes, of ages

1480 ewes, 2, 4, and 6 tooth

1500 wethers, 4 tooth

1090 ditto, 2 tooth

1500 mixed weaners

120 rams.

10,120 more or less, warranted sound.

The attention of parties on the look-out for a first-class PASTORAL PROPERTY is particularly directed to the above STATIONS AND STOCK, the runs being among some of the earliest selections in the district, were secured by an old and experienced bushman on account of their richness of pasture, abundance of water, and large grazing capabilities.

Mr. BREWSTER earnestly invites purchasers to visit the property and judge for themselves, being fully satisfied that the above description of both stock and station will be borne out on inspection.

For further particulars, apply at the Rooms, Squatter's Exchange, George-street, Sydney.

COMET and M'KENZIE RIVERS (QUEENSLAND. —For SALE, six splendid Blocks of open Salt Bush country—abundantly watered—situated at the junction of the above rivers. For further particulars apply to JOHN BREWSTER, stock and station agent, Squatters' Exchange, George-street.

STORE CATTLE. STORE SHEEP.—For SALE, several lots of the above, in various districts. Particulars of which can be obtained on application at the Rooms.

JOHN BREWSTER, stock and station agent. Squatter's Exchange, George-street.

IMPORTED HEREFORD BULLS.—

Ex Cateaux Wattel.

HAVELOCK

SILVER STAR.

1.—Havelock.—(1608) Red with white face, calved 22nd February, 1858.

Bred by Mr. T. Duckham, Bayshaw Court, Ross.

Got by "Colossus" (591).

Dam, "Princess," by Royal 331.

Havelock was a winner of the first prize in his class at Ross, in 1858. He is descended on both sides from Cotmore (376) the first prize Hereford Bull at the first meeting of Royal Agricultural Society at Oxford, in 1839.

Princess won a prize at Hereford the only time she was ever shown, and bred several prize animals.

2.—Silver Star.—Red, with white face, calved 19th October, 1858.

Bred by Mr. Price, Court House, Pembridge.

Got by Goldfinder 2nd (959).

Dam, Miss Windsor, by Magnet (823).

Silver Star is own brother to Mr. Price's heifer Wisdom, winner of the first prizes at Hereford, Gloster, and Barnstaple, in 1858. The first prize at the Royal Agricultural Society at Warwick, in 1859; and first prizes at Worcester, Hereford, 1859.

The above bulls can be seen at the Homebush Paddocks.

Full particulars of pedigree, price, &c., &c., can be had on application to THOMAS DAWSON, 421, George-street, auctioneer and commission agent.

N. B.—The above bulls were selected by Henry Strafford, Esq., the noted judge, which is a sufficient guarantee they are all that is represented.

STORE CATTLE.—For SALE, 1000 head of mixed CATTLE, from the famous herds of A. Brown, Esq., Castlereagh River. These cattle are now being collected, and intending purchasers can inspect them until 20th May, when they will be ready for delivery, and make their purchases accordingly with the superintendent, Mr. Robertson, on the station. For particulars apply to THOMAS DAWSON, 421, George-street, auctioneer and commission agent.

FOR SALE, by the undersigned, 1000 BULLOCKS, from two to six years' old, now depasturing on the Clarence River district. LAMB, PARBURY, and CO.

THE WENTWORTH GOLD-FIELD, Fredrick's Valley, near Bathurst, New South Wales.—For SALE, by Tender.—The whole property comprises 1083 acres of auriferous land, situated about thirty miles from Bathurst, and four miles from the rising town of Orange, including the celebrated Wentworth Gold Mine, together with all the machinery used for working the same, consisting of a twenty-five horse-power engine, two Chilian mills, battery of six stamps, twenty fathom of pumps, horse whim, &c., &c. The fullest information as to the quantity of GOLD extracted, and every other particular can be obtained, and samples of the ore seen at the Company's Office. Shortly before ceasing the work a portion of the lode changed its character, promising to be highly productive in silver, for which metal it is confidently believed the mine would pay to work. The dissolution of the Company is the cause of the disposal of the property.

The main road to Wellington passes through the property, which is admirably adapted for agricultural farms, a great portion being rich alluvial soil. The position is a first-rate one for the erection of a flour mill, to which the machinery could be applied. There is on the property an excellent Cottage, lately occupied by the manager, together with overseer's residence and other buildings.

TENDERS will be received by the Directors for the purchase of the entire property, which must be sent in addressed to the Secretary, at the Company's Office, 138, Pitt-street, Sydney, endorsed—"Tenders for the Wentworth Gold-field Property," on or before the 31st MAY, 1860.

G. MORANT SIMPSON, Secretary.

138, Pitt-street, Sydney, New South Wales, 19th April, 1860.

TO CAPITALISTS.—For SALE, in one block, a piece of LAND, in Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo, on which are built the following houses, and bring in the weekly reduced rentals mentioned below, viz.:

One corner public-house, £3 10s.

Four small houses, 10s. each.

Three large houses in Palmer-street, £1 5s. each.

Two large houses in Palmer-street, not quite finished.

All the houses are substantially built of stone, and all are slated. This property is well worthy the attention of parties looking for a safe and well-paying investment, and is not like properties scattered here and there.

For further particulars apply to WM. CLARKE, No. 15, Wentworth-place.

LAND SALE ROOMS, 423, George-street.—For SALE by private contract:—

50 choice Allotments in the town of Watson's Bay; many with water frontage

6 Allotments, delightfully situated at Darling Point; two with frontages to the harbour

Allotments at Paddington, Waverley, Coogee, North Shore, North Harbour, Newtown, and Parramatta

Houses and Land in Parramatta-street, Dowling-street, Goulburn-street, the Glebe Road, Camperdown, Newtown Road, Burwood, Liverpool, Campbelltown, Brisbane Water.

☞ One Ship, a Brig, Brigantine, and a Ketch.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1487988

LAW.

SUPREME COURT—Friday.

In Equity.

Before the full Court.

PURVES AND ANOTHER V. THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL AND OTHERS.

The argument in this case again took up the whole day. It will be resumed this morning in the hope of finishing it.

Before the Primary Judge.

HAYES V. RICHARDS AND ANOTHER.

His Honor pronounced judgment in this case as follows:

This is a suit instituted by William and Samuel Hayes, against Messrs. Sutton and Richards, executors of the will of Maurice Hayes, calling on them to account for their administration of that estate.

It is admitted that there must be a decree to account, but the question is whether it is to be with a direction to the Master to charge the defendants with what they might have received, but for their wilful neglect or default. The defendants have appeared by separate solicitors, and have put in separate answers. The cause came on for hearing on the 27th of April, when Mr. Blake and Mr. Gordon appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Milford for the defendant Richards. The defendant Sutton did not appear, but service of a subpœna to hear judgment on him was proved.

The bill makes the usual statements of the will, the death of the testator, and the probate. It then makes the following charges:—"That the defendants have not accounted. That if they have no residue, it is owing to their wilful neglect or default. That there were debts due to the testator to a large amount, and that if not got in it is owing to the defendants' wilful neglect and default, and there is a general charge of mal-administration." I am of opinion that such charges do not sufficiently put in issue whether the defendants have been guilty of wilful neglect or default or not. There is not sufficient certainty in the allegations; they do not point out any specific act or acts of wilful neglect or default. It appears from the case of Sleight v. Lawson, 26 Law Journal, Chancery 553, that a specific act or acts of wilful neglect or default must be stated in the bill and proved.

I will not say but that if there were a general charge of wilful neglect or default, and an admission in the answer unequivocally admitting some specific act of wilful neglect or default, about which there could be no doubt or mistake, that such a decree might not be made; but the admission must, at all events, be complete and unequivocal, not capable of explanation, even if the defendant's attention had been drawn to it by the bill. The charge of wilful neglect or default is like the charge of fraud, where not only a specific act of fraud must be charged, but proved by the person making it.

Now, what have we here? a general charge in the bill, and the following admission in the answer of the defendant Richardson. He says he is not aware of any debts due to the testator, except those mentioned in a schedule, that he knows nothing of these, except, that they appear to be due by the testator's books, but, whether really due, he says he does not know, and he admits that he has not got them in.

It is to be observed that the answer does not stop here, but goes on as follows, "because, though I have used every exertion to do so, I have been informed that many of them were paid to the testator during his life, and that the residue cannot be enforced as I have no proof sufficient to obtain verdicts against the parties stated by the said books to be the testator's debtors."

How, except by some neglect on the part of the defendant, the reading of the answer was allowed to stop where it did, I cannot conceive. However, I must only look to the passage read *as evidence* in the cause. This, then, admits that the defendant has not since the testator's death (now six years ago) got in several outstanding book debts mentioned in a schedule to the answer. No doubt, this looks at first sight as at least causing a suspicion that there had been some sort of neglect; but it is capable of explanation, as, if the defendant had applied for payment and could not obtain it, had even brought actions and failed; or it is quite consistent with his not getting in the debts that there was no evidence by which he could prove them. Unless these and other possibilities are negatived, the case of wilful neglect or default is not made out. The plaintiff must do this, and he has not done so in the present case.

These observations principally apply to the answer of Richards. Much the same observations apply to the answer of the defendant Sutton. There is no clear, unmistakeable admission of an act of wilful neglect or default; and the charges in the bill are, as I have said, not specific enough, even if proved generally, to authorise a decree such as is sought.

But then, it is said, though there may not be a case made for a decree charging the defendants with wilful neglect or default, there is a suspicion raised that they have been guilty by the admission that these debts have not been got in, and that an enquiry before the Master may be directed as to the circumstances under which these debts have been allowed to remain outstanding.

Now in order to raise a suspicion on which such an enquiry could be directed, the defendant's attention should be directed to the specific charge by the bill as fully as is necessary, to enable full proof of the act to be given. In this bill that has not been done.

Again, although the continuation of the sentence in Richards' answer, admitting that the debts had not been collected, is not in evidence, I may look at it to show whether an enquiry before the Master is necessary; and, looking at it with that view, it appears to me to negative any such necessity. The suspicion, if aroused by the former part of the admission, is set at rest by the latter, and so no case of suspicion has been made out.

The decree must be in the common form.

In Insolvency.

Before Mr. Justice Wise.

CERTIFICATES.

The certificates of discharge granted by the Chief Commissioner to Frederick Reyling, William Brown, Simon Gordon, Edward Richardson, and Baron Burnett Cohen, were confirmed without opposition.

The Chief Commissioner having reported his grant of certificates to Messrs. George Alfred Lloyd and Edwin Thomas Beilby,

Mr. Isaacs, on the part of Messrs. Lamb and Parbury, creditors, claimed under section 20 of the Insolvent Act, 7th Victoria, No. 19, to be heard against the confirmation of these certificates. No notice of opposition had been filed, but reliance was placed on the terms of this secton, which enacted that the Court was to "enquire into and determine" in every case, on the presentation by the Chief Commissioner for confirmation which he had himself allowed. Mr. Isaacs contended that under this section a creditor had a right to come in and show cause against the final confirmation of the certificate at any time prior to such confirmation. He further relied upon decisions of the Court in the cases of J. T. Hughes, H. S. Smith, H. Parkes, and H. Watt. In the first case, decided in 1846, the decision was that a creditor had a right to appeal without notice. In the second and third of the cases mentioned, the Court had held that it was their duty to satisfy themselves as to the propriety of confirming the certificates, and to look into the general facts of each case for this purpose, even beyond those brought out upon the appeal. Upon the same principle he contended that the Court, when any question whatever was raised, must satisfy itself by looking into the facts of the case, and hearing argument thereon, if offered, before confirming a certificate. The case of Watt was cited from the note book of Sir Alfred Stephen, and was a decision to the effect that an appeal could be heard when notice had only been given on the morning it came on for hearing, and no appeal had been lodged in proper time. But it would appear that there had been an appeal, although late, and an objection before the Chief Commissioner. The rule of Court of 24th May, 1852, requiring notices of objection and appeal, did not, he contended, apply. He further submitted that by the Equity and Insolvency Business Facilitation Act of 1848, a single judge was deprived of jurisdiction when appeals were made against a decision by the Chief Commissioner,—consequently, that his Honor had no jurisdiction to deal with this matter. Finally, he contended that, even if argument could not be heard, the Court ought to go into the evidence and consider for itself whether the certificate ought or ought not to be granted.

Sir William Manning, Q.C., for the insolvents, contended that in any objection or appeal against the allowance or disallowance of a certificate there must, from the very nature of this proceeding, be a precedent notice of the objections, so that there might be some preparation to meet them. To this end it was required that any amendments which were made in notices of objection before the Chief Commissioner should be so made before the evidence closed. The rule of Court required not only notice of the appeal, but that there should be twenty-four hours' notice of opposition before the Chief Commissioner. In all the cases relied upon, it would be found that there had been an opposition upon notice before the Chief Commissioner; but here there had been no such notice. Following out this analogy of appeals in general—that no points should be taken before the appellate tribunal which had not been raised before the Court below—there could be here no appeal at all, as there had been no objection raised before the Chief Commissioner.

Mr. Martin, Q.C., followed on the same side, contending that notice of an appeal was imperatively necessary in order that the insolvent might know, before his case was called on, what tribunal had power to deal with it—whether a single judge or two judges. Here there was nothing heard of the objection until after the case had been properly brought before a single judge, and the jurisdiction of the Court, as thus constituted, had attached. By the terms of the clause, he contended, the jurisdiction to review the decision of the Chief Commissioner did not attach unless there had been an appeal or notice of objection. To show how stringently the English Courts of Bankruptcy enforced the rules as to notice of objection to certificates, Mr. Martin referred to ex parte Hare and Higgins, M'Naughten and Gordon's bankruptcy, appeal cases p. 240; ex parte Hopley 2, Jacob and Walker 220; ex parte Hetherington and Montagu and Ayrton, 607; and ex parte Groome, Duck 220. He further contended that in the absence of any objections properly raised the Court should act upon the report of the Chief Commissioner without going into the case.

Mr. Isaacs having replied,

His Honor reserved judgment.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.

Friday.

Before the Deputy Judge and a jury of four.

CONSTABLE V. HELLYER.

HELLYER V. CONSTABLE.

The first of these cases was tried at a former sittings, when the plaintiff recovered a verdict. A new trial was granted, and ordered to take place before a jury, and by arrangement both causes were tried together. In the first case the plaintiff sought to recover the amount of work performed in laying the gas on to defendant's private residence, which was resisted on the ground that it was of no benefit, inasmuch as the defendant could not light the gas by reason of the number of escapes. And on the second action the plaintiff claimed damages by reason of the unskilful work of defendant, the plaintiff having been put to considerable expense in purchasing chandeliers, &c. The cases lasted part of Thursday and the whole of Friday, and resulted in a verdict for plaintiff, in the first case for £39 12s. 3d., and in the second case for £3 13s. 6d. Mr. Faucett for Constable, Mr. Brown for Hellyer.

This was the last jury case, and the Court adjourned; but will sit again on Monday to commence the May sittings.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

Friday.

Before the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates.

In the estate of John Dickson, an adjourned special meeting for examination. The matters in dispute having been arranged out of Court, the examination was not resumed.

SURRENDERS.

Edward Howard Somes, of Liverpool-street, Sydney, labourer. Liabilities, £35 7s. 9d. Assets—value of personal property, £10. Deficit, £25 7s. 9d. Mr. Perry, official assignee.

Henry Jeffreys, of Sydney, gentleman, on petition and affidavit. Mr. Morris, official assignee.

William Henry Foley, of Sydney, equestrian. Liabilities, £371 16s. Assets—value of personal property, £16. Deficit, £355 16s. Mr. Perry, official assignee.

MEETINGS OF CREDITORS.

Monday, 7.—William E. Potts, adjourned examination on application for a certificate, half-past 10. Alexander G. Panton, second, 11. Thomas Walduck Smith, certificate, 12. Charles Skerrett, second, half-past 12. Robert Appleton, single, 2. Patrick Barron, single, half-past 2. Christopher Cooper, first, 3. *At Maitland*: Richard H. Thame, single, 11.

Tuesday, 8.—John Garty, adjourned second, 11. Gilbert de Witt, William Hastings Farrow, Jeremiah M'Evoy, Robert Forrest, John Richard Moore, John Wormleighton, Robert Neil M'Diarmid, Peter Egan, certificates, 12.

Wednesday, 9.—George Cobban, first, 11. Thomas H. Cowell, single, half-past 11. Henry S. Bland, first, 12. John Patterson, single, 12. Edward Johnson, second, 2. John A. Wilson, single, 2. George Hamilton, second, half-past 2. *At Bathurst*: Thomas Pye, second, 11; and John Glasson, second 12.

Thursday, 10.—William Allen, third, 11. George Tully, third, 12. James M'Roberts, adjourned examination, and third, 2. John Williams, single, half-past 2. Robert Sparrow, single, 3. *At Maitland*: James Kingsbury, single, 11.

Friday 11.—Thomas Rogers, adjourned single, and for examination, 11.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

Friday.

Before Mr. Sutherland, Mr. Oatley, Mr. Peden, Mr. Cooper, and Mr. Burnell.

Five drunkards were severally sentenced to pay 10s., or to be imprisoned twenty-four hours.

Margaret Hyland, an idle and disorderly person, found loitering about the streets, was sent fourteen days to Darlinghurst.

Martin Cagney, indented apprentice to John Robertson, coach-builder, for having unlawfully and without leave or lawful excuse absented himself from his service, was sentenced to three days' imprisonment.

Patrick Russell was charged with having assaulted Mary Ann Asher. Complainant deposed that her residence is in Kent-street, and the defendant is her landlord; last night he burst open the door and rushed into the house, having a loaded whip, and, ordering her out of the house, struck her several times; she refused to go out, and alleged that she owed him nothing; he then tossed her child, naked as he was, into the street, and struck her a blow which severely cut her head and knocked her down. In reply, defendant said that the woman annoyed him by the noises in the house at night, and that she refused to leave. He did not deny the assault. To pay a penalty of £5, or to be imprisoned one month.

James Kenny was last night apprehended in Parramatta-street, by constable Whelan, on suspicion of having stolen a bundle (containing two Crimean shirts and two pair of stockings) of which he did not give a satisfactory statement. Failing, also, to satisfy the Court that he had any right to the property, he was sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labour one calendar month.

Three summary convictions were had for petty larceny. Elizabeth Summers, for stealing sundry articles of wearing apparel, the property of Ann Curran, of the value of 12s., was sentenced to be imprisoned one month; Mary Haddock, a very old thief, for stealing a piece of alpaca cloth, the property of J. B. Howell, of George-street, draper, was sentenced to three months' imprisonment; and William Johnston, for stealing 13½d. in copper money from the till of John Robertson, of South Head Road, publican, was sentenced to be imprisoned one month. In each case the property was found with the prisoner.

Stephen Gleadall appeared on summons to answer the complaint of Joseph Jones for having unlawfully assaulted him, by striking him with a batten on the hand. This case is the *contra* of Gleadall v. Croft, tried yesterday, in which Croft was fined 40s. Their Worships found defendant guilty of the assault alleged, and sentenced him to pay a penalty of 20s., with 44s. 6d. costs.

Michael Conlyn, driver of a baker's cart, was on the prosecution of inspector Singleton, found guilty of having, by his furious driving, in Williams-street, on the 27th ultimo, endangered the public safety. It appeared that Conlyn was drunk on the occasion, and had a narrow escape with his life, for he was thrown forward from his seat, and one wheel of the cart passed over his head. To pay a penalty of 20s., with 2s. 6d., costs of Court.

James Lawson, publican, pleaded guilty to an information by inspector George Read, in which he was charged with having kept open house for the sale of liquor on Sunday, and was fined 20s.

Charles Sanders pleaded guilty to a like information, and was fined 10s.

WATER POLICE COURT.

Friday.

Before Captain M'Lean and Mr. J. Williams.

William John Harney, seaman of the ship Queen of England, convicted of desertion from his ship, was sentenced to eight week's hard labour in gaol.

Michael Walsh, blacksmith, was charged with having assaulted Catherine Walsh (his wife). Complainant stated that on Thursday morning prisoner seized her by the hair of the head, and dragged her about the house; and she believed he was out of his mind through drinking. Prisoner was ordered to enter into sureties for his good behaviour for the term of twelve months, or to be imprisoned for fourteen days.

A charge preferred against Homed, a Lascar seaman of the Mail steamer Benares, was brought before the Court on a charge of having stolen four packages of opium. The case was remanded.

Several charges of desertion were dismissed.

Appointments.—Mr. Charles A. W. Lett, to be an assistant clerk in the Treasury, *vice* Ralston; Mr. Henry Ikin, to be a tide-waiter in the department of Customs, *vice* Toole, dismissed.

Gold Receiver.—Robert Dawson, Esq., has been appointed Gold-receiver at Cooma.

COMMERCIAL.

EXCHANGE AND DISCOUNTS.

EXCHANGE.

	Purchased at	Sold at
On London, at 30 days' sight ...	......	......
60 ditto ditto ...	¼ ℔ c. dis	1 ℔ cent. prem.
On Melbourne and Geelong, at sight	½ ℔ cent. dis.	1 ℔ cent. prem.
On Ballaarat, Portland, Sandhurst, Belfast, Castlemaine, Avoca, and Beechworth, at sight	1 ℔ cent. dis.	1 ℔ cent. prem.
On Adelaide, at 15 days' sight	1 ℔ cent. dis.	1 ℔ cent. prem.
At 3 days' sight	......	......
On Launceston and Hobart Town, at 15 days' sight	1 ℔ cent. discount.	1 ℔ cent. prem
At 3 days' sight	......	......
On Brisbane	½ ℔ cent. dis.	½ ℔ cent. prem
On Bathurst and Goulburn	½ ℔ cent. dis.	½ ℔ cent. prem
On Maitland and Newcastle	½ ℔ cent. dis.	¼ ℔ cent. prem.
On New Zealand, 15 days' sight	3 ℔ cent. dis.	1 ℔ cent. prem.
At 3 days' sight	......	......

DISCOUNTS.

For 95 days currency and under, 7 ℔ cent. ℔ annum

125 ditto ditto, 8 ℔ cent. ℔ annum

Over 125 days currency, 9 ℔ cent. ℔ annum.

INTEREST ON MONEY.

For money deposited for 15 days certain, 3 ℔ cent. ℔ annum

Ditto ditto 3 months certain, 4 ℔ cent. ditto

Ditto ditto 6 months certain, 5 ℔ cent. ditto.

For a longer period according to arrangement.

STOCK AND SHARE LIST.

[BARTON AND SON.]

There has been some enquiry this week for New South Wales Bank Shares, of which we have sold a good number. Australasian Steam shares and Sydney Insurance shares are also in request, at last prices, and, upon the whole, the market is now active, and in an improving condition.

The half-yearly meeting of the shareholders of the Sydney Insurance Company was held on the 1st instant. The capital was increased by bonus from the reserve and contingent funds, from £25,000 to £50,000, and a dividend declared at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, upon the original capital, leaving £6265 at credit of profit and loss. The risk outstanding was £4,201,044.

Our sales this week have been—

Commercial Bank shares, at £45.

New South Wales ditto, old, £35.

Ditto ditto ditto, new, £34 15s 6d.

Joint Stock ditto ditto, £12 10s.

Australasian Steam shares, £15 7s 6d.

Interminable Debentures, at £98 to £99 per cent., and interest accrued.

Loans upon the security of shares and real estate are negotiated at interest of from 7 to 10 per cent. per annum.

The share list, with full particulars of capital, &c., may be obtained at our office in George-street, next the Commercial Bank.

May 4th.

[LENNON AND CAPE.]

We report an improvement in the amount of business done by us during the past week. There has been more enquiry for dividend-paying stock, particularly for shares of our different steam companies. The Sydney Insurance Company, at the half-yearly meeting on Monday, declared a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum on the original capital of £1 per share; the capital was increased to £50,000 by the addition of £25,000 taken from the reserve contingent funds, and the shares now stand at £2 paid up. The report was considered very satisfactory. The Illawarra Steam Navigation Company held their half-yearly meeting on the 27th ultimo. The operations for the past half-year have been very satisfactory. A dividend at the rate of 15 per cent. per annum was declared, and £2160 9s 9d added to the reserve fund. The prospects of this Company are encouraging, and investments in this stock will, in all probability, prove very remunerative.

Our sales during the week have been—

Bank New South Wales, £35 to £36.

Australian Joint Stock Bank, £12 5s.

Australasian Steam Navigation Company, £15 10s.

Illawarra Steam Navigation Company, £1 7s 6d.

N.B. The share list, with full particulars, may be obtained at our office. 136, Terry's-buildings, Pitt-street, Sydney, 4th May.

[J. MULLENS.]

There has been considerable activity in the share market this week, although with no advance on previous rates. Some large sales of Bank of New South Wales Stock have taken place at £35, Joint Stocks have changed hands at £12 7s 6d, and Australasian Steam Shares at £15 7s 6d to £15 10s.

The share list with full particulars may be obtained on applying at my office, 13, Hunter-street, Sydney.

4th May, 1860.

STOCK AND STATION REPORT.

[RAYMOND AND CO.]

Fat Cattle.—The market fully supplied with second quality. We quote the best offering from £5 to £6; second quality, £3 15s to £4 15s.

Fat Sheep are plentiful. Best wethers have been selling this week from 15s to 16s; second quality from 12s 6d to 14s.

Store Cattle.—The demand for this description of stock throughout the last month has been very brisk. We quote them for mixed lots, deliverable on the station, from 40s to 45s; all bullocks, 60s. Deliverable at Maiden's Punt, for mixed lots, 60s to 70s; all bullocks, 80s to 90s.

Store Sheep.—Good breeding ewes are in demand, but holders do not care to sell till after shearing. We quote them at from 12s to 14s 6d. We have sold this week a lot of mixed ewes (5000) at 11s 6d. Large frame store wethers continue to be much inquired for at from 11s to 12s.

Horses.—No alteration to quote, excepting first-class, very dull of sale.

Stations.—Several buyers in the market for first-class pastoral properties, which are in demand.

Wool.—The prices of wool at present are nominal, very little doing. We have sold, this week, TB clip, 96 bales, at 1s 9½d. Buyers are anxiously waiting the result of the March sales per coming mail.

Tallow.—Prices continue very firm. The whole of the lots offered this week were cleared. We quote beef from £42 to £47, mutton from £50 to £54, station from £40 to £47.

Hides.—Rather dull of sale, no first-class shipping in the market, those sold this week realised from 7s 3d to 14s.

Treasury Buildings, George-street.

[MR. BREWSTER.]

Stations.—A good feeling exists, and many parties anxious to invest.

Store Cattle.—The demand during the week has not been considerable, and buyers are asking extended credit. No sales to report. Quotations are—for bullocks on the station, 55s to 60s; at Deniliquin, 80s to 85s; equal sexes, 2 to 7, years, on the station, 40s to 45s; at Deniliquin, 55s to 70s; mixed lots on the station, six; months upwards, 30s to 35s.

Store Sheep.—There is a considerable demand for three and four years old breeding ewes. Maiden ewes are not so much in demand, owing to the high prices asked, but would sell readily at a trifle below quotations, say three and four year old ewes, 11s to 13s; maiden ditto, 14s to 16s; mixed lots, 8s to 10s. I have sold during the week five thousand four hundred and thirty (5430) mixed sheep, being all on the Kangaroo Flat station, in the New England district—to be taken without any objection at ten shillings (10s) per head. Terms, equal to cash.

May 4th.

[THOMAS DAWSON.]

Fat Cattle.—The supply is plentiful, with a prospect of a continuance for a week or two at least, consequently prices have not advanced since last report.

Fat Sheep have suddenly taken a rise in consequence of the severe floods preventing flocks on the road arriving to time; anything to hand for a few days will command good prices—say, wethers 13s to 16s, ewes 11s to 13s. I noticed in my report last week that the then extreme wet weather would cause a temporary rise in the sheep market.

Store Cattle and Sheep are in demand at former quotations.

Horses.—No alteration since last report.

Produce Sale at the Railway Terminus.—The trains not running to Campbelltown caused a short supply of produce, consequently what little was to hand realised good prices, viz.:—

Calves, from 30s. to 40s. each.

Porkers.—Fat pigs, 33s 6d, or about 6d per lb.

4th May.

[E. FORBES.]

Stations.—Very little doing, and indeed, until confidence is restored, there will be scarcely any transactions to report.

Fat Cattle.—Best bullocks are worth fully £6 to £6 10s, second ditto £4 10s to £5, inferior £3 10s to £4.

Store Sheep.—Heavy wethers will realise 15s, if of about 52 to 54 lbs. in weight. Ewes dull of sale, say 13s to 14s.

Store Cattle.—There is a decided improvement in the Melbourne market, hence increased demand in New South Wales. The following are this day's ruling rates:—Half and half delivered at Dubbo, age 2 to 6, £2 3s to £2 5s; ditto, delivered at Moree, £2 3s to £2 5s; ditto, delivered at Deniliquin, £3 5s to £3 10s. All bullocks, delivered at Dubbo, age 2 to 6, £3 to £3 3s.; ditto, delivered at Deniliquin, £4 to £4 4s.

Store Sheep.—Market quiet; good young ewes are in demand at 11s to 14s; wethers 11s to 12s.

Horses.—Very dull; in fact every description is almost unsaleable.

Wool.—For the season of the year large quantities have changed hands, at for first-class clips 1s 9½d to 2s, in grease 9d to 11½d.

Tallow.—Mutton is worth 50s to 54s 6d, beef 42s to 47s per cwt.

Hides will fetch, well packed for shipment, and heavy, 17s 6d each.

78, King-street, next English and Scottish Bank.

PRODUCE CIRCULARS.

[MORT AND CO.]

Wool.—There is great stagnation, and purchasers could not be induced to operate; consequently, all the lots were withdrawn, and the market is nominally the same as last reported.

Sheepskins.—About the same, but no tendency to advance.

Tallow.—The trade have purchased freely, but will not advance on last week's rates; the whole of the lots catalogued were cleared.

Hides.—Pending further advices from England, purchasers have declined giving the price demanded for shipping parcels. Light and inferior qualities are lower.

Fat Cattle and Sheep.—The markets for both continues without any material alteration; supply fully equal to the demand.

Freights to London:—

Wool, ½d to ⅝d per lb.

Hides, 17s 6d to 25s per ton

Tallow, none

Oil, per tun, as per agreement.

Gold, ¼ per cent. by sailing vessels, ⅜ per steamer.

Exchange on London—Bank drafts 1 per cent. premium at 60 days' sight.

Private Bills (with produce hypothecated), ¼ per cent. discount, if drawn against wool, tallow, or gold.

PRICES CURRENT.

Wool.

	s. d.		s. d.
Superior clips	1 9	to	1 11
Fair to good	1 7	to	1 9¼
Low to middling	1 3¼	to	1 7
Grease	0 9	to	1 0
Locks, pieces, broken wool, &c.	0 7	to	1 1½
Handwashed	1 5	to	1 9
Scoured	1 9	to	2 2

Tallow.

Beef	£43 0 0	to	£47 0 0
Mutton	50 0 0	to	54 0 0
Station tallow	40 0 0	to	47 0 0
Hides, each	0 5 0	to	0 17 0
Sheepskins, per lb.	0 0 5	to	0 0 9½

MORT and CO., brokers.

Pitt-street, Sydney, May 3.

Mort and Co.'s Weekly Produce Sale, Thursday, May 3.—Tare, actual; draft, 1lb. per cwt., and no other allowance.—Wool: Mixed, ——, 1 bale at 8½d; ditto, ——, 3 at 10¼d; ditto, ALM, 1 at 5½d; ——, W, 3 at 1s 3½d; RR, 3 at 1s 10d. Sheepskins: lot at ½d, ditto at 6¼d, 6 bundles at 7½d, 2 at 6¼d, lot at 8½d, lot at 9½d, 2 bundles at 7d. Tallow: 3 casks at 46s 9d, 2 at 45s 6d, 2 at 47s 9d, 2 at 44s, 1 at 43s 9d, 1 at 44s, 4 at 44s 3d, 9 at 38s 3d, 1 at 53s 6d, 1 at 43s 9d. Hides: 49 at 7s 3d, 47 at 11s 9d, 21 at 14s, 50 at 12s, 18 at 11s 9d, 12 at 13s 6d. Calfskins: 3 at 2s. Skins: 17 at 2s. Horns: Lot at 18s 9d, ditto at 20s 6d.

[DURHAM AND IRWING.]

Wool.—Very little doing in this market, and prices are almost nominal. The lots offered this day consisted of single bales of various brands, with the exception of one lot of New Zealand, which was withdrawn for shipment. The remainder was taken at the following rates:—DI M18, 2 bales locks (damaged) at 13½d; D, 1 bale skin at 21d; PT, 2 bales greasy at 10½d; IK, 1 pocket skin at 19½d per lb.

Sheepskins are not realising the prices lately obtained. The present flatness of the wool market has had a slight effect on the sale of skins. The lots offered this day were short-woolled and low-conditioned, and were placed at the following prices:—JC, 1 lot at 6½d; S&C, 1 lot at 7¾d, 1 lot pelts at 2½d; HI, 2 bales at 7½d; K, 4 bundles at 7¾d, 1 lot at 7¼d; TC, 1 lot at 7½d per lb.

Tallow.—The town trade are still the principal purchasers of this article. Most of the lots appearing are boiling-down parcels of beef. Only small lots of prime mutton will realise extreme prices. 55 casks were sold this day at prices ranging thus: AEL, 1 cask at 43s 3d; S&C, 1 ditto at 46s 9d; K, 1 ditto at 44s 6d; RN, 4 ditto at 37s 6d; N, 14 ditto (beef) at 44s 3d; T, 6 ditto at 45s; P, 10 ditto (ditto) at 44s; IN, 15 ditto (ditto) at 44s 6d; GC, 2 ditto (Station) at 48s 9d; HN conjoined, 1 at 43s per cwt.

Hides.—Our market this week is bare of really prime parcels, and as exporters will purchase none but first-class heavy hides, the competition was confined to the tanners, many of whom were careless of buying until the arrival of the mail, now due at Kangaroo Island. Those to hand this day were light and inferior, and were moved off as follows:—50 at 10s, 2 at 11s, 3 at 9s 9d, 12 at 5s 3d, 22 at 11s 6d; J8T, 30 at 10s 6d, 63 at 13s 9d; HN (conjoined), 30 at 10s, 110 at 11s 6d, 6 at 5s 3d, 2 at 7s, 1 at 5s. Calfskins: 11 at 1s 3d, 5 at 9d each.

Horns, &c.—Several lots of horns, shankbones, and hair were sold thus: Horns, 1 lot at 18s, 1 lot at 21s 9d, 1 lot at 21s, 1 lot at 20s 3d, 1 lot at 17s 9d. Shankbones, 1 lot at £12 2s 6d, 1 lot at £12 7s 6d, 1 lot at £12 15s, 1 lot at £8 per ton. Carron bones, 1 bag at 21s. Hair, 4 bags at 5¼d. per lb.

Store Stock.—There has been a good enquiry during the present week for young breeding ewes. We have sold 2000 maiden ewes, deliverable on the Namoi, at 14s 6d per head net cash.

4th May.

[PRITCHARD AND WILLIAMS.]

Flour.—We have to report a very firm tone prevailing in the market for this article, and in anticipation of the millers putting up the price to-morrow, buyers have been influenced to operate more freely the last day or two. We sold at the commencement of the week several lots of fine flour, Hunter River and other brands, at £21 per ton. To-day we sold by auction 23 tons IN fine flour from the Hunter, at £22 12s 6d per ton; 40 tons of old flour at £18 17s 6d per ton; 300 barrels of Haxall were bought in at 48s per barrel. We have also sold privately several small parcels of fine flour at £22 to £23 per ton.

Wheat.—Prime parcels are worth 9s 6d to 10s per bushel.

Bran and Pollard.—We have sold during the week about 10 tons of the former, at 1s 1d per bushel; we quote the latter at 1s 3d.

Maize.—We are glad to be able to report a considerable improvement in the price of this article. We have sold during the week about 1500 bushels at from 3s to 3s 2d per bushel. The market is firm and any quantity arriving could be quitted.

Barley.—We quote prime English, for malting, 8s 6d per bushel; Cape, 2s 6d per bushel.

Oats.—Prime samples may be quoted at 3s to 3s 3d per bushel

Lucerne Hay.—Firm, we think with an upward tendency. We have sold during the week prime samples at 52s 6d to 55s per ton; inferior and damaged, at from 40s to 47s per ton.

Oaten Hay.—We quote prime pressed at £7 per ton; coarse, £4.

Potatoes.—Prime samples we quote at £9 to £10 per ton.

Bacon.—Prime, 8d. to 10d. per lb.

Cheese.—Colonial, 6d to 7d per lb.

Timber.—Assorted cargoes of hardwood are worth 14s to 16s per 100.

Cedar (in log).—Cargoes of prime are very scarce, and would bring 15s to 16s per 100 readily.

Coals.—Morpeth are worth 18s to 18s 6d per ton.

Wool.—Prices nominal. Superior clips may be quoted at from 1s 9d to 1s 11d per lb.

Sheepskins.—Full fleece are worth 7d to 10d per lb.

Tallow.—We quote beef £40 to £45, mutton £46 to £56, station £40 to £50.

Horses.—Heavy draught, good stamp, are worth £35 to £40. Good useful light draught and hacks are worth £15 to £30.

Fat Cattle.—We quote first quality £6 to £6 10s per head.

Fat Sheep.—Prime wedders are worth 16s to 17s each.

Fat Calves and Pigs.—We quote the former at 15s to 30s each, the latter at 5d to 6d per lb. alive.

4th May.

LABOUR MARKET

[HAIGH AND BROWN.]

The late violent and extensive rain has limited transactions in this market, and caused unusual dulness. There is a good supply of miscellaneous labour, consisting chiefly of farming men, shepherds, &c., by new arrivals from neighbouring colonies, and immigrants per Dirigo. Good female servants are in requisition for the country. No material change to report in rates of wages, which are as below, viz.

Married couples, £45 to £55; single ditto, £30 to £35; ploughmen, £35 to £40; shepherds, £28 to £30; hutkeepers, £25 to £28; blacksmiths, £60 to £80; carpenters, £52 to £80; general servants, £20 to £26.

Sydney, 4th May.

[SPENCER ASHLIN.]

Owing to the late floods country communications in many districts have been interfered with. Labour generally is plentiful, and wages are rather on the decline. Quotations at foot may be taken as substantially correct, with board and lodging. Married couples £50 to £60, single ploughmen £35 to £36, farm labourers £30 to £32, groom gardeners £40 to £60, bushmen and rough carpenters £40 to £45, single shepherds £25 to £30, shepherds and families £55 to £70, blacksmiths and wheelwrights £60 to £80, men cooks and waiters £40 to £80, female servants £20 to £30, per annum.

4th May.

HORSE MARKET.

Messrs. Burt and Co. notice little variation in the horse market during the week. Superior horses are still scarce, and sell readily at market rates, but prices are not equal to last year's rates. Inferior and common horses, with which the market is inundated, are not saleable, there being five to one of that class on sale in excess of the demand. A lot of four from the stud of Messrs. Busby, Cassilis, sold, on Wednesday, from £25 to £40 each. A batch of harness horses, the balance of Mr. Chippendall, from Maitland, made an average of £30. Other lots from the country districts have realised £8 to £23 for hackneys, and £17 to £41 for draught horses.

Mr. Charles Martyn reports: There has been a fair demand for horses during the past week, and a great number have changed hands. A draft of horses from the well-known stud of Messrs. A. and W. Busby, were sold at the yard, on Thursday, at from £25 to £35. A draft of 49 colts belonging to Mr. W. Simons sold at the Cattle Market the same day, realised from £10 to £22, making a good average. Strong upstanding young horses in good condition sell readily, whether they are broken or unbroken; inferior and light stock are not very saleable.

SYDNEY MARKETS.—Friday.

[Unless otherwise expressed, the prices quoted in this article are those in transactions between the producer and the first purchaser.]

Wheat, 8s to 8s 6d per bushel.

Flour.—Quotations at the mills are the same as those of last week. Fine, £23, second quality £21, per ton of 2000 lbs.

Bran, 1s 3d per bushel.

Bread.—6d per 2-lb. loaf.

Biscuit.—Mr. Wilkie quotes cabin biscuit at 28s, and navy at 20s per 100 lbs. Mr. Hamilton: Navy, 20s; cabin, 28s per 100 lbs.

Butchers' Meat.—Beef 1½d to 2d, mutton 2½d to 3½, pork 6d, veal 5d per lb. Lamb, 6s per quarter.

Poultry and Dairy Produce.—Fowls 3s 6d to 3s, ducks 3s to 4s, geese 6s to 8s, turkeys 6s to 10s, pigeons 1s 6d, wild ducks 3s to 4s, teal 2s to 2s 6d per couple, roasting pigs 5s to 7s each. Butter 1s to 1s 3d, cheese 6d to 7d, bacon and hams 7d to 8d, lard, 7d to 8d per lb. Eggs 1s 6d to 1s 9d per dozen.

Vegetables.—Potatoes £7 to £9, onions £28 to £35 per ton. Cabbages 3s to 12s, lettuces 6d to 1s 6d, pumpkins 4s to 10s, vegetable marrows 2s to 4s per dozen. Turnips 3s 6d to 4s, carrots 1s 6d to 2s 6d, celery 4s to 9s, rhubarb 3s to 4s, parsnips 1s 6d to 2s 6d, leeks 2s to 6s per dozen bunches. Green peas 8s to 10s, French beans 4s to 5s per bushel.

Fruits.—Oranges 1s to 1s 6d, lemons 1s 6d to 2s, bananas 1s 6d to 2s per dozen. Apples 10s to 15s, pears (baking) 4s 6d to 5s, peaches 6s to 8s, loquats 8s to 10s per basket.

Forage.—The state of the roads has materially affected the receipt of produce at the lower market, not more than thirty-seven loads having arrived since last report. Hay is quoted at £6 10 to £8 15s, and straw at from £4 to £5 5s per ton. Maize 2s 6d to 3s 3d, oats 3s 3d to 3s 9d, barley 2s 6d to 3s per bushel. Green food 10d to 1s per dozen bundles.

Bark, £3 5s to £3 15s per ton.

MAITLAND MARKETS.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

Friday, May 4.—Trade this week still continues in a very quiet state, although on the whole money does not appear to be so scarce as it has been. We should think from all we can learn that the crisis has passed over, and that any failures or stoppages that can occur will be of a very unimportant character. One somewhat singular feature during the crisis is, that a number of the publicans have failed, and the great majority of them are crying out about the excessive dullness of trade. It appears that many of them have been recklessly giving credit, and these have generally become bad debts, as grog scores cannot be recovered in courts of law. Besides, the number of the lower kinds of public-houses in this district is excessive, and the result is that they are ruining each other. The weather has been very changeable, and a considerable quantity of rain has fallen, but we have had nothing that we could call stormy weather. Some of the settlers in the high lying parts of the district state that the weather has been favourable for farming operations; but those who have farms in the swamps state that it will take three weeks of dry weather before they can proceed with their work. The mornings and evenings are cold, and are reminding all to lay in a stock of fuel for the winter.

Tallow is in demand—beef tallow 42s per cwt, mutton tallow 46s; soap 38s, candles 7d per lb. wholesale.

Hides.—Superior 14s to 16s, inferior and light from 6s to 8s; calfskins 2s to 2s 3d, sheepskins 7d to 8d per lb; horns £1 per 100; shank bones and hoofs not in demand; hair 4d to 4½d per lb.

Wheat from 8s to 8s 3d per bushel.

Maize is plentiful, and is bought at 2s per bushel, but not much of the late maize has yet come into the market. The crop this season will be very abundant, and there is little chance of a rise in price.

Hay (lucerne) £2 10s per ton, oaten £4 to £4 10s.

Flour (mill prices), fine, 20s, seconds 18s, bran 6s per 100 lbs. Wholesale price of fine flour £15 per ton.

Bread 6d per 2-lb. loaf.

Farm Produce.—Colonial bacon and ham 8d to 8½d per lb. wholesale, smoked bacon and ham 10d per lb., lard 8d to 9d per lb. wholesale.

Dairy Produce.—Fresh butter 1s 3d per lb., salt butter 1s to 1s 2d per lb., colonial cheese 7d per lb., eggs 1s per dozen, milk 4d per quart, delivered.

Vegetables.—Old potatoes 8s per cwt., new potatoes 12s, onions 8s, cabbages 4s per dozen, carrots and turnips 3s per dozen bunches, pumpkins 3s per dozen, vegetable marrows 3s per dozen, cucumbers 10d to 1s per dozen, French beans 1s 6d per peck, green food 8d per dozen bunches.

Fruit.—A very large quantity of new oranges have this week been disposed of at 8d per dozen wholesale, lemons 8d per dozen, eating apples 10d, baking apples 1s 6d, pears 1s to 1s 6d, water melons 3s, rock melons 3s 6d to 4s.

Poultry.—Fowls 2s 6d per pair, ducks 3s to 3s 6d, geese 6s, turkey hens 8s, turkey cocks 10s to 12s.

Coals at the ships 12s per ton wholesale.

Sundries.—Colonial jams 1s 3d per lb., Maitland-made millet brooms 14s to 18s per dozen.

STATIONS AND STOCK.

A sale of stations and stock, by Mr. R. G. Yeomans, took place at the Rose Inn, West Maitland, on Monday. The biddings were very spirited. Pialiaway, with 6000 sheep, was bought by Mr. Christian, at 25s a head. Carroll, without stock, was bought by Mr. Dight, for £4450. 1500 cattle on the Carroll station were sold for 30s a head. Other lots realised from 30s to 31s. Some H. R. N. Steam Navigation shares sold for £10 2s 6d.

[THOMAS CADELL.]

No change to report in value of pastoral properties, and owners are acting wisely in not attempting to force sales at present.

Fat cattle are without change in value; firm, with upward tendency. Quoted value for good to prime, £4 to £5.

Fat Sheep—Dull market; quoted value for best, 12s to 14s.

Store Cattle in considerable demand for Victoria. No alteration in prices. Well bred lots on stations, 3 to 7, equal sexes, 40s to 45s; all bullocks, 60s to 65s; delivered at Maiden's Punt, equal sexes, £3 to £3 10s; all bullocks, £4.

Store Sheep—Maiden ewes, good breeding ewes, and wethers, as well as mixed lots, in demand. Maiden ewes, 14s to 16s; good breeding ewes, 11s to 13s; wethers, 10s 6d to 12s.

Horses.—Good broken horses, saddle and harness, in demand, and are realising very paying rates.

Wool, Tallow, Hides, and Skins, same quotations as last week.

Land and Estates, and House Properties.—Dull of sale, no purchasers at the rates now demanded.

Money Market.—Money in considerable demand at 10 per cent. Trade dull.

[DODDS AND CO.]

But few cattle have arrived in this market for sale during the week. The market at present has quite an upward tendency, and good cattle may be quoted at £4 10s to £5. Two lots, intended for Maitland, have been bought to go to Sydney. There is a full supply of sheep, and prices are lower in consequence. Good fat wethers are worth 14s to 16s; ewes from 10s to 11s. Stock horses, in condition, are very saleable; and mixed cattle, store wethers, and maided ewes are much in request. Young milking cows, with young calves, sell freely at good prices.

Dight's Pialaway station, Liverpool Plains district, with 5937 sheep, which sold, after very spirited competition, for £1 5s per head, to Mr. John Christian. Howe's Carroll station, without stock, £4450; and the Carroll herd, to be delivered, about 1500 head, mixed herd, at 30s per head; also a small herd of 450 head, running at Cooma, Namoi River, at £1 11s per head; 400 head of mixed cattle, running at Bendemeer, New England, at 31s per head; 10 shares in the Hunter River N. S. N. Co., at £10 2s 6d per share; all sold at the Rose Inn, by Mr. R. G. Yeomans, on Monday, 30th April. A very large and respectable attendance, and the competition very spirited.

DENILIQUIN STOCK MARKET.

Friday, April 27.—The market is beginning to show some signs of animation; some of the buyers from Ballaarat and the other gold-fields of Victoria are purchasing freely, at fair prices, Messrs. Anstis and Baker, of Ballaarat, who drew their supplies very largely from these districts, having purchased extensively. Mr. Sweeney, of the same place, is also again amongst us. Whether there is any connection between "the jeweller's shops" and the best beef in all Australia, we know not, but immense quantities of fat stock, from this salt bush country, find their way to Ballaarat, and have done so for years. Several mobs of cattle have passed since our last, some of which were above the average. Mr. Herbert's (of the Billabong) may be instanced; also, a mob brought from Messrs. Lang's station, on the Murrumbidgee, in charge of Mr. M'Millan, may be quoted; and we are told that there is a still finer mob between the Edward and the Murrumbidgee, travelling to market, and unsold. Mr. Herbert's (sold to Mr. White) fetched £7 12s 6d all round, and Messrs. Lang's, £7 10s. These figures may be quoted as the average price for good cattle.

Store Cattle.—There are several mobs offering. There seems to be a demand for cows, especially spayed; they are even preferred to bullocks. We hear of no transactions of any importance since our last.

Sheep.—Mr. O'Sullivan's remaining half, amounting to something like 8000, have changed hands; Mr. Robert Patterson is the buyer; price, fifteen to sixteen shillings; short terms. We do not hear of any more sheep in the immediate neighbourhood, although Mr. O'Sullivan expects 12,000 more down. We hear of an equal number of Messrs. Kaye and Butchart's are also expected. Messrs. Peppin have crossed a mob of 2500 fine wethers since our last.

There is a disposition to purchase horses; but none are offering.

It is reported that 360 (remaining unsold of Mr. Cumming's mob of store cattle) are about to change hands. 1170 head store (the hon. Matthew Hervey's) were delivered by Mr. John Somers (late of the Royal Bank Stations) to Mr. F. Gwynne; price, £3 10s; they came from Omeo. 230 head (Messrs. Ricketson's) fat cattle will cross at Deniliquin to-morrow—unsold. A large flock of store sheep (Kaye and Butchart's and Mackenzie Brothers', at Deniliquin) are near the Murrumbidgee. Mr. O'Sullivan has a mob of sheep (12,000 coming down the Lachlan—unsold. Mr. Chisholm's store cattle are unsold still, although there are inquiries for stock of the kind. We observe a large mob of stores on the north side of Deniliquin—unsold, we believe—reported to be Mr. Flood's. Mackenzie, Brothers, sold 720 cows to Dr. Mein, price £3; one third cash, and the balance in twelve months.—*Pastoral Times.*

SPIRITS AND TOBACCO.

Description.	Stock on hand 27th April.	Received during the week.	Delivered for Home Consumption.	Delivered for Exportation.	Stock on hand 4th May.
Rum, the produce of Sugar, West India, B. P.	Galls. 166,371	Galls. 7,253	Galls. 4,748	Galls. 465	Galls. 168,411
East India, B. P., and Mauritius ...	23,385	...	...	...	23,385
Foreign States	11,206	...	69	...	11,137
Arrack, date and palm tree rum, and other foreign spirits, not otherwise enumerated.	7,389	199	51	2	7,535
Brandy	263,217	5,735	4,086	202	264,664
Geneva	99,189	2,493	2,695	111	98,776
Whisky	40,173	3,443	517	...	43,099
Liqueurs	3,833	45	12	...	3,866
British Spirits ...	27,657	549	266	19	27,921
Tobacco—	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.
Fig and Cavendish	505,694	272	9,117	4,495	492,354
Leaf ...	20,063	...	...	...	20,063
Cigars...	71,083	326	2,472	3,937	64,970
Snuff ...	4,104	...	...	...	4,104

THE ESCORTS.

The Western and Cooma escorts have arrived during the week from the several gold-fields, and delivered at the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint the following quantities of gold-dust:

Western.—From Sofala, 613 10 dwts 4 grs; Bathurst, 444 ozs 2 dwts 9 grs; Louisa Creek, 658 ozs 14 dwts 20 grs; Tambaroora, 317 ozs 12 dwts 6 grs; Mudgee, 332 ozs 18 dwts 14 grs. Total, 2416 ozs 18 dwts 5 grs.

Cooma.—From Cooma, 121 ozs 13 dwts 5 grs; Kiandra, 213 ozs 8 dwts 12 grs. Total, 335 ozs 1 dwt 17 grs.

From Sofala.—Deputy Master of the Mint, 613 ozs 10 dwts 4 grs.

From Bathurst.—Deputy Master of the Mint, 444 ozs 22 dwts 9 grs.

From Louisa Creek.—Deputy Master of the Mint, 658 ozs 14 dwts 20 grs.

From Tambaroora.—Deputy Master of the Mint, 317 ozs 12 dwts 6 grs.

From Mudgee.—Bank of New South Wales, 170 ozs 1 dwt; Joint Stock Bank, 162 ozs 17 dwts 14 grs. Total 332 ozs 18 dwts 14 grs.

From Cooma.—Deputy Master of the Mint, 121 ozs 13 dwts 5 grs.

From Kiandra.—Deputy Master of the Mint, 125 ozs; J. Thompson, 6 ozs; D. M'Laughlen, 37 ozs 16 dwts; W. Cormack, 39 ozs 8 dwts; Mary Ann Hayes, 5 ozs 4 dwts 12 grs. Total, 213 ozs 8 dwts 12 grs.

Amount received during the week ending May 4th, 1860.

	ozs.	dwts.	grs.
Western escort	2416	18	5
Cooma escort	335	1	17
Total	2751	19	22

COUNTRY LAND SALES.

On MONDAY, 22nd MAY, at eleven o'clock.

At Mr. Rixon's House, Nelligen.

Country Lots.—County of St. Vincent. Parish unnamed. On the right bank of Nelligen Creek, immediately above F. Maylan's 640 acres, and between 2 and 3½ miles above the town of Nelligen: Lot 1, 30 acres; lot 2, 41 acres; lot 3, 34 acres; lot 4, 28 acres 2 roods; lot 5, 25 acres; lot 6, 22 acres; lot 7, 26 acres 2 roods; lot 8, 22 acres; lot 9, 30 acres; lot 10, 40 acres; lot 11, 30 acres. Near Nelligen Creek, adjacent to the south boundary of lots 10 and 11, and adjoining the west boundary of F. Maylan's 640 acres: Lot 12, 35 acres 1 rood; lot 13, 37 acres. On Nelligen Creek, adjoining the south boundary of lot 4: Lot 14, 14 acres 2 roods. Near Nelligen Creek, adjoining the south boundary of lot 14: Lot 15, 41 acres 2 roods. Upset price, £1 per acre.

Town Lots.—County of St. Vincent. Parish of Nelligen Town of Nelligen: Lots 16 and 17, 2 roods; lot 18, 1 rood 12 perches; lot 19, 1 rood 17 perches; lot 20, 1 rood 22 perches; lot 21 lot 38, 2 roods each; lot 39, 1 acre 5 perches; lot 40, 1 acre 23 perches; lot 41, 1 acre 21 perches; lot 42, 3 roods 16 perches. Upset price, £8 per acre.

The Prince of Wales Theatre.—The late inclement state of the weather was not without its effects upon the attendance of the public at this and the other theatre—both immediately before and after the representation of Phaedra, on the evening of Wednesday, the 26th ultimo,—as already noticed in these columns. On the night following, in spite of the continued rain, a good pit assembled on the occasion of the benefit of Mr. Alexander Fitzgerald; an actor deservedly popular with the Sydney public, and whose merits would doubtless, on any tolerably fine night, have been acknowledged by the presence of a bumper house. The audience, however, which did attend was a numerous and appreciative one; and the entertainment provided for them an ample amends for having adventured forth on such a night. The first piece was King Rene's daughter—a beautiful little thing from the Danish—in which Mary Provost sustained the *parti* of Iolanthe, the blind daughter of the Provençal King, whose memory still survives in story and in song. Despite of every drawback the play went off remarkably well, the last scene being a very exquisite bit of acting. The scenery (quite new) was much admired. The petite comedy of a Husband at Sight, which followed, was a decided hit. In it Mrs. Alexander Fitzgerald appeared, for the first time in Sydney, and was very warmly received; her impersonation of Catherine being a very spirited performance, and eliciting great approbation and merriment. She was enthusiastically applauded in her song. The other characters were all very cleverly rendered. The Bridal of the Borders or the Rose of Ettrick Vale, concluded the programme of the evening—the character of Wandering Steenie being admirably represented by Mr. Alexander Fitzgerald. On Friday, the 27th, the pieces performed were the comedy of Old Heads and Young Hearts, and the farce of the Honest Milkman. The Bridal of the Borders, and Tom Cringle's Log, were played on the night following. On Monday evening last the historical melodrama of Highland Jessie, or the Relief of Lucknow was brought out with immense success, and has since been played nightly to very crowded houses. The enthusiasm which has been created by this truly national play—rendered as it is by the present talented company, and illustrated by new and highly effective scenery—is something which it is difficult to describe. The Jessie Brown of Mary Provost is a beautiful realisation of the character of the heroine of this remarkable piece, which was long played, night after night, in three of the New York theatres at once when first brought out; and which, although played here every evening during this week, still continues to attract densely crowded and enthusiastic audiences. It will be played again to-night, and will doubtless run for the whole of next week.

Royal Victoria Theatre.—This evening the British and American Circus Company will re-open at the Victoria, under the management of Mr. Colville, who has effected arrangements with Signor Raphael, Mr. R. Cousins, Mr. Walter Burton, Madame Tournier, Mr. R. Taylor, Chin Lam Boo (the Chinese contortionist), Mr. and Mrs. Yeamans, and Mr. Tait. The various performances of these clever professionals will doubtless not fail, during the present fine weather, to attract crowded houses to this well-known place of amusement.

Tenterfield.—24th April. From the Tenterfield run, by Messrs. Donaldson, Ryley, and Cowper; damages and driving 10s. each: Dark bay horse, swith tail, BK over W near shoulder. Bay mare, BK near shoulder. Will be sold May 21.

Merriwa.—19th April. From A. and W. Bushby's, Esqs., Cassilis; damages and driving £3: Light bay gelding, dark points, docked tail, saddle marked, like JR conjoined (writing capitals) near shoulder, same brand under RF off shoulder, F off thigh. Will be sold 19th May.

COLONIAL PARLIAMENT.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Friday, May 4.

The Speaker took the chair at half-past three o'clock.

CAMDEN AND BERRIMA BRIDGES.

Mr. WILD asked the hon. the Minister for Works, whether, "1. Tenders have yet been accepted for the reconstruction of the bridges at Camden and Berrima? 2. If not, whether there is any objection to forward copies of the specifications to the Police Offices at those places, in order to afford a fairer chance of competition to persons residing in the neighbourhood?"

Mr. ARNOLD replied, that in the case of Berrima, tenders had been received and accepted. In that case plans and specifications were sent to Picton and Berrima. In the case of the Camden bridge no tenders had at present been accepted. Several had been sent in, and among them one or two from the neighbourhood of Camden.

BARGO RIVER.

Mr. WILD asked the Secretary for Public Works, "What course is intended to be taken, in reference to a sum of money voted some time since, for the erection of a bridge over the Bargo River, the claim to which was recognised by the late Government?"

Mr. ARNOLD replied, that the Government had come to the conclusion that the expenditure of so large a sum as £4000 on the Bargo River would be very unadvisable. When the bridges at Camden and Menangle were passable, the ford at Bargo was also passable. The House having voted a sum of money for the bridge, and that money not having been expended, the Government, thinking that the persons interested in the vote ought not to be deprived of the advantages which they had been led to look forward to, wished to obtain the assent of the House to the expenditure of the £4000 on the formation of the Bargo Brush Road. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. WILD thought the plan proposed would be more acceptable to the inhabitants of the district than the erection of a bridge.

Mr. ARNOLD observed that the Government had some time ago determined to make the proposition, and had put the money upon the Supplementary Estimates for this year.

PAPERS.—MR. CARY.

Mr. ROBERTSON laid on the table a letter from Mr. District Court Judge Cary, having reference to certain charges made against that gentleman in the Assembly, and moved that it be printed.

Mr. HART moved that the document be read by the Clerk of the House. The question was one which had excited a considerable amount of attention.

The Clerk of the House (Mr. C. Thompson) read the letter, which was of considerable length. It stated that the writer had borne with patience the indirect attacks on his character in the Assembly and by the press, but was induced to write in consequence of the introduction of Mr. Martin's bill. The letter also contained a tabular statement of the number of cases tried in each court, the number of briefs, and the advocates who held those briefs. The result, it was contended, showed that Mr. Cary's son had obtained only a moderate average of business.

Mr. HART said that when he moved that the document should be read by the Clerk at the table, he thought that it was a report from Mr. Holroyd, and had certainly no idea of inflicting upon the House the pain that hon. members must have felt in listening to this document. It was rather presumptuous in this gentleman to write a letter to the hon. Secretary, merely for the purpose of having that letter printed and appended to the proceedings of Parliament, lecturing that House for presuming to introduce a bill that he did not approve of. If this gentleman had anything to complain of, he should have availed himself of the public prints, and not of the records of this House. For this reason he should oppose the motion.

The motion was put and carried.

MUNICIPALITIES ACT.

Mr. LYONS begged to ask the honorable the Premier "Whether the Government have any intention to introduce a bill to amend the Municipalities Act; if so, when?"

Mr. ROBERTSON said that no doubt the Act required amendment, but it was not the intention of Government to introduce any bill during the present session. By the time the House met after a short recess, the Government would have had more experience of the working of these municipalities, and would then be prepared to propose to the House such alterations in the Act as they might deem to be advisable.

PETITIONS PRESENTED.

Mr. GREY presented a petition from thirty-seven inhabitants of New England, praying the House to take into consideration the petition of Mr. Rusden. Received.

Mr. LUCAS presented a petition from 184 residents of Cook's River, praying the repair of the dam across the river. Received.

FORT MACQUARIE.

Mr. PARKES said it would be in the recollection of hon. members that a day or two ago he had put a question to the hon. Secretary for Public Works as to the reason why the alterations to Fort Macquarie had been suspended. The hon. Secretary had said at that time that he was not aware that such was the case, but that the works were under the charge of Colonel Barney, who had been instructed to report upon the subject. He now begged to ask the hon. Secretary if that report had been received.

Mr. ARNOLD, in answer to the question, begged to say that he had received a report from Colonel Barney, in reference to the completion of the works at Fort Macquarie. That report he now asked leave to read to the House. It was as follows:—

"Office of Harbour Defences, May 3, 1860.

"Sir,—With reference to the subject of delay in the completion of certain authorised works of defence at Fort Macquarie, I have the honour to state for information of the Honorable the Secretary for Works, that early in November last it was intimated to me by his Excellency the Governor-General that he proposed to try the effect of shot against an iron plate, with a view to introducing such plates into the new work. The completion of the plate was entrusted to the Engineer-in-Chief at Cockatoo Island.

"At this period the work at Fort Macquarie had been carried up to the level of the terreplein, from which level (presuming the experiments before alluded to should prove successful) the form of the parapet would of necessity require to be altered. Under these circumstances I considered it would not be prudent to carry on the work until the plate should be approved, and I instructed the contractor accordingly.

"On the 8th March last, I received instructions to pay the sum of £48 10s. 7d. for iron supplied in the manufacture of the plate, and it appears that no further sum has yet been authorised for further carrying on the experiments. Unless the £100, as applied for, be authorised, I would suggest that the work at the Fort be completed in accordance with the original plan.

"I have, &c.,

(Signed) "G. Barney."

DAMAGE TO THE RAILWAY.

Mr. ARNOLD said that the House would, perhaps, remember that some days back he had stated that very serious damage had been done to the Great Southern Railway line by the floods, and that there had been a stoppage of the trains in consequence. He had then expressed a hope that such repairs would be effected that the trains would be got running again by Saturday. It might be matter of interest to the House to know that the Commissioner of Railways had been yesterday down the line to examine the repairs, and had sent in the following report:—

Department of Internal Communication, 3rd May, 1860.

Sir,—I have the honour to report for your information, that I this morning inspected the railway line as far as Liverpool.

Temporary bridges have been erected where the blowing up of the culverts caused breaks in the line; the embankment under the down line of rails at Duck River, and the formation and ballast near the Cabramatta viaduct, have been restored.

The ten a.m. down train to-day has been to Liverpool, and although it will not be possible for the present to keep strictly to the time stated in the published time tables, the line between Sydney and Liverpool may be considered as re-opened for public traffic; and the time published will be adhered to as closely as possible.

The rapidity with which the extensive damage occasioned by the flood has been so far repaired, will, I trust, be a matter of satisfaction to the Government and the public.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) B. H. Martindale.

CHINESE REGULATION BILL.

On the motion of Mr. LUCAS, a bill to regulate Chinese immigration was read a first time, and the second reading fixed for Friday next.

RAILWAY CONTRACTS.

The House then went into committee for the purpose of taking evidence upon the construction of railways.

Captain Martindale, R.E., was called to the bar, and examined.

By Mr. PARKES: I hold the office, under the Government of this colony, of Commissioner of Internal Communication. I am also a Commissioner for Railways. My first designation was Chief Commissioner for Railways. I arrived in the colony in June, 1857. There were, at that time, three Commissioners for Railways—Captain Mann, who was the Chief Commissioner, Mr. Donaldson and Mr. Hay. These latter gentlemen were, at that time, responsible ministers. My appointment in England was to superintend the construction of railways and other public works. I am also Commissioner for Roads, Superintendent of the Electric Telegraph, and Under-Secretary for Public Works. I fill four offices, but I receive only the same salary as I did when I was Chief Commissioner for Railways. My salary is that of the Commissioner for Internal Communication, there being no salary attached to the other appointments. The proposal to fill those other appointments arose from conversations with the Government in discussing how the department could be best carried on. The reasons for those arrangements were somewhat as follows:—It was thought that in a new country such as this is, comparatively, internal communication formed one great subject—that is, the railways, the roads, and the telegraphs, and that it would be for the benefit of the public service that there should be one leading mind, considering constantly the various services required for those three branches. As regards the Under-Secretary for Public Works, when the Department of Lands was separated from that of Works, the then Minister did me the honor to consult me as to what arrangements I thought would be best adapted for the efficiency of my own department, and in connexion with the new department of Public Works. The separation of the Lands from the Works relieved me from a very heavy mass of correspondence, and from my experience in carrying out the department of Internal Communication for nearly three years, I was of opinion that it would facilitate the public business especially in reference to my own department, if the office of Under-Secretary was not filled up, and if, provided I could find time for the duties, these were performed by me in addition to those of Commissioner for Internal Communication. I believe this was the leading consideration which influenced the Government to fill the appointment in the way they had filled it. [A question was here asked as to whether similar reasons did not weigh with Louis Nagel

leon in governing France—the desirability of having one mind to direct the whole machinery of public affairs; but the reply was not heard in the gallery.] In April, 1858, Mr. Gabrielli was at Melbourne, negociating with the Victorian Government for the construction of railways in that colony. A communication was addressed to him as to whether he, on behalf of Sir Morton Peto and Co., would enter into negotiations with this Government for the construction of the railways in New South Wales. Mr. Gabrielli stated at that time that the whole amount of work to be done in this colony did not make it worth the while of Sir Morton Peto and Co. to undertake the construction of the works in this colony; the first correspondence ceased with that. Mr. Gabrielli subsequently, in June, 1858, visited Sydney; he then addressed two letters to me as Commissioner of Railways, desiring to enter into negotiations with the Government, on behalf of Sir Morton Peto and Co., for the construction of railways in this colony. These letters were referred by me to the Government, and some negotiations went on with Mr. Gabrielli, which terminated in certain proposed articles of agreement being drawn up. Before these articles of agreement were concluded, Mr. Gabrielli found that he was not able to carry out his part of the proposed agreement. The agreement therefore dropped through; but the whole correspondence was sent to Sir Morton Peto and Co. direct, and they were informed that, although the agreement had failed, yet the time and labour bestowed upon it could not be considered as entirely wasted, because it had elicited from the Legislative Assembly an expression of opinion that in the contracts for the construction of the proposed railways the principle of public competition should be departed from, and that if Sir Morton Peto and partners would without delay, send to this colony a gentleman fully authorised to act on their behalf, the Government would be prepared to negociate with them for the works. Mr. Gabrielli carried those documents with him to England, but none of those documents formed any portion of the agreement subsequently entered into with Messrs. Peto and Co.'s agent. The specifications of the contracts at present subsisting are similar to those which were sent to London. None of the papers sent to London have been recognised as affecting the subsequent arrangements, excepting the promise of the Government to negociate with any agent whom Sir Morton Peto and Co might send to construct the railways. In my opinion a contract does exist between Mr. Rhodes and the Government; that contract, I consider, consists in the correspondence commencing with Mr. Rhodes' letter of the 2nd of April, 1859, and ending with my letter to the Minister for Lands and Works of the 23rd of June of that year. The terms of the contract may be collected from these letters, and Mr. Rhodes was to sign the usual bond and contract on the terms agreed to in those letters. This is to be found in a letter of the 15th April, addressed by me to the agent of Sir Moreton Peto and Co., by direction of the Government; and it was stated that the usual bond and contract would be prepared by the Civil Crown Solicitor. The bond and contract have been prepared. By the use of the use of the word "usual" I mean the bond and contract usually prepared and signed for railway works in this colony. It consists of a bond for the performance of the general conditions of the contract, and a specification as to how the works are to be performed. I do not consider that in these instruments—the bond and contract—there are any conditions not to be found in the various letters from which I have said the agreement is to be gathered. Mr. Rhodes considers that there are. The principal matter in dispute is that the contractor wishes to be independent of the control of the Engineer-in-Chief, and to execute the works in his own manner instead of according to the directions he receives. All Mr. Rhodes' objections are contained in a letter from Mr. Want (contractor's solicitor) to the Crown Solicitor, and it contains a great variety of objections. The letter to which I have referred states as one principal objection that the contract is unnecessary, as the agreement is fully set out in the correspondence between Mr. Rhodes and the Government, which is amply sufficient to protect both parties; secondly that the specification is an unusual proceeding in extensive contracts, the contractors being bound by agreement to perform the work satisfactorily before they receive payment. I had provided what I consider the usual bond and contract to be signed according to Mr. Rhodes' agreement, but Mr. Rhodes disputes the fact that he is bound by the specification. As to his being permitted to enter upon the works in the interim, Mr. Rhodes stated to the Government that, as he had a large and extensive staff in this colony, it was a matter of moment to him to commence work as early as possible and that he was prepared to take up the line from Campbelltown to Menangle, upon which we were then using what is commonly termed the unemployed labour; and the Government let him take it. No one imagined that a person in Mr. Rhodes' position, representing as he did so large and influential a firm as that of Messrs. Peto and Co., would refuse to sign the usual bond and contract after agreeing to do so. To meet his convenience and afford the facilities promised him, he was allowed to commence the work at once. He has stated that he will not sign the usual bond and contract, which all other contractors sign without difficulty. He has agreed to sign the usual bond and contract, in a letter of the 19th April, in which he states all his objections, but makes no objection to sign the contract and bond; that letter having been written in reply to one from me stating that the Crown Solicitor would prepare the usual bond and contract. He makes no objection to it in reply. In his communication with me he has verbally said that he would sign the bond and contract. During Mr. Rhodes' examination I heard him say that he would not sign any contract which did not contain the terms as he had read them in the correspondence. I am not aware that he has said he is prepared to sign any contract containing nothing more than the terms of these letters. His solicitor has written to the Government to that effect. The conditions of the agreement, as is to be gathered from the letter, are—that Mr. Rhodes was to carry out the extension from Campbelltown to Menangle, from Menangle to Picton, and also from the Blacktown Road to Penrith, under a schedule of prices agreed upon between the Government and Mr. Rhodes in strict accordance with the plans and specifications. He was to receive such facilities as the Government could give him, and especially such rails and chains exclusive of those ordered for the permanent way, as the Government could spare. Mr. Rhodes also, in consequence of Mr. Wilcox not being in the colony, tendered for the works, up to formation level, of the Northern railway, from Lochinvar to Singleton. In reference to the extension from Campbelltown to Menangle, Mr. Rhodes was to take over the agreements and arrangements which the Government had already made with contractors and labourers employed by the Government upon that extension. He did not carry out these conditions. Mr. Rhodes has written to repudiate the engagement he has entered into for laying and ballasting the permanent way; and he has not up to this time built the wooden viaducts, for which he has a great number of plans in his possession, and this ought to have been commenced, at any rate, long ago. In a letter addressed to me on the 21st May, 1859, Mr. Rhodes tendered a schedule of prices for certain extra work not provided for in the first schedule. That tender led to a correspondence and interviews with the Government, which terminated in an agreement entered into with Mr. Rhodes on the 22nd June, for ballasting the tramway, providing sleepers, and for fencing. That agreement his solicitors had written to say he declined to carry out. My letter to him states that I wrote to the Government requesting that I might receive formal approval of the final terms verbally agreed upon at that interview with the Colonial Secretary. Mr. Rhodes never questioned or denied that agreement until months after. He has not, however, built the wooden viaducts, and by every means in his power seeks to avoid this work; because, he says they are not safe. On the 2nd July, Mr. Rhodes wrote to me a letter, in which he states that he felt himself bound to point out that the wooden viaducts in the plans furnished would not be safe for traffic after a short period; and that if they were constructed, the reputation of Messrs. Peto and Co. would be at stake, as they would in a brief time have to be rebuilt. On the receipt of this letter I wrote to Mr. Rhodes to request him to state which viaducts be considered unsafe, and he pointed out in reply one particular viaduct near Glenlee, the one of which so much has been said. In consequence of Mr. Rhodes' statement I requested Mr. Whitton to submit the plan of the bridge to me. I carefully examined it, and came to the unhesitating conclusion that the viaduct was perfectly safe. I am not aware that, on the receipt of the first letter, I had an interview with Mr. Whitton, but when Mr. Rhodes pointed out the particular viaduct, I had an interview with the Engineer-in-chief. I had not before that visited the locality, but was acquainted with the character of the country. After the examination of the plans I am not aware that anything followed. I made no request to Mr. Whitton, who had already his instructions to proceed with these works. A reply was practically given in this fact that a gentleman in another place subsequently asked a question whether the Government were aware that unsafe viaducts were about to be erected, and the Government stated that the viaducts were safe, which statement was, of course, made on information furnished by the department. I cannot recollect at this moment that I sent any reply to Mr. Rhodes, for the correspondence has been so exceedingly voluminous. I gave no directions afterwards about the plans. So far as the details of the plans are concerned, they are prepared by the Engineer-in-chief without reference to me. It depends upon the officer who prepares plans as to whether they are referred to me after they are prepared, and upon the degree of confidence I have in him. No works are executed without my having a knowledge of the way in which they are to be executed. I invariably go over the proposed line of railway, and make myself acquainted with the line and the character of the structures the engineer proposes to put up, but as a general rule I never interfere with him as to the details of the bridges. I never interfere except in cases of appeal such as the present. If I disapproved of plans I should consider I had authority to alter them; something to-morrow might happen, though I should exceedingly regret it, to deprive the colony of the services of Mr. Whitton, and I might have an engineer-in-chief, in whom I had no confidence; so long as I have an engineer-in-chief like Mr. Whitton, I think I should not hamper him by interfering. I leave some of my authority in abeyance, but I do not surrender it. My office is decidedly the head of the department. I should in some circumstances consider it my duty to exercise a rigid surveillance over all the engineer did, but at present I think the business of the country is quite safe in his hands. Mr. Rhodes appealed from me to the Government, and as soon as he did so he stopped my power. The dispute has been going on from that time to this; the earthworks have been going on, but not the viaducts, which should have been built. There are a great number of letters not included in the correspondence on the table. Those letters consist chiefly of complaints from Mr. Rhodes, and the reply of the department I believe principally. The letters come down to 21st of September. That was the time they were moved for, and at my suggestion the Government put a note on these papers when furnished to the committee. There was a letter from Mr. Rhodes offering to build brick culverts instead of timber bridges. A letter in the first instance to the Engineer in-chief. He offered to satisfy me as Commissioner that the capacity of the culverts would be sufficient to take off the water. I have no recollection that he offered to uphold the works for any period. I believe wooden bridges to be much better than the brick ones, and they will last quite as long. I think if the culverts proposed by Mr. Rhodes were put in, that the viaducts will last much longer, in the first place, because in some places where he purposed to put culverts, their capacity was not sufficient to take off the water, and in the next place because there was a great difficulty in getting good brick work. I was perfectly satisfied with the wooden viaducts, there were many reasons why the viaducts were wanted, such as to have a passage for cattle and carts; so on being satisfied with what the Engineer had proposed, and seeing a great difficulty in giving Mr. Rhodes a profit which was not warranted, I did not consider it necessary to go further into the question; I have been employed nearly all my life as an engineer in carrying out public works, and have been obliged to make my own surveys and plans: I was not employed on railways in the mother country, or any part of Europe; in England I have occupied the same position in a great public work as I occupy here, namely to represent the Government. I was the executive officer at Dover for nearly four years, and had practical charge of the works in the erection of fortifications, buildings, and waterworks. I was employed before I left England on special appointment in designing works for part of the national defences and I have no doubt the contracts for those works would have amounted to some millions of money. Mr. Rhodes was to have by agreement such rails as the Government could spare; and under his contract might have been compelled to find the remainder himself, as Mr. Gibbons did, or get temporary ones as Mr. Gibbons did, or make wooden one, as another contractor did, or make them out of bars of iron. It would be very much against the interest of the Government if they allowed contractors to have rails which, when wanted, were so much injured that more would have to be sent for from England. The rails are unquestionably injured by being used by the contractors. They are warped, and have to be straightened again; if any member of the committee could go down and see the way in which a temporary road is laid, he would see the injury. It is a difficult thing in this country—in England it is easy to replace rails; here it takes a year. The contractor is responsible for any injury done to the rails. The contractor has made frequent complaints of the want of rails and chairs to carry on the works. He pays 10 per cent. for the value of all the rails by which he is supplied by the Government. He has had, when he made us these complaints, as much as 10,000 feet of rails lying idle, paying a per centage on the rails. No doubt the contractor would be at a loss, by letting these rails lie idle. I believe, however, that Mr. Rhodes chose to submit to this loss, in his desire to bring the department under censure, particularly the principal engineer. Had the culverts been built of brick instead of wooden bridges, it would, I belived, have profited the contractors. I believe brick culverts would have been more profitable to the contractor than would be brick bridges. The whole line on the south is fifty-three miles in length, and there are rails in the colony for fifty-two miles. With the extension lines, however, the total extent of the line is sixty-eight miles. The cost of the rails, as imported from England, has been from £7 15s. to £9. The difference in the price arose from variations in the quality of the iron used in the rails. About two and a half miles of rail that had been sent off here were manufactured of steel, which had been found to answer well in England. I do not remember the price of this description of rail. I have inspected the Southern line about a fortnight ago. It is ten weeks ago since I inspected the Southern Line. It did not appear to me that the works were proceeding satisfactorily. There was no fencing put along the line, and several of the wooden bridges which ought to have been erected were not commenced. Nor did it appear to me that a sufficient number of men were employed on the line. There are culverts on the Western line. I have received at present no report of any damage having occurred to these culverts by the late floods. (On Mr. PARKES stating he had received a letter from a member of the House, stating that the culverts and other parts of the line, particularly South Creek, had sustained much damage,) the witness said—I have not heard of such damage, but I think it probable it has occurred. I think, for precaution in times of floods the water escapes ought to be enlarged. I am aware that the South Creek is the largest water course on this line. If in the bridge over that creek the piles have been driven only three feet on to the rock, it is very improper kind of work. The acting inspector ought to have reported. The contractor having a position to maintain ought not to have done such work. I am aware that Mr. Rhodes gave evidence in respect to this work, and I wonder at it. Am aware he said he did the work according to the specifications and plans furnished him, but when he came to a mistake like this he ought to have pointed it out to the head of the department; the responsibility then would have been off his shoulders. The principal blame, however, rested on the inspector. I will make and refer to the committee any report I may receive respecting the brick culverts and the bridge on this line. On the Southern line he believed the size of the piles was the same for all bridges, whatever their elevation. This arose from the difficulty of getting proper timber unless it had arrived at a certain size. Beyond Campbelltown there are seventeen wooden bridges to be erected, and that the piles in all instances are of the same size. I do not know whether in some instances the piles under the lower bridges are not driven closer than those under the higher ones. Am aware that there is a bridge twenty-one miles from Campbelltown only twelve feet over a slight water course where the piles would be driven closer than in the viaduct at Glenlee. Did not know that in one instance the piles were only twelve feet apart, whilst under the viaduct they were thirty feet apart. The viaduct, however, had a superstructure of double beams. The reason for the piles being far apart was that the road beneath for passengers and cattle might not be obstructed. The viaduct with supports twenty feet apart would not be weaker than those where the piles were only twelve feet apart, if the one had single and the other double beams. I cannot say what the particular object of the engineer was, but he will be able to explain no doubt satisfactorily why he made the spans in one case twenty and in others only twelve feet. The only result would be if the beams were single in both cases that the smaller bridges would be too strong. The organization of the railway department is divided into the following sub-branches:—new works and the trial surveys forming one, the accounts, the correspondence, the maintenance of way and of rolling stock on existing lines, the traffic on the southern line, the traffic on the northern line, and the store department. Each of them is under some officer, who is responsible to me for the working of his department. I transact all I do with those branches through their heads. Except the head of the branch be away from Sydney I never communicate directly with any person under those heads. I have entire confidence in Mr. Whitton and in his integrity. I believe there never was a better officer or a more upright man in the Government service. The whole work in my department is carried on by a series of minute paper. Each sub-head forms a minute paper, and if the Engineer-in-Chief wishes to communicate a matter to me officially he puts it on a minute paper. If I wish any information from him, I state it upon a minute paper. Probably I see Mr. Whitton on different matters a dozen times a day very often. I have no reports at stated periods. Periodical reports might be useful, but every officer in the department has so much to do that it is as much as they can manage to get through their daily work. There is an inspector of works on each line—the Northern, Southern, and Western. I believe every plan has been handed to the contractor with the exception of that of the Menangle viaduct. The whole of the plans for the Western and Southern lines were furnished, I believe, within a fortnight of the time stipulated. About half the plans for the Northern line were furnished within a month of the stipulated time and the remainder within another month. I recommended the Government (finding that, owing to the surveyors breaking down, the plans had not been given to the exact date) that the contractor should have day for day for the delay, although I do not believe that delay was of the slightest hindrance to him when he had so long a time to do his work in. The delay was unavoidable. No officer could have controlled the breaking down of the surveyors. It is the practice to give the plans of the most important portions of such works early, but the plan of the Menangle viaduct was not furnished to Mr. Rhodes, for the reasons stated by Mr. Whitton in his evidence the other day. There is no objection to Mr. Rhodes using the stone on the line in ballasting. The objection is to paying him for that stone as if he had excavated it and put it into an embankment. It would be impossible so to pay him under the schedule of prices without falsifying the accounts. The Government has a fair right to a share in the advantage. If there were any advantage to be derived, I think the Government had a fair right to share it. Paying Mr. Rhodes for rock taken into embankments would have entailed a loss on the country of 3s. per yard, the difference between 4s. 9d, the price paid for rock, and 1s. 9d., the price paid for earth taken from side cuttings. The engineer might have made him fill up from side cuttings, and stack the stone on the line, where he desired, if he found it to the advantage of the country to do so. This power was given under the contract, but whether to the commissioner or the engineer-in-chief I do not now remember. If we pay the contractor for rock, which he uses as ballast, as if it had been taken into embankments, we should pay him for work that he does not do. He is entitled only to charge for side cutting, and the worth of the stone we take out of the cutting is more than an equivalent for this cost of side cutting. I do not recollect that the contractor pointed out any culverts that had too small a water-way; but as matter of fact I know that some of them have been increased in size since they were first designed. The effects of the last floods upon the existing line have been—first, that between Ashfield and Homebush two double culverts have been blown up, and at one of them twenty feet and at the other sixty feet of the embankment have been washed away. At the Duck River, the embankment under the down line has been seriously injured, whilst the embankment of the up line has been swept away, and the rails are lying on a level with the river. At Cabramatta, the formation and ballast have been washed away for a considerable extent, and the whole of the line from Sydney to Liverpool has received a good deal of injury, by the washing away of ballast. Between Liverpool and Campbelltown, one bridge at Macquarie Fields has had three piers washed away, and a second bridge has been entirely swept away, and besides this, in several places, a large amount of ballast and formation has been washed away. The injury done to the line is very considerable. The repairs lately done to the two places where the double culverts blew up are of a temporary character only, but they will be immediately succeeded by works of a permanent character, which will greatly improve that part of the line. The embankments at the Duck River and at Cabramatta have been permanently made good. Beyond Liverpool no repairs have yet been commenced. When they are commenced they will be first done in a temporary manner in order to enable the line to be opened for traffic, but they will be followed as soon as possible by permanent work. At the place where the culverts blew up we shall put in timber viaducts, forming a large water-way, and this, I conceive, will be an improvement upon the culverts that were there before. The only statement about this viaduct at Glenlee was, as I heard it, that it might become dangerous if it were suffered to go out of repair; but as everybody at all acquainted with railways is fully aware that repairs on a railway line are incessant, that parties are continually backwards and forwards on the line to see if anything is required to be done, there can be little danger of the viaducts falling into disrepair. With regard to the dispute between the Engineer-in-chief and the contractor, relative to the payment of rock as earthworth, I can only say, that we do not object to pay him as rock for that which is really rock, but he claims to be paid as rock for what is only shale. But there ought not to have been any practical difficulty in this matter, for when Mr. Rhodes felt himself aggrieved, if he had merely sent to the engineer-in-chief a statement of how and in what respect he considered he was improperly dealt with, Mr. Whitton would at once have gone out to the ground and reviewed the decision of the under-officer. But, instead of that, Mr. Rhodes had taken a most improper course, as a proof of which I may mention that I was in one of the cuttings on the road to Douglass Park, with Mr. Rhodes, Mr. Want (his solicitor), Mr. Whitton, and Mr. Wilcox. Mr. Whitton was asked what part of the cutting he would pay for as rock, put his hand on a portion of the strata, and said, "From there." Mr. Wilcox then said he was perfectly satisfied. We then went to another place, and there Mr. Rhodes said—in the most offensive manner he could possibly towards a gentleman in Mr. Whitton's situation—"I tell you what it is; I will be paid for this as rock." I turned to Mr. Rhodes, and told him that if that was the tone and language he was going to use, that I should at once turn back and return to Sydney. The fact is, the whole of this matter has been endeavoured to be made a personal question between Mr. Whitton and Mr. Rhodes, and for no possible reason that I can see. If Mr. Rhodes had but conducted himself with ordinary courtesy, nothing of the kind would have occurred. We have had no difficulty with any of the other contractors, and there would have been none in Mr. Rhodes' case, if he had but conducted himself in a proper manner. The different prices for rock and shale will be found in the specification. The specification referred distinctly to the schedule of prices, not only to that submitted by Mr. Rhodes, but also to that agreed to between himself and the Government. The specification was shown to Mr. Rhodes before he finally took the contract. We have had some trifling disputes with Mr. Wilcox; but nothing of any consequence. I do not know anything as to Mr. Rhodes' being ordered home, and to turn over his contract, except from information I have derived second-hand. I believe that Mr. Whitton has been made acquainted with the fact by means of private letters from home. I am not aware of any letters having been sent from the Government of this colony to Sir Morton Peto and Co., suggesting the propriety of Mr. Rhodes being removed; but I think it is very probable that but for the numerous changes in the Government such letters would have been written. Many inconveniences are caused in the railway department by the frequent changes of Ministries. At the time the contract was entered into the specifications were ready, but the disposal sheet was not; but whenever any portion of the line was proclaimed, the disposal sheet was ready at that time, and the plans were sent to the contractors accompanied with the disposal sheet. It was the understanding between Sir Morton Peto and Co and the Government that that firm should enter upon the railway contracts without competition. When the Government were treating with Mr. Rhodes, Mr. Randle was not invited to compete; but Mr. Gibbons, on behalf of Mr. Randle, chose to send in a tender to execute the whole of the railways in New South Wales, at a certain schedule of prices, and subsequently sent in another letter modifying that offer. I thought it my duty to lay those letters before the Government, but they were not invited by me nor by anybody connected with the railway department. I brought Mr. Randle's offer before Mr. Rhodes, as showing the market price of the value of the works at that time. At the rate at which the line to Picton is going on, I do not think it will be opened for the next twelve months. It ought to be opened on the 21st of June, 1861. I have heard that Mr. Rhodes has made statements to the effect that he could get that line opened by September next, but this he could not possibly do. I dare say the engineer-in-chief could vary the disposal sheet from time to time in a manner that might affect the interests of the contractors; it is the case with every public work. I did advise the publication of a Parliamentary paper, containing my own and Mr. Whitton's remarks on Mr. Rhodes' charges. I do not think the publication of a portion of the correspondence in that form is at all unfair to the contractors. I will explain why the publication took that form. It is a matter of public notoriety that, in the statement made by means of advertisements, by letters in the public papers, and by remarks to persons in the streets, Mr. Rhodes has spoken in very harsh terms of the railway department, and especially of Mr. Whitton, and has made the attempt to turn the disputes into personal quarrel with Mr. Whitton. Mr. Rhodes wrote a letter, and published it as the summing up of all his grievances and of all the charges he had to make against the department, and the committee will remember that we, as a department, have had no possible means of answering the statements made against us for months past. We cannot, in our official position, answer the charges in the Press; we have not the inclination to go about stating our grievances. I know that the correspondence that has taken place between Mr. Rhodes and the department is so extremely voluminous that the chances were that no gentleman who had any other occupation to attend to would ever read it through. It appeared to me the fairest thing, and the only fair thing in the state in which matters were, that Mr. Rhodes' letter, which he had made so public, and had even sent a second copy of it to the Governor-General, should be laid before the House and the country, with the notes that the Engineer-in-chief wished to make upon it, and with my reply. I thought it was the fairest thing to the contractor on one side, and to the department on the other. Up to this time we had contented ourselves with quietly bearing those charges, leaving it to time to bring out that we were doing our duty and keeping the Government informed of what we were doing. These were the reasons which led me to advise the Secretary for Public Works to put this letter on the table. The way in which the annotations were made was this;—The letter was sent by me in the first instance for any observations that Mr. Whitton might wish to offer. All the notes initialed J. W. are Mr. Whitton's remarks. I then added my own notes, not intending at the time to take any further trouble about it; but I subsequently thought it wiser to show the documents to the Government, for their information, as to what the real state of the case was between Mr. Rhodes and the department. As to the style of the remarks—saying that certain statements of Mr. Rhodes are "untrue," "wholly untrue," &c., I think it might perhaps have been better to have used more official language; but it is very hard for a gentleman placed in Mr. Whitton's position, when he is accused of untruth, and of erecting unsafe works, and when the statements against him are frequently incorrect—it is hard to use any language but that which expresses his meaning—which is, that the statements are untrue. I do not know when the line to Penrith is likely to be opened, but Mr. Rhodes is not bound to have his works completed until some time after the southern line. I do not think I have been over that line since last February. I have been over the northern line two or three times; it is seldom I can get away to go over the line, as my duties are principally confined to directing other officers. I believe I have a good knowledge of the working of the telegraph, but that knowledge has not been practically acquired. I had no experience in superintending any telegraphic line before coming to this country.

By Mr WINDEYER: My engineering experience in England was principally of a military character, and comprised fortifications, buildings, and waterworks; and my last duties were designing public works. I admit that most of my knowledge of railway engineering was derived from books; but there is nothing in the application of engineering to railways to render the work at all difficult to one who had been brought up to the other kinds of engineering. I have never been on many railway works in England. It was a very common thing for military engineers to be employed upon railway construction; they are frequently called upon to visit new lines in order to pronounce whether they are properly executed and fit to be opened; and for this business they must be competent judges of the work. In India, as consulting engineers, they have absolute control over the civil works. Large companies generally have engineers of their own. I never knew military engineers to have pronounced works as unsafe when their opinions have been overruled by other engineers; nor can I say whether such might not have been the fact in some instances. Of wooden viaducts and earth embankments, as a general rule, the latter are the most economical; though this would, to some extent, depend upon the facilities for obtaining material. As a general rule, earthwork is more stable and economical than timber structures; and I would always use the former, if there were not some specific reasons for having timber structures. The peculiarity of the circumstances which induced us to adopt a timber viaduct instead of an embankment at Glenlee, were that in the first instance a water-way, then a cattle track, and next a roadway were required. It was over meadow land, where the water area is about 250 feet. A culvert to take off that water would be required to be ten feet. A single archway would be sufficient for the road, and a single archway for the cattle track, but the plan of a viaduct with ten bays worked better with the disposal of the earthwork, as they would otherwise have to take more land. But because one bay was sufficient for the road and another for the cattle track, that was no reason why no more bays should be given. The proprietor of the land made a request that it should be kept open, and we endeavour as far as possible to meet the requirements of the local landowners. There was some reason in the request in this instance, as Glenlee is a dairy country. Mr. Rhodes told me he would not drive the piles of thirty feet, which would make a good foundation, unless he had a specification of the depth. It was Mr. Rhodes' duty to find the piles of a sufficient length to drive. The dispute about the charges for rock was that Mr. Rhodes proposed that he should be allowed to take stone for his own use, and he paid for it as if he had put it into embankment from cuttings. He could not be paid for it as rock and ballast; and if he was to be paid for it as rock instead of as earthwork deposited in an embankment, we should have to pay him 4s 9d. for work worth only 1s. 9d. by schedule; and also be paying him for work he never did. We are bound to pay him for certain earthwork if he put it into an embankment; but he cannot expect, nor had we a right to pay him 4s. 9d for work he did not do. If we had done so there is not a member in this House who would not have cried shame upon us for paying the charge he made; and as long as I have anything to do with the contract, no work shall be paid for which is not done. I simply refuse to pay the contractor for work he does not do, and I do so as a matter of duty. He is to be paid 2s 7d a yard for earthwork taken from a cutting to an embankment. The matter was laid before the Government, and Mr. Rhodes' proposal was not entertained; but it was stated that he should be allowed to charge for the stone if he would stack it for measurement. It is not incorrect to say the Government refused to accept his proposition; it allows him to put aside the stone if he accede to the conditions imposed. It is a letter refusing Mr. Rhodes the very thing he asked for; it in no way consents to what he proposed. I said just now I did not recollect the letter. Some of the letters have not been published. I advised the Government to lay the whole correspondence upon the table of the House, and the advice has been accepted, but there was not time to publish it all. I know Harris' Creek. It is usual to estimate the watershed, and is commonly pursued by engineers. I do not know the area of this place. I examined the structures to satisfy myself more as to the general progress being made than as to the general fitness of the works. I was aware Mr. Whitton had not estimated the area of the watershed of this place. I was not aware of a five-foot culvert being erected till Mr. Whitton mentioned it to me in the course of conversation a few weeks ago, that he had increased the size of the culverts. I cannot from my own knowledge say whether the culvert proposed to be erected will carry off the water. I have heard only one doubt raised about it, and I have not satisfied my own mind on it, because it has not been troubled about it, and there is nothing to satisfy. I cannot say, from my own knowledge, whether the culvert will be sufficient or not. I have not the slightest doubt but that it will be. I have no doubt if the bridge at Menangle had been in course of erection, it would have been swept away. I was aware the structure was of such a character that such a result would take place. I do not care what the structure might be, it would be swept away in such a flood.

Mr. WINDEYER then put the following question: Are you aware when the plans of the first bridge were completed, that they were of such a character that if the bridge were erected, it would be swept away by the flood? I decline to answer the question in any other way.

The witness was then ordered to withdraw, and Mr. WINDEYER, complaining the witness had evaded the question, applied to the Chairman as to whether the question was not admissible.

Mr. ARNOLD said the hon. and learned member asked a question it was impossible the witness could answer, as to whether a bridge would be swept away in a flood which had not arrived. He must have had the gift of prescience to know whether the bridge would be washed away. The witness was entitled to say to such a hypothetical question, that in his opinion such a thing would be.

Mr. WINDEYER submitted that the question was perfectly proper. The witness was an engineer, and could surely answer the question.

Mr. HOSKINS thought the question was perfectly intelligible.

Mr. ARNOLD said it was a ridiculous question, because the witness was asked whether the plans of the bridge were such that a flood would sweep it way: of course he must know the extent of the flood. Did the hon. and learned gentleman mean a great or a little flood? The witness had said that the late flood was of such a character that it would have swept away any bridge that was in course of erection upon the plan proposed by Mr. Whitton.

Mr. KEMP rose to take exception to the manner of the hon. and learned member, since nothing had transpired to justify him in saying the witness had evaded the question. He had evaded no question. There appeared to be a little sharpness in the course of examination, which the witness did not like. He would suggest that the Chairman should ask the witness the question.

Mr. ROTTON begged leave to dissent from the style of examination to which the witness had been subjected. He had been examined very much in the style that an adverse witness would be, with the view to test the credibility of the witness—("Hear, hear," from Mr. WINDEYER)—rather than to ascertain the facts regarding the construction of the railway works. He was not surprised at the short answers given. If he were in his position he would give much shorter answers.

Mr. HOSKINS objected to the course of examination pursued by Mr. Arnold when Mr. Rhodes was at the bar of the House, and hinted that Mr Rotton did not then interfere. He thought it was desirable that Mr. Windeyer should moderate his tone a little.

Mr. ROTTON explained that he was not in the House when Mr. Arnold examined Mr. Rhodes. If he had been it was quite as likely he should have taken exception to the questions if they had been put in the manner of the hon. and learned member.

Mr. WINDEYER defended the line of cross-examination he had adopted. It was a matter of the highest importance to the public that these works should be properly constructed, and he felt, as hundreds of lives might depend upon it, it was necessary to exert what skill his profession gave him in cross-examination to sift this matter to the bottom.

Mr. TERRY had understood that this examination of witnesses on this subject should close at seven o'clock. As there was other very important business on the paper, he should move that the House do now adjourn for refreshment.

Mr. KEMP thought it would be well if they could finish Captain Martindale's examination that evening.

Examination renewed by Mr. WINDEYER: I believe if the bridge had been constructed on the original plans it would have been swept away by the floods of February. The bridge had been altered to seven feet higher than in the first plans. The reason was that the floods were five feet higher than former floods had been; this was the reason why the elevation of the bridge was raised. The bridge was altered in the plans a second time, and brick and iron was substituted for wood. The bridge it was now proposed to have built of wood. He had now no doubt of the strength of the bridge, but he had some doubt whether its height might be sufficient to contend with future floods.

By Mr. ARNOLD: The calculations that had been made for the bridges were based on floods that had already taken place. Of course not upon floods that might occur in future. Of course they could not base their calculations on floods that might happen hereafter. I know Mr. Fowler by reputation. I am a member of the institution of Civil Engineers. I am an associate of the institution. I belong to the Royal Engineers. The principal inspecting officers of railways in England are military engineers. They are employed in England. The officers of the Board of Trade in England, who are employed for the inspection of railways are all military engineers of my own corps. Mr. Whitton is a member of the Civil Engineers. Mr. Fowler is not that. Do not know that he has any other claim to the title of Civil Engineer except the study of his profession. Have only known Mr. Fowler through two interviews which have taken place between us. In the first instance he was introduced to me by Mr. Whitton, and wished to be employed on the railway works. He brought me a reference from one of the Ministers. I did not give him any situation. He subsequently wrote to me, saying he wished to see me. I told him I would see him and he called upon me. He asked for papers and contracts connected with Mr. Rhodes, with a view, he said, of having differences made up. I referred him to Mr. Rhodes' solicitor—Mr. Want; but he said he should like to see the papers without Mr. Want's knowledge. I believe, at that time, Mr. Whitton was not on friendly terms with Mr. Fowler. Mr. Fowler was first introduced to me by Mr. Whitton. Mr. Rhodes did not ask me to give Mr. Fowler employment on the railway, but I have reason to believe that he advocated his claim as far as he could. The reason I did not give Mr. Fowler an appointment was, that he was a relation of Mr. Whitton, and I thought it very objectionable that one relative should be placed under the superintendence of another. Another reason was, that from information he received he did not conceive the employment of Mr. Fowler would be conducive to the public service. The office I now hold is Under-Secretary of Public Works, and Chief Commissioner of Internal Communication. In the former capacity my duty is to report all that comes to my knowledge of the public works to the Chief Secretary. In the latter, the Chief Engineer of Railways, of Roads, and Bridges, and all lines of telegraph, are responsible to me, and on their account to the Government. There had been no intention on the part of the Government at any time to suppress any portion of the correspondence. The instruction to the clerks has been to get it up as quickly as possible. In fact an extra clerk had been employed, and the only reason why it had not been published is because it is so voluminous. All the main matters in dispute are summed up in the last letter, laid on the table. The whole correspondence would therefore only give more in detail the matters there summed up. In the case of rails being lent to a contractor, it is very difficult to determine whether injury has been done to such an extent as to call upon the contractor to make it good. It is a matter of opinion, and the contractor might dispute the claim in every case. It would be possible to straighten the rails slightly bent, but they would never be so good afterwards. The Government have now in their possession rails injured by the contractor. They can be inspected by hon. members. Any honest contractor would feel it his duty to report to the Government where he found that the specifications determined that the work to be done in a mode clearly disadvantageous, as in the case of the South Creek. Mr. Rhodes remonstrated to the Government in the case of the wooden viaducts. I do not think any discouragement has been given to him to make representations to the Government, where he believes the plan of the works to be of an unsafe character. Although the same kind of timber is used in the various bridges the comparative strength is not always the same in their different parts. It is given in different degrees in different bridges, some above and some below. Twelve-inch timber is taken because it is the best size for obtaining superior timber. As to the mode of paying for the rock used in ballasting, I should consider that if their certificate were given by an engineer in compliance with the demand of Mr. Rhodes, it would contain a fraudulent representation. It would amount to this, that rock had been thrown into an embankment at a price of 4s. 9d. per yard, when, in fact, only earthwork had been thrown in, which the Government would have to pay at 2s. 7d. or 1s. 9d. That would be an advantage to the contractor wholly independent of the advantage of taking stone from the cutting for the purpose of ballasting, which he would otherwise be compelled to find as he could. Mr. Rhodes was never refused permission to make use of the rock found in cuttings for the purposes of ballast, but he was directed to stock it, in order that it might be seen what quantity was not taken to the embankment, and therefore should not be paid for.

By Mr. HOSKINS: Mr. Fowler applied to me for a situation in our department, though I heard him say in the House that he did not. He was introduced to me as an applicant for employment. I did not make any representation to Peto and Co. as to the incompetence of Mr. Rhodes. I was not in a position to do so, nor have I heard that any such thing was done. I have been employed in the construction of timber bridges in England; they were drawbridges, but I never superintended the construction of timber viaducts. Contractors injure the rails, because they use very rough waggons, which are much worse than locomotives. The injury is caused chiefly by reason of the rails not being properly jointed and set as they are for traffic. Our great object, when we are so very distant from the place whence we derive our supply of rails is to be as careful of them as we can. Rails with good usage may last 25 or 30 years. I consider Mr. Whitton's offer of 10 per cent. for the use of rails to be a very fair one, but he has never been without a supply of them, and has no cause of complaint on this account. I quite admit there would be danger of vibration in the Glenlee viaduct if the fact be as the contractor has stated it, that the piles are only three feet in the ground. But no representations to that effect have been made to me or to Mr. Whitton; and if the statement of the contractor be correct I acknowledge that there must have been very great neglect on the part of the officer who had charge of this work. Before I condemn him I should like to hear what counter statement the party accused has to make, for as yet I have heard but one side of the question. I have heard it stated to this committee that the piles were only driven three feet, and I shall certainly make enquiry into this point. I believe this viaduct as planned to be perfectly safe. I have never seen one like it, either in the mother country or elsewhere, and I believe it is on an entirely new principle, but one that I imagine to be safe. I have not a shadow of a doubt about its being able to take over a very much larger weight, and at greater speed, than we are likely to send over it. The weight and vibration would act upon the lower part of the piles where they enter the earth. They would be loosened in time, but then repairs are constantly going on along a railway line, and there would be no opportunity given them to get dangerously loose. A train might be run upon it for six months without any effect. That would be without repairs, but then repairs would be constantly doing to it. I never interfere in the details of the engineering department until an appeal is made to me. I cannot say whether an embankment, with a culvert, would be cheaper than this bridge, but I think the bridge much safer than an insufficient culvert, such as that which Mr. Rhodes has proposed. All estimates of expense are submitted to me, and the estimate for the whole of the extension was given to me by the Engineer-in-Chief. Mr. Rhodes has represented to this committee that an embankment, with a culvert, would be cheaper than a bridge. The question that I took into account was the safety of the line, and I went over the proposal very carefully with that object in view. My experience as regards bridges and culverts is that hitherto, instead of having had too much water way, we have had too little. In fixing the height of a bridge, the data we go by is the line of old floods. In planning the Menangle bridge we took the highest known flood line, but the February floods went beyond that. All the leading engineers are members of the Institute, as it stamps a man in his profession when he is so. I have seen Royal Engineers in charge of public works in England. Colonel James was in charge of all the dockyard works of England. In India the military engineers of the Company are employed upon the railway lines. When a contract is made that such and such materials should go to form such and such embankments, the country must lose if any of the materials are taken for the private use of the contractor. The disposal sheet is so made out that the cuttings shall form the embankments, and if the materials be taken extra expense is entailed. We had no objection to Mr. Rhodes taking the rock, but what we objected to was that he wanted us to pay him for excavating it, when he took it out for his own use. [The witness was then examined by Mr. ROBERTSON, but answered in so low a tone, that his replies were not sufficiently audible to be fairly reported.] I distinctly remember that during an interview at which the Minister for Lands and Works, Mr. Rhodes, and myself, were present, a doubt was expressed by Mr. Rhodes as to what the intention had been in sending to London the schedule of prices which had been submitted to Mr. Gabrielli, and that the Minister proposed to call in Mr. Gabrielli, who was in the next room, to settle the point, and Mr. Rhodes refused to have him called.

By Mr. PARKES: Messrs. Peto and Co. are paid monthly on the certificates of the Engineer-in-chief, but the payment for April, which was due on the 26th of last month, had not yet been paid, owing to my not having received the certificate, owing to the officer who made up the accounts having been ill for a few days, and also to his having been in attendance in this House expecting to be called to give evidence. The monthly payments to Messrs. Peto and Co. vary from £5000 to £10,000, but Mr. Rhodes has sent in a claim for £15,000.

The witness having withdrawn,

The CHAIRMAN left the chair, reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again on Friday next, the order of the day to take precedence of all other business.

QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE.

Mr. FAUCETT desired, as a matter of privilege, to notice an inaccuracy which appeared in to-day's HERALD, in the report of last night's proceedings in the Assembly. The report said that "Mr. Faucett defended the conduct of Mr. Cary at some length." On ordinary occasions he would not have referred to the report of anything he had said, as the reports in the newspapers were in general very accurate, but this statement was notoriously incorrect, and hon. members would bear him out in the statement that he did not say one single word in defence of the conduct of Mr. Cary.

Dr. LANG said he had also to make a communication on a subject of privilege; and as that was the first time he ever had occasion to do so since he became a member of the Legislature—some seventeen years ago, he trusted he should not be accused of officiously introducing a matter concerning himself. (Hear, hear.) Yesterday evening, while he was in the House, the hon. member for Sydney East (Mr. Black) made some allusion to a matter in which he had been personally concerned, and observing that a debate was likely to ensue on the subject, he thought it was becoming in him to leave the House so as not to embarrass any hon. member who might choose to offer any observations on the subject in his presence. On taking up one of this morning's papers—the EMPIRE—he observed that the hon. and learned member for Sydney East (Mr. Faucett) was reported to have said that he had not read the letter in question—that was his (Dr. Lang's) letter—"but if it were what he was told, it was a disgrace to any one professing to be a clergyman; it was, moreover, a libel on the community and a libel on this House as coming from a member of this House. If the hon. and rev. member had the interests of morality at heart, he would have written that letter three months before, but he waited till the individual whom he assailed had made to society the only reparation which he could have made." Now, the hon. and learned member for Sydney East professed in the outset of this statement, which he presumed was correctly reported, never to have read the letter on which he presumed to make such offensive observations. He could only say that the gross ignorance of the hon. and learned member was only equalled by his unblushing presumption and —— (Laughter).

Mr. FAUCETT rose to order. Was it proper to use such language in that House?

Dr. LANG said, if he had used any expressions that were unbecoming an hon. member, he would willingly withdraw them. (Laughter.)

The SPEAKER said that great indulgence was always given to hon. members in making personal explanations.

Mr. FAUCETT said he had merely risen in support of the dignity of the House.

Mr. PARKES said, on the point of order, he did not think the dignity of the House was more offended by the use of the term "unblushing presumption," than it must have been when the hon. and rev. member's conduct was stigmatised as being a disgrace to literature, to religion, and to this House. (Hear, hear.)

Dr. LANG continued: If the hon. and learned member had any remarks to make upon any production of his (Dr. Lang's), surely it was a duty which he owed to him (Dr. Lang) as well as to the House in the first instance to have made himself master of the subject by reading the letter. This, however, the honorable and learned gentleman had not thought it proper to do when he stood forward as a public accuser on the floor of that House, accusing him not only of acting in a manner that was a disgrace to the profession to which he had the honour to belong, but also in a way that implied a libel on that House. Now, if he had done anything that in the slightest degree implied a libel on that House, it was certainly the hon. Speaker—and not the hon. and learned member for Sydney East, however prominent might be his abilities, and however great he might be in his profession—who was the proper guardian of the rights and liberties of that House; and he conceived that those rights and liberties were quite safe in the Speaker's hands. The gross ignorance that was exhibited of the subject on which the hon. and learned member professed to deliver his opinions was evident from that statement that if he (Dr. Lang) had had the interests of morality at heart he would have written that letter three months before. Why, his object in writing that letter was stated on the face of it; it was written on the very day the mail for the month of March left this colony for England, and its object was to enter his protest against any Protestant minister ever doing in this colony what had been done, as was stated in the list of marriages sent home that very day, in the papers to England, prostituting, as he conceived it was, the office of a clergyman, and bringing the institute of religion into contempt by solemnizing a marriage in such a case as the one of which he gave a narrative. And it was merely as a preface to this protest which he, in the interest of public morality and of public decency, deemed himself obliged to make on behalf of the public and the Christian community of this colony; it was merely as an introduction to this protest that the narrative which preceded it was given. He never disputed the right of the Legislature to legalise marriages in the cases to which he had alluded; but as that particular case was a flagrant one, and the first that had occurred since the passing of the Divorce Act in England, he deemed it his duty to stand forward in the interests of morality, and protest against the prostitution of the offices of religion by Protestant ministers of any communion in such case. The colony had been apprised very recently of another flagrant instance of a similar kind at home. A member of Parliament, related by marriage to one of the wealthiest families in England, had been deprived of all the happiness that the marriage life could promise. Notwithstanding his having two children growing up to manhood, his wife, who was one of the richest heiresses in the country, ran away with her own footman, and these parties were now promenading the streets of Paris and bringing reproach upon the morality of England in the estimation of her friends across the water in France. Suppose that any Protestant clergyman were to disgrace himself by solemnising a marriage in such a case, what would the people of France think of England's morality? He deemed it unnecessary to say more upon this subject. He had deemed it his duty to the House, and to himself as a member of the House, not to allow himself to rest under such a reproach as was thrown upon him behind his back by the hon. and learned member for Sydney East (Mr. Faucett). He (Dr. Lang) had no reason to be ashamed of his conduct in the matter referred to. He was actuated he believed by the purest motives, and by the highest regard for the interests of morality.

Mr. FAUCETT, having been attacked by the hon. and rev member in the manner they had heard this evening, was sure the House would excuse him if he took up a few moments in explanation. He could assure the hon. and rev. member that he (Mr. Faucett) was the last person in that House to say, behind the back of the hon. and rev. member that which he would not say before his face. (Laughter and cheers.) And now, after consideration, and with the letter before him, he had not one single word to retract, of what he said in this matter last night—not a single syllable. He could not speak as to the correctness of the report, there may or may not have been some expressions in it which he did not use; but whatever he did say he had no desire to retract. So far was he from saying anything behind the back of the hon. and rev. member which he would not say in his presence, whether offensive or otherwise. The proceedings of this evening only showed, in a still stronger manner than ever, what he had pointed out last evening, namely, the want of judgment and wisdom of a friend of the hon. and rev. member in introducing the hon. and rev. member's name before the committee, when he came down with a glowing panegyric upon the hon. and rev. member as the greatest patriot of the land, and before all others in purity of conduct, religion, and morality. When the hon. member for Sydney East (Mr. Black) with fervent eloquence and that delicate refinement of language (which was so well suited for a temperance tea-party) expressed himself so strongly in approbation of the hon. and rev. member's conduct and character, as he (Mr. Faucett) did not agree with him in opinion, he felt justified in stating his dissent. This dissent he expressed fully and without hesitation; and the hon. and rev. member and his friend might take it as offensive or otherwise, just as they pleased. (Laughter.) The House had been told that the hon. and rev. member was a minister of religion, this he regretted—an old man, this he regretted—that he was a member of that House, this he could not say he regretted; and he would say as he had said before, the hon. and rev. member's conduct as a member of Parliament had certainly been as mild as that of the most mild-mannered man that ever cut a throat. (Laughter.) But should he (Mr. Faucett) pollute the ears of that Assembly by reading the words of the letter here before him? No; he would not pollute his own lips with them. (Hear, hear.) He had nothing to retract, and would only say again, that if an hon. member passed a glowing eulogium upon any other person, whether a member of that House or not, with which he did not agree, he should have no hesitation in pronouncing his dissent. The hon. member for East Sydney dilated in warm panegyric upon the hon. and rev. member, and he (Mr. Faucett) expressed dissent strongly, simply because he considered an undue laudation was expressed strongly. But having read the report and looked at the letter, he saw no reason to alter his opinion or retract his expression, believing as he still did, that that letter was not creditable to the hon. and rev. member; and that it would not tend to promote morality or religion was shown on the face of it; for whatever the hon. and rev. writer might have felt himself, the reader must conceive that he was influenced in it by some other desire than moral reform. But he (Mr. Faucett) was not there to suggest other motives.

Dr. LANG said if he deemed it necessary to have a father confessor in morals or religion he must acknowledge that the hon. and learned member for East Sydney would be the last person he would select for that office, believing that he was deficient of the moral sense it would require. (Laughter.)

Mr. BLACK conceived that some little explanation was necessary on his part, as he felt that the hon. and learned member for East Sydney had, to a certain extent misrepresented what he had stated that night. He said that he (Mr. Black) had pronounced a glowing eulogium upon the hon. and rev. member; but instead of that being the case, perhaps what he did state would supply the eloquence for a good eulogium, though he was not aware at the time that glowing eulogy was being expressed. He merely stated that the hon. and rev. member was a member of that House, an old and respected member of this community, and a minister of religion. Although these facts were likely to awaken the eloquence of eulogy, he thought the hon. and learned member for East Sydney had misrepresented him in stating that this simple assertion of facts was eulogy itself. The hon. member had expressed great abhorrence at the letter which formed the foundation of the whole of this proceeding; but he (Mr. Black) should have been better pleased if the hon. and learned member had expressed his abhorrence at the facts narrated therein.

Mr. HODGSON rose to order, and suggested that the hon. member was deviating from a personal explanation.

The SPEAKER intimated that although considerable indulgence was granted by the House in matters of personal explanation, it was advisable to keep such matters within reasonable limits. It must be remembered, too, that the subject which gave rise to this discussion took place in committee, not in the House.

Mr. HOSKINS considered that the hon. member for Newcastle had shown a want of respect to the House by his remarks upon the Speaker.

Mr. PARKES said this discussion arose upon a matter of privilege introduced by the hon. and rev. gentleman, and he apprehended that a debate might ensue upon it if it were thought desirable.

Mr. FORSTER: If they were to judge of personal explanations by the last remark of the hon. and rev. gentleman he would ask whether it were possible for any hon. member to travel further from a personal explanation than the hon. and rev. gentleman had done.

Mr. PIDDINGTON said that whether the hon. and rev. gentleman introduced this debate or not, it had assumed the character of a personal explanation. He would ask the House whether it was proper to pursue this kind of debate further. If the hon. gentleman (Mr. Black) might not only explain, but attack the conduct of the hon. and learned member (Mr. Faucett) because he did not condemn certain facts, he did not think that could be called a personal explanation.

Mr. ROBERTSON could not see why,—if the hon. and rev. gentleman might be permitted to offer an explanation, and the hon. and learned member opposite also,—why the hon. member (Mr. Black), not having the title of learned, should not have the opportunity too. The hon. and learned gentleman had made an offensive remark about the speech of the hon. gentleman (Mr. Black) (Mr. FAUCETT: "I deny I said anything offensive"), and having made a sneering allusion about the teetotal style of speaking of the hon. member.

Mr. BLACK: The hon. and learned gentleman has expressed pretty freely his doubts as to the wisdom of the course he (Mr. Black) had pursued, and had also criticised his style of eloquence, which he said was adapted to a kind of teetotal society. But he was not aware that that kind of eloquence was obnoxious to the hon and learned member. He complained that the hon and learned gentlemen had insisted that he (Mr. Black) had pronounced a glowing eulogium on the honorable and reverend gentleman. He maintained that he stated certain facts that would have formed a good ground for a glowing eulogium. He thought he should take the opportunity of pronouncing a glowing eulogium, and if he were capable of doing so he would say there was no man, or hon. member of this House, or in the country, who—

Mr. SPEAKER said the hon. gentleman was travelling out of the question. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. BLACK: After those remarks, he would not trespass upon the indulgence of the House any further; but he had risen to complain of the criticism of the honorable and learned member. The House and country ought to feel indebted to any public man for speaking out boldly his mind on any public occasion; and as he thought the hon. and rev. gentleman acted as he ought to act, he did not think his conduct ought to be called in question. As he believed no higher eulogium could be pronounced on any person than that pronounced by the great Scottish reformer, when he said, looking at the face of John Knox, "Here lies the man that never feared the face of clay." (Roars of laughter from both sides of the House.) So he believed that when the time came for the hon. and rev. gentleman—— (Great laughter.)

Mr. SPEAKER: The hon. gentleman is out of order.

Mr. FAUCETT said he had no idea of giving offence to the hon. gentleman.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1487990

Mr. BLACK would accept the assurance of the hon. and learned member. He would conclude by simply saying that when the time came, which he hoped was far distant, for the hon. and rev gentleman to — (Roars of laughter, amid which Mr. SPEAKER called the hon. member to order, and he then sat down.)

The matter then terminated.

PRINTING OF EVIDENCE.

Mr. PARKES moved, without notice, that the evidence taken before the Committee on Railway Works be printed. Carried.

CAPTAIN BOYLE.

Mr. HODGSON moved, "That the petition from James Boyle, presented by him on the 27th April be printed." He should perhaps be excused if in this very peculiar matter he made a very few observations. Captain Boyle was employed for many years, up to the year 1845, in the conveyance of convicts in the brigs Isabella and Governor Phillip from Sydney to Moreton Bay and Norfolk Island. When the system of transportation to penal settlements was discontinued in the year 1845, both vessels were sold at Van Diemen's Land, and Captain Boyle was discharged. His pay had been at the rate of £12 per month. He received a pension afterwards at the rate of one months' salary per annum. He remained ashore for four years, when after many applications he received the appointment of superintendent of boats in the dockyard. He held this appointment for some twelve months, when this establishment was also broken up. He was then made signal master at Newcastle, and continued to perform the duties satisfactorily until the signal station and his duties were removed to the lighthouse on Nobby's. Poor old Boyle was now sixty-eight years of age and in very indigent circumstances, in fact he might say he was in a state of great poverty, as during the time he had command of the brig he had no opportunity of putting by anything for a rainy day. On the 1st of January, 1845, Captain Boyle wrote a letter to Captain Moriarty, narrating the history of an attempt to take the Governor Phillip by the convicts, which, although the convicts had cut through the door of their prison. In this letter, whilst dwelling on the merits of his subordinates, he modestly failed to make any mention of his own.

Mr. ARNOLD: How long is it since this old Boyle was discharged?

Mr. HODGSON: It was in 1844.

Mr. ARNOLD: Ah, then, it must be a very old sore.

Mr. HODGSON: The story he had to relate might be old, but not too old for narration. But there were higher deeds of heroism on which to rest this old man's claims on the feelings of the colonists. (The hon. gentleman here read a concise but substantial account contained in a lecture delivered by Mr. Michie, at Melbourne, and published in the Age newspaper, of the well-know case of piracy on board the Governor Phillip, in the year 1844, in which the convicts must have taken the ship but for the valour and determination of Captain Boyle. Two men were killed on board, and several of the convicts on the arrival of the brig in Sydney were tried and hanged. This case served to show that it was by the courage and pluck of this old man that the brig was saved. He should content himself with moving that the petition be printed, and should found no substantive motion upon it. He thought the mention of the case would draw the attention of the Government to it, and that, if this poor old man could not be placed in affluence, he might at least be placed in a position of comfort. It might, he knew, be said that, as old Boyle was engaged in the Imperial service, this claim should be made on the Imperial Government; but it was so long ago, it was hardly probable the Government would recognise the claim; and, between two stools, the old man might come to the ground.

Dr. LANG supported the motion, and stated that a very general feeling of admiration was awakened by the noble heroism of Captain Boyle's conduct. He hoped the Government would listen to the appeal that had been made to them.

Question put and carried.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Mr. HART moved, "That an address be presented to the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid upon the table of this House a copy of all correspondence between the Government and Mr. Lewis Markham, and any other persons, relative to the appointment of a district registrar at Armidale, in lieu of Mr. Baker, resigned." The hon. member explained the circumstances which led to the resignation of Mr. Baker, and thought the correspondence would show that he had some cause of complaint.

Mr. WEEKES said there was no objection to the production of the correspondence. In fact, only the concluding portion was necessary, the earlier part having been already printed.

The motion was put and carried.

COOK'S RIVER DAM.

Mr. LUCAS moved, "That this House will, on Tuesday next, resolve itself into a committee of the whole to consider of an address to the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be placed upon a Supplementary Estimate for the present year a sum not less than £1000 for the purpose of repairing the Cook's River Dam." The hon. member said that for some time past the dam had been in a bad state of repair, and persons residing on the banks of the river had suffered much from the floods. There was great traffic over this dam. In 1856, the population of the district was 1319, but now, he thought, it was not less than 2300 or 2500. The recent flood had taken away a large portion of this important work, and if something were not done to place it in a proper condition, as stated by the Colonial Architect, the next fresh would probably completely destroy a construction which cost the colony some £12,000 or £14,000. The Colonial Architect admitted that it was exceedingly dangerous, and at times impassable. If the dam were washed away, as it certainly would be if something were not done before the next rains set in, it would cost the country an expense of £12,000 or £15,000 to build a bridge there, as, from the low nature of the ground, there was no means of working a punt. The persons resident on the other side of the dam were mostly poor families, depending upon the sale of their produce for their daily subsistence, and if the communication were interrupted for only two days they would be without bread. Thus, if the dam were washed away, some 300 or 400 families would be left without the means of subsistence. The hon. member stated the mischief that had been already caused there by the floods, and the only means for preventing their recurrence in future.

Mr. LYONS seconded the motion.

Mr. ARNOLD was sorry that it was his duty to oppose this application. The present was a peculiar time, when hon. members ought not to allow themselves to be influenced to make these kind of applications. In consequence of the two tremendous floods the country had latterly edured, the roads throughout the whole interior had been rendered comparatively impassable, and the only means of in any way keeping the communication open, with the limited means at the disposal of the Government, would be, by determining carefully what was absolutely necessary to be done, and then by expending the money in an economical manner. If, then, a sum of £1000 was now to be expended on a road only a few hundred yards in length, he hardly knew how the Government or the House would be able to resist applications of a similar character, but founded upon still stronger claims of justice, that would come in from other parts of the country. As it was now, shoals of applications had been coming in upon the Government during the last few weeks, and there were none of them that were not forfeited with stronger claims to consideration than that now before the House. Then, again, the question had been latterly mooted, as to whether this dam was, after all, an advantage, and one gentleman had petitioned the House on the ground that it was a serious evil to his property. It was not very long back that £200 had been spent here. The good that expenditure had caused had been annulled by the effect of the late floods and in consequence the Colonial Architect had been sent there to determine as to what was to be done. His report was, that nothing could be done within the limit of the expence to which the Government could go, to remove the evils that were likely to result from the Dam remaining in its present position. He had, however, recommended as a mitigation of the evil, that an additional floodgate should be opened, and that the roadway should be lowered at the centre to high water mark to allow the flood waters to pass away. This would cause an expenditure of £2160; and if the Government were to be called upon to pay this, with the many other enormous expenses that the Government would have to meet, there would be but small chance for the torrents of applications that were daily pouring in. In the course of a few days, a supplementary estimate amounting to £200,000 would be presented to the House; and the sooner it was so the better, for if it were delayed a few days it would be very much increased by the many applications that were daily pouring in, and which it was impossible for the Government to resist. As an instance, news had been received that the Nepean bridge had been swept away, thereby cutting off an important line of communication. Here then was a work so imperative that the Gouernment could not resist executing it, and they must make provision for keeping open this important line of communication. If next year the Government should be induced to undertake this work, he could only say that they would feel it to be their duty to place a toll upon the dam. If the House should decide upon voting this money, of course the Government could not resist, but if the Government were left to themselves they would endeavour to apportion the sum at their disposal fairly through the country, and these persons would receive the same consideration as others in other parts of the country.

Mr. LYONS denied that the motion was ill timed. He had heard that if this work were not put in order, large numbers of industrious persons would find themselves in a state of destitution. Many persons in that neighbourhood were dependent on the charcoal which they brought to Sydney, and if proper communication were not afforded they would have to give up their little homesteads. He believed that the work was in the first instance badly constructed; the floodgates, instead of being in the centre, were on the sides. It was quite true that great losses had been sustained by the settlers in the country, but he believed that the Government had recognised the claims of a great number of these people. He could not understand why the Government had opposed this motion in such a strenuous way. He believed that some large tracts of land had been sold about this road, and that the Government had been benefited in that manner. He trusted the House would see the justice of the claim and vote the amount.

Mr. WILSON would admit that the late Government had acted with a great deal of promptness in relieving many of the sufferers by the floods, and in restoring the roads; but he was sorry to say that they were now in as bad a state as they were before. He was sorry to hear the hon. Minister for Works underrate the importance of the Clyde road; he believed it was second to none in importance, there being great traffic upon it, and the teams for Sydney being loaded with produce. He would take the opportunity of calling the attention of the Government to the information he had received by telegram that all the bridges on that road were quite washed away.

Mr. KEMP remarked that the object of the dam had to a great extent failed, for although it had been used as a road the object was, he understood, to make the river a fresh water river, so as to afford a constant supply to the district. In this respect it had so far been a failure, that many persons were suffering from the effects of the back water. He thought it behoved the Government, before spending any more money upon it, to ascertain whether the dam did supply the country round with fresh water. If only a road was intended, a less expensive structure would ensure all that was required.

Mr. ARNOLD said that the dam was originally constructed to afford a supply of fresh water, but it had failed for that purpose, as the water was salt. He was informed that higher up the river, at Liverpool, the water had become salt.

Mr. KEMP said that that was not the same river.

Mr. TERRY considered that the man who kept the floodgates was entitled to praise for the manner in which he discharged his duty; when the water was over the dam the floodgates were always open, though in times of flood the water had risen with such rapidity as to incur heavy damages to parties in the vicinity. Unless the dam had something done for its improvement, the people on the other side would not be enabled to get their produce to Sydney. The road over it was in such bad repair that carts were continually breaking down, and if the dam were not repaired the poor people would be starved into leaving that part of the country, and must seek relief from the Government. If the Government lowered the centre of the dam and put two feet at the end that would do.

Mr. LUCAS thought these people were justly entitled to the amount asked. The dam was constructed for a road to Wollongong, and was constructed by convict labour; and, in consequence of that mode of communication, a large number of people went to reside in the vicinity; so that if the dam was now suffered to become useless for want of repairs, no less than five hundred poor families would be quite destitute and have to leave their little homesteads to swell the amount of unemployed in Sydney. If this sum now asked for was judiciously expended, the Government probably would not have to spend any more money in that locality, as the people are most likely to form themselves into a municipality within a short period. He conscientiously believed that, unless this grant of £1000 was passed by the House, they would have four or five hundred families destitute.

The motion was then put and passed, with a majority of 17 to 11.

SYDNEY TOWN HALL.

Mr. FAUCETT moved, "That the Town Hall Site Exchange Bill be referred for the consideration and report of a select committee. That such committee consist of Mr. Kemp, Mr. Laidlaw, Mr. M'Arthur, Mr. Clements, Mr. Lyons, Mr. Wild, and the mover."

Mr. MORRIS seconded the motion, which was carried.

CASE OF MR. C. F. GORTON.

Mr. WILD moved, "That the report of the select committee appointed to inquire into, and report upon, the case of Mr. C. F. Gorton, which was laid upon the table of this House on the 1st of May, be now adopted. That an address be presented to the Governor General, transmitting a copy of the report and evidence, with a request that his Excellency will bring the recommendations therein contained under the consideration of the Executive Council." The honorable and learned gentleman said that the committee had been appointed to enquire into the dismissal of Mr. Gorton from the Survey office, where he held a situation as a clerk in 1858. He had held that office for five or six years, and it appeared that no complaint had been made against him during that period. A select committee had been appointed to enquire into the management of the Survey Office, and Mr. Gorton had attended to give evidence before it upon summons. Shortly after doing so he was dismissed, and he came now to ask the consideration of the House for this reason. He asserted that he was dismissed because he gave evidence before the committee, which evidence was in some degree unpalatable to the gentlemen who then held the reins of power. The committee had, however, directed their attention to some other circumstances which pointed more clearly to the reasons why he was dismissed. Mr. Gorton had made no representation to the Government that his dismissal was in consequence of the evidence he had given, but he says now that he believes such was the reason. The committee thought it advisable to summon the present Premier, who was then Minister for Lands, and the present acting Surveyor-General. From the testimony of these gentlemen, it appeared upon the whole to the committee that Mr. Gorton had been dealt with, if not harshly, at all events hastily. Upon the evidence of the Premier himself the report had been founded, and the committee had been unable to recommend that any sum of money should be paid to Mr. Gorton, but they had worded their recommendation to this effect, that they considered that the justice of the case would have been met by paying his salary to the end of the year, he having been dismissed in August, and that his dismissal ought not to be a bar to his future employment in the public service. The Premier did not consider the dismissal of Mr. Gorton as a bar, and believed that the justice of the case would have been met by allowing him to keep his situation to the end of the year. The evidence of the Acting Surveyor-General as to the removal of original documents from the office, and the irregular complaint of Mr. Gorton, was very strong indeed in favour of the complainant. The report was as brief as possible, and only three witnesses had been examined on two points. The Premier would probably carry out the testimony he gave before the committee, that the justice of the case would have been met if the suggestion made by the committee had been carried out at the time.

Dr. LANG seconded the motion.

Mr. ROBERTSON regretted that the hon. and learned member should have endeavoured to show that the cause of the dismissal of this officer was, that he had given certain evidence before a committee appointed to enquire into the working of the Survey Office. This was not the case. When he (Mr. Robertson) took office, he found a letter on his table containing a recommendation for the dismissal of this officer. Mr. Hay was also in favour of a dismissal. He (Mr. Robertson) thought—as had been stated by the mover—that Mr. Gorton might have been continued in office through the current year, with notice that he would then have to seek other employment. His colleagues, however, were not disposed to be so liberal, and objected to this proposition. He felt bound to say that there was nothing discreditable to Mr. Gorton's character in the cause of his dismissal. It was from no incapacity, but only from ill temper. He would persevere in making complaints to the Minister instead of to the head of his department. He assumed a right to promotion in the department to which he belonged. He should not feel compelled to offer any opposition to the present motion, as he thought Mr. Gorton might think it hard that he should be dismissed without notice.

Motion put and carried.

MR. C. DELOHERY.

Mr. PARKES moved—"That an address be presented to the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid upon the table of this House copies of all documents, whether reports of boards of inquiry, or of magistrates, or correspondence between members of the Sydney Bench and the Government, relating to the removal of Mr. C. Delohery from the office of chief clerk of the Sydney Police Office, in the year 1850." This gentleman was removed from his office in 1850, after over twenty years' service. Before the new Constitution was passed, a committee had been appointed to consider his case, but the new Constitution Act coming into effect, nothing had been done. He now asked for these papers that they might be laid upon the table of the select committee now sitting, of which he was a member, and which was known as the grievance committee.

Motion put and carried.

MORETON BAY IMMIGRATION AND LAND COMPANY'S ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

Dr. LANG moved "That the order of the day for the second reading of the Moreton Bay Immigration and Land Company's Act Amendment Bill, which lapsed by the House being counted out on the 27th April be restored to the paper, and stand an order of the day for Tuesday next."

Motion seconded and carried.

MRS. FRANCES DE COURCY.

Mr. HART moved, "That this House will on Tuesday, the 8th instant, resolve itself into a committee of the whole to consider of an address to the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be placed upon the Supplementary Estimates for the service of the year 1860, a sum of money not exceeding £100, as compensation to Mrs. Frances De Courcy for injuries sustained by her on the Parramatta line of railway, in accordance with the report of the select committee appointed on the 18th day of October last, to inquire into and report upon the allegations contained in Mrs. De Courcy's petition; and a sum of £52 on the Estimates for the service of the year 1861, being the first annual payment to her, in further accordance with the recommendations contained in the same report. In making this motion he should detain the House for a few moments only. Mrs. De Courcy, as was shown by the report of enquiry into the accident, had received very serious injuries. Her wrist was dislocated, and she was deprived of the use of her hand. Her face was injured, and permanently disfigured, and paralysis had set in. He thought the case was one deserving the sympathy of the Government.

Mr. HOSKINS seconded the motion.

Mr. WINDEYER said he regretted the committee had not recommended a larger sum, when the enormous amount of £7500 had been given to Mrs. Want. Mrs. De Courcy had received injuries not only bodily, but also mentally, which made the blood run cold; and at the time of the accident she was in the receipt of from £150 to £200 per year. She had a family of five children, and also contributed towards the maintenance of her husband who was suffering from unsoundness of mind. He thought the sum was too small and especially after the amount that had been given to other persons who had powerful interest which they could bring to bear upon the Government. If it were competent for him to make any different recommendation he would propose the sum of £100 per annum.

Mr. WEEKES said that although the case was one calling for the sympathy of the House, he thought the justice of the case would be met by confining themselves to the recommendation of the committee.

Mr. KEMP said it was known to many members of the House that he was one of the arbitrators in the case of Mrs. Want, and he wished therefore to say a few words after what had fallen from the hon. member for the Lower Hunter. He knew nothing whatever of Mrs. Want. He did not know that he had ever seen her. He acted as one of the arbitrators on the solicitation of Mr. Robertson, and he could assure the House that whatever influence Mrs. Want might have with hon. members, or with the Government, that she had no influence with the arbitrators. It was a matter of pure calculation. He still believed that the conclusion at which they arrived was a correct conclusion.

Dr. LANG regretted that, while in the one case the award seemed to be so munificent, it should be so paltry in the other.

Mr. ROBERTSON said there was a considerable difference in the two cases. In the one there was the death of the head of the family, and in the other there was no death at all. He (Mr. R.) recommended this lady to induce some hon. gentleman to move for a select committee, and his hon. friend had taken up the matter for her. He applied to several gentlemen to undertake the duty of arbitrating in this matter, but they refused. He then applied to Mr. Kemp, who accepted the duties, and he really thought that the hon. member had got but scant justice for the performance, of the services he had rendered. Mrs. De Courcy had shown an amount of shrewdness in reference to her case which indicated anything but an impaired mind.

Mr. HOSKINS said he should be disposed to vote for such an amendment as that proposed by the hon. member for the Lower Hunter. He was opposed to such cases being referred to arbitration at all. They ought to be decided by a jury.

Mr. PARKES agreed that a jury was the more proper tribunal to decide upon these cases; but as to the award in this case, it was founded upon precisely the same principle as that upon which awards were given in similar cases in England. Looking at this principle, he thought that the committee had arrived at a proper conclusion.

Mr. LUCAS moved that the words "one hundred" be substituted for the words "fifty-two."

Mr. HART saw no very great objection to this amendment, because the question of amount might be discussed at some future period when the matter again came before the House.

Mr. GORDON thought the House in too liberal a mood this evening, and objected to anything like an increase in the amount that had been recommended by a committee who had taken evidence in the matter.

Mr. ARNOLD said that the Government had continually had this case before them, and had already placed upon the additional estimate for the present year not only the £100, but also the £52 yearly payment, thus commencing the annuity one year before the time recommended by the committee. He did not, at the same time think that Mrs. de Courcy had an indisputable claim on the Government, but the House had evidently been led astray by the fact of an exorbitant sum having been voted to another person. Looking at that sum, the amount now proposed was certainly a very modest one, but on the abstract question of right, he thought she had been very liberally dealt with.

The House divided on Mr. Windeyer's amendment, which was lost on a division of 17 to 6, the minority being Mr. Hoskins, Mr. Windeyer, Mr. Lucas, Mr. Wilson, Dr. Lang, and Mr. Wisdom.

The original motion was then put and carried.

Mr. ROTTON said, as hon. members did not seem disposed to go on with the rest of the business, he would move the adjournment of the House till Tuesday next.

The motion was not seconded.

POSTPONEMENTS.

Mr. GRAY'S motive relative to the consideration of the petition of T. G. Rusden against the return of James Hart, Esq., as member for New England, to Tuesday next.

The second reading of the Members of Council Qualification Bill was postponed until Friday next.

After some discussion as to the propriety of postponing the remainder of the business on the paper, attention was called to the state of the House, and there not being a quorum present, the House adjourned at ten minutes past twelve o'clock until three o'clock on Tuesday next.

CALLAGHAN'S REPRIEVE.

To the Editor of the Herald.

SIR,—As the reprieve lately granted to the man Callaghan, who was convicted of murder at the last Maitland Circuit Court, has created quite a sensation here, the public naturally expected some statement would appear in the public prints showing upon what grounds this wretched man has received a remission of sentence. The surprise is the greater because every one with whom I have spoken on the subject, who was present at *his* trial, and heard the evidence, states he was fully convinced of the man's guilt; and it is generally believed here that either some extraordinary influence has been at work at head-quarters in the man's behalf, or that some important revelation has been made in connection with the murder.

Whichever way it is the public mind ought to be satisfied, and perhaps the proper course would be for some independent member of the Legislative Assembly to call for all the papers and correspondence connected with the case; some information seems the more necessary because public interest in Jones' case (Jones, be it remembered, was convicted at the same time of murder, and has since been executed) went so far as to induce many persons to sign a petition in his (Jones') favour, which, by the way, was not even acknowledged by the Executive; and the man Callaghan, on whose behalf no petition, so far as I am aware, was got up, was reprieved, which has the appearance, to say the least, of partiality. The murder committed by Jones was, without doubt, a brutal one, but, as compared with that committed by Callaghan, it had this extenuating difference—it was not premeditated.

I do not advocate the infliction of capital punishment, but I do think that until the law in this respect is altered, we ought to treat all equally, otherwise we inflict great injustice on those whom we do not reprieve.

I am, Sir, yours, very truly,
AN OBSERVER.

To the Editor of the Herald.

SIR,—In a country where freedom of speech is permitted, and, under the existing state of affairs, brought about by the grand discovery of an extensive gold-field and the late disastrous floods, with your leave, and through your indulgence, publish my ideas and thoughts on the present and future condition of the colony in reference to gold mines.

I am happy to see one member (Mr. Wilson) at least is fully alive to what our condition will be if we are outbid by Victoria in the gold market at Kiandra. Again to remove the tax on gold is nothing but justice to the digger; Victoria can do the same.

But, Sir, of what is of equal importance to the colony, and which the Government should not delay in carrying out at once, is prospecting parties in the various districts. Well-organised parties should now be in the field, for the winter—the season for prospecting—has now arrived. Imagine, in the event of the Snowy River diggings failing in the spring, after a fair trial, what will become of the large population attracted hither; and it is just possible it may not be all "gold that glitters." Why, Sir, they will return to Victoria, unless they can be lured into the west by a more productive field.

The Victorians know well another "Kiandra," opened in the west, for diggers to fall back on, and they loose the only class of men worth retaining in the country; hence, very wisely, the "GOVERNMENT" have undertaken to prospect the country, to save it from being abandoned by the "bone and sinew" of the colony. I would ask you, Sir, is any encouragement like that held out in New South Wales to the miner, or in fact any class. It is quite clear that, if the Snowy River diggings fail, and no new field is discovered in the mean time, diggers will retrace their steps. If you want them they are now within your grasp, they have crossed the "border," encourage them, do not drive them back.

This last grand discovery has set the whole mining population in motion, from one end of the colony to the other. The digger has drawn, or rather pulled up his "stakes," and it is for you to say, shall he plant them next in New South Wales or again in Victoria. I tell you, Sir, the tide of immigration has set in in your favour, and that of the right sort. As an old practical gold miner I would say encourage it by all means.

In conclusion, I do not offer any apology for taking up so much valuable space in the HERALD, if you consider my remarks worthy of insertion. I have come from Victoria, and have travelled over a large portion of the western districts, and am from experience of opinion that the "deposit" of gold is yet undiscovered in New South Wales.

Your most obedient servant,
CANADIAN.

WOOLLARAH.—A meeting of the directors of the municipality of Woollarah was held last evening, in compliance with an advertisement which appeared in the *Sydney Morning Herald*, at Mr. Edmund's Inn, corner of Point Piper and New South Head Road, to take into consideration a letter addressed by the Under-Secretary to certain of the electors, calling on them to furnish descriptions of the several wards in the municipality, in order that the same might be proclaimed. The meeting was well attended by the electors, and Mr. Gorman, being unanimously voted into the chair, opened the proceedings of the meeting by reading the advertisement explaining its objects, and the desirability of leaving the division of wards to those who may be elected to act for the municipality. After considerable discussion it resulted in the unanimous adoption of the following resolution: "That the defining of the boundaries of the wards of the Municipality of Woollarah is a duty that properly belongs to the Municipal Council, to be elected on the forthcoming election, and that the same shall be left to them to decide as to the boundaries of the said wards." A number of names was then mentioned who should be brought forward at the coming election, after which the meeting separated.

ARRIVAL OF THE MALTA AT NEPEAN BAY, WITH NEWS TO 19TH MARCH.

[FROM OUR ADELAIDE TELEGRAPHIC CORRESPONDENT.]

Adelaide, Friday, 8 p.m.

THE P. and O. S. Malta, Captain Down, arrived in Nepean Bay at 11·30 a.m., and sailed at 5·15 p.m. She left Suez on 28th March, Aden 3rd, Galle 14th, and King George's Sound on 30th April.

List of the Malta's passengers from Southampton. For Sydney: Mr. Hodrgan, Mr. Stephens, Mr. and Mrs. M'Farlane, Mr. G. Wheatley. For Melbourne: Mr. and Mrs. Kerr and children, — Sharpe, Simpson, Lyon, Atkins, and Ensign Benton. From Marseilles to Melbourne: Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Scott, Mr. Stephens, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. White, Mr. Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Kersley, Mr. Joshua, Mr. and Mrs. Bradshaw, Mr. H. Torny. From Marseilles to Sydney: Captain Eldred. For Adelaide; Captain Hart, Mr. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Cameron.

The Northam, from Sydney, 14th March, arrived at Galle on the 8th April.

The Emeu was spoken by the Malta; all well.

Telegraphic communication is still interrupted on the Red Sea line.

LONDON, MARCH 19TH, 1860.—The January Australian mails were delivered in London via Marseilles on the 6th, and via Southampton on the 12th instant. The Columbian, by its punctuality in this instance, has done much towards redeeming her character.

During the break in the Red Sea cable, no telegraphic summary in anticipation of the Marseilles mail was received.

The past month has been one of great political excitement.

The session of 1860 promises to be one of the most memorable in our Parliamentary annals, for the magnitude of its legislative achievements, the eloquence of its debates, and the prompt dispatch of business.

The great battle of the Budget, protracted through the first week of the present month, issued in the complete defeat of the Opposition, and the consolidation of the power of the Government.

The Ministerial triumphs have been progressive, in spite of the formidable interests arrayed against their policy, and the unusual ability brought to bear against them in the debate. The majority of 63 against Disraeli's amendment on Monday was swelled to 116 on Friday. When the House divided on Mr. Disraeli's motion, almost every item of the Budget had been contested with great spirit, but without success.

The paper-duty is abolished.

The wine and spirit duties are reduced.

The hop duty is to be lowered, and a swarm of minor customs imposts are swept away.

Some concessions have been made to the publican interest.

On the proposal to move an address to the Crown approving of the treaty, a postponement was demanded, that Parliament might have an opportunity of protesting against the absorption of Savoy by France. The Ministry were suspected of conniving at the Emperor Napoleon's felonious designs, and a commercial treaty was regarded as a sort of bribe. A grand debate ensued, in which strong and intemperate words were uttered against the French ruler; but the Government was amply vindicated by the diplomatic correspondence produced, and the treaty escaped rejection through the dread of provoking a war. It had to pass a similar ordeal in the House of Lords.

The Savoy question has been a most exciting topic of discussion, interpellation, and declamation throughout the entire month; but the opposition has been in vain. The annexation is as good as *un fait accompli.*

Napoleon claims the territory, Sardinia consents to cede it. Switzerland protests against the alienation, and the population in a few days are to signify their assent to the transfer.

Europe appears to be aggrieved that the Imperial theft will not justify an appeal to war.

The new Reform Bill has been introduced by Lord John Russell amid the profoundest apathy; the second reading comes on to-night when some amendment will be proposed.

The measure proposes a £10 franchise in counties, and a £6 rental franchise in boroughs. In twenty-five small boroughs one member is taken away, and of the seats thus gained it assigns fifteen to the most populous counties, and ten to the largest boroughs.

The Tasmanian Act providing for the clergy, has been disallowed by Her Majesty.

In answer to a question by Lord A. Churchill, it was stated by Lord Paget that the Australian station is not to be converted into an admiral's command.

The naval volunteers are enrolling slowly, but the reserve is said to be adequate for any probable emergency.

Upwards of 2500 officers of the volunteers have been honoured with a grand reception at Court.

The builders' strike has at length terminated.

Mr. Drummond, M.P., and Baron Watson are dead. The latter expired suddenly at Welshpool, whilst charging the grand jury on the seventh anniversary of the death of Mr. Justice Talfourd, at the same place.

M. Jullien also has died in a lunatic asylum, at Paris.

The Prince of Wales goes to Canada this spring.

The speech with which the Emperor Napoleon opened the Legislative body on March 11th, though ostensibly pacific, has aggravated the general disquietude.

The affairs of Central Italy have reached a solid crisis, and startling events are at hand. After the rejection of the English proposals by two European Governments, Napoleon dictated to the Turin Cabinet a new project for the settlement of Italy, and intimated, if it were rejected, he would withdraw his 60,000 troops from Lombardy, and leave his allies to the vengeance of Austria and the Pope. The programme was to annex Parma and Modena to Piedmont, to erect Tuscany into a separate kingdom, and to confer on Victor Emanuel the administration of the Romagna, as the Vicar of the Pope.

Count Cavour nobly refused to acquiesce in an arrangement so distasteful to the Italian people, and intimated the resolve of the King to abide by the decision of the people, as expressed by their votes, and dared the consequences whatever they might be.

On the 11th and 12th instant the entire male population of Tuscany, Parma, Modena, and Bologna, often headed by their priests, and amid the more wild demonstrations of enthusiasm, proceeded to vote on the question of the annexation or the separation of the kingdom. The result has electrified Europe.

The declaration for annexation was almost unanimous.

The elections are perfectly genuine, and few abstained from voting. Should Victor Emanuel proceed to annex the Romagna, the Pope is prepared to launch a bull of excommunication; and should the French army withdraw, United Italy can muster 200,000 fighting men to repel the intrusion of their Austrian or Neapolitan foe.

By some persons the menacing tone of Napoleon is ascribed to the reluctance of Victor Emanuel to surrender Savoy and Nice, but, the concession having been made, it is thought to be well not to oppose the act of Italian annexation. Meanwhile the Neapolitan Government, mad with terror, is making arrests by wholesale among the respectable classes. The prisons are choked.

British and French ships of war are ordered to Naples. Revolution is imminent.

An intimate alliance between Russia and Austria has been announced, but it is generally discredited.

Lord Elgin and Baron Gros are re-appointed to the Clunes mission. The circulation of the *Times* is prohibited throughout Austria.

The Imperial Council is to be greatly enlarged, but the concession is regarded as a mockery.

The National Italian Parliament is to meet April 2nd.

The municipality of Milan have offered Victor Emanuel 3,000,000 francs to aid him in supporting a national sovereignty; other similar adhesions are expected.

The exacting conditions of peace offered by Spain to Morocco having been rejected, the war has been renewed.

Several of the ports of the Morocco coast have been bombarded, the Moors having been repulsed with great slaughter.

On attempting the Spanish camp at Tetuan, the Emperor had sent another messenger to sue for peace.

Owing to the aggressive spirit displayed by Spain, a British squadron has been dispatched to the Tagus.

The French fleet has been ordered home from Algeria.

M. Thouvenel has been instructed to enter into a negociation with the English Cabinet in reference to the Suez canal.

A conspiracy against Prince Daniell has been discovered in Montenegro.

Intelligence has been received of Dr. Livingstone's continued success. More lakes have been discovered, and cotton-growing territory.

From America we learn the correspondence with the English Government touching the north-western boundary line has been resumed, both parties claiming a clear title to the island of San Juan. It will probably be settled by England taking the island and giving some other point as a satisfactory equivalent.

COMMERCIAL.

Our money market, after temporary ease, has become exceedingly tight. Discount 4 to 4½. Funds depressed. Highest point of Consols during the month 95¼, to-day 94⅞. Bullion movements have been restricted. Total imports, £1,250,701; exports, £1,673,189. About £800,000 of Australian gold still at sea, one-third of which is overdue.

The banking committee entrusted with negotiation of the Victorian loan have met to make arrangements for that purpose.

Latest prices for Colonial Government Stocks: Victorian, 113½; New South Wales, 99 to 99½; South Australian, 110; Melbourne Corporation, 105; Geelong ditto, 104; New South Wales Bank, 53; Australasian, 74½ Union, 45.

Messrs. Mullens, Marshall, and Daniel have invited tenders for £26,000 7 per cent. debentures of St. Kilda and Brighton Railway, in the colony of Victoria, terminable in July, 1869.

Bank of England dividend, 4½ per cent.; dividend Bank of Australasia, 15 per cent.

India, Australasia, and China, on the 29th, proposed dividend, 7 per cent.

The Intercolonial Steam Company have resolved to raise £62,500 additional capital.

Another return of 4s. per share to shareholders of Royal Bank of Australasia.

The committee of investigation have reported favourably of the London and Liverpool Insurance Company's recent dividend of 30 per cent. declared.

Operations about to be commenced to raise the Royal Charter wreck.

A telegram just received from Calcutta in six days.

NEW PROJECTS.—Buenos Ayres Railway Company, capital £150,000. Anglo-Luso Brazilian Mail Steam Company, £400,000. Great Northern Palace Company, £600,000. Two monster hotels, £110,000.

The Great Eastern shareholders have subscribed £100,000, and more if requisite.

The Atlantic Telegraph Company propose to raise £25,000 to repair the cable.

The Western Australian Association has been formed.

A Bank of India is on the tapis.

Business inactive at New York.

Abundant supply of money at 6 per cent.

Rate of Exchange dull at 109.

London Wool Sales commenced March 1st, with a very numerous attendance of buyers, who evinced good spirit in their bidding, and established prices equal, on an average, to those of December series. Foreign buyers have purchased very freely. The condition of Victoria wools is superior to former seasons.

Sales close on 20th, when 34,000 bales will have been disposed of.

In tallow, prices have receded.

Australian mutton, 58s.

Beef, 57s.

Hides are quiet, with slight decline.

Sugar active, rising, owing to rumours of contemplated modification of French duty.

Copper reduced £5 per ton.

Saltpetre advanced 3 to 4.

Rum quiet.

Brandy flat.

Wines moderate.

Congou 1 to 5.

FORTNIGHTLY MAIL INTELLIGENCE EXTRAORDINARY.

Galle, Saturday, 14th April.

Despatches were on Saturday sent to the Governors of the Australian colonies and New Zealand, and on Monday despatches were received from the Governors of these colonies.

[BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH FROM BOMBAY.]

Chamber of Commerce, Friday, 11th April.

EXCHANGE.—England, ⅞ to ⅛; Calcutta, 60 annas, 99 1⅛, 30 annas, par at 8 106⅛; China, 222.

FREIGHT.—London, cotton, 65; seed, 55. Liverpool: Cotton, 55; seed, 45. China, 22 rupees.

Money easy. Securities, 468¼, 599⅛; 5¼, 105⅛. Bank rates on private bills, 8.

Loans on Government Securities, 6.

Malwa opium, 1350 rupees.

ELECTRIC TELEGRAM, CALCUTTA.

Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta, 13th April. Government Securities: 4, 16 to 16½; 5, 3½ to 3⅝, ¼ discount on a 5½ per cent., 3¼ to 3½ premium.

Exchange on London, for first class credits at 6 months' sight, 2s. 1⅛d.

Exchange.—Calcutta, 1; Bombay, 99.

Freight to London.—Dead weight, 80s. to 81s. 6d.; jute, 90s. to 91s.; and seeds, £4 2s. 6d.

The King of Sardinia is under the ban of the Pope.

The *Constitutionnel* states that the Pope has addressed a monition to King Victor Emanuel, intimating that henceforth all relations between his Holiness and the Royal Family must be considered as broken; that his Majesty will understand that he has openly violated the laws of the Church, and is formally excommunicated.

The Holy Father reserves to himself the duty of taking into consideration the interests of the Universal Church and the good Catholics of Piedmont before proceeding to severe measures, which in any event weigh from henceforth upon the person of the king.

THE NEUTRALITY OF SWITZERLAND.—A despatch from Vienna announces that Austria will pronounce herself against any violation of the right of Swiss neutrality guaranteed by treaty.

ENGLISH SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

British Merchant, from Sydney; Commodore Perry, Ocean Eagle, Saldanah, Roxburgh Castle, Essex, Indemnity, Star of Tasmania, and Priscilla.

DEPARTURES.

FOR MELBOURNE.

From London.—Jupiter, Swiftsure, Norfolk, Malvina Vidal, and Winifred Scott.

From Glasgow.—Chrysolite.

From Liverpool.—Persian, Elizabeth Kemball, Neptune, Shrewsbury Castle, Lenehan, Lorenzo, Wallace, Will Kirk, Helen.

FOR SYDNEY.

From London.—Centurion, Echo, Constantine, Ann Buckle.

From Liverpool.—Time and Truth.

FOR ADELAIDE.

Belfield, Herald, Morning Star, Woodcote, Tabalkane.

FOR NEW ZEALAND.

Ann Longton, Kennard, Nugent, Sterling.

The Woodcote, for Adelaide, after stranding, was got off to-day.

COUNTRY NEWS.

MRS. SUTTOR.—We are happy to be able to say that there has been since Saturday a great, though very slow improvement, in the symptoms of this lady's case. There is not sufficient evidence yet that she is fully restored to consciousness. The improvement, however, is such as to have given hopes to her medical attendants and her sorrowing friends, that with incessant care and time, she may be restored.—*Free Press.*

MONARO.—The correspondent of the *Goulburn Herald* says:—The discovery of one payable gold-field at Kiandra has had the effect of causing a rigid search to be made in many parts of the district, and in some instances very successfully. A prospecting party in the neighbourhood of Cooma have, I am told, been amply rewarded for their trouble. Another, a few miles from Nimitybelle, already reports very favourably, having I hear obtained from thirty to forty specks to the tin dish. A continuance of such will eventually lead to something better, and although a want of energy has been attributed to the residents of the latter township, they do not appear to be wanting in courage, when a few of them, and at their own expense, sent a party out in search of the auriferous metal, and their expectations may yet be realised.

A meeting has been held at Adelong for the purpose of nominating a successor to Mr. G. Dunmore Lang. A requisition was adopted to Mr. T. B. Garne, and a committee appointed to secure his election.

THE SNOWY.—The *Goulburn Chronicle* says:—Mr. W. Russell, of Russell's Station, near Kiandra, is in town, and reports favourably of the Snowy River diggings. He says the Melbourne merchants are pushing trade there to a considerable extent; and if the merchants on this side are not on the look-out in time, those of Victoria will engross a good deal of the business of those diggings.

GEOLOGICAL CONVERSAZIONE.—At the Goulburn School of Arts and Mechanics' Institute, on Monday evening last, a geological conversazione was held, at which Mr. W. Keene, Government Examiner of Gold-fields, explained the result of recent geological examinations made by him in the Berrima and Goulburn districts, and on the line of road between Sydney and Goulburn. There was a large and respectable attendance, and great interest was manifested in the subject.—*Chronicle.*

BOCKLEY.—Our correspondent says:—There is no fresh news of any importance in digging matters to communicate to-day, except perhaps the opening of some new ground by Mr Steele, some distance up the river, where I understand about fifty Chinese are digging—they having permission to do so.—*Bathurst Free Press.*

CHILD LOST.—Some three days since, a child between two and three years old strayed from its home, Mr. Poole's Inn, near Nells' Waterholes, on the Wellington Road, and has not since been heard of. Every effort has been used by the afflicted parents, assisted by the neighbours, to find the child, but in vain. They are still in search, and must succeed surely in finding the child dead or alive. It would seem strange that a child so young could so effectually elude such a strict search as in this case has been made.—*Bathurst Free Press.*

FATAL ACCIDENT AT BERRIMA.—We regret to hear that a fatal accident by drowning occurred at Berrima on Monday last. Mr. H. Lansdowne, in the employ of Mr. J. Throsby of Mount Broughton, was crossing the Berrima River on horseback, and when in the middle of the stream he appears to have become frightened, being unable to swim, and lost his seat. He sank almost immediately, and when our informant, John Daley, the coachman left, his body had not been recovered. Deceased was son of Mr. J. Lansdowne, of Goulburn.—*Chronicle.*

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1487991

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—MAY 4.

Lloyds, ship, 1069 tons, Captain Harrison, from Plymouth 10th January. Passengers—Mrs. Harrison, and 21 in the intermediate. G. A. Lloyd and Co., agents.

Alma, brig, 150 tons, Captain H. Pearse, from Singapore 25th February. Passenger—Captain Moore. H. Moore, agent.

Wausfell, ship, 717 tons, Captain Jones, from Liverpool 27th January. Thacker, Daniell, and Co., agents.

Hargraves, schooner, 170 tons, Captain Henderson, from Hobart Town 28th ultimo, and Twofold Bay 2nd instant. Passengers—Professor Risley and son, Messrs. Foster, Pierce, Devani, and 17 in the steerage. Captain, agent.

Margaret Blois, barque, 510 tons, Captain Hall, from Liverpool 24th December. Willis, Merry, and Co., agents.

DEPARTURES.—MAY 4.

Illawarra (s.), for Port Macquarie.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—MAY 4.

Oscar, for Guam; Madura, for Rotterdam; Rangatira (s.), for Melbourne.

CLEARANCES.—MAY 4.

Madura, barque, 451 tons, Captain Leeuwen, for Rotterdam. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Tannes, Messrs. Hammon and T. Befield.

Oscar, ship, 649 tons, Captain Crosby, for Guam, in ballast. Passenger—Mr. Fahin.

COASTERS INWARDS.—MAY 4.

Rapid (s.), from Kiama and Shell Harbour, with 113 kegs butter, 3 coops fowls, 9 calves, 20 pigs, 30 hides; Echo, from Pitt Water, with 21 tons wood; Esther, from Manning River, with 150 bags wheat, 200 bags maize; Sarah Ann, and Rover, from Brisbane Water, with 9500 feet hardwood; 400 baskets shells; Liberty, from Newcastle, with 75 tons coal; City of Newcastle (s.), from Morpeth, with 280 bales hay, 189 bags maize, 8 dozen pumpkins, 12 casks tallow, 1 calf, 1 horse, 4 coops fowls, 6 boxes eggs, 100 bags flour; Illalong (s.), from Morpeth, with 133 bags grain, 18 casks tallow, 70 hides, 70 bags sugar, 2 calves, 12 pigs, 20 coops poultry, 30 boxes eggs, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—MAY 4.

Sarah Ann, for Brisbane Water; Eva, for Shoalhaven; William and Ann, for Wollongong; Elizabeth, for the Hawkesbury; Minerva, Gazelle, and Liberty, for Newcastle.

IMPORTS.—MAY 4.

Wausfell from Liverpool: 18 packages, Sir W. Denison; 1 package, Buchan Thompson; 1 package, D. Fraser; 50 firkins, 25 half-barrels, 374 packages, Macintosh, Hirst, and Co.; 3 packages, Jamieson; 1 package, J. Crook; 31 packages, Caird, Paterson, and Co.; 791 packages, M'Nab and Co.; 78 packages, Mason, Brothers; 2 packages, Thompson, Symonds, and Co.; 20 barrels, H. Campbell; 60 packages, Saunders and Co.; 50 hogsheads, 200 cases, Anderson, Brothers, and Co.; 1 package, D. Seymour; 4 packages, J. C. Lubton; 1 package, E. Hart; 2 packages, Franck, Brothers, and Co.; 13 packages, Kirchner and Co.; 60 cases geneva, 95 packages, Buyers and Learmonth; 2 packages, H. Travis; 7 packages, R. Coates; 1 package, Sydney Insurance Company; 100 packages Lotes and Larnach; 11 packages, W. Dean; 18 packages, W. Haber; 1 package, J. Buttrey and Co.; 4 packages, R. Houlding; 26 packages, J. B. Holdsworth and Co.; 3 packages, J. R. Maxwell; 5881 pieces iron, Flower, Salting, and Co.; 1203 bars 120 bundles iron, J. Pottie; 22 packages, Gilchrist, Watt, and Co.; 1 package, J. Brush; 1 package, H. Cohen; 550 bags 25 tons salt, 135 barrels, 674 packages, R. Towns and Co.; 3 packages, Cocks and Hunt; 150 hogsheads 143 barrels ale, 39 cases porter, 183 packages, Thacker, Daniell, and Co.; 2 packages, J. W. Waugh; 40 casks, R. Harnett; 3 packages, J. Moore; 74 packages, W. G. Ainsworth; 14 packages, P. N. Russell and Co.; 35 packages, Cameron and Co.; 5 packages, J. Philips; 2 packages, J. B. Tickle; 5 packages, Chapman, Brothers; 2 packages, E. Vickery; 1 package, Captain Hare; 12 packages, Fitzpatrick and Co.; 7 packages, J. D. Jones; 3 packages, Aspinwall, Sutherland, and Co.; 1 package, How, Walker, and Co.; 480 packages, John Keep; 1 package, W. Hood; 1 package, T. Owen; 1 package, Oddie; 1 package, Z. Levy; 2641 packages, Order.

Alma, from Singapore: 188 bags 500 jars dates, 500 bundles rattans, 310 bags sugar, 183 bags rice, 25 bags cloves, 22 packages almonds, 19 packages mace, 35 packages nutmegs, 12 cases cassia, 600 bags sago, 30 tins arrowroot, 150 boxes tea, 330 bags pepper, 215 bags coffee, 2 packages, H. Moore.

Hargraves, from Hobart Town: 600 bags potatoes, 80,000 shingles, 150 boxes apples, 60 bags onions, 1 horse, 2 bags seeds, Order.

Margaret Blois, from Liverpool: 2142 bars 668 bundles iron, 14 kegs, 380 red deals, 30 hogsheads, 310 axle blocks, 129 packages, Willis, Merry, and Co.; 24 casks, 26 packages, How, Walker, and Co.; 525 bars iron, A. S. N. Co.; 63½ tons iron, P. N. Russell and Co.; 12 hogsheads, W. S. Helwellyn; 28 packages, Thacker, Daniell, and Co.; 53 barrels, Anderson, Brothers, and Co.; 3 packages, Franck, Brothers, and Gans; 1 barrel, F. Dumaresq; 30 packages, J. Simonetti; 56 barrels Macintosh, Hirst, and Co.; 32 anchors, 82 packages, J. T. Armitage and Co.; 1000 bags, D. Cooper and Co.; 34 bales, Caird, Paterson, and Co.; 8 packages vestas, J. M. Leigh; 601 barrels, Macnamara, Son, and Co.; 1 package, R. Binnie; 1 package, D. Cohen and Co.; 1 package, G. Spraight; 1 package, J. Bryant; 2 packages, H. Cohen; 1 package, W. Palmer; 1 package, Haege and Prell; 8 hogsheads, Cameron; 8 packages, Griffiths, Fanning, and Co.; 20 barrels, Allen, Street, and Norton; 4 packages, J. W. Ainsworth; 262 packages, Fitzpatrick and Co.; 249 camp ovens, Iredale and Co.; 35 packages, C. Scott; 103 barrels, 25 drums, 127 camp ovens, 92 pots, 345 weights, 4 packages, J. Keep; 1176 sash weights, 36 kegs, 84 packages, Rabone, Feez, and Co.; 401 packages, E. P. Capper; 8 packages, H. Jordan; 143 hogsheads, 4 casks, 192 packages, Order.

Lloyds, from London: 252 packages, E. Teillard; 65 packages, F. M'Nab and Co.; 2 packages, G. J. Frankland; 61 hogsheads, 2 packages, Gilchrist, Watt, and Co.; 80 packages, J. B. Metcalf and Co.; 227 packages, Brown and Co.; 254 packages, 179 cases, Allen, Street, and Norton; 3 packages, H. Kellerman; 22 packages, E. D. Thompson; 1 package, W. Vivian; 1 package, E. and W. Paul; 1 package, H. G. Allwright; 47 packages, Griffiths and Co.; 1 package, L. Sharwood; 72 packages, T. J. Bonney; 12 casks ink, 3 casks oil, John Fairfax and Sons; 2 packages, F. Senior; 2 packages, Union Bank, 24 packages, J. Lazarus; 10 packages, G. R. Elliott and Co.; 10 packages, A. Moore and Co.; 8 packages, Raymond and Co.; 13 packages, W. G. Sprigg and Co.; 45 packages, Scott, Henderson, and Co.; 1 horse, 2 bulls, 20 rams, 2 packages, J. Gorrick; 123 packages, J. Tuz; 53 sheep, Flower, Salting, and Co.; 11,224 chairs, 401 pipes, 56 rails, Commissioner of Railways; 27 moulds, 150 packages, 50 hogsheads, L. and S. Spyer and Co.; 4 packages, Whitfield; 16 packages, S. Sweetman; 100 hogsheads, Donaldson and Co.; 2 packages, N. Smith; 244 packages, 505 cases, Buchanan and Co.; 31 packages, Hall and Anderson; 111 packages, Lamb, Parbury, and Co.; 1 package, J. Rothwell; 1 package, J. De Smet; 5 packages, J. Benson; 3 packages, E. Salamon; 810 bars, 70 bundles, 778 packages, D. Cooper; 64 packages, Bensusan and Co.; 892 packages, Dangar and Co.; 35 barrels, Anderson, Brothers; 51 packages, J. and E. Row; 6 packages, G. Chisholm and Co.; 20 packages, W. Busfield; 26 packages, Farmer and Painter; 468 packages, M. Samuel; 1 package, S. and H. Solomon, 123 packages, Brierley, Dean, and Co.; 242 packages, J. Levy; 9 packages, Rabone, Feez, and Co.; 13 packages, J. B. Rundle; 100 hogsheads, W. Long; 10 packages, S. H. Levy; 86 packages, J. Hughes; 936 bars, 165 packages, Iredale and Co.; 43 packages, A. and E. A. Levy; 985 packages, Levicks and Piper; 27 packages, J. and S. Thompson; 346 packages, H. Cohen and Co.; 15 packages, Foss, Son, and Co.; 50 packages, D. Jones and Co.; 34 packages, H. H. Beauchamp, 71 packages, J. Mallon; 246 packages, Garland and Bingham; 2 packages, J. Keep; 2 packages, H. Selby; 42 packages, P. Reeve; 1 package, W. C. Preston and Co.; 92 packages, Keep and Parsons; 1 package, T. A. Craike; 10 packages, Rev. J. Eggleston; 1 package, J. W. Anderson; 3 packages, D. Moss; 130 packages, Saunders and Co.; 1 package, S. Palmer; 5 packages, H. Scheisky; 1 package, J. Dunsmure; 13 packages, J. Watson; 2 packages, R. Binnie; 8 packages, Butler, Brothers; 2967 packages, Order.

EXPORTS.—MAY 4.

Madura, for Rotterdam: 7 packages gum, 5101 hides, 1005 bales wool, 2414 bundles rattans, 5086 treenails, Prost, Kohler, and Co.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will close at the General Post Office as follows:—

FOR ROTTERDAM.—By the Madura, this day, at noon, if not underway.

FOR PORT COOPER.—By the Dart, this day, at noon.

FOR EDEN AND MELBOURNE.—By the Rangatira (s.), this day, at 2.30 p.m.

MAILS BY THE BENARES.

General Post-Office, 3rd May, 1860.

The mails by the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's steamer BENARES will be made up at this Office on MONDAY, the 14th instant, at 9 a.m., for all letters posted at the General Post Office not addressed to the United Kingdom, and at 11 a.m. for all letters so addressed. Newspapers must be posted one hour before the letters, i. e., at 8 and 10 a.m. respectively. The following mails will be despatched, viz.: To the United Kingdom, via Marseilles and via Southampton. To France, and other continental states (in a closed mail to France). To the northern countries of Europe, via Trieste. To Melbourne, Tasmania, Adelaide, Western Australia, Mauritius, Suez, Alexandria, Malta, Aden, Madras, Calcutta, Bombay, Ceylon, Batavia, Singapore, Manilla, China, the Cape of Good Hope, and St. Helena.

Registered letters not addressed to the United Kingdom will not be received after 4 p.m., on Saturday, 12th instant; but letters addressed to the United Kingdom will be registered from 9 to 10 a.m., 14th instant. All letters and newspapers, not otherwise marked will be forwarded by this opportunity. Letters intended to be transmitted by any of the special routes above mentioned, viz., "via Marseilles," or or "in closed mail to France," or "via Trieste," must be so addressed.

Rates.—All letters going to or through the United Kingdom must be prepaid; and the additional charge on those sent "via Marseilles," is 3d. the quarter-ounce. On letters addressed "by the closed mail to France," the colonial postage only (6d. the half-ounce) is required. On letters sent via Trieste, the postage (as already notified) is 1s. the half-ounce.

W. H. CHRISTIE Postmaster-General.

P.S.—All letters posted in the iron letter receivers must be posted before 7 a.m., 14th instant.

BURNING OF THE CATEAUX WATTEL.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

THE fire on board this ill-fated vessel continued to rage, with unabated fury, from the time of our going to press yesterday morning up to about noon, her sides had been burnt as low as the copper, when it began to slacken, and the starboard side began to give way by the weight of the ship laying on it. About 2·30 p.m. she parted amidships, both ends falling into deep water on either side of the rock on which she had originally grounded, and nothing remained of the Cateaux Wattel but a few broken and partially burnt spars that had fallen on the rocks alongside. The gun-boat from the Morge fired three or four times into the hull in the hope of sinking her, as already stated, but without effect; it was, therefore, imperative to leave the burning vessel to her fate, the most judicious course having been adopted on at once removing her from among the shipping and stores. It is understood that she was partially insured in Antwerp, but still the loss of so fine a ship will fall, in a measure, on those interested. Flying reports were prevalent through the city yesterday as to the origin of the unfortunate accident, but nothing has as yet been traced that would lead to a correct conclusion. A survey will be held to-day, as is usual on these cases; her sunken hull, or what remains of it, will probably be offered for sale.

CUSTOM-HOUSE.—Entered outwards, May 4: Falkland, ship, 966 tons, Captain Macfarlane, for Callao; Sarah Ann, brig, 121 tons, Captain Johnson, for South Sea Islands.

The Wausfell, from Liverpool, ninety-seven days out, reports that on the 12th April, in latitude 51· south longitude 74· east, she experienced a heavy gale of thirty-six hours' duration, with the barometer down to 28·42., in which she lost part of her bulwarks and had the pinnace and a spar lashed on deck smashed by the force of the sea breaking on board. No vessel has been spoken with the exception of the Emily Hort, from Hobart Town to Port Curtis, on the 30th ultimo, in latitude 42.25 south, longitude 150.33 east.

The Lloyds, Captain Harrison, came into port yesterday morning, having been 115 days from Plymouth. She left the Downs on 28th December, but met with very bad weather in the channel; experienced no S.E. trades, and only light winds and calms from Tristan D'Acunha, and variable winds, with heavy gales, from longitude 55· to 80· E., and latitude 39· to 41· S. She was off Cape Otway on last Monday. No vessels have been spoken.

The Margaret Blois, has had a very long passage from Liverpool, owing to a continuance of adverse winds.

The fine little brig Alma arrived from Singapore yesterday, bring sixteen days' later papers. Although her passage has been considerably protracted by adverse winds, preventing her getting to the southward; the early part of the passage she had light winds, and the latter part south and south-east gales. The F. P. Sage, which arrived on the 2nd, passed through Sunda Straits two days a-head of her. No vessels are reported.

The barque Midas, bound to Newcastle, grounded on the inner rocks, off Nobby's, on Thursday night, but was drifted off at flood tide yesterday evening, without sustaining any material damage.

The Hargraves, from Hobart Town, landed 7 passengers at Twofold Bay.

MELBOURNE.

[BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.]

ARRIVALS.

May 3.—Bucephalus, from Liverpool, A. B. Thompson; J. Duncan, from London; Dorethea, from Hamburgh.

DEPARTURES.

May 3.—Prince Albert, for Newcastle; Lockett, for San Francisco; Alma, Beechworth, G. Warren, and Carlton, for Guam.

WINDS AND WEATHER.

May 4.—9 a.m., Queenscliff, W., moderate, cloudy.

NEWCASTLE.

ARRIVALS.

May 3.—Picard, schooner, 165 tons, Grigg, from Melbourne.
May 3.—Amasis, Hanoverian brig, 161 tons, Vauger, from Melbourne.
May 3.—Bella Vista, barque, 179 tons, Ramage, from Melbourne.
May 3.—Ellen, brig, 142 tons, Will, from Melbourne.
May 3.—Gem, schooner, 101 tons, Duthie, from Melbourne.
May 3.—Alcyone, barque, 371 tons, Gray, from Geelong.
May 3.—Sarah Ann, barque, 352 tons, Lyndsay, from Geelong.
May 3.—Condor, French barque, 285 tons, Barbe, from Sydney.
May 3.—C. T. Lessing, Hamburg brig, 251 tons, Lessing, from Melbourne.
May 3.—Harriet Hope, brig, 242 tons, Spain, from Melbourne.
May 3.—Autumnus, barque, 362 tons, Wright, from Sydney.

DEPARTURES.

May 3.—Grafton (s.), for the Clarence.
May 3.—Telegraph (s.), for Moreton Bay.
May 4.—Esperanza, brig, M'Kay, for Launceston, with 180 tons of coal.
May 4.—Fair Tasmanian, schooner, Wolfe, for Melbourne, with 220 tons of coal.
May 4.—Hebe, brig, M'Burny, for Wellington, with 280 tons of coal.
May 4.—Clarendon, brig, Dobb, for Melbourne, with 215 tons of coal.
May 4.—Grecian Queen, brig, Jackson, for Melbourne, with 270 tons of coal.

COASTERS INWARD.

May 3.—Mechanic, Cumberland.

SINGAPORE.

ARRIVALS.

February 11.—H.M.S. Raynard, from Portsmouth, for China.
February 16.—Sir N. Sepping, from Plymouth, for China, with troops; Cressy, for China, with troops.

VESSEL LOADING.

February 21.—King O'More, for Swan River.

SYDNEY HEADS.

	TIME.	WINDS.	REMARKS.
May 4.	9·30 a.m.	W.S.W.	Moderate, and clear.
	Noon.	W.S.W.	Ditto, and ditto.
	5 p.m.	W.S.W.	Light, and clear.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO THE NEXT PUBLICATION.

1860. May.		Sun Rises	Sun Sets	High Water Morn.	High Water After.
5	SATURDAY	6 41	5 11	7 43	8 2
6	SUNDAY	6 42	5 10	8 25	8 46

MOON.—Last Quarter, 13th instant, 5h. 20m. a.m.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of his good faith.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1860.

THE Legislative Assembly met yesterday at half-past three o'clock.

Papers were laid on the table by Ministers, and ordered to be printed. Among these, a letter from Mr. Judge Cary, which was read by the Clerk, explaining that the number of causes tried in his Court, in which briefs were held, was 422, and of these his son only held 77. Both in this colony and in the mother country barristers practised in Courts where their fathers presided as judges.

Mr. GRAY presented a petition from certain residents at New England, which complained of the conduct of the supporters of Mr. Hart in the late election.

Mr. LUCAS presented a petition from certain residents at Cook's River, praying for repairs to the dam.

In answer to Mr. PARKES, the SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS said, a report had been received from Colonel Barney, representing that the works at Fort Macquarie were suspended in November last, in order to try experiments in firing shot against iron plates, but in consequence of the sum for this purpose being refused by the Assembly, these experiments were not completed, and Colonel Barney had, therefore, recommended that the works be proceeded with on the original plan.

In answer to Mr. WILD, the SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS said, no tenders had been accepted for building the Camden bridge, but tenders were under consideration. The £4000 voted for a bridge over the Bargo River, it was intended, with the sanction of the House, to divert to the formation of the road through Bargo Brush.

In answer to Mr. LYONS, the SECRETARY FOR LANDS said the Governor intended, next session, to introduce a bill to amend the Municipalities Act.

On the motion of Mr. PARKES, the House went into committee to take evidence on the railway works. Captain Martindale was called in and examined for upwards of three hours as to the nature of his duties, the character of the railway works, and the matters in dispute between the department and the contractors.

The CHAIRMAN then left the chair and reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again on Friday next.

Dr. LANG, as a matter of privilege, complained of a speech of Mr. Faucett on the previous evening, in which his conduct had been grossly misrepresented.

After some remarks from Mr. FAUCETT and Mr. BLACK, the matter dropped.

Mr. HODGSON moved that the petition of James Boyle be printed. This gentleman formerly held command of Government vessels carrying convicts between Sydney and Norfolk Island, and other penal establishments. In some dangerous mutinies that had occurred he displayed extraordinary courage and fidelity. By drawing attention to Mr. Boyle's claims he trusted he had done sufficient to induce the Government to see that they were properly recognised.

Dr. LANG seconded the motion. He well recollected this old colonist, and had had occasion to admire his heroic conduct.

The motion was passed.

On the motion of Mr. HART, an address was agreed to for copies of correspondence relative to the appointment of District Registrar at Armidale.

Mr. LUCAS moved to go into committee on Tuesday next to consider of a grant of £1000 to repair the Cook's River dam. He contended that this grant was absolutely necessary.

Mr. ARNOLD should oppose the motion. This was not a time when applications of the kind should be made; the cases of necessity arising out of the floods would require all the means at the disposal of the Government. Indeed, in a few days a Supplementary Estimate would be brought for nearly £200,000.

After some remarks from Mr. Lyons, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Kemp, and Mr. Terry, the motion was carried by 17 to 10.

On the motion of Mr. FAUCETT, Town Hall Site Exchange Bill was referred for the consideration of a select committee.

On the motion of Mr. WILD, the report of the select committee on the case of Mr. C. F. GORTON was adopted.

On the motion of Mr. PARKES, an address was agreed to for papers relating to the removal from office of Mr. C. DELOHERY, in the year 1850.

Mr. HART moved that the House go into committee on Tuesday, to consider of granting £100 and an annual sum of £52 to Mrs. DE COURCY, for injuries sustained by railway accident.

Mr. WINDEYER moved that the annual sum be £100.

After some remarks from Mr. WEEKES, Mr. KEMP, Mr. HOSKINS, Mr. PARKES, and other members, the amendment was negatived, and the original motion was passed

The other motions on the paper were postponed.

Mr. FAWCETT moved that the Common Law Procedure Act Extension Bill be read a second time.

Mr. ROTTON called attention to the state of the House. There being fewer members than a quorum present, the SPEAKER adjourned the House at ten minutes past twelve o'clock till three o'clock, on Tuesday.

IT is satisfactory to find that the richness of the Kiandra diggings is a fact admitted in the neighbouring colonies. The specimens they have received, taken in connection with geological facts, have removed the difficulties of belief. Instead of attempting to run down the diggings, they have fairly embarked in an attempt to make them available to themselves.

The *Argus* proposes that the Victorians should "turn the important discoveries to their own advantage, and secure the lion's share." It is, indeed, difficult in the cool temperature of New South Wales, to realise the fervour of our more energetic neighbours of Victoria. They have thrown upon their Government the responsibility of pioneers. They urge that the large sum of money voted for the purpose should be employed in exploring their own territory watered by the Snowy River. Everything indicates the movement of a large population, which in the early spring will rush to the Kiandra district unless arrested, meantime, by discoveries equally flattering.

Providing our Government and mercantile community rise to the level of the occasion, we shall have no reason to regret an active competition. The rivalry of Melbourne will stimulate our own energies, and impart a few lessons which we have been too slow to learn. With gold-fields probably as extensive, they have never yielded to us that advantage which our neighbours have known how to extract from their auriferous territory. When, however, they meet us on our ground—when escort competes with escort—when the merchants of Sydney are face to face with the merchants of Melbourne—when the best part of the American character—its energy—is displayed in all those forms which have been so useful to our neighbours, we shall then wake up with, and find that there is something worth our doing.

The journals of the colonies, from which population is likely to be drafted, are fulfilling their duty to their constituents. It would have been useless, and certainly disgraceful, to deny the value of the Alpine gold-fields, which has been so clearly demonstrated. It is easy, however, to see that their admission of the fact must encourage migration to an enormous extent. It is not in the power of newspapers to arrest a popular prejudice, but where they concur with the pervading feeling, they add vastly to its intensity. It does not, therefore, seem at all improbable that the four great streams of population which will meet at the Australian Alps will, in the course of next summer, be swollen to some hundred thousand. This consideration should make all parties alert, and especially every proper measure should be adopted to facilitate the settlement of the country.

If on the other side of the border a great gathering of people should develope the Victorian territory, we shall surely have no reason to regret it; but on our own side the natural advantages are equally great, and it is our business to co-operate in the noble work of colonisation, and at the same time secure the development of our own colony. It is not improbable that by this time next year on one side or other there will be a second Ballaarat or a Bendigo, one of those large internal towns which already are advancing with rapid strides to the dignity of cities.

In view of these prospects the question of employment will at no distant date probably change its aspect. The migration will draw off all to whom ordinary industry is either distasteful or unremunerating. Experience has indeed shown that gold digging is attractive only to a certain class of the population, and that many prefer reasonable wages to the hazard and disappointment of a digger's life. The excitement will be great notwithstanding. Meantime is it not desirable to push on those public works which absorb a large amount of labour? Thus, employment may be given to those who need it during the winter months, and perhaps great public inconvenience avoided by the timely completion of undertakings now in progress, and which depend upon the supply of hands. We are bound to acknowledge the manly exposition of the MINISTER OF WORKS in reference to the unemployed The doctrine which he laid down is indeed unpopular, but it is clear and incontestible. Woe to the Government, which undertakes the hopeless task of regulating questions of labour, of finding employment for the "people"—we say for the people, for that is the common phraseology. It would be, however, far more just to say, exacting from the industrious and careful the means of sustaining the too often unthrifty and indolent. There may be, however, times when the public interest will concur with the wishes of the unemployed, and we do not think it impossible that by forethought and energy the amplest employment may be given without detriment to the colony at large.

We consider that the abolition of the gold duty is improvident, inasmuch as it has taken away what might be devoted to the development of the gold-fields. Having however, resolved on two occasions that the duty shall be abolished, it is not worth while to retain it even so long as the time fixed by the Assembly. The Ministry would act judiciously in carrying out at once what has been finally determined. Such was the course pursued by the British Government when it was resolved that the abolition of a duty on corn should be effected. Even those who thought it undesirable in itself, nevertheless preferred to adopt it at once. Such a course will probably be the best in reference to the duty on gold. If it be continued, we must have an expensive preventive service, for the gold will of course pass over the border. This might be worth while if we contemplated the continuance of the payment, but if it is to be repealed in a few months, it is useless to incur the expense, or to kindle the discontent which a border war will be likely to produce. It is on this ground, we should strongly recommend to the Ministry an immediate and total abolition.

While we are anxious to stimulate all rational methods for the improvement of our mining prospects, we should be sorry for a feeling of bitterness or hostility even in appearance to rise between the neighbouring colonies. The prosperity of Victoria will certainly be beneficial to New South Wales. Nor do we imagine that its frequent recurring panics indicate approaching decline. It has a strong constitution, but occasionally gets drunk—that is all.

The Rev. Mr. CLARKE was asked with some solicitude by a Victorian official, whether there was reason to apprehend the diminution of the produce of the Victorian mines, and his answer was that they were but in the infancy of their development. This, we have no doubt, is true. If the Victorian Assembly can get rid of its numerous illusions, and only adhere to rational principles of legislation—if the expenditure be restrained by reasonable economy, and if the public works be honestly conducted, we have no doubt of the advancement of that great country, to which nature has been so propitious in everything by which people can become rich and prosperous.

The embarrassment of the mercantile community will often recur, and it is not unnatural for them to measure the prospects of the country at large by their account sales. There have, however, been too many ups and downs in the colonies, to permit any man to trust the prognostics of perpetual progress, or to believe the predictions of hopeless and permanent decline. Each Government must look after its own territory, and perform its duties; but the advancement of one colony in Australia must, in the long run in some degree, ensure the prosperity of all.

WHETHER our neighbours in Victoria have really stolen a march on us in the settlement of the land question, or whether their present progress is apparent only, remains yet to be seen. But they have certainly got so far as to have actually read a land bill a third time in the Assembly. Whether the gentlemen of the Second Chamber will approve of this piece of handiwork, or whether they will so reconstruct it as that its originators will scarcely know it again, is a point that now greatly excites the public curiosity. If nothing but patriotism and an honest purpose guided the deliberations of the Upper House, it would approach the revision of the bill with very great advantages; for all its weak points have been so thoroughly exposed that further discussion is almost unnecessary. Nearly everything that can be said on the subject has been said, and all that remains is to pass practical judgment on the wisdom of what has been thus said. But we cannot expect anything so fortunate as a calm judicial decision from any house of legislature, upper or lower. If the bill passes, it will be more from fear than love, more because it will be thought inexpedient, if not unsafe, to keep the question longer unsettled, than because the provisions of the bill are admired.

In fact, it hardly puts forward any pretensions to be admired. Nobody seems to have any enthusiasm for it. It was read a third time by a large majority; but if that majority were taken to be sign of approval, no greater mistake could be committed. A perusal of the debate would dispel that delusion; hardly a single speech was complimentary to it, and certainly the hardest things were uttered against it by those who, nevertheless, gave it their votes. The Ministry were half-ashamed of it themselves, and did not profess to understand its exact operation. The Conservatives who voted for it abused it for its innovations, but thought it better to tolerate them than to prolong the controversy, and bring about still more revolutionary measures. The Conventionists condemned it as coming lamentably short of the sublime doctrine of "free grass, but accepted it, though rather grumblingly, as a niggardly instalment towards the "good time coming;" while others who had no personal or party interests at stake pushed it along merely to get it out of the way, and glad to be quit of it, but at the same time avowing that they had not the smallest faith in its pretended virtues. And in this way the bill has been "kicked up stairs." Under these circumstances, it will not be wonderful if the "lords" show it also scant reverence. At the same time it is desirable that they should rather revise it than reject it, that some definite conclusions may be come to. Uncertainty of legislation is a great curse to the country, and hinders the progress of settlement far more than bad laws. Commerce adjusts itself to bad laws, though the process is often clumsy and expensive. But commerce can never adjust itself to uncertain laws; and nothing has so much retarded the improvement of estates in these colonies, and checked the investment of capital in the soil, as the constantly threatened, but still constantly unexecuted, change in the land laws. No one knows what to be up to, and a general stagnation is the consequence. Idle money, which might be employing labour in effecting permanent and productive improvements, is put out to interest in the banks, and helps to feed the overgrown discounting system, and to bring on commercial crises.

Not that any possible land bill will be the dawn of agricultural prosperity or universal content. Mr. DON, the champion of the Convention, frankly told the Assembly that it was a great mistake to suppose that the bill would put a stop to agitation. The working classes, whom he represented, he said, never would be content, and as fast as one grievance was disposed of would bring forward another. This is a comforting prospect for the crop of forthcoming agitators, who on the shoulders of each successive grievance may hope to rise into place, pay, and power.

The Melbourne Land Bill as it stands now does not provide for free selection before survey, that proposal having been rejected as likely to lead to great inconvenience. But it abolishes the auction system, except for town and special lands. Rival claimants for the same piece are to settle the question by drawing lots—a plan certainly not an improvement on the New Zealand method of putting up the lots to an auction confined to the claimants, for the only effect of it will be to rob the Crown at the expense of some lucky speculator. After an "area" has been survey and pegged out, and before it is proclaimed as open for claims, it will be visited and revisited by land agents and others, who will see at a glance the choice lots for which there is likely to be a struggle, and will put in for them. If they do not draw the lot, they lose nothing and incur no responsibility. If they win, they will immediately sell out their right at a premium to the highest bidder among the competitors with them for the lot. The restriction of one lot to each person will not prevent this, as false names and sub-agents will be employed; nor will the conditions of settlement avail, for these conditions only apply where deferred payment is asked for, and in all cases of choice sections, for which competition is likely to exist; it will be worth while to pay up the full purchase price at once, and get a clear freehold free of all conditions of settlement. The system of a fixed price is simply a scheme for divesting the Government of any extra value that the land may have, and handing it over to clever speculators. The public domain is either property or it is not. If it is not, then let it be given away as intrinsically worthless to those who will bestow on it that labour without which it is worthless. If it is, then let it be treated as property and alienated at its market value. Past experience has shown that in Victoria the average price of land sold is £1 4s. 9d. By selling it at a fixed upset price the Government loses the four shillings and ninepence an acre—a sum far more than sufficient to pay for all the cost of survey and sale. The only excuse for rejecting this profit is, that it is sometimes attained at a cost to the progress of real settlement, inasmuch as under the operation of the auction system the *bona fide* settler is outbid by an unimproving capitalist, and that it is better to lose four and ninepence an acre than to lose a yeoman. The argument is good if it is true, or rather, if it is true to the extent alleged. That some cases of hardship and disappointment will continually arise is almost certain, but they have been as undoubtedly exaggerated. With the frequency of sales, and the quantity of land always kept open for free selection, a man who really means to farm can, if disappointed in one section, generally manage to find another that will suit equally well.

The conditions appended to free selection in the Victorian Bill are onerous in the extreme to those who will come under them. Not only to be forced to effect certain improvements within a limited time, but to be unable to mortgage, or sub-let, except on pain of total forfeiture,—who in these days of shifting population and Kiandra rushes would like to invest his little all on land held by such a tenure? And this grievous bondage is meant as a blessing to the poor man, and to protect him against the encroachment of the capitalist!

The form of deferred payments adopted by the bill is perhaps as little objectionable as the system can possibly be made, except that it will prove complicated, and a source of hardship, especially in the case of forfeitures. A purchaser under it will really buy out and out the freehold of one quarter of his land, and rent the remaining three quarters, with the right of purchase. In case of non-fulfilment of conditions, the rented portion will be forfeited, after which the petty freehold will generally be found too small to be of much use, and will be sacrificed at private sale.

IT will be seen by the telegraphic information in another column that the Malta has arrived with the English mails. The chief points of information are the success of Mr. GLADSTONE's Budget; the annexation of Savoy to France; the triumphant manifestation of Italian unity in the North, in defiance of the threats of LOUIS NAPOLEON; the imminence of revolt in Naples; and the continuance of the Spanish war. The Red Sea Telegraph is still out of working order.

BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.]

GOULBURN.

Friday, 7 p.m.

Business has slightly improved during the week, but prices are unaltered. Weather fine, clear, and cold. Wind W.

ADELAIDE.

Friday, 6 p.m.

Markets are unchanged.

No sales of flour reported.

Mr. Reynolds has not succeeded in forming his Ministry; the principal difficulty is with the Upper House, where it is thought desirable the Chief Secretary should be. Mr. Waterhouse, it is said, has consented to occupy the post, but Mr. Reynolds has not seen him to-day.

Strangways and Bagot are both spoken of for the office of Attorney-General, but nothing is definitely settled.

PUBLIC MEETING OF HOUSEHOLDERS IN THE VICINITY OF THE HAYMARKET.

LAST night, in pursuance of advertisement, a Public Meeting of the inhabitants, proprietors, and householders, living in the vicinity of the Haymarket, was held at the Odd Fellows Hall (Mr. Dishington's), on account of the disastrous consequences of the recent floods in that immediate neighbourhood, and with a view to devise some effectual remedy against the recurrence of anything of the kind in future. The proceedings of the meeting—which comprised most of the influential residents of that particular locality—were commenced at eight o'clock, when, on the motion of Mr. Hordern, Mr. H. Selby was placed in the chair.

The CHAIRMAN opened the business of the evening by reading the advertisement under which the meeting had been convened; and, having done so, said he doubted not but that all present were fully cognisant of the reality of that particular evil of which they were there to complain, and so desirous to have remedied. He believed he might say almost everybody present had seriously suffered from it, and was decidedly o opinion that it was high time something should be done. The fact was that every flood that came subjected them—with their present drainage—to damage and discomfort still greater than what was caused by any that had preceded it. The back water of the present utterly insufficient main drain overflowed the whole of George-street whenever there was any heavy rain, filled their cellars, destroying their merchandise, and sapped the foundations of their houses. The mortar of the foundations of several of their houses had been actually washed away by the violence of the water; and their residences—long after the floods subsided—were left in a miserably damp and unhealthy state. The outlet for all accumulated water in that immediate vicinity was merely an ordinary drain which was, by its size, construction, and direction, totally insufficient for what was required. He should say no more, but call up Mr. Yeomans, to move the first resolution.

Mr. YEOMANS moved the first resolution, which was to the following effect:—"That the Haymarket and the surrounding streets are subject to frequent floods, which cause great destruction to merchandise, are ruinous to householders' property, and detrimental to the health of citizens residing in the neighbourhood." The resolution embodied a fact which they all knew, and which most of them had suffered from with more or less severity. Indeed every one resident along the street for nearly half a mile, had of necessity hereby experienced no little discomfort, inconvenience, and loss; even casual passengers having had to wade along in water, which had been knee deep in consequence of the want of proper drainage. All the water that was collected on the high ground, from Wilshire's all round to Cleveland-street, came down upon them, and the only outlet for that immense watershed was a narrow gutter running underneath George-street. The size and construction of this gutter made it an insufferable inconvenience instead of a benefit. It was narrow enough at its opening, but at the lower end of it nearly one-half of it was taken up by the foundation of a house which intercepted the free passage even of that water that did get into the drain. The result was of course that the torrent, thus interrupted, rushed over the street, flooded their cellars, destroyed their property, and rendered their houses extremely unhealthy,—not to speak of the special discomfort which it otherwise occasioned. The only remedy was that a large drain should be opened from the angle of the uncovered watercourse (at some distance above the present entrance of the gutter), running in an oblique direction across the corner of the Haymarket, then across George-street, and down Hay-street into Darling Harbour. Taking this direction, there would be a free passage for water, and it would not have to pass through private property at all. He had great pleasure in moving the resolution. (Cheers.)

Mr. JOSEPH BAYLISS seconded the resolution, which was put and carried unanimously.

Mr. WILLIAM DOUGLASS moved the second resolution, which was as follows:—"That the said frequent floods are caused by the accumulation of waters flowing from George-street, Pitt-street, Goulburn-street East, Campbell-street, Devonshire-street, the Surry Hills, and all the high ground comprised in the district known as the Strawberry Hills into Hay-street, and the only outlet from thence being a small culvert of four feet wide by three feet deep, which is totally inadequate for the purposes intended." He had great pleasure in moving the resolution, which had been placed in his hands, and was prepared to shew that the circumstances of the case fully bore out the statement put forth in this motion as to the inadequate character of the drainage afforded by the culvert alluded to. On the eastern side of George-street, at the end of the watercourse, the entire height of the "hole" was five feet three inches, and its width five feet. Passing along under the road, it was, at its other extremity, considerably less—its depth (under Mr. Reeve's house) not being more than three feet from the bed of the culvert to the top, and its width reduced to four feet. They would see the absurd insufficiency, and even danger, of such a drain as this, which he could compare to nothing but a wine bottle with the bottom knocked out of it. (Loud laughter and cheers.) The speaker then advocated the adoption of the proposed line for the new drain which would not lead through private property and be so immediately in the hands of the authorities. Whether the Corporation, unaided by the Government, could make it or not, he could not say; he must say that he thought that the Government might be expected to give its assistance. The speaker concluded by describing in brief and emphatic terms the precise nature of the inconvenience which he and his family had experienced from the overflow of the water caused by this drain. At the late flood, if the water had only risen three inches higher, he should have been ruined.

Mr. DISHINGTON seconded the resolution, which was put, and carried unanimously.

Mr. M'GUIRE proposed the third resolution:—"That the course of any drain determined on for our relief by the Right Worshipful the Mayor and the City Council should be down Hay-street, and not on private property as at present." As one who had been a resident in that immediate neighbourhood for the last twenty years, he was well acquainted with what had formerly been the system of drainage in that locality. Originally the drain in question went down Hay-street, but its course was afterwards diverted in consequence of the outlet in that direction having been dammed up, so that the water could not escape into the harbour. Mr. M'Guire then proceeded to describe the particular manner in which the alterations which had been made in the drains had led to the existing state of things, and gave instances of the disastrous effects caused by the violent action of the water pent up as at present. He also showed that a large amount of water now came down to their area from Devonshire-street and thereabouts, which formerly flowed off elsewhere. The property of the Haymarket was depreciated by what was complained of. It was an injury to the spot as a market, often rendering the weighing machine useless, and making the whole neighbourhood unhealthy. The drains were insufficient and too small, and the rush of the accumulated water destroyed the roads, which were thus in need of continual repair. It was better to have a good large drain in the first instance; and it was, in his opinion, monstrous to suppose that such a thing as the public drainage required should be constructed by private individuals. When the main drain got choked up there was a back water at once, and all the cellars as far up as Raper's were immediately inundated. He suggested that they should form a sort of Haymarket League, and agitate for what they had a right to have. They could then exert themselves to get some aldermen into the City Council who would take up their grievance and see it thoroughly remedied. (Loud cheers.)

Mr. T. P. REEVE seconded the resolution and spoke in its support. He described the way in which the water rushed through the drain referred to under his house. When the rain fell in any quantity the water rose suddenly in a very dangerous manner, burst up through the floor of the lower rooms in his residence, and would, if not immediately attended to, rise up even into the shop. The only thing that they could do on such occasions, was to open the kitchen and cellar doors, and let it rush into the back yard. If this were not done it would either rise to the shop or carry away the wall of the house. The danger was often very great, and when it was bad weather some of the family had to sit up. Mr. Reeve described the particular nature of the danger incurred. On one occasion he had been so surprised by the flood that he had had to call for assistance in the middle of the night. Mr. Holroyd had come to him and rescued him at the risk of his life. He believed that this drain was the cause of the present ill health of his family. When there was not a body of water running through the drain—the effluvia was dreadful.

The resolution was then put and passed unanimously.

The fourth resolution was proposed by Mr. HOUNSOM, and seconded by Mr. HARRIS; it was as follows:—"That the Haymarket tolls and the taxes on property affected by these frequent floods, compose a large portion of the city revenue; and that we deem it advisable to petition the Right Worshipful the Mayor and the City Council to apply an adequate portion of the said revenue towards immediately remedying the evils complained of in the foregoing resolutions." Both mover and seconder spoke in favour of the resolution. The latter attributed the sickness of his family and the death of his wife to this drain, and its disastrous effects. He also pointed out the mode by which the evil complained of might be remedied, and bore testimony to the stench generated by the drain.

The resolution was passed unanimously.

Mr. O'NEIL proposed the fifth resolution:—"That a petition embodying the above resolutions be entrusted to the aldermen of Phillip and Denison wards for presentation to the right Worshipful the Mayor and the City Council, and that the following gentlemen, with power to add to their number, be requested by the chairman of this meeting to form themselves into a committee for carrying out the above resolution:—Mr. Lilley (chairman), Mr. Yeomans, Mr. Douglass, Mr. M'Guire, Mr. Hordern, Mr. O'Neil."

Mr. SPIERS seconded the motion, and spoke in its support. The resolution was then put and carried as before. A vote of thanks was then given to the chairman, and briefly acknowledged by that gentleman. Thanks were similarly awarded to Mr. Dishington for the use of his room on this occasion. Mr. Dishington acknowledged the compliment, and expressed his hearty concurrence in the object of the meeting. This terminated the proceedings.

THE LATE REV. JOHN TAIT.

THE Presbyterian Church of Victoria has just sustained a heavy loss, in the death of the Rev. John Tait, who died at his residence, the Manse, Skene-street, Geelong, on the morning of Monday, 19th March. Mr. Tait had been ailing for a considerable time, and his decease was not unexpected. The labours of a useful life, the anxieties of a sensitive mind, and the effects of long residence in a trying climate, told at length on a frame, never robust, until he sank under a general exhaustion of nature.

John Tait was born at Moffat, in Scotland, in the year 1809. As a student in the Glasgow University he showed great proficiency, and ranked among his friends such scholars as Halley and Robert Johnson, afterwards missionary at Madras. He studied theology under Dr. M'Gill, and was one of the many earnest students whom that celebrated professor sent forth some thirty years ago to revive (under God) the evangelism of the Scottish Church.

Mr. Tait was licensed early, and entered at once on missionary work in Glasgow, Greenock, and other places in the west, where a savour of his name is still retained in many godly families. His chief field of usefulness, however, was to be Australia; and he was led, after much exercise of heart and prayer for guidance, to offer himself for the colonial church in New South Wales.

He landed in Sydney some twenty-three years ago, and was soon appointed to the charge of the district of Illawarra, where he laboured so abundantly as to form the nucleus of what are now six flourishing congregations. After a ministry of three years at Illawarra, he was transferred to Parramatta, then a centre of much influence, in consequence of that township being the main seat of the penal establishments in New South Wales, and the residence of many government officials. He continued in Parramatta ten years; and such was the value entertained there for his ministry, that on his removal to Geelong, in Victoria, several of his people followed him, one of whom assisted in nursing him with touching tenderness during his last illness, and another of whom was observed at the funeral shedding tears over his grave.

The disruption of 1843 in the Church of Scotland produced a profound impression on Mr. Tait's mind, and he resolved, though at a great sacrifice, to cast in his lot with the Free Church. This, and the breaking up of the penal establishments at Parramatta about the same time, led to his removal from that scene of usefulness, and he ultimately settled at Geelong, in this colony, where, notwithstanding the disturbing influences of the last nine years, he collected a congregation remarkable among all the congregations of the church for their number, character, organisation, and zeal. As a preacher, Mr. Tait had great power—laborious in his studies and preparations, scriptural and textual in his discourses, strong in his convictions, impressed with the importance of the Gospel and the value of souls—he appeared in the pulpit every Lord's day with sermons that readily laid hold of the minds and sympathies of his hearers. He was both arousing and edifying. Few preachers are so uniformly equal in thought and preparation as was our departed friend. Mr. Tait, however, was not a mere preacher; he took a deep interest in all public questions and movements bearing on morals and religion, and he is known to have watched carefully over the interests of the charitable institutions of Geelong. Mr. Tait passed through life with a private character eminently pure. Candid, truthful, unworldly, and guarded; simple in his tastes, and abstemious in his habits, living for God, blessed in his domestic relations, and happy in the esteem of every good man who knew him—he has gone without a spot on his name. It was, however, in church courts that Mr. Tait was best known to the brethren and to the church at large. With a clear head, large colonial experience, thorough integrity, a natural turn for business, a deep interest in ecclesiastical affairs, and a remarkable talent for writing minutes and motions; great wisdom in counsel, resoluteness in following his object, and in moral courage bold as a lion, he was just the man to guide the policy of a church, and the Presbyterian Church in her short history in Australia had need of Mr. Tait more than once.—*The Australian Messenger.*

PETITION FOR REPRIEVE.

THE following petition, signed by the Speaker and other members of the Legislative Assembly, was presented yesterday to his Excellency the Governor-General:—

To His Excellency Sir W. T. Denison, Knight, &c., &c., &c.

The humble petition of the undersigned members of Parliament, Magistrates, and others.

Respectfully showeth:

That your petitioners have considered the cases of the convict Ellen Monks, now lying under sentence of death in Goulburn gaol, and the convict William Goodson, now lying under sentence of death in the gaol at Darlinghurst; and, they believe, the highest interests of society would be more fully served by the reprieve of these unhappy persons than by their execution.

In both cases the convicts are old in years, and are persons who, previous to the crimes of which they have been convicted, were not habitual offenders against the laws of their country.

In England the punishment of death is practically abolished, so far as it relates to women. Your petitioners believe there is no instance, for the last ten years, of death having been inflicted on female offenders, even in cases where the enormity of capital crime has been fully established by the most conclusive evidence. Every Secretary of State, acting apparently from a sense of respect for the improved feeling of the nation, has uniformly advised the prerogative of mercy to be extended to condemned women. And your petitioners respectfully and earnestly submit that neither the ends of justice nor the interest of morality can be promoted by sacrificing the life of the wretched convict Ellen Monks.

The evidence in this case shewed that the woman Monks, up to the point of time when she murdered her husband (who was in a state of intoxication), had been patiently endeavouring to restrain him from further indulgence, and induce him to retire to bed, and that she entertained no malicious or criminal intention towards him. At length, in a moment of ungoverned passion at finding her efforts all fruitless, she committed the murder. The horrid means by which she afterwards attempted to conceal her crime, it is submitted, formed no criminal element in the crime itself, and ought to be carefully excluded from the consideration of the case. This strongly-marked circumstance, your petitioners submit, points out the wretched woman Monks as a fit object for the exercise of the Royal clemency.

In the other case, the convict William Goodson is an old man close verging on three score and ten. According to his own statement, he is absolutely friendless and without means, and in consequence had no advice or assistance in preparing his defence, except such as was afforded by the Court on his trial. He appears to be in debilitated health, and in many respects an object of commiseration; and he complains that important facts affecting his case were not brought out in evidence on his trial.

Lord Brougham, an illustrious authority on criminal justice, has said, "It is doubtless a great evil for a man to be murdered; but that *in reason is no argument* for inflicting death upon the murderer."

Your petitioners earnestly pray that your Excellency will be pleased to bring the cases of these two wretched fellow-creatures under the consideration of the Executive Council, and that their lives may be mercifully spared.

And your petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

MESSRS. PURKIS AND LAMBERT.—On the Premises of Mr. Edwards, Ironmonger, George-street, near Wright's Brewery, at half-past 10 o'clock, Crockeryware, Glassware, &c.
MR. ROBERT MURIEL.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, Pianoforte, Engravings, Plated-ware, China, Glass, Fowls, Ducks, Rabbits, an Australian Eagle, &c.
MR. F. BRADLY.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, Plated and Glass Ware, Books, &c.
MR. H. VAUGHAN.—At No. 195, Castlereagh-street, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, Watches, Clocks, &c.
MR. C. MARTYN.—At the Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Carriages, Gigs, Dogcarts, Spring-Carts, Drays, Trucks, Harness, &c.
MR. J. M. HUGHES.—On the Premises, Castlereagh-street, near Bathurst-street, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, and Sundries; at the Yard of the Barley Mow Public-house, at 12 o'clock, Flowering Plants, Shrubs, &c.
MR. S. WOOLLER.—At his Repository, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Carts, &c.
MR. W. FULLAGAR.—At his Yards, Western Road, at 12 o'cock, Fat Cattle.

CURIOUS CALCULATION.—Suppose a gentleman were determined to pay a visit to the Leviathan every week for fifty-two successive weeks, taking with him a farthing the first week, a halfpenny the second, a penny the third, twopence the fourth, fourpence the fifth, and so on in progressive succession, he would in the course of a year have taken altogether the sum of £4,692,249,601,843 5s. 3¼d. Such an amount we shall the more readily understand by having recourse to other figures. If this mass of gold were weighed (reckoning four sovereigns to the ounce) it would amount to 32,730,535 tons, 14 cwt. 6 lbs., avoirdupois weight; if that amount in sovereigns were placed on a square mile, it would reach to a greater height than five feet; if upon a square foot, piled up, it would attain the height of 25,678 miles 4 furlongs; but if linked together one by one, the golden chain would encircle the earth 8022 times. The number of men necessary to count the whole number of sovereigns, supposing each man could count sixty in a minute, and continued for twelve hours in the day for twelve months, would not be less than 297,580.

THE BASIN OF THE CUDGEGONG.

[BY OUR GOLD COMMISSIONER.]

It has seldom been the good fortune of the inhabitants of a new country, still a comparative wilderness, to possess such a valuable mass of information with regard to its geological character, and its mineral resources, as is contained in the able reports of the Rev. W. B. Clarke, supplemented by those of S. Stutchbury, Esq., late Colonial Geologist of New South Wales. And still more seldom has such a wealth of useful knowledge been permitted to remain for so lengthened a period buried in the archives of a Government, and hoarded like a miser's treasure, to be applied to no useful purpose. These reports, cheaply though they were obtained, still cost the country something, and were not intended for the exclusive benefit of the officers of the Government, or the members of the Legislative Assembly, but for the advancement of science and the enlightenment of our mining population.

While the production of gold has become one of our necessities, and we are urging our diggers to prosecute their researches with renewed energy, we keep them groping in the dark, and withhold that light which can alone guide them to success.

Many of the most important of these papers are now *out of print*, and can only be found buried amidst that heterogeneous accumulation of matter which constitutes the unwieldly volumes of the Votes and Proceedings of the Legislative Assembly. Included amongst those out of print is the report on the Cudgegong River by the late Mr. Stutchbury, for which urgent application has been made by persons anxious to contribute towards the development of the wealth of that rich and unwrought gold-field.

Mr. Stutchbury commences with the "Bungabumel Creek, in the neighbourhood of which a mass of red porphyry protrudes through sandstone, flanked by siliceous slates; the road through the valley passes over the debris from ranges on the eastern side, composed of loose-grained conglomerates, supplied by the degradation of the ridges."

About one mile south 10° west of the road is a sandy flat, with numerous mounds of quartz and ridges of talcose slate, bands of porphyry intervening. He next proceeds to the little Nullen Creek, which takes its rise in a series of elevations east of the Cudgegong range, through the whole of which quartz is abundant, especially near the Lambing Hill. The creek from this hill falls into the Cudgegong; from this stream he procured fine gold. On the ranges to the west the crests are formed of hard cornean rocks, while those to the east consist of schists. The country is broken by gullies and ravines, and quartz is in great abundance. In the sands of the creeks in the vicinity are rubies, chrysolites, and other gems of minute size. The country from Lambing Hill to Yamble station is composed of the rocks above mentioned, except a hill of basaltic whinstone, one mile from the latter.

The Cudgegong was examined from Yamble to the junction of Eumbi Creek, and gold obtained everywhere. Near the confluence of the Eumbi are hills of trap rock (whinstone).

From Yamble he traced the Pinebong Creek, which takes a general direction south-south-east. The principal mountain of the range is conical, and covered with large masses of slate. The creek, which in its tortuous course must exceed twelve miles to Butler's station, consists of altered schists. From this creek he obtained gold; throughout it presented the aspect of a promising gold country.

One mile and a-half from Butler's hut was a reported silver mine. It proved to be a lode of quartz, impregnated by micaceous and granular titaniferous iron ore. The Pinebong Creek has its source in a dividing range, which gives birth to various other streams falling into the Cudgegong. In Bruce's Creek, and the quartzose ridges close by, some very fine large-grained gold has been found.

He returned to Yamble by way of the Dirthole Creek, also a very promising *locale* for gold. East from Yamble is the Two-mile Creek and Flat. This creek contains fine gold, iron, sand, ilmenite, monaccanite, and iserine garnets, chrysolites, and other gems.

The country between Two-mile Flat and Guntawang is composed of schist and quartz—the ranges giving birth to many creeks, such as Stoney Creek, Sawpit Creek, Crooked Creek, and others, in all of which gold occurs; the last-named passes through a swamp, which also contains gold in the black earth of the surface.

The ranges east and south-east of Guntawang are of sandstone, for the most part fine-grained; and the stratification on the south-eastern side of the flat lands is nearly vertical, while that of the north-east is horizontal, the dip, however, being to the westward. About two hundred yards below the crossing-place of the Cudgegong, at Guntawang, there are beds of coal in the sandstone, similar to that on the Talbragar. Notwithstanding the various disruptions which the sandstone has received by the protrusion of the trap rocks, its general direction and dip is maintained for thirty miles north-west.

North of Guntawang there are considerable masses of trap rock (basaltic whinstone), containing olivine or chrysolite. The trap rocks are also exhibited on both sides of the river, those on the western side being flanked by metamorphic slates and extensive quartz reefs and dykes.

In the corner of the plain near Wialdra Creek the sandstone is composed of the debris of granite, which it greatly resembles, so much so that detached specimens might be mistaken for it, but examined *in situ* its stratification determines it to be a variety of sandstone.

At the base of the alluvium is a conglomerate of a considerable degree of hardness, which contains gold, especially where it is cemented by bog iron. This conglomerate must not be mistaken for the ancient rock, so repeatedly referred to as occurring above, and often in conjunction with limestone. It is a re-consolidated rock composed of small shingle (ancient river bars). Many of these shingles have been deposited at heights above the water level of the present day.

Gold was obtained on the summit of many of the ranges near Guntawang.

Four miles east of the junction of the Wialdra Creek is a ridge of flesh-coloured granite. Here gold was found on the surface amidst a hard transmuted schist abutting on the western side of the granite, of a rough nuggetty character, an evidence that it had not moved far.

In pursuing the main Cobbra road towards the Puggami, or Godeman's Creek, in a north-westerly direction, there is a small belt of slaty rocks, covered by sandstone to the extremity of the flat.

Near to Godeman's Creek is a vitrified sandstone, immediately west of which is a mound of trap rock. The rocks observed in following down the creek were schists in their metamorphic forms. Gold occurs in this watercourse, but quartz is scarce. Crossing the ridges you arrive at the Cudgegong Creek, where hard talcose schists bear north 25° west, dip westerly. Returning to the main road, the sandstone holds its position until interrupted by a boss of clay-slate near the Stockyard station, west of which limestone occurs; then sandstone for two miles, until arriving at the steep pinch, composed of hard blue whinstone.

From Guntawang the course of the Cudgejong upwards as far as Mudgee was examined, and produced many fine samples of gold, particularly near Cloudy Bay; not only was it obtained in the bed of the river, but in the flats and small creeks in the neighbourhood. This is undoubtedly drift gold, for the flat lands consist of coal measure sandstone, which has filled in the ancient gullies.

The ranges around being schistose and highly quartziferous may account for the gold being found in considerable quantity. There is gold also in the Eurindurry, or Pipeclay Creek, the embouchure of which is at Wilbertree.

Lawson's Creek—a considerable tributary of the Cudgegong—passes through a country supposed to be highly auriferous, and, upon trial in several places, above where limestone is marked upon the map, gold was found in every dishful of earth. It was also obtained from a hole in a granite rock which crosses the creek about twelve miles above its junction, and generally from the flat lands in the vicinity. Sufficient gold was also obtained from the banks of the creek to prove the existence of highly remunerative washings; nearly all the varieties of gems previously seen on the Cudgegong were present, and by a careful attention some of high value might be found.

The limestone in Lawson's Creek is altered by the proximity of the granite into marble of many varieties; others, very beautiful, may be had in the neighbourhood of Mudgee, some of which are jet black with white veins.

Indications of galena and copper occur in the quartz lodes of the ranges upon the upper portion of Lawson's Creek. A specimen of quartz was obtained containing gold and sulphuret of lead.

It appears to excite some surprise amongst diggers that lead, copper, silver, and other metals known to exist in abundance in the vast area already under work in the pursuit of gold, do not present themselves in the course of their washings. The enquiry may be thus answered The metals named are but rarely met with in the same degree of purity as gold. They are, for the most part, chemically combined with acids and bases, the majority of which are easily decomposed by the atmosphere, and when in the elementary state, as pure metals, are soluble, according to their kinds, in certain weights of water, and most of them readily combine with oxygen,—gold and platina being the principal exceptions.

Having carefully examined the Cudgegong River from its confluence with the Macquarie, I have no hesitation (notwithstanding its having been but slightly worked, and at distant points, up to the present time,) in stating my belief that its whole course is replete with gold; that very many of its smaller tributaries, together with the dry diggings of their accompanying swamps and flat lands, will supply room for thousands of adventurers for many years to come; and that during the period of cessation which will ensue, consequent upon the ill-arranged mode of working in this the infancy of Australian gold mining in localities that have proved highly productive, but supposed by the majority to be worked out, will be returned to at a future time, and again yield large profits. I have been induced to offer the above remarks from having observed the wasteful mode of operation as at present carried on, not only from the want of efficient machinery, but especially from the manner in which the ground is occupied (by claims), their being no established rule in letting, so as to necessitate a regular and systematic mode of working, which, if looked upon as a final result, we cannot contemplate without deploring the immense loss of wealth to the world at large, and the colony in particular.

The above is an abridgement of the report in question, and contains so much of it as is of any importance to the prospector. I may add that, in June last, a series of letters were published in the *Herald*, descriptive of the state and prospects of the same district, with an account of the Guntawang gold-field. My impression then was that there was no part of the Western gold-fields so full of promise to the gold-digger as the Pinebong ranges and the basin of the Cudgegong.

KIANDRA DIGGINGS.

The Snowy River Diggings.—The following narrative of a trip to our new diggings has been handed to us for publication by a party whose veracity we can depend on:—"I started from Sydney on 1st March with a pair of horses and cart, and found a good road to Campbelltown. Upon reaching that place I was informed to my sorrow that Camden bridge had shared the fate of many others by the recent floods; on that account we had to turn off the main road, and travel one that I shall always remember, for it was impossible to go over it at the rate more than twelve miles per day with a loaded dray. I reached Picton on Saturday, which looked, from the continual rain, in the very height of confusion. Teams and carts bogged in all directions; here and there were to be seen men selling out, determined to go no further, declaring they would go back, and evidently heartily disgusted at the prospect before them. But "never say die," was our motto, so onward we pushed, not without great difficulty. We crossed the Bargo just in the nick of time, as it rained that night and the next day, and rose the river, and teams behind us had to stop for a week. Even the mail coach was unable to pass the river, and we push on, waving our stock whips at the poor unfortunate travellers on the wrong side of the river, and reached Berrima on Wednesday at noon, and was grieved to find that beautiful stone bridge which has cost thousands was carried away, and the swollen river leaving scarcely one stone on another. There is a small punt for accommodation of foot passengers, and not calculated for loading, but a "tip" worked a passage for our goods, and now the question comes, how are the horses and carts to get over? Swimming them seemed to be the only alternative. Some of the carts had an empty porter barrel lashed inside, which enabled them to float over. There was a considerable deal of splashing and bucking with the horses, and the by-standers evidently enjoyed the ill luck of the gold adventurers at this early stage of their experience. Well, over—off we bend towards Goulburn, and reached that thriving place on Friday—the roads being in a horrible condition. We were revived by a two hours' stay in this lively town, and started towards Lake George. Made Queanbeyan on Sunday. I then left the cart with my two mates and took a short cut by the "marked tree" line, and made the diggings in two days. I was one week on the diggings when the cart arrived, it having taken nine days to come from Queanbeyan. And a hard road to travel, indeed, it proved to be, and at times those in charge of the cart were tempted to give up in despair, so almost impassible were the ranges, having to unload several times and hump the goods over. During the week I was at the diggings before the cart arrived I had a good opportunity of prospecting the diggers as well as their claims. On the first two days I strolled amongst the working diggers, and found the most of them on the flat in the bed of the river washing the stuff in slush boxes. Even here, which consists of some of the best claims, I found some not getting colour, and a little further on was an old mate of mine who was washing out nuggets—many the size of marbles—besides small stuff; and many around him were getting their pint pot full a day. Notwithstanding all these evidences of the richness of the flat, very many shicers were sunk. I rambled down the river and saw many at work for miles, and the bed of the river prospected for seven miles down, and many persons making further prospect, but few making rations at any distance from the rich claims. There were some instances of good luck; one party obtained fourteen ounces in a day, and as fine a sample of gold as I ever beheld. The next day I visited the township, which is on a hill about half a mile from the rich claims. My attention was attracted upon entering by a sound of twenty or thirty men making a rush on a man, and having secured him, deliberately shore him of his locks, then tied his hands behind him, chalking "thief" on his back, and turning him adrift with shouts, the force had swelled to over two hundred who joined in the hunt. What with straps, belts, and cart bands, and small waddies, all delighted in emphatically lashing the rascal naked through the world. When the fellow turned to observe from whence came the last unkindly cut, a more unkindlier one would salute his anxious inquiry. Such a hooting and yelling I have never observed to have been excelled at any of Dr. Duigan's meetings. Finally a few of the more humane would prevail on the crowd to desist, and the sport would gradually die out, and the fellow suffered to sneak out of sight.

The above summary punishment was inflicted for stealing a saddle.

I saw four cases of this sort within a short period. One poor fellow they had by a rope nicely adjusted around his neck, and every determination made to lynch him, but as they appeared ready to inflict this summary punishment a woman rushed forward, and on bended knees prayed that the partner of her bosom might be spared. The stern executioners were softened by this appeal, and the fellow was handed over to the tender embraces of his fair deliverer. Petty thieving is the order of the day amongst a superabundance of old crawlers from Victoria, some of whom eased me of a quantity of bacon, also a new oilskin coat both of which articles will serve to keep the rascals dry in wet weather. Horse stealing abounds almost in the same ratio as horses. Body snatching was also done to some extent. One night a married lady was abstracted from the bed and tent of her better half by a band of ruffians—and as it afterwards appeared not very much against her own will and pleasure. It appears she had banked a £120 on her own account, to be drawn in Melbourne upon her arrival there, and thither herself and abductors wended their way. The bereaved husband becoming aware of this, applied to the Commission for advice and assistance, which was granted by stopping the funds, and recommended him to get a better claim. Sunday, which ought to be (even on the diggings), a day of rest, is disgraced above all the others by being set apart for incessant gambling, dog-fighting, foot-racing, pugilistic encounters, drinking, riot, and debauchery of the worst kind. During the whole month of my stay there was not the slightest evidence of Christianity amongst the people as a mass, and no service or prayer meeting was held either on Sunday or any other day. On the whole, however, Sunday night was, to all outward appearance, the less noisy of the seven, and an absence of the nightly fiddles was perceptible. There was but one hotel in the place, kept by a spirited Yankee, and accommodates 100 boarders, and seems a paying speculation. There are two others in the course of erection, and, no doubt, are now open, and will prove a means of shelter to many who will try to winter at Kiandra, so as to be ready for an early chance in the spring. There are also many fine stores in the process of building, and every preparation being made for a great rush when the winter is spent. I am convinced that nothing short of a second Ballaarat is the destiny of the infant Kiandra. On leaving the diggings I took a different route for Sydney, which I found much better and nearer. The first stage from the diggings you make Cooma, and coming to Jean Flat, being put on the track, you can make the Clyde in three days, and thence come to Sydney by steamer. This proves that the route can be easily done in five days with a horse.

This route appears to me to have been entirely overlooked by Sydneyites, and having travelled it with observation I can safely recommend it as the best and decidedly the most expeditious line to Kiandra, and the one I hope to take when I return in the spring.

HENRY RABONE.

The following letter was received yesterday:

Kiandra, April 16, 1860.

Dear Friend,—I send you a brief account of these diggings as they are at present. My mates only arrived here the other day, and we have lost no time in setting to work. But, as I have told you before, I fear it is too late in the season. Report says that the Nine Mile rush is turning out pretty fair. A great many, I believe, intend wintering it out here, or somewhere close by, so as to be in time for the rush to the Snowy at the commencement of the Spring. We are now stripping a piece of ground, but do not expect it will turn out more than an ounce per man per week. The cold weather has set in, and prevented a great many bed claim-holders from work; and, in fact, a great many who had first-rate claims in the bed of the river have been fairly driven out by the recent flood in the river, and has thereby prevented a great deal of gold from being rooted up this winter. Hundreds are leaving the diggings—giving it up for the season—but mostly all intend returning in the spring.

The last flood has been a great drawback on the majority of the lucky holders of the bed claims, a great many of whom were getting twenty, thirty, and forty ounces per day, and who have had their claims completely inundated and made a watercourse of; and if the weather was even favourable, they would have to cut races, which is too late to attempt this winter.

People are still making wages at the surfacing, but seldom drop across anything worth while. The snow is beginning to fall, and ice is found on the water; the weather very cold; provisions very dear; and in fact everything is unfavourable for digging operations on the Snowy this winter. H. L.

Imported Stock.—Yesterday, three very splendid Durham bulls, a cow, and eighteen merino rams, imported, per George Marshall, by Mr. Ducar, of Moreton Bay, were landed and sent to Messrs. Burt and Co.'s repository, where they have attracted very considerable notice, being thought one of the finest lots of imported stock yet landed here. The rams were selected in Germany, and are considered fully equal to some Negretti merinos imported by Mr. Bigge last year, two of which, it will be remembered, were sold by Messrs. Burt and Co. for the large price of £150 each. Those now on view at Messrs. Burt's will amply repay the trouble of a visit from parties interested in the advancement of our pastoral pursuits.

The City Waterworks.—An interruption, since Monday last, of the supply of water from the works at Lachlan, has proved the existence of a stoppage in the tunnel through which the water is brought, supposed to be owing to a falling-in of a portion of the masonry. It has been ascertained that beyond Darlinghurst the tunnel is perfectly sound, and the stoppage is therefore thought to be somewhere under the South Head Road, but neither the cause nor the extent of the damage has yet been discovered. In the meantime, steps are being taken to connect the pipes hitherto fed from this tunnel with the new works at Botany, so as to afford a proper supply to the residents in Woolloomooloo, who have been greatly inconvenienced for want of water. Fortunately the supply at Botany can easily spare this additional demand, the works having sustained no injury from the late heavy rains.

An English Idea of Queensland.—At a meeting at the London Mansion House on behalf of the endowment of the new bishopric of Brisbane, the speech of the bishop designate presents in a rather novel and amusing light the right rev. gentleman's idea of the scene of his future labours and of Australian affairs generally. We quote from the *Morning Star* of January 27th. "The Bishop of Brisbane, in seconding the resolution, laid before the meeting a detail of the spiritual requirements of his See, and of the plan of action which he set before himself, in regard not only to the English settlers, but to the aboriginal inhabitants and the coolie population. With respect to the English, a large proportion of them were the descendants of convicts, who had been left by the government which punished them without the means of spiritual consolation; and as regarded the natives and the coolies, he was determined that nothing like slavery should exist among those of them entrusted to his ecclesiastical care, and he was sure he would be fully seconded by the other Australian bishops, one of whom, the bishop of Perth, had been his friend in childhood, having been, in fact, his schoolfellow.

On THURSDAY, 10th MAY, at 11 o'clock.
AT THE POLICE OFFICE, GUNDAGAI.
Country Lots.—County of Wynyard. Parish of Bangera. Within the extended Gundagai Reserve, adjacent to the west boundary of R. P. Jenkins's 175 acres, and the west boundaries of lots 6, 7, 11, and 12: Lot 1, 26 acres 3 roods 31 perches; lot 2, 37 acres, lot 3, 30 acres 3 roods; lot 4, 40 acres 3 roods; lot 5, 67 acres; Within the extended Gundagai Reserve, on and near the left bank of Adelong Creek, between R. and D. Johnston's 113 acres, and R. P. Jenkins' 175 acres: Lot 6, 39 acres 7 roods; lot 7, 81 acres 1 rood; lot 8, 33 acres; lot 9, 41 acres 1 rood; lot 10, 33 acres 3 roods; lot 11, 71 acres; lot 12, 77 acres; lot 13, 82 acres 2 roods; lot 14, 39 acres 1 rood 35 perches; lots 15, 47 acres 1 rood; lot 16, 138 acres; lot 17, 130 acres; lot 18, 133 acres; lot 19, 126 acres; lot 20, 109 acres 1 rood; lot 21, 118 acres; lot 22, 139 acres; lot 23, 65 acres 1 rood; lot 24, 56 acres 3 roods; lot 25, 48 acres 2 roods; lot 26, 58 acres; lot 27, 61 acres 2 roods; lot 28, 50 acres; lot 29, 67 acres; lot 30, 55 acres 2 roods; lot 31, 67 acres; lot 32, 75 acres; lot 33, 71 acres; lot 34, 70 acres 2 roods; lot 35, 57 acres; lot 36, 70 acres; lot 37, 78 acres; lot 38, 29 acres 2 roods 35 perches. Parish of Willie Ploma. Within the extended Gundagai Reserve, on and near the right bank of Adelong Creek, and between Stuckey's 169 acres 2 roods and R. and D. Johnston's 113 acres; Lot 39, 46 acres; lot 40, 57 acres; lot 42, 40 acres; lot 43, 103 acres; lot 44, 81 acres; lot 45, 83 acres; lots 46 and 47, 48 acres each; lot 48, 63 acres; lot 49, 39 acres; lot 50, 58 acres; lot 51, 76 acres; lot 52, 55 acres; lot 53, 64 acres; lot 54, 67 acres. Upset price, £1 per acre.

MERCANTILE AND MONEY ARTICLE.

Friday Evening.

The following is the amount of Customs' revenue paid to-day:—

	£	s.	d.
Brandy	388	7	8
Gin	155	7	11
Liqueurs, cordials, and strong waters	0	5	0
Whisky	17	10	0
Rum	350	19	0
Wine	15	5	4
Ale, porter, and beer (in wood)	38	2	6
——— (in bottle)	2	15	4
Tobacco and snuff	123	6	0
Tea	65	9	0
Sugar, refined	0	15	10
——— unrefined	357	15	0
Pilotage	43	17	4
Dues	7	0	0
Total	£1345	14	5

By the Malta, which arrived this morning at Kangaroo Island, we have news from England to the 19th of March. The substance of our commercial telegram is as follows: The money market is tight, and the rate of discount charged by the Bank of England is 4½ per cent. Consols, after having advanced to 95¼, have again declined, and are quoted at 94¾, which is ⅛ per cent. higher than they were by last mail. The drain of bullion continues. The total imports having amounted to £1,250,701, and exports £1,673,189.

In Australian securities there have been some fluctuations. New South Wales debentures have declined one-half per cent., and Bank of Australasia shares £6 10s. per share, and Union Bank £1 15s. per share. The following are the latest quotations:—New South Wales debentures, 99 to 99½; Bank of New South Wales, 53; Australasia, 74½; Union Bank, 45.

The dividend declared by the Bank of Australasia at their half-yearly meeting is 15 per cent. per annum, and this reduction in their usual dividend of 20 per cent. per annum has, no doubt, caused the great decline in the prices of their shares.

The Intercolonial Steam Company have resolved to raise £62,500 additional capital.

The committee appointed to investigate the affairs of the London and Liverpool Fire Insurance Company have reported favourably.

Several new projects have been started, notwithstanding the tightness of money, and amongst these we may mention Buenos Ayres Railway Company, Brazilian Mail Steamer Company, Great Northern Palace Company, &c. The total capital of these companies in round numbers is about one million and a quarter.

The London public wool sales commenced on the 1st of March. There was a good attendance of buyers, and prices obtained were equal on an average to those realised at the last December sales. Foreign buyers were large purchasers. The sales are to close on the 20th of March, when 34,000 bales will have been disposed of.

In the tallow market a decline of 2s. per cwt. has taken place. Australian mutton is quoted at 58s.; and beef 57s. Hides are quiet, and have slightly declined in price.

In spirits, brandy is reported to be flat, and rum quiet.

At New York, business is reported to be inactive. Money is easy at 6 per cent., and the rate of exchange dull at 109.

The arrivals to-day have been the Hansfell, from Liverpool, and the Lloyds, from Plymouth, with cargoes of general merchandise; and the Alma, from Singapore, with a cargo consisting of dates, 310 bags of sugar, 215 bags of coffee, 185 bags of rice, spices, and 500 bundles of rattans and sundries.

The total earnings on the Great Southern Railway for the week ending 28th April, 1860, amounted to £736 16s. 5d.; and the total number of passengers carried to 5397.

The total earnings on the Great Northern Railway for the week ending 28th April, 1860, amounted to £256 10s. 1d.; and the total number of passengers carried to 2196.

The amount of gold coin issued by the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint during the week ended to-day, 4th May, has been 40,000 half-sovereigns, and 30,000 sovereigns.

The quantity of gold-dust imported into the same establishment during the week, for the purpose of coinage, has been 3681 ozs.

The Western and Cooma escorts arrived yesterday from the several gold-fields, and delivered at the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint the following quantities of gold-dust:—Western: Sofala, 613 ozs. 10 dwts. 4 grs.; Bathurst, 444 ozs. 2 dwts. 9 grs.; Louisa Creek, 658 ozs. 14 dwts. 20 grs.; Tambaroora, 317 ozs. 12 dwts. 6 grs.; Mudgee, 332 ozs. 18 dwts. 14 grs. Cooma: From Cooma, 121 ozs. 13 dwts. 5 grs.; Kiandra, 213 ozs. 8 dwts. 12 grs. Total, 2751 ozs. 19 dwts. 22 grs.

A general abstract, showing the average amount of the liabilities and assets of the Union Bank of Australia within the colony of New South Wales, taken from the several weekly statements during the quarter from the 1st of January to the 26th of March, 1860, is published in to-day's *Gazette*.

Liabilities: Notes in circulation, not bearing interest, £72,523 0s. 10d.; bills in circulation, not bearing interest, £8801 19s. 8d. Balance due to other banks, £19 13s. 11d. Deposits—not bearing interest, £348,011 7s. 6d.; bearing interest, £241,507 14s. 6d. Total amount of liabilities, £670,863 16s. 5d. Assets—coined gold and silver, and other coined metals, £154,027 9s. 11d.; gold and silver in bullion or bars, £4260 6s. 3d.; landed property, £13,735 19s. 2d.; notes and bills of other banks, £4737 1s. 4d.; balances due from other banks, £128 7s. 9s.; amount of all debts due to the bank, including notes, bills of exchange, and all stock and funded debts of every description, excepting notes, bills, and balances due to the said bank from other banks, £540,805 10s. 2d. Total amount of assets, £717,694 14s. 7d. Amount of the capital stock paid up at the close of the quarter ended 26th March, 1860, £1,000,000; rate of the last dividend declared to the shareholders, 16 per cent. per annum; amount of the last dividend declared, £80,000; amount of the reserved profits at the time of declaring such dividend, £299,679 18s. 10d.

The share market during the week has been more active, and a fair amount of business has been transacted in the shares of our colonial banks and steam companies. The fluctuations, however, in prices have been few, and not to any extent. There has been some inquiry for Bank of New South Wales shares, and a slight reaction has consequently taken place. These shares were offered at £35 per share last week, and at that rate some large sales have been made, and there are now buyers at that figure, and have also been sold at £36 per share. Australian Joint Stock Bank and Commercial Bank shares are about the same as last week. Illawarra Steam Navigation shares are in better favour, in consequence of the satisfactory report they presented at their last meeting, and have been sold at an advance equal to 10s. per share on the price quoted before the dividend. The following are the rates at which sales have been effected during the week:—Bank of New South Wales, £35 and £36 per share; new shares, £34 15s. 6d. per share. Australian Joint Stock, £12 10s. and £12 7s. 6d. per share. Commercial Bank, £45 per share. Australasian Steam Navigation Company, £15 7s. 6d. and £15 10s. per share. Illawarra Steam Navigation Company, £4 7s. 6d. per share, ex div.

Government debentures continue firm. Terminables are quoted at 100 and interest; interminables are quoted at 98 to 99 and interest.

The following table will show the closing quotations of our securities as well as the rates at which business has been transacted during the week:—

Capital.	Companies.	Paid per share.	Closing Prices.	Business done.
£	*Banks.*			
900,000	Australasia	£40	81	45
390,000	Commercial	£25	45	...
1,000,000	Eng. Scot. and Aust.	£20	16⅞	...
375,000	Joint Stock	£10	12⅞ to 12¾	12⅞ to 12¾
	New ditto		...	...
100,000	London Chartered	£20	22⅞	...
750,000	New South Wales	£25	35 to 36	35 to 36
2,000,000	Oriental	£25		...
1,000,000	Union	£20	49	...
	Steam Companies.			
180,000	Australasian	£15	15 to 15½	15¼ to 15⅝
50,000	Clarence & Richmond	£10	Par.	...
55,000	Hunter River	£10	9	...
50,000	Illawarra	£5	4¼ to 4½	4⅜
	Insurance Cos.			
600,000	General Marine	£5	9⅛	...
150,000	N. S. W. Marine	£2	3 ex. div.	...
250,000	Sydney Fire	£1	45s	...
	Miscellaneous Cos.			
300,000	Gas Light	£6	12	
	New	£2	6	...
30,000	Sydney Exchange	£10	4	...
50,000	Pyrmont Bridge	£5	3 to 4	...
100,000	Wallsend Coal	£4	...	...
200,000	Newcastle Coal & Copper	£23	19	
	Debentures.	—		
	Government due in 1860, 1861, 1862, 1866, 1871, 1873, 1874, 1876, and 1888	£ 100	100 and int.	...
	Interminable	100	98 to 99	98 to 99
	Australasian Steam due in 1860, 1861, and 1864	100	¼ to 1 prem.	...
	City of Sydney	100	98	
	Pyrmont Bridge Co., due in 1862, 1863, and 1864	100	101	...

Messrs. Durham and Irwin held their weekly produce sale this day: the quantity of wool offered, though small, realized fair rates:—

11 bales New Zealand fleece were bought in at 17½d;—the prices obtained were as follow: skin 19¾ to 21d, locks at 10½d, damaged ditto 12½d. Skins—About 850, low conditioned, were sold at from 6½d to 7¾d, pelts at 2½d. Tallow.—The trade were the only operators; 55 casks, principally beef, from boiling-down establishments, all of which were sold at prices varying thus:—beef, at from £44 to £46 9s; station, at from £43 5s to £46 15; slush, at £37 10s per ton. Hides.—Those offered were of an inferior character; 347 were at from 5s 3d to 13s 9d; calfskins, at from 9d to 15d each. Horns, at from 17s 9d to 21s 9d per 100. Shankbones, at from £8 to £12 15s. Hair, at 5½d per lb.

The George Marshall, from London, on Wednesday last, brings out a consignment of pure bred merino rams, a part of which are the property of the North British Australasian Society—the residue to Messrs. Flower, Salting, and Co., Mr. Cardell, and Mr. Deucher—those belonging to the latter gentleman said to be the finest, having been selected by that gentleman from a stud-flock of a nobleman in Germany. They have been sent to Burt and Co.'s stables, in Pitt-street, for public inspection, prior to their shipment to Moreton Bay.

A fair amount of business has been transacted in our markets this week, and confidence amongst the mercantile community appears to be almost restored. The 4th of the month has passed off without any further failures being announced, and we believe the bills due at the Banks to-day have generally been well met. There is not, however, at present any desire to enter into speculations, but a good sound business has been done in executing orders for supplies for the country and were it not for the badness of the roads caused by the late rains and the difficulty of procuring teams, there would be but little cause for complaint. We subjoin the latest report of our markets.

Flour.—The market continues firm, and holders are very unwilling to sell at present rates, as an advance is generally anticipated. The millers continue to quote fine flour at £23 per ton, and seconds at £21 per ton. Wheat is also quoted by them at 8s. 6d. to 9s., but sales of the wheat per Electra have been made at 10s. 6d., and this price has been refused by the holders for the remaining portion of the cargo. American barrel flour is inquired for, and is worth about 50s. per barrel.

Liquids.—Brandy is steady, and Martell's continues to be quoted at 11s. 6d, at which rate sales have been made. Hennessy's is worth about 11s. Rum is firm, and the advance in prices noticed last week has been maintained; 30 o.p. is about 4s. 4d. to 4s. 6d. Geneva is without any material alteration; first brands, of low strengths and small quantities, are saleable at from 14s. 6d. to 15s. In wines, the transactions this week have been unimportant, and prices rate the same. Ale in bulk is very firm, and Bass's No. 3 is in some request, at £7 12s. 6d. to £7 15s. Other brands not so much in demand. Porter in bulk is still dull of sale, and prices nominal. Bottled ale and porter are in moderate demand, and prices rule from 9s. to 9s. 6d. for first brands.

Teas.—The market is not quite so firm owing to recent heavy arrivals, but holders at present are unwilling to force sales, or submit to reduced rates. The cargo of the Asa Packer, from Foo Chow, was offered at auction on Wednesday, by Messrs. Frith and Payten. As there was no great desire evinced by the trade to lay in stocks only about 500 chests were sold, at rates ranging from £6 12s. 6d. to £8 12s. 6d. per chest, and since then several small parcels have been quitted privately at these prices.

Sugars.—There have been no transactions of importance in this market this week, and prices therefore are quoted nominally the same. The Yarra and Amelia Breillat arrived yesterday with cargoes of sugar, so that there is but little likelihood of any improvement taking place at present. The following are the quotations:—Pampanga, £30 to £31; Mauritius, yellow, £36 to £42 per ton; dark, £28 to £34 per ton; Cossipore, £56 per ton; loaf, £62 per ton.

Rice continues dull of sale, and, as a large shipment is expected shortly to arrive, there is no desire to speculate for an advance. Patna is quoted at from £17 to £18 per ton.

Coffee continues firm at the advance noticed last week. Manila is worth 9d. to 9½d. in bond, and Java 9d. in bond. The shipments that have come to hand this week will doubtless check any further rise for the present.

Candles are very firm, and have again advanced fully ½d. per lb. Belmonts are quoted at 16d. to 16½d., and nevas at 16d., at which rates sales have been effected.

Provisions.—Good parcels of hams and cheese are inquired for, and will command from 13d. to 14d. per lb.

Salt is very firm. Liverpool is quoted at £6 to £6 5s. per ton, and large sales, to be delivered at the ship's side, have been made this week at £5 15s. per ton. Dairy salt is scarce, and is worth from £8 to £9 per ton.

Oilmen's Stores.—There is a moderate demand for most articles, but prices are unaltered.

Dried Fruits continue very dull of sale, and prices nominal.

Drapery.—A fair amount of business continues to be transacted in this market, and several orders from the country remain to be executed, owing to the difficulty of procuring carriage. Winter and seasonable goods are in request at remunerative prices.

Tobacco.—Notwithstanding our large importations of all kinds of tobacco, negrohead still retains extreme rates, and no prospect of a reduction. We quote any brand of fair quality at from 2s. to 2s. 3d. in bond; half-pound lumps and 8-s and 10-s, from 1s. to 1s. 6d. Sheepwash, 6d. to 8d.; and Island trade tobacco, none in the market.

Cigars.—Market dull. Havannah shapes and No. 2 cortados, in equal proportions, 45s. in bond.

CAMDEN.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

The late rain commenced here on the afternoon of Wednesday, the 25th April—moderately at first, but increasing gradually, with heavy showers, until the forenoon of Thursday; after which there was a cessation for several hours, and the weather appeared to have taken up. On Thursday night it recommenced, and thenceforward continued with little intermission until late on Saturday night, or early on Sunday morning. During the last twenty-four hours of the period it exceeded in violence any rain of nearly equal duration the most experienced residents remember to have witnessed. The first two days the river rose very gradually, and, until the morning of Saturday, it was hoped no serious flood would ensue; the water, on Friday evening, not having risen to above four or five feet over the bridge. But the almost incessant storm of rain throughout the whole of Saturday, increased the liveliest apprehensions. The land floods pouring from every valley which drains the adjoining country meeting the water coming down the river from its sources, it swelled rapidly, and by dark appeared to have reached the level of the great flood of last February. Between the two floods there was this difference. Before the February flood there was very little rain here, and hours before the waters attained their highest point it had wholly ceased, the day being comparatively fine. On the late occasion, the night set in with the tempest unabated, and the flood, already equal to the former one, rising rapidly. The misery and discomfort of the occupants of tenements which were being flooded may be imagined. Having already exceeded any known limits, so long as the violent rain continued no one could foresee any bounds to its devastations. The waters ceased to rise about the middle of the night, and it was a grateful relief at daylight on Sunday morning to find that they had already receded considerably.

They appear to have risen four or five feet higher than the flood of February last, and this last is supposed to have exceeded by several feet the great flood of March, 1816. It is probable, therefore, that the recent inundation has at this place exceeded, by six or seven feet, any which have occurred since the foundation of the colony. It is difficult to appreciate the extent of the injury it has done. In the village and its immediate vicinity there are many sufferers. The principal one is our enterprising and much-respected fellow-townsman, Mr. Henry Thompson. The damage to his premises and stock-in-trade must be very great indeed. Much injury has been sustained on the cultivated lands at Camden Park, and generally throughout this wheat-producing district. Indeed, it is hardly possible to estimate its extent.

Nearly the whole of the tenant farmers on the Camden estate have suffered. Some, whose farms are far removed from the river and its inundations, have had large portions of their fields swept away down to the bottom of the furrows, losing not only the young growing crops, but the soil which should have brought them to perfection.

On the Cumberland side of the river, Mr. Hassall, of Macquarie Grove, is said to have had 80 or 100 acres of young growing wheat, with the soil, entirely carried away by a back current from the river. Both the bridges, the temporary one here and the solid structure at Menangle, are uninjured, the water having risen slowly until they were covered several feet deep. They were above water, and passable early on Tuesday. The bridge on the Menangle, however, cannot be used by teams on account of a deep trench or chasm completely across the road, close to the abutment of the bridge on the Cumberland side. It is remarkable that at Camden Park the water is stated not to have risen higher than it did at the first flood, of February 10, and at Menangle that it was not so high by nearly a foot. But it is probable that at Brownlow Hill, and lower down the river, the waters rose proportionately higher even than at Camden. Picton bridge is quite gone, and much damage reported amongst the tenements in the village.

SHOALHAVEN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Another flood, though not attended with such sad results as the previous one, has again driven many from their homes, in which they were getting settled. Rain commenced on Tuesday, continuing until Sunday. Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, the rain was exceedingly heavy. The river began to rise on Thursday morning, upon which day some of the residents on Terrara commenced removing to the high ground of Nowra. On Friday and Saturday all on the low land had sought places of shelter. The captain of the Nowra took the necessary precautions to secure the steamer and punts. On Friday, at noon, the river overflowed Terrara and Green Hills. At the places washed away by the previous flood the strength of the current was not anything like that of the 10th February, so that the damage done is but trifling. Some of the houses were flooded to seven or eight feet, but none washed away. At Numba, a barn, containing 300 bushels of maize, was swept away, which is the only building that has gone. The gaps cut into the bank are very dangerous, and the repairs of which should be the first thing done by the Council, or I fear, some accident will happen. This second visitation has sadly disheartened many who bore up against the first, and I doubt not that very many will leave the district. It is several years since such a flood was known, and will probably be as many more before another such calamity overtakes the district. No doubt, those who hold on will again recover themselves.

Writing from Shoalhaven, on the 1st instant, an occasional correspondent says:—

It is my painful duty to inform you that this district has again been visited by a flood. Between Wednesday night and Thursday morning, the rain commenced falling in heavy showers. During Thursday the rain continued to—"Burst down a dreadful deluge from on high," accompanied by a Cimmerian darkness, save when the lightnings, in terrific blaze, made more vivid the cheerless gloom which lay upon the earth. It so continued, without intermission, until mid-day of Sunday; by Friday, our creeks were overflowing, and towards the afternoon, there was a general preparation for a second flood. On Saturday, in the locality of Pyree, or, as it is called by some, the "Sweeps' Paddock," and the "Dry Run," the creeks began to subside, although still running, and many of us laid the flattering unction to our souls that there would be no flood of any consequence, the more so as we had learned, in the course of the day, that the river had broke over at the old place, about half-past six in the morning of Saturday. However, long before daylight on Sunday morning, many of us were awoke by the near approach of the waters, which had risen some feet from the time of our retiring to rest late the night before. It was now time to set about in earnest to prepare for the worst, as all the land around was fast disappearing. The water was fast hemming us in on every side. Many families, so soon as the day dawned made their way to neighbours, who were fortunate in occupying slightly more elevated positions than themselves, most having to travel to their middle, and many to their armpits, through the vast sheet of water. I may here remark that from where the river broke over this time as well as before, i. e., Greenhills and Terrara to Greenwell Point, in a direct line, a distance of nine or ten miles, it is one immense flat or basin, from which there is no escape if the waters once overflow it, unless by boats. You may imagine the feelings of parents in such fearful circumstances, and around them grouped their little ones, who, touched with infant fear, "with wonder gaze and drop the unconscious tear."

On Sabbath morning, one or two families made their way on horseback to the Range at Greenwell Point. Here there was a boat's crew that had been obliged to put back on their way to Jervis' Bay, two or three days before, who most nobly manned a boat immediately they heard that some of the settlers in Pyree were in danger. Upon reaching that place in the afternoon, fortunately their services were not required, as the water had ceased to rise; but their conduct was not the less praiseworthy, and their names deserve to be recorded; they were, as far as I could learn,—Rountree, John Baker, and Tom ——.

I am much afraid that the effects of this flood will be not less serious than the first in this locality. Many of the farms in Pyree are dairy farms. The winter feed being entirely lost; many had paddocks of barley sown for their cattle, and that is gone; even those who can follow farming pursuits altogether will be severe sufferers, as the ground will not be in a condition for ploughing wheat, &c., for a long time to come; and what certainty is there that the river may not break over again shortly, as the banks have been carried away to a considerable extent.

The principal sufferers in this locality, so far as they have come under my notice, are R. Borrowdale, A. Matison, T. Duff, W. C. Morison, J. Hutchinson, H. Bates, H. Lamond. There may be many more whose names I have not learned.

WRECK OF THE ROYAL CHARTER.—TO THE BENEVOLENT.—The Widow of Mr. GEORGE EDMUND FARNCOMBE HATCH, Surgeon, who perished in that ship on his return from discharging his duties as Surgeon-superintendent under the Emigration Board, has been left with three children—viz., a girl, aged thirteen, and two boys, aged respectively nine and eleven, totally unprovided for, and in very straitened circumstances. Her friends are anxious to raise a sum of money to alleviate in some degree her distressing situation, and they venture to appeal to a benevolent public, to aid them in their endeavours.

Mr. Hatch had made five voyages to Australia with Government Emigrants, having had the entire medical care, and moral control of upwards of 1965 souls. He was on his return from service, in April last, to bring out his wife and family to settle in New South Wales, when he met with his untimely fate.

Subscriptions will be thankfully received by H. H. Browne, Esq., Immigration Agent, Sydney; and also by Mr. Fairfax, office of the SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.

JOHN CUMBERLAND, by James L. Michael; price 5s. J. R. CLARKE, George-st., and all booksellers.

HOOPING COUGH, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, &c., instantly relieved, and in most cases effectually cured by the PECTORAL OXYMEL OF CARAGEEN. Prepared exclusively by A. J. WATT and CO., 534, George-street, opposite Police Office, Sydney; and sold by their appointed agents: H. R. Hood, Parramatta-street; Haslam, Paddington; Senior and Abbot, Lower George-st.; Mr. Poulton, South Head Road; Mr. Parker, Balmain; Mr. Bowling, Mr. Conroy, and Mr. M'Pherson, Parramatta; Mr. Lipscomb, Maitland; Mr. Sampson, chemist, Morpeth; Mr. L. S. Holman, Campbelltown; Fowler, Campbelltown; E. and W. Fieldhouse, Campbelltown and Picton; Mr. Butterworth, Bathurst; Simpson Brothers, Camden; Burrett, Camden.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1487993

MICROSCOPES and MICROSCOPIC OBJECTS.—The undersigned has on hand—Society of Arts' Microscopes, new construction, three-powers, and extra eye piece, fitted with condenser, plain and concave reflector, live box, forceps, knives and glass for mounting, in a mahogany case, £8 8s.
Ditto ditto, with two-powers, live box, forceps, &c., and fitted with diaphraghm, £6 6s.
Ditto ditto, ditto, £4 15s.
A new and improved Microscope, by Pillischer, shifting stage movements, diaphraghm, half and quarter inch object, glasses, large and powerful condenser, live box, forceps, &c., in a neat mahogany case, £21.
Microscopic Objects, embracing botanical, zoological, and test objects, fossils, fibrous structures, infusoria, insects, polaries cope objects, &c.
Dissecting Knives, in case, complete, &c.
J. S. NORRIE, practical chemist, 222, Pitt-street.

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY.—Just received, a small parcel of the improved Magneto Electric Machines, for use without acids, price £4 4s. Also Medical Galvanic Machines, with double batteries. J. S. NORRIE, Pitt-st.

PHOTOGRAPHIC GOODS.—Seven cases just to han I per Asia J. S. NORRIE, operative chemist, 222, Pitt-st

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT. — Expiration of Lease.—SELLING OFF.—D. and S. M. LEVI, importers of Cutlery, Stationery, Jewellery, Musical Instruments, Wax Vestas, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, Beads, &c., beg to inform country storekeepers, dealers, and the public in general, that, as the lease of the premises now occupied by them will shortly expire, they have determined to retire from the retail branch; and have, therefore, decided on disposing of the whole of their stock at a considerable reduction under the usual prices.
The house and shop to let.
N.B.—Note the name and address—D. and S. M. LEVI, 237, Pitt-street, three doors from the Victoria Theatre.

ELECTRO SILVER GOODS.—HARDY, BROTHERS, Hunter-street, beg to call the attention of the public to their present well-assorted stock of best Electro-plated Goods, consisting of tea and coffee sets in variety, side dishes, hot water ditto, kettles and stands, with spirit lamps, salvers, cruets, spoons, forks, &c.

HARDY, BROTHERS, have received this day, from the Phœnician, a beautiful assortment of best ELECTRO-SILVER.

LONDON-MADE WATCHES.—HARDY, BROTHERS, Hunter-street, respectfully solicit from the public an inspection of their beautiful and varied assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, received by the last mail steamers. References as to the satisfactory performance of watches sold by them during the last six years, permitted to families in all parts of the Australian colonies.

A VERY CHOICE ASSORTMENT of Diamond and Gem Rings, Studs, Sleeve Links, Dress Brooches and Bracelets, &c., at HARDY, BROTHERS, Hunter-street.

BANKRUPT STOCK, BANKRUPT STOCK.—WEIGHT and JOHNSON beg to inform the inhabitants of Sydney and the surrounding neighbourhood, that they have purchased the whole of a Bankrupt Stock, at an immense reduction from the English cost, and that they are now selling the whole, together with their own stock, for cash, at unheard-of prices. This will be found an opportunity for real bargains, rarely met with. Note the prices:—

DRAPERY.
French merinos, 2s. 5½d.
Ditto ditto, super, 2s. 11d.
Coburgs, all colours, 7½d.
French twills, 11½d.
Circassian cloths, 9½d.
Tartan long shawls, 6s. 11d.
Cachmere ditto, 7s. 11d.
Robes, three flounces, 18 yards, 8s. 11d.
White calico, 2½d.
Superior, dozen, 3s. 11d.
Stout ginghams, 4½d.
Hoyle's cambric, yard wide, 4½d.
10,000 print dresses, 2s. 7½d.
9000 yards fancy barege, 4½d.
Muslin dresses, 12 yards, 4s. 11d.
Wool flannels, 9½d.
Coloured Saxony ditto, 1s. 11d.
Huckaback towelling, 7½d.
Grey calico, 2½d.
Ditto ditto, 2 yards wide, 7½d.
Damask, 2 yards wide, 1s. 4½d.
Table napkins, all linen, per dozen, 7s. 9d.
Diaper, yard wide, 6½d.
Nursery diaper, 12 squares, 2s. 6d.
Undressed Holland, 4½d.
Large Witney blankets, 8s. 11d.
Ditto counterpanes, 4s. 11d.
Ditto toilet covers, 10½d.
Crumb cloths, three yards square, 12s. 6d.
Window muslin, 4½d.
Lace curtains, per pair, 4s. 11d.
Cotton tick, 4½d.
Cambric handkerchiefs, 4½d.
Women's cotton hose, 4½d.
Muslin collars, 6d.
Ditto sleeves, 11½d.
Scarlet ditto, 11½d.
Bonnet ribbons, 5½d.
Dress caps, 1s.
Cap fronts, 1s. 9d.
Ladies' nightcaps, 1s. 6d.
Wool sleeves, caps, &c., 4½d.
Coloured silk fringes, 1½d.
Chenoille scarfs, 1s. 3d.

CLOTHING, &c.
Heavy pilot coats, 12s. 9d.
Ditto reefing jackets, 15s. 6d.
Doeskin shooting coats, 12s. 9d.
Ditto superfine, 18s. 6d.
Ditto ditto black, 16s. 6d.
Ditto shepherd, 12s. 6d.
Black oxonians, 18s. 6d.
Tweed sacs, 14s. 6d.
Doeskin ditto, 21s.
Coloured alpaca, 5s. 11d.
Black ditto, 4s. 11d.
Tweed trousers, 8s. 11d.
Gambroon ditto, 6s. 11d.
Doeskin ditto, 12s. 6d.
Ditto superior, 16s. 6d.
Colonial cut mole, 4s. 11d.
Duck, 2s. 11d.
Heavy cloth vests, 4s. 6d.
Superior doeskin, 6s. 11d.
Knitted vests, 5s. 11d.
Ditto coats and jackets
Cloth and doe tunics, 8s. 11d.
Boys' vests, 3s. 11d.
Ditto trousers, 3s. 6d.
Twilled shirts, 2s. 4½d.
White ditto, washed, 2s. 11d.
Regatta, 2s. 11d.
Lambswool shirts, 2s. 6d.
Merino ditto, 2s. 3d.
Cotton ditto, 1s. 4½d.
Crimean ditto, 6s. 11d.
Serge ditto, 4s. 11d.
Jumpers, 3s. 9d.
Lambswool pants, 3s. 9d.
Cotton ditto, 1s. 11d.
Serge drawers, 3s. 9d.
Indiarubber braces, 6½d.
Cotton ditto, 4½d.
Silk ties, 1s. 4½d.
Brown half-hose, 4½d.
Lambswool ditto, 8½d.
Knit wool hose, 1s. 3d.
Worsted caps, 6d.
Ditto cravats, 9d.
Children's and ladies' cloth and silk mantles
Infants' and ladies' underclothing, at half English cost
Hats, caps, umbrellas, collars, sheets, pillow cases, towels, &c.
Tents, tents! Always on hand, a large stock, superior in material and workmanship to any other house in Sydney.
Country orders, with remittance, carefully and punctually attended to.
WEIGHT and JOHNSTN, Liverpool and London House, 251, Pitt-street, three doors south of the Victoria Theatre.

SHIRTS, OUTFITS, &c.—M. A. HUGHES' Unique Shirts, fit perfectly, are moderate in price, and unsurpassed in quality; Crimean Shirts of superior texture and favourite colours at 8s. 6d. Shirt Depot, Market-street East.

TO THE LADIES OF NEWTOWN.—New cloth mantles for winter, latest fashion.
Steel skirts, josephine kid gloves, very best, 3s. 6d.
Striped and flounced robes, 6s. 6d. to 9s. 6d.
New bonnet ribbons, mourning bonnets, from 9s. 6d.
French flowers, steel wire, new merinoes
Other goods in great variety, suitable for the present season, just opened at J. MOREY'S, Newtown.

OYSTERS, OYSTERS, OYSTERS.—Arrived THIS DAY, ex Hunter, from Clyde River, a splendid sample of oysters. The finest in Sydney. GEORGE CLARK, Prince of Wales Restaurant, King-street.

NOW LANDING, ex Asia, Lloyds, and other late arrivals.
Martell's brandy, in quarter-casks
Rizat's ditto, 1857 vintage
Old tom, Booth's and Williams'
Raisins, muscatells, in layers
Pilot coats, American pea jackets
Brighton sac coats, doeskin trousers
Alliance sac suits, crimean shirts
Crystallized jujubes and pastilles
Bleached ginger, Jamaica and Cochin
Red and blue serge shirts
Sparkling burgundy, Seligman's
Gum arabic, mixed spice.
BRENSUSAN and HARR.

SALES BY AUCTION.

WOOLLER'S HORSE REPOSITORY, Pitt-street.—Mr. S. WOOLLER holds a sale by auction, EVERY DAY, of horses and carts, &c.
1. No charge made unless a sale is effected.
2. Proceeds payable immediately after each sale.
3. No horse-jobber's horses will be sold.

Important and Unreserved Auction Sale of Fancy Goods, Flutinas, &c.
To Warehousemen, Buyers of Fancy Goods, Musicians, Photographers, and others.
17 Packages of Goods, viz.—
French Vases
Fancy Wine Glasses and Goblets
Compo Figes under Shades
Wax Fruits and Flowers
Red Riding Hoods
China Figures
Riding Whips
Reading Lamps
Large and Small Globes
Lamp, Glass, and Bottle Brushes
Excellent assortment of Toys. Also,
Whole, Half, and Quarter Lenses, complete, by Spencer of London
Drawing Mathematical Instruments, in rosewood boxes, complete
Brass Microscopes
Gold Plate Imitation Brooches, with Ivory Figures
Plated Copper Aperture Reflectors
Silver-Plated Copper Reflectors, with Coloured Plate Glass
Leather-covered Telescopes
Brass Compasses, in oak boxes, And,
2 cases Alexandre fils flutinas, &c., &c.
Just landed, ex Phœnician.

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions to sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on MONDAY, 7th May, 1860, at 11 o'clock precisely,
17 packages of the above goods.
The attendance of buyers is particularly requested at the time named, to enable the auctioneer to clear the whole of the lots in one day.
Terms at sale.

Elegant Marble Mantel-pieces.
To Marble Masons, Builders, Contractors, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions to sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on TUESDAY, May 8, 1860, at 11 o'clock,
15 cases, containing 20 elegant marble mantel-pieces, consisting of
Enamelled black arch, black and gold
Green, black gothic, black and green
Anglesea marble gothic
Black and gold arch, black double freize
Pyrenees marble arch, black
Egyptian black and green arch, with double truss
Enamelled black spar, with red and white veins, arched, &c.
On view at the rooms.
Terms at sale.

☞ Peyton and Peyton's Iron and Brass Bedsteads.
Comprising an Excellent Assortment, viz.,
Japanned Iron Post Bedsteads, 6 6 x 3.6 to 6.6 x 4.6
Solid Iron Bedsteads, Tester and Half-Tester
Brass Four-post Bedsteads, &c.

Important to Upholsterers, Furniture Buyers, Ironmongres, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell at the Bank Auction Rooms, on TUESDAY, May 8, 1860, at 11 o'clock precisely,
An invoice of Peyton's and Peyton's celebrated iron and brass bedsteads, viz —
Japanned, maple, blue, &c., four-post bedsteads, 6 6 x 3.0, 6.6 x 3·6, 6 6 x 4.0, 6 6 x 4.6
Japanned black and gold, maple, &c., ditto, 6.6 x 4.9, 6.6 x 5.0, with foot rail
Japanned white and gold, ditto, 6.6 x 5 6, with foot rail
Japanned cane, blue, &c., solid iron, half-tester bedsteads, 6 6 x 3.0, 6.6 x 4.0, with and without foot rail
Japanned cane, bamboo, blue, &c., solid iron, tester bedsteads, 6 6 x 3.0, 6.6 x 3.6, 6.6 x 4.6
Japanned blue, cane, &c., solid iron, four-post bedsteads, 6 6 x 3.0, 6.6 x 4 0, brass vases
Japanned blue, bamboo, cane, &c., ditto, 6.6 x 3.6, 6.6 x 4.6, with and without brass vases
Japanned blue folding emigrants' bedsteads, 6.0 x 2.6
And,
Handsome brass four-post bedsteads, iron head pillars and head rail, with brass foot pillars and foot rail, 6.6 x 5.0.
Without the least reserve.
Terms at sale.

THURSDAY, 10th May, 1860.
Rosin, Washing Soda, Whiting.
To Grocers, Soap Boilers, Oilmen, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on THURSDAY next, May 10, 1860, at 11 o'clock precisely,
50 barrels rosin
50 ditto whiting
35 ditto washing soda.
Terms at sale.

☞ Prime Cheddar Cheese.
Just landed, ex Switzerland.
Highly Important to Grocers, Storekeepers, Cheesemongers, and others.
40 Cases Fine Cheddar Cheese, in Tins.
Without reserve.

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions to sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on THURSDAY, 10th May, at 11 o'clock precisely,
40 cases prime Cheddar cheese, in tins.
Terms at sale.

☞ China Preserves.
Just landed.
To Grocers, Storekeepers, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on THURSDAY, May 10, at 11 o'clock precisely,
200 cases China preserves.
Just landed, in first-rate order.
Terms at sale.

☞ Very Important Auction Sale of Groceries.
To Grocers, Speculators, Buyers for the Interior, Country Storekeepers, Shippers, and others.
Auction Sale, 10th May, 1860,
At the Bank Auction Rooms, at eleven o'clock precisely,
All New Goods, just landed, comprising
Lochfine and Red Herrings
New Fruits, Patna Rice
Prime Scotch Oatmeal, &c., &c,
Positively without reserve.
To close accounts previous to the departure of the Benares.

JOHN G. COHEN has been favoured with instructions from the importers to submit for public competition, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on THURSDAY, 10th May, 1860, at 11 o'clock precisely,
430 packages of new goods, just landed, in first-rate order and condition, ex Dirigo, viz.,
100 barrels prime Scotch oatmeal
50 ditto split peas
20 cases oatmeal, in tins
50 ditto fine red herrings
30 half-barrels Lochfine ditto
30 quarter-ditto ditto ditto
20 cases ling fish
50 bags Patna rice
50 barrels currants
5 cases muscatel raisins
10 barrels shell almonds
10 cases Valentia raisins
5 ditto Eleme figs, &c., &c.
☞ Buyers are requested to be early in their attendance. Every article will be bona fide sold.
Terms at sale.

THURSDAY next, 10th May, 1860.
☞ Unreserved Sale of
Hunt's 1-lb. Salmon
Whybrow's Bottled Fruits
Pint Pickles, Quart Vinegar
Assorted Sauces, Mustard
Jams and Jellies, 1 and 2 lbs.
Castor Oil, pints
Sardines, ¼ and ½ lb. tins
Dried Fruits, &c., &c.

Important to Grocers, Country Storekeepers, Shippers, and Buyers generally.
Just landed, ex Ellwood Walter, and other late arrivals.

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions to sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on THURSDAY, 10th May, 1860, at 11 o'clock precisely,
The undermentioned goods, just landed, ex Ellwood Walter and other arrivals, viz.
150 cases pint pickles
100 ditto Whybrow's bottled fruits
25 ditto quart vinegar
50 ditto pint assorted sauces
50 ditto half-pint ditto
25 ditto 1-lb. mustard
25 ditto ½-lb. ditto
50 ditto half-pint and pint salad oil
5 ditto jams and jellies, 1-lb.
5 ditto ditto ditto, 2-lbs.
25 ditto pint castor oil
75 ditto ¼-lb. sardines
50 ditto ½-lb. ditto
20 barrels raisins
20 ditto currants
25 firkins best Cork butter
50 boxes Price's No. 1 belmont candles
5 cases orange, lemon, and citron peels
25 cases pearl sago
50 kegs pearl barley
42 cases arrowroot
5 ditto saloon matches
10 ditto York hams
5 ditto English bacon
5 casks blacking, &c., &c.
Without the slightest reserve.
Terms at sale.

Unredeemed Pledges.
In accordance with the Pawnbrokers' Act, 13 Victoria, cap. 17.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at the Mart, Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th May, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of the undermentioned unredeemed pledges, pawned with them on the dates specified as under:,
1858.
April 30—4 brooches, 3 rings and guard
June 14—3 oil paintings
22—Gold watch 2057 and guard
July 31—Gold cross
Aug. 19—Double gun
Sept. 9—Trunk
15—27 forks, 7 spoons, and 4 ladles, all silver
22—Gold watch 10786
Oct. 2—Opera cloak
8—Gold watch 9270, albert, &c.
18—Gold watch 936 and gold guard
30—Gold watch 40681
Nov. 12—3 chains, 2 lockets, &c.
23—2 brooches and gold chain
24—Crape shawl, cream jug, 10 spoons, tea pot, 2 chains, and 2 seals
Dec. 14—Gold watch 1825
23—Silver watch, ring, and snuff box
24—Brooch, ring, and set studs
30—12 silver tea spoons and gold watch 15772.
1859.
Jan. 8—2 rings
11—Brooch and bracelet
24—2 keys and piece gold
25—Silver watch 8393 and gold albert
Feb. 3—Gold watch 48377 gold guard and 5 rings
10—Family bible
14—4 boxes and contents
March 8—Gold watch 437 and guard
28—Ring and 2 pairs buttons
April 1—Silver watch 8584 and gold guard
2—2 brooches, 2 rings, pencil case, gold watch, guard, pin, and 2 table covers
4—Chest drawers, box, and lot jewellery
5—Silver watch 33051 and gold albert
6—Chest drawers
7—Vest and pair trousers
Gold watch 1950 and albert
11—Gold cross, 2 bracelets, and 2 silver cups
13—Violin and bow
Quadrant
14—Miniature brooch
11 spoons
16—Gold watch and albert
Pair trousers and vest
19—Flutina
21—Butter boat
2 watches
23—Gold guard
26—Accordeon
Silver watch 9889, guard, and ring
28—Silver watch, 2 chains, 3 rings, and pin
May 3—Gold watch 2598
4—Case of mathematical instruments
7—Gold watch 2674 (in case)
Eight miniatures and gold locket
10—Eleven forks, keeper ring, and shawl
Six books (choice medical works)
11—Velvet mantle
16—Coat, vest, trousers, and jacket
17—Gold ring and pin (in box)
20—Ring, silver watch 5655 and chain
21—Two rings
Coat and shawl
Coat, vest, and trousers
Pair blankets
26—Two gold rings
June 10—Gold ring
11—Five books
13—Two silk handkerchiefs
15—Silver watch 6034
16—Diamond ring
17—Feather bed, and box containing watch and clothing
Sixteen pairs side combs
18—Six books
Gold Watch 25477, and gold guard
Concertina
Cupboard
21—Silk dress
22—Oil painting
Silver watch 501 and guard
24—Silver watch 20019
10 dozen belts
Colt's revolver
27—Coat
Coat and pair trousers
28—3 coats, 3 pair trousers, and 3 vests
29—Quadrant and 3 books
Pearl ring
Gold watch 3932 and albert
Silver watch 478
30—3 silver watches, silver guard, 2 rings, 2 brooches, pencil case, and gold nugget
Barometer
July 4—Silver watch 161
6—Gold ring
Gold watch 2010, chain, and ring
Gold watch 2648, guard, and albert
8—22 brushes
9—3 rings and brooches
Coat, 2 vests, and pair trousers
11—Gold watch 1672
12—Gold ring
Black frock coat
15—Over coat
16—Silver watch 7554 and guard
18—Dress cloak, 3 rings, and locket
19—3 sets door handles and plates
20—Silver hunting lever watch, 22081
22—2 pairs ship's guns
3 carriage lamps and bridle
25—Piece of satin
Silver watch 1851, and chain
26—2 vests, pair trousers, and coat
27—Table cover
30—Silver watch 846
2 rings and dress
Work box and dressing case
August 1—Coat
Saddle cloth and pair trousers
5—Coat, vest, and trousers
10—Diamond ring
Bracelet, 2 brooches, ring, and negligee
11—4 brooches and 4 rings
13—Gold ring and 2 pins
16—Coat
17—Cupboard, washstand, case birds, and 4 tables
19—Gold watch 466
Silver watch 5956
20—Gold albert
22—4 books
26—Pincushion
27—Ring
30—Brooch
Gold watch 43087
31—Cruet stand
Gun
Musical box
Sept. 1—Two rings
5—Silver watch 141
Silver watch 3027 and gold albert
8—Ball dress
Brooch
9—Gold guard
12—Gold watch 2659
Silver watch 2654 and albert
13—Silver watch 10511 and albert
Silver watch 402 and guard
19—Gold watch 82 and chain, in box
22—Black velvet mantle
Box of water colours
24—Two revolvers
Gold chain and ring
Gold watch 20412
26—Theatrical dress
Pair epaulettes
Silver watch 1049
27—Telescope
30—Theatrical dress
Piece flannel and lot stockings
Oct. 3—Cheval glass
13—Sofa, chest drawers, bedstead, and pair D tables
15—2 revolvers, 2 pistols, sextant, telescope, and 3 charts
19—Lithographic press, box tools, &c.
20—Bedstead, pair palliasses, sofa, 4 chairs, table, bundle bedding, roll of carpet, and 2 boxes sundries
Dec. 10—Pianoforte
2 double guns, workbox, and contents
Also,
A large quantity of small pledges.
Terms, cash.
Buyers are requested to attend, as the whole of the above will positively be sold.

Superior Household Furniture, Books, Platedware, and Glassware.
THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.

FREDERICK BRADLY has received instructions from Mr. Alfred Addison to sell by public auction, at the Alliance Auction Rooms, without any reserve,
A quantity of useful and superior furniture, viz., loo and other tables, sideboards, cheffoniers, horsehair and morocco covered chairs, couches, washstands, cane-seated easy chairs, safes, iron bedsteads, toilet glasses, plated and glass ware; also, a quantity of books and sundries.
Terms, cash.

Martyn's Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 246, Pitt-street, and 235, Castlereagh-street.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN holds a regular SALE BY AUCTION every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY, at 11 o'clock, precisely.
All parties sending horses or other stock, carriages, &c., are requested to forward written instructions previous to sale, stating brands, age, qualification, &c., and amount of reserve, otherwise a sale will be effected to the highest bidder.
N.B.—No responsibility whatever incurred by accident in trying or breaking-in horses.

SATURDAY'S General Sale.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
The usual variety of saddle and harness horses, carriages, gigs, dogcarts, spring carts, drays, trucks, harness, saddlery, &c.

Draft of Powerful Colts.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Cattle Market, on MONDAY next, at 2 o'clock,
20 very strong colts, suitable for heavy draught and coaching purposes

Pure Short-horn Bulls.
Shortly expected per Lloyds.

MR. C. MARTYN has received instructions from Isaac Gorrick, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, on an early day after arrival,
Two very superior Durham bulls, viz.,
"LORD ALTHORPE 2nd,"
"THE PIRATE."
"LORD ALTHORPE 2nd" (16,379), red and white, calved 18th June, 1857, bred by Mr. T. R. B. Cartwright, Aynhoe,
Got by Second Duke of Cambridge, 12,743
dam Lady Spencer 2nd, by Usurer, 9763
g d Lady Spencer, by Shamrock, 7488
g g d No. 55 Chilton Sale, by Monarch, 2324
g g g d No. 4, or Lady Chilton, by Jupiter, 342
g g g g d Raspberry, by Trunnell, 659
g g g g g d Strawberry, by Favourite, 252
g g g g g g d Lily, by Favourite, 252
g g g g g g g d Miss Lax, by Dalton Duke, 188
g g g g g g g g d Lady Maynard, by Alcock's (Ralph) bull, 19
g g g g g g g g g d, by Jacob Smith's bull, 608
g g g g g g g g g g d, by Jolly's bull, 337.
Second Duke of Cambridge was sold at Mr. Bolden's sale, when a calf, at 100 guineas, and again at Mr. Sainsbury's sale, at two year old, for 230 guineas; his own brother, Duke of Cambridge, was sold at Sir Charles Knightley's sale for 330 guineas. Their sire, Grand Duke (10,284), was sold by Mr. Bolden, in 1853, for 1000 guineas.
"Usurer" was sold at the Wiseton Sale in 1848 for 08 guineas, the highest price that had been given for a long time, and things were then very low.
"Lord Althorpe 2nd," traces quickly back to Mason's Sale at Chilton, to a heifer bought by Lord Althorpe there in 1829, and by the famous bull Monarch.
"THE PIRATE," 17,110, a roan, calved 20th January, 1857, bred by Mr. J. W. Brown, Uffcott, Swindon.
Got by the Pope, 15,394
dam Graceful 3rd, by Rufus, 15,215
g d Graceful 2nd, by Bourton Hew, 9983
g g d Graceful 1st, by Killerby, 7124
g g g d by Beggarman, 3118
g g g g d by Sampson, 5061
g g g g g d by Remus, 6381
g g g g g g d by Premier, 2449.
The "Pirate" was from the same herd as the gold medal heifer at the Smithfield Show in 1858, winning such as the best cow or heifer of any breed.
These bulls were selected by Mr. H. Stafford, the great auctioneer for short-horns.
They are also considered by other competent judges to be the two best bulls shipped out of England for years.
See Coate's Herd Book vol. 13, pages 149 and 277.

Imported Stallions.
For Unreserved Sale.

BURT and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Bazaar, Pitt and Castlereagh streets, on MONDAY, the 28th May, positively without reserve (unless previously disposed of by private contract),
The following choice imported stallions—
Thoroughbred Claude de Val, 4 years
Coaching ditto Dulcimer, aged
Cart ditto Young England, 3 years.
Full particulars on application to the auctioneers.

Opening Sale for the Season of Flowers and Plants, Herbaceous ditto, Shrubs, &c.

MR. J. M. HUGHES is instructed to sell by public auction, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, without reserve, at the Yard of the Barley Mow, Park-street,
A first-class assortment of flowers and shrubs, and herbaceous plants of all descriptions. Also, about 500 seedling strawberry plants.
All guaranteed.—Terms, cash.

Superior Household Furniture, &c.

MR. J. M. HUGHES is instructed to sell by public auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, Castlereagh-street, near Bathurst-street,
Cedar and iron bedsteads, and bedding; sofa, horse-hair and other chairs, chest drawers, cheffoniers, tables, pier glass, and sundries, too numerous to mention.
Terms, cash.

To Timber Merchants, Builders, and Others.
Kauri Timber.
Sawn Timber.
Ex Shamrock.
Comprising of Scantling, Planks, and Boards.
For Positive Sale.
At the Commercial Wharf, King-street West.
On MONDAY, 7th May.

MESSRS. DURHAM and IRWIN have been instructed to sell by auction, on the Commercial Wharf, King-street West, at half-past 2 o'clock,
The cargo of the brig Shamrock, consisting of
SCANTLING.
4 x 4
9 x 5
BOARDS.
6 x 1
9 x 1
12 x 1
18 x 1
In all about 25,000 feet of the above dimensions.
In lots.
Terms at sale.

To the Timber Trade, Potato and Fruit Dealers, and others.
Cargo of the Hargraves, from Hobart Town.
Feather-edge Boards
Flooring Boards
Joists, Quartering
Shingles
Peppermint ditto, very superior
Brown's River Potatoes
Fine Apples.
TUESDAY, 8th May.

L. E. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by public auction, on Campbell's Wharf, on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock,
The entire cargo of Tasmanian produce, ex Hargraves, comprising—
Feather-edge boards, 10 to 15 feet
Flooring boards, 10 and 14 feet
Joists and quartering, assorted lengths
82,000 shingles
15,500 peppermint ditto
200 bags Brown's River potatoes (a picked lot)
20 boxes apples.
The auctioneers would particularly direct the attention of the trade to this cargo, as the export of timber from Hobart Town to this port had almost entirely ceased; and the present is most probably the last cargo that will arrive for some time to come.
The potatoes are a very choice lot, and in the present scarcity of really prime samples should command attention.
There is also a small lot of apples (all that could be procured) which, with the rest of the cargo, is as usual for sale without reserve.
Terms at sale.

Cargo of Eastern Produce.
WEDNESDAY, 8th May.
Preliminary.
Important to Grocers, Country Storekeepers, Shippers, and others.
Cargo of Amelia Breillat, from Sourabaya.
Light Counter Java Sugar
Fine White ditto ditto
Rich Golden Crystals
Ditto White ditto
Good Ration Java Sugar
Black and White Pepper
Nutmegs, Mace
Best cleaned Java Table Rice
Rattans, &c., &c.

L. E. THRELKELD and CO. beg to announce to the trade of Sydney and colony generally, that they have received instructions from the consignee of the cargo of Java produce, just landed, ex Amelia Breillat, from Sourabaya, to sell by auction, at their Rooms, City Mart, 362, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, 8th May, at 11 o'clock,
The cargo of Java sugar, pepper, spices, rice, rattans, and sundries, now landing,
Ex Amelia Breillat.
Full particulars of which will appear in Saturday's issue.
In making this preliminary announcement the auctioneers would respectfully urge upon the trade the advisability of suspending their purchases till they have inspected the samples of this cargo, which they will find comprises every quality requisite for either the counter, family, or wholesale trade, and their instructions to sell are imperative.
Samples will be on view next week, at the Rooms of the Auctioneers.
Terms, very liberal, at sale.

Trees and Shrubs,
Flowering Plants, Plants in Pots, &c., &c., &c.
THURSDAY, 17th May, 1860.
First Sale of the Season.
MAGILL'S NURSERY.

L. E. THRELKELD and CO. have been instructed by Mr. Magill, of Surry Hills' Nursery, to sell by auction, at the City Mart, on THURSDAY, 17th May, at 11,
A selection of choice fruit trees, shrubs, flowering plants, &c., from the above celebrated gardens, viz.:—
APPLES.
No less than 50 varieties.
PEARS.
36 different kinds.
PEACHES.
20 sorts, all of exquisite flavour.
NECTARINES.
12 kinds (many of them new to the colony).
PLUMS
Of sorts too numerous to mention in an advertisement.
CHERRIES.
All the favourite sorts (12)
ALMONDS.
Papershell, Jordan, &c.
ORANGES.
Naval, blood, siletta, judge, Rio, St. Michael, thin skin, mandarin, &c.
Lisbon lemons
West India limes
Citrons (knight's early bearing)
Guavas (purple and black)
Grapes, of every kind, grown here
Rose apples
Loquats
Quinces
Figs
English and Cape mulberries.
FLOWERING SHRUBS.
Halrothalmus elegans, poinisettia, hibiscus (double red and white), dobnithenus grandiflora, ischroma tubulosa verbena, nemim splendens, dartzia scrabia camelias, gardenias; roses, 72 varieties; veronica, dahlias, carnations, &c.
Norfolk Island pines
Stones ditto.
FOREST TREES.
Bunya bunya, pittosphorum, podocarpus, yew, juniper, poplar, weeping and basket willow, &c.
The plants hitherto reared by Mr. Magill, have been remarkable for their healthiness, and being scientifically worked, and true to name, the present selection is in no way inferior to that of former years. The purchasers have also a feeling of security in purchasing from a known and responsible party, which they can never have in buying imported plants.
Terms at sale.

Boots and Shoes,
Ex George Marshall,
Davies and Sons', and Poole and Co.'s Manufacture.
Auction Sale, TUESDAY, 8th May.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on TUESDAY, 8th May, at 11 o'clock,
148 trunks Davies and Sons', and Poole and Co.'s winter boots and shoes, ex George Marshall, comprising,
Gent's enamelled thigh boots
Ditto enamelled and grain napoleons
Men's calf wellingtons, bevel and square
Ditto ditto three-quarter ditto, ditto ditto
Ditto calf and kip bluchers, bradded
Ditto kip ditto, rough bradded
Ditto patent and plain, elastic sides
Ditto ditto ditto mock balmorals
Ditto kip watertights, rough bradded
Ditto American pegged boots, kip and grain
Women's cloth patent goloshed, E.S., T.P.H.
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, to lace, ditto
Ditto ditto cordovan ditto, ditto, ditto
Ditto ditto patent seal, ditto, ditto, ditto
Ditto ditto cordovan boots, ditto ditto
Ditto ditto black cashmere boots, E.S., M.H.
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, ditto springs
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, lace ditto
Ditto ditto coloured ditto, E.S., M.H.
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, ditto springs
Ditto ditto ditto, lace ditto, lace ditto
Ditto patent shoes, welts, T P H.
Ditto cordovan ditto, ditto, ditto
Ditto leather lace boots, T.P.H.
Girls' cloth patent goloshed E.S. boots, T.P.H., 10-13
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, lace ditto ditto
Ditto ditto cordovan ditto, ditto ditto ditto
Ditto leather lace boots, T P.H., 10-13
Ditto black and coloured cashmere, E.S., and button, 6-13, 4-5
Youths' and boys' kip and calf bluchers
Ditto ditto half wellingtons
Ditto ditto calf, elastic sides
Ditto ditto patent, ditto
Ditto ditto mock balmorals, &c., &c.
At 1 o'clock.
Leather.
Terms at sale.

The Entire Cargo of the Thames, from Mauritius.
For positive unreserved sale.
By order of the Trustees in the Estate of Mr. E. M. Sayers.
First-class Mauritius Sugars and Dates.
Auction Sale, WEDNESDAY, 9th May.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions from the Trustees in the estate of Mr. E. M. Sayers to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on WEDNESDAY, 9th May, at 11 o'clock,
The entire cargo of super quality Mauritius sugars and dates, just landed ex Thames, from Mauritius, as follows:—
EMS, § 1— 613 bags Stanley
2— 479 ditto ditto
3— 743 ditto Ile D'Ambie
4—1257 ditto ditto
5— 345 ditto L'Union
6— 118 ditto Beau Vallor
7— 230 ditto Rosalie
8— 125 ditto ditto
9— 74 ditto Caroline
11— 30 ditto Victoria
12— 18 ditto Deep River. Also,
174 bags dates.
Terms, liberal, at sale.

On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Queen of England, Captain Mowart, from London.
Damaged Case Brandy.
Auction Sale, at the Macquarie Bond.
WEDNESDAY, half-past 10 o'clock.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by auction, at the Macquarie Bond, on WEDNESDAY, 9th May, at half-past 10 o'clock,
Ex Queen of England,
H in diamond over VOP with four 0000 under,
64 cases, each 1 dozen, Champagne Brandy Company's brandy.
Terms, cash.

For positive Sale by Auction.
The entire Cargo of the finest selected Congou Teas.
Just arrived, ex Wild Wave.
600 Chests
1335 Half-chests
1641 Boxes.
Auction Sale, WEDNESDAY, 9th May.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have been favoured with instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on WEDNESDAY, 9th May, at 11 o'clock,
The entire cargo of the Wild Wave, just arrived, comprising—
M in diamond.
1. 50 chests finest congou, Hing Lan
2. 200 ditto ditto ditto, Ee Tai
3. 312 boxes ditto ditto, ditto
4. 100 chests choice ditto, Kwon ditto
5. 190 ditto finest ditto, Van Leong
6. 155 half-chests choice ditto, Teen Lune
7. 370 boxes finest ditto, Van Leong
8. 456 ditto ditto ditto, Won Heong
9. 301 ditto choice ditto, Wing Fat
10. 194 half-chests finest ditto, Won Keong
11. 225 ditto choice ditto, Wong Tai
12. 130 chests finest ditto, Sney Choe
13. 300 half-chests choice ditto, Chun Hieng
14. 208 ditto finest ditto, Pun Lan
15. 100 ditto choice ditto, ditto
16. 202 boxes finest ditto, Leen Fun
17. 123 half-chests choice ditto, Wing Fat.
The auctioneers have much pleasure in announcing the unreserved sale of the above very choice shipment of congous, to take place on WEDNESDAY next, and beg to inform the trade, tea dealers, and merchants that the instructions from the importers to their agents were to send teas equal if not superior to those bearing the distinguished mark of B&Co, ex Atalanta, and they have every reason to believe that their order has been fully carried out.
Samples of the cargo will be on view prior to the sale.
Terms, liberal.

Preliminary.
Auction Sale, FRIDAY, 11th May.
Great Clearance Sale of Seasonable Drapery.
To close various shipments.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions from the importers, Messrs. Montefiore, Graham, and Co., to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on FRIDAY, 11th May, at 11 o'clock prompt,
150 packages of seasonable drapery.
Full particulars in future issues.

By order of the Trustees in the Estate of Mr. E. M. Sayers.
The undermentioned superior Vessels, viz.,
The FORTUNE, brig
The REGIA, brig
The THAMES, brig
The EAGLE, schooner
The ZONE, schooner
The HARP, schooner,
will be sold at auction, on
THURSDAY, 10th May.
To Merchants, Capitalists, Speculators, Shipowners, and others.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instuctions from the trustees in the estate of Mr. E. M. Sayers to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, Sydney, on THURSDAY, 10th May, at 11 o'clock,
The following vessels, viz.—
The FORTUNE, brig, 160 tons register, but carries a very large cargo; has had on board on a voyage from Newcastle to Hobart Town, 248 tons of coal and ten tons of cedar; is well found and in good order; was coppered and thoroughly overhauled by Mr. Cuthbert about two years since, at a cost of £660.
The REGIA, brig, 181 tons register, is built of teak, is very strong, coppered and copper-fastened. (The copper is eighteen months old). This vessel would command a first-class certificate, is ready for any voyage, has a chronometer, barometer, and is well found, and in every respect in good order.
The THAMES, brig, 223 tons register, is in every respect in good order and well found; carries a large cargo; was coppered at Mauritius, last voyage.
The EAGLE, schooner, 124 tons register, is in good order and well found.
The ZONE, schooner, 96 tons register, carries a large cargo, is in good order.
The HARP, schooner, 72 tons register, carries a large cargo and is in good order; a very suitable vessel for the coal trade; goes to sea without ballast.
The whole of the above vessels are in a condition to be sent to sea the day after the sale if required.
Inventories in course of preparation.
Terms, liberal, at sale.

For Peremptory Sale.
By order of the Mortgagee.
The Royal Hotel, township of Gayndah.
Day of Sale, WEDNESDAY, 6th June.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, 6th June, at 12 o'clock,
The following truly valuable and most desirable property,
The Royal Hotel, Gayndah, including the main building (in thorough repair), containing fourteen rooms, together with detached kitchen, stable, stockyard, milking bails, calfpen, piggery, &c., &c., together with a large and productive garden of about an acre and a half in extent, trenched, and in the highest state of cultivation.
The property is situated in the very centre of the thriving township of Gayndah, upon allotment described as follows:—
All that piece or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being at Gayndah, in the colony of New South Wales, containing 3 acres 0 roods 16 perches, being part of allotment No. 3 of section No. 8, eastern suburbs of Gayndah, commencing at the north-east corner of allotment No. 4, at the south side of Capper-street, and bounded on the north-east by 3 chains 10 links of that street south-easterly to the north-west corner of a sold portion; on the south-east by the north-west boundary line of that portion south-westerly 10 chains; on the south-west by the north-east boundary line of allotment No. 5; north-westerly 3 chains 10 links to the north-west boundary line of allotment No. 4; and on the north-west by the south-east boundary line of allotment No. 3 north-easterly 10 chains to the point of commencement. And also, all that piece or parcel of land, being portion of allotment No. 4 section 8, containing 32 perches, commencing on the east side of Pineapple-street, 2 chains 50 links from the intersection of Capper-street, and on the south side of that street; and is bounded on the north-east by a line south-easterly parallel with Capper-street 2 chains; on the south-east portion of the north-west boundary-line of allotment No. 3, parallel with Pineapple-street, south-westerly one chain; on the south-west by a line parallel with Capper-street-street, north-westerly 2 chains to Pineapple-street; and on the north-west by that street north-easterly one chain to the point of commencement.
This valuable property is the oldest-established hotel in the rapidly progressing township of Gayndah, and commanding, as it has always done, in addition to its large and daily-increasing town trade, an extensive and profitable country connection, it affords to any purchaser a certainty of a handsome competence in a few years.
Plan on view at the rooms.
Terms at sale.

THURSDAY, May 10th, at 11.
In the Insolvent Estate of Edward Chester, formerly of George-street, Grocer.

G. F. BAKER will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Hunter-street, two doors from George-street, on THURSDAY, May 10th, at 11 o'clock,
All the remaining assets in the above estate, consisting of insolvent's interest under the will of his father the late Robert Matthew Chester, &c., &c.
Terms, cash.

Prime Fat Wethers.
At the Homebush Sale Yards.

THOMAS DAWSON is instructed by H. Davies, Esq., Gundaroo, to sell by auction, on MONDAY, 7th May, at 11 o'clock sharp,
500 prime fat wethers, in lots to suit purchasers.
The above sheep, fresh from the country, are both heavy and good.

Preliminary Notice.
Very Prime Fat Wethers.
To arrive per next steamer from Merimbula.

THOMAS DAWSON will sell by auction, at the Phœnix Wharf, on the arrival of the next steamer from Merimbula,
200 prime fat wethers, average 65 lbs.
These sheep were fattened on the famous Bibbenluke run, the property of William Bradley, Esq., and are sent as a sample of a large lot to follow.

Butchers. Butchers. Butchers.

MR. W. FULLAGAR has been instructed by Mr. Bowler to sell at his Yards, Western Road, THIS DAY, 5th May,
150 head of prime fat cattle, in lots to suit purchasers.

Butchers. Butchers. Butchers.

MR. W. FULLAGAR has received instructions from Mr. James Cain to sell, at his Yards, Western Road, on TUESDAY next, the 8th of May, at 12 o'clock,
200 really prime fat cattle, in lots to suit purchasers.

In the Sydney District Court.
MACKENZIE, Assignee, v. BURGESS.

ON MONDAY, the 21st day of May, 1860, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, pursuant to a writ of Fieri Facias, issued in this cause, unless the same be previously satisfied,
All that commodious family residence known as the Snuggery, with water frontage, and situate in Edward-street, Balmain, containing nine rooms, with two wells of pure water; also a garden well stocked with fruit trees, or so much thereof which the said defendant is seized of or entitled to, or which he can either at law or in equity assign or dispose of, will be sold by public auction, at the Court House, Macquarie-street.
Dated this second day of May, 1860.
GEO. S. YARNTON, Registrar.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.
Sheriff's Office, Sydney, 3rd May, 1860.
VENABLES v. GLEADALL.

ON MONDAY next, the 7th instant, at noon, at the residence of the defendant, Surry Hills, the SHERIFF will cause to be sold by public auction, unless this execution be previously satisfied,
All the defendant's right, title, and interest (other than the equity of redemption) of all that piece or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the district of Sydney, County of Cumberland, in the colony of New South Wales, bounded towards the north by Albion-street, 43 feet 8 inches; and on the south by Church-street, 43 feet 8 inches; on the east by the sand hill adjoining the military barrack, said to be reserved for a reserve—with all houses and erections thereon. All the defendant's household furniture at the same place.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.
Sheriff's Office, Sydney, 4th May, 1860.
SMITH v. BEAHAN.
RODD v. BEAHAN.

ON TUESDAY, the 8th instant, at noon, at the places of business of defendant, Pitt and King streets, the SHERIFF will cause to be sold a quantity of household furniture, stock-in-trade of a painter and paperhanger, unless the writ of fieri facias, issued herein, be previously satisfied.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.
Sheriff's Office, Sydney, 4th May, 1860.
WALLER v. BIRCH.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 9th instant, at noon, at the residence of defendant, Manly Beach, the SHERIFF will cause to be sold household furniture, and stock-in-trade of a licensed victualler, unless the writ of fieri facias, issued herein, be previously satisfied.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1487994

SALES BY AUCTION.

Valuable Law Library.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON is instructed by Charles Riley, Esq., to sell by auction, at his Chambers, corner of Elizabeth and Hunter streets, on THURSDAY, May 10th, at 11 o'clock,
All that gentleman's excellent law library, comprising complete sets of English and Irish equity reports, valuable text books, &c., of latest editions.
Terms, cash.

Sale of
Elegantly-carved Indian Furniture
Chinese Lacquered Ware
Indian Inlaid Workboxes, Games, Card Cases, &c.
Maltese Lace, Jewellery, and various Indian Manufactures.
To close sundry consignments.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at the Exchange Hall, Bridge-street, on TUESDAY, May 8, at 11 o'clock,
Various articles of handsomely-carved blackwood furniture, comprising easy, prie dieu, and drawing-room chairs
Spring stuffed cushions, covered in crimson damask
Large four-post richly-carved bedstead
Handsome carved ebony easy chair and stool
Chinese work and coffee tables
A variety of Bombay inlaid articles—work boxes, card cases, games, paper weights, &c.
White canvas shoes
Embroidered Turkish slippers, dressing gowns
White shirts, linen fronts; morning coats
China silk and crape shawls
Grasscloth and pocket handkerchiefs
Chinese pith helmets, Egyptian gourds
Variety of fancy articles in coco de mer
Maltese lace, jewellery, &c., together with various fancy articles of Eastern production. Also,
A portable ship's sofa, with drawers, mattresses, &c., complete.
☞ Suitable accommodation will be provided for ladies attending the sale, and the articles may be previously inspected.
Terms at sale.

Excellent Household Furniture
Carriage, Gigs, Horses
Double and Single Harness, Saddles, and Bridles
Spring-cart, Water-cart, and Harness
Patent Mangle, American Stove, &c.
Various other effects.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON has received instructions from J. T. Neale, Esq., who is about to leave the colony, to sell by auction, at his residence, 99, Victoria-street, Woolloomooloo, FRIDAY, May 11th, at 11 o'clock,
All the excellent household furniture and effects, comprising
Rosewood oval centre table
Rosewood chairs and easy chairs covered in crimsoned damask
Cheffonier, bookcase, and secretaire
Brilliant-toned cottage pianoforte, 6¾ octaves, &c., by Collard and Collard, in elegant and modern walnut-wood case
Rosewood sliding music-stand and music-stool
Rosewood whatnot, card table
Chimney glass and ornaments, oil paintings and engravings
Brussels carpets and rugs, window poles and hangings
Steel-mounted fenders and fire-irons
Large telescope dining table, circular table
Handsome pedestal sideboard
Mahogany dining-room chairs, covered in morocco
Hair-seated sofa, cheffonier
China, glass, and platedware
Large carved four-post bedsteads, mattresses, and bedding
Ladies' and gentlemen's wardrobes, fitted
Chests drawers, bedsteps, cheval and toilet glasses
Handsome marble and other slab washstands and furniture
Toilet tables, couch, papier maché chairs
Servants' bedsteads and bedding, &c.
Hat and umbrella stand, iron safe
Kitchen furniture and utensils
Patent mangle
Large American stove
Handsome English-built carriage, by Strange, London
Two good gigs
Three excellent harness, and one saddle horse
Double and single harness, saddles and bridles
Watercart, spring cart and harness, and other effects, as will appear in catalogues about to be issued.
☞ May be viewed the day preceding the sale, by cards only, to be had on application at the office of the auctioneer.
The carriage, horses, harness, &c., will be sold at half-past 1 o'clock.
Terms, cash.

Balmain.
Choice and charmingly situated stone-built Villa Residence for Positive and Absolute Sale.

By order of the Assignees of the Estate of Mr. J. V. Barnard, and with the consent of the Mortgagees.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON is instructed to sell by auction, at the Exchange Hall, Bridge-street, on TUESDAY, May 15th, at 12 o'clock,
All that parcel of land situate at Balmain, near the city of Sydney, in the county of Cumberland, commencing at the north boundary line of Howard's land, at a point easterly 160 feet from Nicholson-street, being bounded on the west by Mr. Rennie's land, being a line bearing north-westerly 73 feet to a lane 12 feet in width, thence on the north by that lane bearing east 38 degrees, north 147 feet 6 inches to a lane 12 feet in width, being a line bearing south-easterly 85 feet 6 inches to Howard's land, and thence on the south by that land being a line bearing west 34 degrees, south 142 feet to the point of commencement, be the said several dimensions all a little more or less, upon which is erected that well and faithfully-built STONE VILLA RESIDENCE, presently occupied by Mr. J. V. Barnard, and consisting of
Ground Floor:
Drawing-room, 20 x 16, with bay windows and fitted with marble mantelpieces
Dining-room, 18 x 16, ditto ditto ditto
Bedroom, 16 x 16
Ditto, 16 x 14
Kitchen, fitted with patent range
Large pantry.
Upper Floor:
Large bedroom
Smaller ditto
Store-room.
There is also a good entrance-hall, front and back verandah, a large and well drained cellar, detached wash-house and shed, and an abundant supply of excellent and never-failing water.
The ground in front has been expensively terraced, and most tastefully planted with shrubs and flowers. The entire building is of stone and slated, is well and faithfully built, and the general finish of the interior of a very superior character—indeed, having been built for the occupancy of Mr. Barnard, no expense has been spared to render it a completely comfortable and desirable residence.
The situation (overlooking Goat Island) is notoriously healthful, and at the same time the most picturesque and charming in Balmain, commanding a magnificent view of the harbour and surrounding scenery, which can never be obstructed. The distance is only a few minutes' walk from the ferry boat which runs to the Grafton Wharf every quarter of an hour.
☞ The property being for absolute sale, affords an excellent opportunity for persons of limited means to invest, or a most desirable one for those seeking for a good, comfortable, and delightfully situated house for a residence.
For cards to view apply at the office of the Auctioneer.
Title, unexceptionable.
Terms at sale.

To Butchers.

G. M. PITT has received instructions from Sloper Cox, Esq., to sell by auction, on MONDAY next, the 7th instant, at Mr. John Fullagar's, at 12 o'clock,
200 head of fat cattle, in lots.
The attention of the trade is directed to this sale.

Butchers. Butchers.

G. M. PITT has received instructions from Mr. Edward Sparke, to sell by public auction, on MONDAY next, the 7th May, at Mr. John Fullagar's, Western Road, at 12 o'clock,
150 head of prime fat cattle, in lots to suit purchasers. They are direct from Mr. David Grevenor's celebrated fattening station.
The trade would do well to attend.

SATURDAY, 5th May.

To Crockeryware and Glass Dealers.
Extensive lot of the above, on the premises of Mr. C. F. Edwards, George-street.

PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, on the premises of Mr. Edwards, George-street, THIS DAY, the 5th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock,
Without reserve,
The stock of
Crockeryware, a great assortment loose, in lots to suit dealers
11 crates, containing
Chamber sets, C. C. chambers, toy cases
Willow bagatelle dishes, willow plates
Blue printed chambers, muffins
Champagnes, prince's wines
Butters, sugars.
Terms at sale.
☞ Catalogues of the above are ready for delivery, and as there is a great quantity loose, they cannot be particularised in an advertisement.

Preliminary Notice.
WEDNESDAY, May 9th.

To Warehousemen, Drapers, Outfitters, Milliners, Country Storekeepers, and others.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed to sell by auction, at his New Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, May 9th, at 11 o'clock,
About 70 packages new and seasonable drapery, slops, &c., now landing ex Waterloo.
Particulars in future advertisements.

Treasury Auction Rooms.
MONDAY, May 7th.
On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Switzerland, ——, master, from Liverpool.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, 253, George-street, on MONDAY, 7th May, at 11 o'clock,
On account of whom it may concern,
CH
§ 1—1 crate breakfast cups and saucers, blue printed, assorted, much damaged by sea water
2—1 ditto breakfast cups and saucers, blue printed patterns, much ditto ditto ditto
3—1 ditto breakfast cups and saucers, brown and green printed, assorted, much ditto ditto
5—1 ditto breakfast cups and saucers, flowing unique and flowing green vine pattern, slightly damaged by sea water
7—1 ditto china breakfast cups and saucers, assorted patterns, slightly ditto ditto ditto
10—1 ditto toilette sets, large size, mulberry, holly, all slightly ditto ditto ditto
12—1 ditto toilette sets, assorted patterns, much ditto ditto ditto
14—1 ditto toilette sets, assorted patterns, much ditto ditto ditto
15—1 ditto toilette sets, royal blue, brown and green, slightly ditto ditto ditto
16—1 ditto jugs, assorted patterns, slightly ditto ditto
17—1 ditto bowls, assorted, much ditto ditto ditto.
Terms, cash.

Treasury Auction Rooms.
Crates Flowing Blue Cups and Saucers
Crates Plain Stripe Cups and Saucers
Crates China Plain Gold Band Cups and Saucers
Crates Toilet Ware
Crates Dinner Sets, &c.
Unreserved Sale of 40 Crates of Crockery.
Ex Switzerland.

MONDAY, May 7th.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, on MONDAY, 7th May, at 11 o'clock,
Forty crates of crockery, ex Switzerland, consisting of
Bowls and saucers, flowing blue
Ditto ditto, plain and band
China cups and saucers, plain gold band
Toiletware
Dinner sets
Assorted crates.
Terms at sale.

Treasury Auction Rooms.
Tuesday's Drapery Sale.
TUESDAY, 8th May, 1860.
☞ Preliminary Notice.
To Drapers
To Storekeepers and others.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, on TUESDAY, 8th May, at 11 o'clock precisely,
63 bales and cases of new and seasonable drapery.
Ex Phœnician.
Full particulars in a future issue.

☞ On SATURDAY, the 5th instant, at 12 o'clock precisely.
Seeds.
To Market Gardeners and others.
** An Invoice of Flower, Vegetable, Clover, Hay, Grass, and other Seeds, for Unreserved Sale.

MR. ROBERT MURIEL will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Wynyard-street, THIS DAY, the 5th May, at 12 o'clock precisely,
An invoice of seeds.
Terms, cash.

☞ On SATURDAY, the 5th instant, at eleven o'clock precisely.

Removed from the Glebe for the convenience of Sale.
Superior Household Furniture
Cottage Pianoforte, in rosewood
Engravings, Plated Ware
China, Glass, &c. Also,
Rabbits, Fowls, Ducks, and an Australian Eagle, &c.

MR. ROBERT MURIEL will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Wynyard-street, THIS DAY, the 5th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
A large and varied assortment of household furniture and household requisites
Cottage pianoforte, and sundries. Also,
A quantity of live stock—removed from the Glebe for the convenience of purchasers.
Terms, cash.

Substantial Household Furniture.

MR. H. D. COCKBURN has been instructed to sell by public auction, on WEDNESDAY, 9th May, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, Pitt-street, between Liverpool and Goulburn streets,
The whole of the superior household furniture, comprising loo, dining, dressing, and kitchen tables, cheffonier, horsehair sofas, chairs, brussels carpet and rug, fenders, oilcloth, iron and cedar bedsteads and bedding complete, washstands and service, chests of drawers, first-class engravings, couches, horsehair mattresses, toilet glasses, ornaments, glass, crockery, Pond's patent cooking stove, kitchen dresser, kitchen requisites and sundries.
Terms, cash.

To Warehousemen, Outfitters, Storekeepers, Drapers, Dealers, and the Trade.

142 packages of general Drapery Goods, Slops, Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

Now landing, ex Lloyds and General Wyndham.
On THURSDAY and FRIDAY, 10th and 11th instant.
The Sale to commence each day at 11 o'clock prompt.

MESSRS. CHARLES MOORE and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on the above named day,
142 packages of seasonable drapery goods, slops, fancy goods, &c., now landing, ex Lloyd's and General Wyndham.
Terms liberal, as usual.

Boots and Shoes.
82 Trunks, from Joshua Joseph and Son's.
All Seasonable Goods.
Now landing, ex Asia.

On THURSDAY, 8th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt.

To Boot and Shoe Buyers, Storekeepers, and the Trade.

MESSRS. CHAS. MOORE and CO. have instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on the above day,
82 trunks of choice and seasonable goods, now landing, ex Asia.
Terms at sale.

Damaged Woolpacks, Bottled Ale, and Soda Crystals.
On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Bengal.

To Wine Merchants, Grocers, and others.

FRITH and PAYTEN are favoured with instructions from Messrs. D. Cooper and Co., to sell, at the Waterloo Warehouse, on MONDAY, the 7th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock,
All more or less damaged by sea water,
C in triangle over WW,
88-169—2 bales woolpacks, each 10½ lbs.
20 casks soda crystals. Also,
20 casks Byass' pints ale, each 8 dozen.
Terms, cash.

Bostock's Boots and Shoes.
91 Trunks, ex Asia, of first-class seasonable Goods.

Important to the Trade and Country Buyers.

FRITH and PAYTEN have received instructions to sell, at the Sydney Auction Rooms, on MONDAY, the 7th instant, at 11 o'clock (as usual, without reserve),
The above shipment of Bostock's boots and shoes, consisting of a splendid assortment of
Gents' light and stout wellingtons, and short ditto
M.S. boots and napoleons
Men's stout mining boots, bluchers, &c.
Ladies' cashmere and cloth boots, to lace and E.S.
Women's calf and cordovan lace boots
Children's ditto ditto, 6-9, 10-13
Cloth goloshed boots, 6-9, 10-13
Infants' goods, in great variety.
Also, 27 trunks Northampton goods, consisting of
Army bluchers
Gents' E.S. boots, and ladies' and children's goloshed cloth boots
Ditto leather lace ditto. &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

To those on the look-out for a comfortable Cottage, in one of the most healthy neighbourhoods of Sydney.
COTTAGE in Campbell-street, Newtown, overlooking the magnificent orchard and grounds of the Hon. Thomas Holt.
For Absolute Sale.
In the estate of Messrs. Hardaker and Lainson.

FRIDAY, 11th May, at 12 o'clock.

FRITH and PAYTEN will sell by auction, at their Rooms, without reserve, the above, on FRIDAY, 11th instant, at 12 o'clock.
This property is situated about the centre of Campbell-street, on a piece of land having a frontage of 33 feet, by a depth of 125 feet, with side entrance to garden at the rear. The house is brick-built, has a galvanised iron roof, verandah in front, and large shed behind; contains four rooms, consisting of parlour 12 feet square, and two bedrooms 12 feet x 11 feet, and 12 feet 3 in. by 9 feet respectively; together with a weatherboard kitchen, 13 feet 6 in. by 9 feet. Two of these rooms are papered, and neatly fitted up; the kitchen is also fitted with dresser, &c.; at the rear are two large watertanks, as also a good well.
The back allotment is neatly fenced in, and the front garden by ornamental railing, the gates leading to verandah, with side gates for cart entrance.—the whole forming to the small capitalist a handsome and compact property.
A plan is on view at the auctioneers' Rooms, Pitt-street.
Terms at sale.

Newtown.
Extensive Premises.
Builder's Establishment
Dwelling-house and Cottage.
Situate on the Newtown Road, opposite the Congregational Church.
Unreserved Sale, by order of the Trustees in Hardaker and Lainson's Estate.

Day of Sale, FRIDAY, 11th May.

FRITH and PAYTEN are instructed by the trustees in the above estate to sell by auction (imperatively, without reserve), at their Sydney Auction Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 11th instant, at 12 o'clock,
The above valuable properties, erected on land having frontage of about 60 feet to the Newtown Road by a depth of 130 feet, with three street frontages. On the corner of this land is erected a really substantially brick-built house with slated roof. On
GROUND FLOOR is an elegantly finished shop, 18 feet 6 by 15 feet 6, with corner doors, double windows, folding shutters, shelves, &c., complete
PARLOUR, 15 feet by 11 feet, with fireplace and passage leading to yard, in which there is a never-failing well; also, a kitchen, 11 x 9, pantry, and patent water-closet attached, enclosed by a paling fence—all well drained by earthenware pipes.
THE UPPER FLOOR, finished without regard to labour and expense, and ascended by handsome staircase, contains
DRAWING ROOM, 19 feet by 13 feet
BEDROOM, 11 feet 6 by 11 feet
Ditto, 11 feet 6 by 7 feet.
These are fitted with every convenience.
Contiguous to these, and also fronting the Newtown Road is erected a
COTTAGE, well erected of brick and finished, with four rooms—two 12 feet square, and the others 12 feet by 8 feet—the former having fireplaces. The back part of this cottage is weatherboard, the roof slated; it has a separate yard, with covered well, and patent pump.
At the rear of these premises, and reached by a wide gateway from the Newtown Road, are a Wooden Building, containing on the ground floor a Saw Mill, driven by a horse gin; offices, paint store, and shed complete; over these are work shops, well lighted. Also, a
STABLE, substantially built of stone, with a coach-house opening on a back street called Union-street.
This eligible property being for absolute sale, and having been built regardless of expense by and for the convenience of the original proprietors, offers one of the best investments that can possibly be made. To those who contemplate a builder's establishment in this rising neighbourhood, such a chance occurs only once in life.
Drapers, chemists, bakers, butchers, ironmongers, or in any other retail business, it is to a steady man a certain fortune.
The auctioneers, in conclusion, cannot but regret that such an establishment must, at so short notice, be absolutely sold to the highest bidder on the 11th instant, knowing that if left in their hands for private sale, they would realise double the amount it will probably fetch at auction.
This property will be sold subject to a mortgage of £740, which can be paid off in quarterly instalments of £29 4s. each, payable to the Australian Mutual Provident Society. This payment includes principal and interest.
Plans are now on view, and further particulars obtained, at the Rooms of auctioneers.
Terms at sale.

The well-known Kingston Estate.
For absolute Sale.
In the Estates of Messrs. Hardaker and Lainson.
Cottage in Denison-street.
To those of moderate incomes, members of Building Societies, and speculators.

FRITH and PAYTEN are instructed by the trustees in the above estate to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 11th instant, at 12 o'clock, as above.
This property has a frontage of 41 feet 3 inches to Denison-street, by a depth of 74 feet 3 inches to a lane, and is situate on the high part of the Kingston Estate, and one of the earliest selections. On it is erected a four-roomed cottage, built of weatherboard, galvanized iron roof; a stone party wall divides it from Mr. Coleman's premises. There is a large garden at side and rear, enclosed by paling fence; also, a pretty garden in front, surrounded by ornamental railing.
The rooms consist of parlour, 13 feet 6 by 11 feet, papered and neatly finished; kitchen and two bedrooms, about 11 x 10 each, one of which has a fireplace, and floored with Parian cement.
Three verandahs surrounding gives this cottage a very snug appearance.
A passage to garden at the rear.
Plan on view at auctioneers' Rooms.
Terms at sale.

Household Furniture.

MR. HENRY VAUGHAN will sell by auction, at No. 195, Castlereagh-street, opposite St. James' School, THIS DAY, Saturday, at 11 o'clock.
Household furniture, &c.
Watches, clocks, &c.

The Barque LAUNCESTON, 328 tons register, coppered and copper-fastened throughout in a substantial manner.
For Positive Sale, to close an account.

T. W. BOWDEN is favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at the New Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on TUESDAY next, at 11 o'clock,
☞ The first lot to be offered,
The fine, fast-sailing, capacious barque LAUNCESTON, just arrived from New Caledonia, and will be ready, on the discharge of her ballast, to take in cargo for any port.
The Launceston is 328 tons register tonnage, but will carry above 500 tons of cargo. Within the last three months she was docked, overhauled, and repaired by Captain Rountree, under the superintendence of two marine surveyors, and immediately after sailed for New Caledonia with a very large and weighty cargo. She was built at Portland, in the State of Maine, United States, and will be sold as she lies, with all her masts, spars, sails, gear, anchors, chains, boats, &c., &c.
This is a strong, faithfully built vessel, well suited for the Eastern, New Zealand, timber, or cattle trade. Inventories will be exhibited at the Rooms.
The vessel can be inspected at the wharf of Wilkinson, Brothers.
Terms at sale.

Two Brick-built Cottages in Ocean-street, near to Piper-street, Upper Paddington.

T. W. BOWDEN will sell by auction, at the New Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on TUESDAY next, the 8th May, at 11 o'clock,
Two brick-built houses in Ocean-street, next to Roseby's, a door or two northward from Piper-street. Each house contains two rooms and skilling, the former shingled, the latter galvanised iron roof. A supply of water; separate yards, and let to respectable tenants. The plot of land is 25 feet by 100, more or less. The situation is pleasant and healthy. An additional piece of land adjoining may be purchased if required.
The title is leasehold for 99 years, at a ground rent of only £5 per annum.

A Six-roomed verandah Cottage, in Duke-street, Woolloomooloo.
In the Estate of Messrs. W. Allen and Co.
By order of the Official Assignee.

T. W. BOWDEN is instructed to sell by auction, at the New Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on TUESDAY next, the 8th May, at 11 o'clock,
A very snug cottage, No. 4, Duke-street, containing a hall, four rooms, and kitchen, on the ground floor; one large and one small attic room above; a verandah in front, neatly enclosed. The house is erected of stone; water laid on; yard, fenced in, having a side entrance from Duke-street.
This cottage was formerly known as the residence of Mr. Goold, and subsequently as the property of the Rev. Mr. Moss. The frontage is 28 feet 3 inches, being the size of the house, and depth of land 65 feet.
A large Russell stove in the kitchen.
☞ An arrangement may be made for a portion of the purchase money to remain on mortgage.

Fitzroy-street, off Botany-street, near Parramatta-street.

T. W. BOWDEN will sell by auction, at the New Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on TUESDAY next, the 8th of May, at 11 o'clock, by order of John Morris, Esq., Official Assignee in the estate of William Allen and Co.,
An allotment of land, part of the Kensington Estate, having 17 feet frontage to Fitzroy-street, almost immediately opposite the junction of that street, with the Botany Road, a short distance from Parramatta-street, and having a depth of about 60 feet.
Terms at sale.

A Four-roomed Cottage, and Butcher's Shop, on the east side of Pitt-street, between Liverpool and Goulburn streets.

T. W. BOWDEN will sell by auction, at the New Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on TUESDAY next, the 8th May, at 11 o'clock,
The life interest of Mr. Edwin Williams, builder, aged 47 years, at present residing near the Toll-bar, Church-street North, in the town of Parramatta—in and to all that plot of land, having 21 feet frontage to Pitt-street, Sydney, between Liverpool and Goulburn streets, with a depth of about 150 feet, bounded on the north by premises now belonging to Mr. Caruthers.
On the land is a four-roomed cottage and butcher's shop, both built of brick, and for many years tenanted by the late Mr. Watson.
Terms and conditions at sale.

A. 2R. 5P. of Land at LITTLE COOGEE for Positive Sale.
By order of the Trustee in the Will of the late Mr. John Wand, of the South Head Road.

T. W. BOWDEN is favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at the New Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 17th of May, at 11 o'clock,
A suburban allotment of land at Little Googee, being No. 30 on the Government plan, bounded on the east by a road one chain wide, near the corner of Nelson Road, and on all other sides by land sold in allotments by the Government to Messrs. F. Cooper, R. G. Massie, and J. T. Brown. The contents are 2a 2r. 5p., having eastern and southern aspects.
A plan at the Rooms. Terms at sale.

Great Coogee Bay.
Nearly opposite the Reef.

T. W. BOWDEN will sell by auction, at the New Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on THURSDAY, 17th May, at 11 o'clock, unless previously disposed of by private contract,
A corner block of land, containing 2 acres 3 roods and 8 perches, beautifully situated on the hill, with extensive view of the ocean, and close to the new road to Long Bay. It is bounded by roads on three sides, viz., Perouse, Mount, and Rainbow streets.
Plan at the Rooms.
The Premises and Boats belonging to the "Australian Subscription Boat Club," comprising a large piece of land, with deep water frontage, adjoining Mr M'Quade's mansion at Potts' Point, bounded on the west by the waters of Woolloomooloo Bay 120 feet, on the south by the property of J. F. Hilly, Esq., running easterly about 94 feet, and thence northerly to Mr. M'Quade's fence by a stone wall, and thence westward by Mr. M'Quade's fence to the water 110 feet.
This valuable block of land is held under a lease for a term of seven years, to be renewed if required, and the adjoining allotment may be purchased at a fixed sum, during the first five years of the said lease, which contains covenants securing to the lessee payment for his improvements, to a certain extent, or permission to remove the same on to the adjoining allotment or elsewhere.
On this property have been erected club rooms, boat sheds, superior to anything of the kind in the colony, and house for watermen. The boundary line to the river is a good stone wall filled in behind to form a wharf.
With the above will be sold the entire stock of boats, comprising thirty-eight, of various sizes and kinds, from small light skiffs to sailing yachts, with sails, oars, sculls, anchors, chains, &c., &c., &c.
No expense has been spared to make everything efficient and suitable for the purposes intended by the proprietors, viz—to supply subscribers and the public with pleasure boats of every kind, on the shortest notice, and most reasonable charges.
The Proprietors have recently leased the whole to Mr. P. R. Holdsworth, to ensure a certain return to them weekly, the full particulars of which may be seen on application to the Auctioneer.

T. W. BOWDEN has been favoured with instructions from the Proprietor to sell by auction, at the New Land Sale Rooms, 423, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 17th day of May, at 11 o'clock,
The interest of the vendors in and to the property described above, including the boats and their appurtenances, as well as to his interest in the leases.
☞ Intending purchasers are invited to visit this property, and inspect the numerous boats. The leases are open for inspection, at the Sale Rooms.
Terms liberal, at sale.

WOODLANDS.
A Charming Country Retreat, and VALUABLE DAIRY and AGRICULTURAL FARM, with extensive frontage to Cabramatta Creek, comprising upwards of 200 ACRES, within about one mile of the LIVERPOOL RAILWAY STATION.
Title—Unquestionable.
Terms—Liberal.

MORT and CO. have been instructed to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 9th May.
That very charming homestead known as WOODLANDS, situated upon the CABRAMATTA CREEK, to which it has nearly a mile frontage, and bounded on two other sides by Government roads, and on the remaining side by the Liverpool Common.
It consists of two grants from the Crown, each of 160 acres, but the actual extent is considerably MORE THAN 200 ACRES, the whole of which are enclosed and subdivided into paddocks.
The HOUSE, built chiefly of stone, with shingled roof, contains front and back verandahs, entrance hall, and 12 apartments, including kitchen and servants' room. There is a splendid dairy in the basement and laundry at the rear of the house.
THE FARM BUILDINGS comprise a cottage of 3 rooms, stabling for 3 horses, cart sheds, tool house, cow house fitted with 20 milking bails, &c., and a liquid manure tank, capable of holding 18,000 gallons.
A BEAUTIFUL LAWN AND GARDEN in front of the house, enclosed with a light iron railing. There are also KITCHEN GARDEN and ORCHARD. About 90 acres are CLEARED, and divided into EIGHT PADDOCKS, two of which are NOW UNDER CULTIVATION, with clover, rye-grass, barley, and sorghum. The rest of the property has some valuable timber upon it.
** The dairy stock, consisting of about 34 cows and calves, 2 bulls, 4 plough horses, gig and saddle horses, pigs, poultry, &c., may be taken at a valuation; also the agricultural implements.
MORT and CO. would call attention to this as one of the MOST COMPLETE HOMESTEADS that have been in the market for a very long time. Close to the Liverpool Station, and within half-a-mile of the Church, it is also only about AN HOUR AND A-HALF FROM SYDNEY by rail. Combined with all the advantages of a good dairy and agricultural farm, are all the COMFORTS OF A HOME, situate on the banks of a stream in which there is always ABUNDANCE OF WATER, the whole forming a CHARMING COUNTRY RETREAT.
** Parties on the look out for a property of this class are invited to inspect Woodlands. They can obtain cards by application to MORT and CO.
PLAN on view at the Rooms.

By order of the Mortgagee.
REDFERN-STREET, REDFERN.
A brick-built House and Offices, lately occupied as the REDFERN INN, together with the large Block of land attached thereto.
Title—the usual Redfern Estate title.
Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed by the Mortgagee to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 16th May.
ALL THAT PARCEL OF LAND, being lots 16 and 17 of block 6 of section 1 of the Redfern estate, bounded on the south by Redfern-street, commencing at the south-west corner of lot 15, sold to Wylde, and bearing westerly 50 feet to the south-east corner of lot 18 sold to Green; on the west by the east boundary line of lot 18 bearing northerly 100 feet to the south-west corner of lot 2, sold to John Miles; on the north by the south boundary line of lots 2 and 3, being a line bearing easterly 50 feet to the north-west corner of lot 15; and on the east by the west boundary line of lot 15 bearing southerly 100 feet to the point of commencement.
Upon this land are erected the premises recently occupied as THE REDFERN INN, built of brick, on stone foundations, with shingled roof, and containing front verandah, bar, and three rooms on the ground floor, with two good attic bedrooms and balcony.
Attached, is a commodious store room. At the rear is a range of weatherboard buildings, comprising kitchen and two other apartments. There is also a good back yard and garden, divided by paling fence. Also, a CAPITAL WELL of WATER.
** A considerable portion of the frontage to Redfern-street is unoccupied, leaving ample space for another building.
This property is close to the toll-bar, and within a short distance of BOTANY-STREET, which is the LEADING THOROUGHFARE. It is in a rapidly rising locality, and in the immediate neighbourhood of all the improvements now being carried out by the Municipal Council.

HEATHFIELD.
A SPLENDID DAIRY AND AGRICULTURAL FARM,
Containing 540 ACRES, more or less, with house and other improvements, distant about
15 MILES FROM SYDNEY.
Title—Unquestionable.
Terms—A portion of the purchase-money may, if required, remain secured upon the property for three years at 6 per cent. interest.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 9th May,
That very choice homestead, and dairy and agricultural farm, known as HEATHFIELD, distant about 15 miles from Sydney, and three miles from Liverpool.
It contains 540 acres, of which about 220 acres have been cleared and cultivated, and enclosed, and divided into several paddocks. The remainder of the land being used for pasturage. There is also a brick-built verandah cottage upon it, with detached outoffices, stabling, hay shed, &c.
☞ This snug property is surrounded by the George's Hall estate, belonging to David Johnstone, Esq., and has a very extensive river frontage. It is now let to Mr. Ward. It is really a good dairy and agricultural farm, and well worthy the attention of any one on the look out for a choice homestead, within a few miles of the metropolis.

BALGOWLAH, MANLY COVE.
26-ACRE FARM.
Title—Grant to Vendor. Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 9th May,
All that block of land situate upon the left bank of Burnt Bridge Creek, Balgowlah, Manly Cove, containing 26 ACRES, more or less, being lot 15 of the land sold in pursuance of the proclamation of 22nd November, 1858.
☞ The above block of land contains some excellent soil, a constant stream of pure water, and a large natural formed reservoir. A more romantic spot could not be pictured. It is well worth the attention of any one seeking land in that delightful and improving locality.
Plan on view at the rooms.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY for safe and profitable Investment, in the Flourishing CITY of NEWCASTLE.
54 SPLENDID BUILDING ALLOTMENTS.
Title, unquestionable.
Terms, liberal at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed by THOMAS M'CORMACK, Esq., to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 16th May.
The following very valuable Building Allotments, in the CITY of NEWCASTLE.
CHURCH-STREET.—3 ALLOTMENTS on the south side, each having 33 feet frontage by 75 feet in depth; 4 ALLOTMENTS on the north side, each 30 feet frontage by 73 feet in depth.
SYDNEY-STREET.—3 ALLOTMENTS on the north side, each 33 feet frontage by 75 feet in depth.
WOOLFE-STREET, corner of ORDNANCE-STREET.—2 ALLOTMENTS on the east side of Woolfe-street, each 33 feet frontage by 68 feet depth—one of them being a CORNER ALLOTMENT; 6 ALLOTMENTS on the north side of Ordnance-street, each 36 feet frontage by 66 feet deep
NEWCOMEN-STREET.—2 ALLOTMENTS on the west side, each 33 feet frontage by 68 feet deep—one of which is a CORNER ALLOTMENT.
DARBY-STREET.—6 ALLOTMENTS on the west side, each 30 feet frontage by 73 feet deep; 2 ALLOTMENTS also on the west side of Darby-street, each 28 feet frontage by 75 feet deep.
BLANE-STREET.—2 ALLOTMENTS on the south side, each 28 feet frontage by 85 feet in depth. Also
24 OTHER BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, situate in various parts of the city, the position of each of which can be ascertained by reference to the plans now exhibited at the auction rooms.
☞ In soliciting attention to so extensive a sale of building lands, Mort and Co. feel bound to notice the fact that those now advertised OCCUPY SOME OF THE BEST SITES IN NEWCASTLE. Among them will be found allotments fronting the LEADING THOROUGHFARES, and in the immediate vicinity of the PRINCIPAL PUBLIC BUILDINGS, and therefore admirably adapted for BUSINESS PURPOSES; while others of them are in elevated and healthy positions, and therefore particularly suitable as SITES for FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCES, for which the growing necessities of the city create a great demand at the present time.
Considering the DAILY INCREASING IMPORTANCE of this flourishing city, its advantageous position in a commercial point of view, its BEAUTIFUL HARBOUR, and the extent and richness of the MINERAL RESOURCES of the surrounding districts, there cannot be a doubt that it presents a WIDE FIELD FOR PROFITABLE SPECULATION to the capitalist. In proof of this, it is only necessary to point to the vast increase to the shipping trade of the port as compared to a very few years' back; the continuation of which may fairly be looked for from the fact of Newcastle being THE GREAT TERMINUS AND SHIPPING PORT for the several lines of rail which must ultimately traverse the districts to the North and West, including THE GREAT NORTH TRUNK LINE, already nearly completed to Singleton—a distance of nearly fifty miles.
As a FAVOURITE WATERING PLACE Newcastle is already a place of considerable resort. The demand for private residences must therefore increase, and the present sale affords an excellent opportunity for securing some most choice sites.
The vast trade of the port and the extent and richness of its coal mines, extending almost to the wharves of the city, present to the MECHANIC, MINER, and indeed to EVERY CLASS OF LABOURERS, the cheering prospect of CONSTANT EMPLOYMENT. With such the first sure step to independence is to secure a plot of ground on which to erect a house for himself and family. The money which otherwise goes to pay rent, can then be laid by for "a rainy day," besides which a great inducement is also created for an industrious steady course of life, which in this colony cannot fail to insure its own reward.
PLANS of the whole of the allotments now on view at the Rooms, where every information can be obtained.

To close a Partnership.
SPLENDID FATTENING RUNS WITHOUT STOCK.
MARANOA DISTRICT.

MOONEE No. 1	CUMBO
AMBY No. 1	BINGRO CREEK
TIQUIBAN	WARRIL CREEK
BARRABANBEL	DINONG PADLONG.
COLLITALLIBA	

Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed, in order to close a partnership, to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on TUESDAY, 5th June,
The following splendid fattening runs in the Maranoa District:—
MOONEE No. 1.—Estimated area, 16,080 acres, on the left bank of the Maranoa River, at Camp 29, marked 2nd depot in Sir Thomas Mitchell's map 4 of journey in 1845 and 1846, and having five miles river frontage.
AMBY No. 1.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, at the junction of the Amby with the Maranoa, with frontage to both,
TIQUIBAN.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, on the left bank of the Maranoa.
BARRABANBEL.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, adjoining Tiquiban No. 3, on the Maranoa River.
COLLITALLIBA.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, on the left bank of the Maranoa River.
CUMBO.—Estimated area, 40,000 acres, adjoining the Drysdale Ponds River.
BINGRO CREEK.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, on the west side of Mooney Creek.
WARRIL CREED.—Estimated area, 16,000 acres, including both banks of the Warril Creeks, about five miles back from Dinong Padlong.
DINONG PADLONG.—Estimated area, 16,009 acres, on the right bank of the Barwan River, about five miles above Sir Thomas Mitchell's 87 Camp.
☞ Most of the above country was selected in the years 1849, 1850, and 1851, by Messrs. GIDEON LANG and WALKER, the pioneers of that part of the colony, chiefly for the RICHNESS of the PASTURE; and in order to secure the tracts that were MOST ABUNDANTLY WATERED.
Parties therefore on the look-out for good fattening runs should bear in mind that these runs were selected by MEN OF GREAT EXPERIENCE, and who, from the fact of their being the first in the field, had the opportunity of securing the PICK OF THE COUNTRY.

POSITIVE and UNRESERVED SALE.
By order of the Mortgagees.
BURWOOD ESTATE.
LOTS 8 and 7 and part of Lot 6 of the original Subdivision of that portion of the Burwood Estate allotted to Henry Sparrow Briggs.
Title, the usual Burwood Estate Title.
Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed by the Mortgagees to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 23rd May,
The following choice portions of the Burwood Estate—
Lot 8 contains 6A. 3R. 24P., more or less
Lot 7 contains 7A. 0R. 18P., more or less.
** These blocks adjoin, and are fenced on two sides, and on the third side bounded by an occupation road.
Part of Lot 6 contains 3 acres, more or less.
** This land is enclosed with a three-rail fence. It is intersected by the railway, leaving about half an acre on the south side, and the remainder of the land on the north.
☞ These splendid blocks of land are situated about half way between the Burwood and Homebush stations. Lots 7 and 8 are intersected by Powell's Creek. They are among the most valuable portions of the Burwood Estate. Further particulars may be had at the Rooms, Pitt-street.

FOR POSITIVE and UNRESERVED SALE.
SPLENDID WOOLWASHING AND FELLMONGERING ESTABLISHMENT,
Situate in the Parish of Botany, and distant ABOUT FOUR MILES FROM SYDNEY,
and occupied formerly by Messrs. Prince, Bray, and Ogg, until their recent removal to their new establishment.
Title unquestionable.
Terms at Sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on WEDNESDAY, May 23rd, at 11 o'clock,
25 ACRES 1 ROOD 4 PERCHES, more or less, in the parish of Botany, being blocks Nos. 30 and 31 of the original subdivision of SIMEON LORD'S 600 acre grant, and upon which are the following improvements:—
A LARGE WEATHERBOARD AND SHINGLED BUILDING, containing sweating and wool sheds.
A WASH-HOUSE—a shingled building,—attached to which are soaking and washing pans, to which THE WATER IS LAID ON from the Creek by a wooden culvert.
An OVERSEER'S COTTAGE, weatherboard and brick-nogged, with brick chimney and shingled roof. It contains verandah and three rooms.
TWO COTTAGES FOR LABOURERS, wooden buildings, with shingled roofs, each containing two rooms.
EIGHT ACRES, more or less, of CLEARED land, enclosed and subdivided into small paddocks, or bleaching and drying yards.
☞ The above property will be recognised as that formerly occupied by Messrs. Prince, Bray, and Ogg, as a woolwashing and fellmongering establishment. It is situate at Kellett's Bridge, on the Old Botany Road, and within site of the present parish road.
THE MAIN BOTANY CREEK
(the principal source of supply for the Botany Waterworks) flows through the property, being at this point
A BEAUTIFUL RUNNING STREAM
at all seasons, of sufficient volume for working any kind of machinery. On both banks of this creek
THE LAND IS SOME OF THE RICHEST
in the parish, which is now our principal vegetable district for supplying the metropolitan markets. Apart, therefore, from the value of the property for the purposes for which it has hitherto been used, it would prove a
LUCRATIVE INVESTMENT
for sub-division and re-sale for market gardens.
Plan on view at the rooms.

Bankstown.
32 ACRES of CAPITAL LAND.
Title, unquestionable. Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 9th May,
Two blocks of land, containing respectively 9 ACRES and 23 ACRES, situate at Bankstown, being portion of Macnamara's grant of 320 acres. The soil is good, well timbered, and there is an abundance of water.
☞ The 23 acre block adjoins a farm belonging to Mr. Gorman, and is now under the care of Mr. Patrick O'Brien.
☞ Full particulars can be obtained at the Rooms, Pitt-street.

ON MONDAY NEXT, 7th MAY.
At the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street.

EXTENSIVE AND IMPORTANT SALE of CITY, SUBURBAN, and COUNTRY FREEHOLD PROPERTIES, commencing at 11 o'clock, for HALF-PAST 11 o'clock PROMPT.
MACLEAY-STREET, POTTS POINT.—Four magnificent building allotments, between Roslyn Hall and Kellet House.
DARLINGHURST.—Three choice allotments in Liverpool and Dowling streets, adjoining the residence of John Rae, Esq.
QUEEN-STREET, GLEBE.—Two brick-built houses near the corner of Cowper-street.
ST. LEONARD'S, NORTH SHORE.—UPTON HOUSE and GROUNDS, well-known as the residence of the late Commissary-General Miller.
COOGEE.—Several choice villa sites, and large blocks of land in the best positions of this favoured locality.
NELSON'S BAY, COOGEE.—2 acres 2 roods and 5 perches, on the Nelson's Bay Road, adjoining the property of John Taylor, Esq.
GREAT SOUTHERN ROAD.—PRINCE ALBERT INN, and 100 acres of land, about 12 miles from Berrima; peremptory sale by order of the mortgagee
PICTON.—WATSON'S FARM, containing about 136 acres, about one mile from the town of Picton. For positive sale. Also, allotments in the town and immediately opposite the proposed railway station.
CANTERBURY.—50-acre farm, close to West's public-house Without reserve.
GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER.—Several choice allotments in the best part of this important town
LIVERPOOL ROAD.—Large block of land, part of the Enfield Estate, between Ashfield and Burwood Railway Stations.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

To Small Capitalists.
KINGSTON, NEWTOWN.
COMFORTABLE and SUBSTANTIAL Brick-built VERANDAH COTTAGE, in WELLINGTON-STREET, KINGSTON, opposite the residence of Mr. Burrowes.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from Mr. Rudd to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, the 15th May, at 11 o'clock,
All that allotment of land, being lot 200, of section 4, of the well-known KINGSTON ESTATE, having a frontage of 33 feet to WELLINGTON-STREET by a depth of about 82 feet, bounded by a wide lane, and on which is erected a neat and comfortable VERANDAH COTTAGE, built of brick on stone foundations, with slated roof, containing 4 rooms and kitchen, with large yard, and a capital well of water.
☞ The above is a faithfully built well finished Cottage, and can be well recommended to the particular attention of small capitalists. Its position is elevated, and commands pleasing views, and altogether it is as snug a little property as there is to be found on this noted Estate.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

On MONDAY, 7th May.
PEREMPTORY SALE.
By order of the Mortgagee.
GREAT SOUTHERN ROAD.
Those well-known extensive premises, PRINCE ALBERT INN, together with 100 Acres of Land on the Southern Road, about 12 miles from Berrima.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 7th May, at 11 o'clock.
That well-known first-class hotel, the PRINCE ALBERT INN, situate about 12 miles on the SYDNEY SIDE of BERRIMA, and close to the junction of the Berrima and Mittagong Roads.
The house contains every accommodation and convenience for a FIRST-RATE HOTEL. It stand upon an elevated foundation, and has a verandah running along the front. It has a capacious entrance hall, with private apartments on one side, and a bar and bar accommodation on the other. The bedrooms are large and airy, and the whole establishment replete with comfort. The house is SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT and WELL FINISHED in every particular. The out-offices consist of detached kitchen, with servants' room, capital yard, containing extensive stabling. There are also a coach-house, sheds, piggery, fowl-house, and yard, also a slaughtering yard.
The land attached to the property consists of 100 ACRES, more or less, the whole of which is fenced and subdivided into paddocks, which are well watered. There are also two gardens, and an excellent orchard of the choicest fruit trees; also, a NEVER-FAILING WELL of WATER.
Two of the paddocks have been under cultivation, and yielded fine crops.
☞ RICHARDSON and WRENCH have no hesitation in stating that this is one of the very BEST ESTABLISHMENTS ON THE GREAT SOUTHERN ROAD.
It is situated in a locality where the numerous teams camp on their way up and down the country, and a ready market is always at hand for agricultural and farm produce, which may be grown upon the land. The house is a splendid building, well-adapted for a first-class hotel. As the whole will be positively sold, the special attention of capitalists seeking a first-class country investment is directed to the sale.

BRISBANE WATER.
CAPITAL 60-ACRE FARM, with deep water frontage, near the town of Gosford, and about one mile from Anderson's, where the steamer lands and takes in passengers and goods. About half the land is fenced, cleared, and has been in cultivation, and there is a comfortable house on the property containing two rooms and skillion, with large loft.
The whole is now under lease to Mr. HUBBARD, expiring next September.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on TUESDAY, 15th May, at 11 o'clock,
The above-described valuable farm, situate near Gosford, with extensive deep water frontage to Cockle Creek.
☞ This sale affords a first-rate opportunity for securing a comfortable homestead, having constant steam communication with Sydney, and in a rapidly improving district.
Plan on view at the Rooms.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1487995

SALES BY AUCTION.

ON MONDAY, 18th JUNE,
at
THE QUEEN'S HEAD HOTEL.

WOLLONGONG.

GREAT ILLAWARRA SALE.
Without Reserve.

TERRY'S MEADOWS,
that celebrated and truly-magnificent AGRICULTURAL ESTATE,
comprising about THREE THOUSAND ACRES,
in the heart of the FAMED ILLAWARRA DISTRICT,
subdivided into FORTY-EIGHT FARMS,
containing, each farm, about 20 TO 150 ACRES
of the most valuable and the RICHEST ARABLE LAND in NEW SOUTH WALES.

TERMS.—One-third cash; the residue may remain secured on the property for a term of years, at a low rate of interest.
TITLE, unquestionable. Full particulars can be ascertained on application to W. W. BILLYARD, Esq., solicitor, Hunter-street.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at THE QUEEN'S HEAD HOTEL, WOLLONGONG, on MONDAY, 18th JUNE, at 12 o'clock,
The whole of that valuable and beautiful agricultural property,
TERRY'S MEADOWS,
comprising about 3000 ACRES, in the very heart of the notoriously rich ILLAWARRA DISTRICT.

This estate is situate on the DAPTO and SHELLHARBOUR ROADS, and is distant from the following sea ports:
WOLLONGONG, 15 miles
KIAMA, 12 miles
SHELL HARBOUR, 3 miles.
It has been subdivided, with great care and judgment, into FORTY-EIGHT SPLENDID FARMS, a list of which is now given, with the area and the surveyor's report of the improvements on each lot.

Lot.	A.	R.	P.	
1—	48	2	27	The eastern portion of the bullock paddock adjoining the Peterborough Estate. Extensive river frontage. Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. Cleared.
2—	86	1	33	The western portion of the bullock paddock adjoining the homestead lot 3. Extensive river frontage. Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. Cleared.
3—	154	2	0	The homestead (all cleared) comprises dwelling-house, dairy, huts, stockyards, barn, stable, and several paddocks. Main road runs through it. Very Extensive river frontage. Frontage to Tongara and Shell Harbour Road.
4—	55	2	17	Adjoins Peterborough Estate—well watered—large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road.
5—	40	0	38	Adjoins homestead—well watered—large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road.
6/7}	60	0	0	Adjoins homestead—separated from Peterborough Estate by a road running from Wollongong Road to Shell Harbour Road. About 5 acres of the Horse Paddock cleared in this farm.
8—	42	1	8	Adjoins homestead—separated from Peterborough Estate by a road running from Wollongong Road to Shell Harbour Road. About 7 acres of the paddock cleared in this farm.
9—	49	2	30	Separated from homestead by Frazer's Creek, to which it has a large frontage. Extensive frontage to Shell Harbour Road.
10—	52	3	9	Contains the dwelling-house, dairy, &c., occupied by Mr. William Frazer. Extensive frontage to Frazer's Creek. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road. On this farm, also, is the house occupied by Mr. Perkins. About 13 acres cleared.
11—	63	2	0	Contains the dwelling-house occupied by Mrs. Wilson. Extensive frontage to Frazer's Creek. About 15 acres cleared in paddock.
12—	111	2	21	Comprises the 2 eastern paddocks in the occupation of Mr. Mundy. About 30 acres cleared in paddocks.
13—	89	3	18	Comprises the 2 eastern paddocks in occupation of Mr. Norris. About 20 acres cleared in paddocks.
14—	74	3	8	Comprises Mr. Frederick Barr's Dwelling-house and dairy farm of about 15 acres cleared and subdivided into paddocks, well watered, with large road frontages to cross road, running from Shell Harbour Road to Jamberoo Road.
15/16}	134	1	15	This farm is situated under Mount Wentworth. It adjoins lots 14, 17, and 18. The Peterborough Estate and Crombe, the well-known property of Mr. Ebenezer Russell, let out into clearing leases. Well watered.
17/18}	66	0	19	Adjoins the farm lately in the occupation of Mrs. Eleanor Whittaker and the farms of Mr. Barr and Mr. Norris. Well watered.
19/21}	103	0	0	Adjoins Buckland Field, the property of Mr. William Fryer. Well watered. With large frontage to Jamberoo Road. Well watered.
20/22}	80	2	10	Extensive frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. Well watered. Excellent farm.
23—	100	0	0	The dwelling-house, dairy, barn, stable, &c. S. Western paddocks in the occupation of Mr. William Norris. Well watered by Frazer's Creek. Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. About 30 acres cleared in paddocks.
24—	105	3	0	Comprises the 3 north-western paddocks of about 30 acres, cleared, in the occupation of Mr. William Norris. Well watered by Frazer's Creek. Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. On this farm is the dwelling house, &c., occupied by Mrs. Whittaker.
25—	86	3	13	Comprises the dwelling-house, dairy, and 3 western paddocks, in the occupation of Mr. Mundy. Well watered by Frazer's Creek. Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. About 25 acres cleared in paddocks.
26—	59	1	8	Adjoins Mr. Mundy's dairy farm. Well watered by Frazer's Creek. Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. About 25 acres cleared and in paddocks. This and the next farm comprise the whole of Mr. W. Frazer's western paddocks.
27—	60	2	30	Adjoins lot 26. Well watered by Frazer's Creek. Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. Extensive frontage to Shell Harbour Road. about 22 acres cleared and in paddocks.
28—	50	3	24	Comprises a large portion of stumped paddock and portion of bush paddock. Extensive frontages to Wollongong Road and Shell Harbour Road. About acres cleared and fenced. Well watered.
29—	21	1	11	The wheat paddock adjoining the homestead, all fenced and cleared. Extensive river frontage, and main road frontage. Admirable site for an inn, or for subdivision into building allotments.
30—	17	3	7	Adjoins the wheat paddock. Large frontage to Wollongong Road and Shell Harbour Road. Well watered. Good business stand.
31—	10	3	2	At the junction of the Wollongong and Kiama Road, and Tangara and Shell Harbour Road. Large road frontages. Capital site for public-house, post office, stores of any description. About midway between Mount Terry and Macquarie River Bridge
32—	26	2	9	Adjoins lot 34. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road.
33—	35	0	0	Adjoins lot 30. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road. Extensive river frontage. Comprises about 7 acres of Mr. Crawley's cleared paddocks.
34—	32	0	0	Adjoins lot 33. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road. Extensive river frontage. Comprises the dairy establishment of Mr. Crawley, with about 10 acres of cleared paddocks.
35—	32	0	7	Opposite lot 34. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road. On this farm is the well-known clear plain at the back of Mr. Crawley's.
36—	38	0	27	Adjoins Mr. M'Kenzie's dairy farm and establishment. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road. Extensive river frontage. This farm also comprises a portion of Frazer's paddock. About 24 acres cleared.
37—	33	3	36	Opposite lot 36. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road.
38—	52	2	0	The well known dairy establishment of Mr. M'Kenzie with excellent dwelling-house, &c., comprising the greater portion of Fraser's paddock subdivided into various paddocks, nearly all cleared. Extensive river frontage. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road. Coobeck Creek runs through this farm.
39—	36	1	28	Opposite the dairy establishment of Mr. M'Kenzie. Large frontage to Shell Harbour Road. Great frontage to Coobeck Road.
40—	7	3	27	Adjoins Grainer and Healy's farm, with road leading from Coobeck to Shell Harbour Road. Excellent brush ground hereon.
41—	40	1	8	At the back of lot 37. Excellent brush ground hereon.
42—	37	2	8	Adjoins lot 31. Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. Well watered.
43—	35	2	3	Adjoins lots 42 and 44 Large frontage to Wollongong and Kiama Road. Well watered.
44—	126	3	14	These farms have all large frontages to the Wollongong and Kiama Road. They are backed up by the farms of Messrs. Healy, Hawkey, Fuller, and George. All well watered.
45—	140	3	6	
46—	112	3	21	
47—	106	0	0	
48—	124	1	0	The Mount Terry Brush. Extensive frontage to the Wollongong and Kiama Road. Well watered. It adjoins the farms of Messrs. Samuel Clark, Condon, and George.

These farms are marked and numbered on the land. The divisional lines are all cut and pegged, and the nearest tree to each corner peg of the several lots is squared and numbered with large red figures; so that with the assistance of lithographic plans, which may be obtained at the Rooms, George-street, Sydney, or on application to Mr. S. S. Rogers, solicitor, Wollongong, the boundaries of each farm can be traced with the greatest facility.

The whole of the estate is WELL WATERED by the MACQUARIE RIVER, FRASER'S CREEK, COOBACK CREEK, and NUMEROUS TRIBUTARIES; and it is scarcely considered necessary to state that the greater proportion of the land is acknowledged by all to be the
RICHEST ARABLE SOIL
in New South Wales, and better adapted for
AGRICULTURAL and DAIRYING
purposes than any other land in the colonies.

Terry's Meadows is most favourably situated in respect of
ACCESS to the SYDNEY MARKETS,
being situate between
THREE SEAPORTS,
which have
DAILY COMMUNICATION.
And the estate also possesses many natural advantages.

In about the centre of the great Illawarra basin, the nature of the position is such that it has not even suffered by the late heavy floods, while with the extensive river frontage and the numerous creeks and tributaries which intersect the whole, it can never be injured by drought.

Possessing all these well-known elements for success in agricultural and dairy pursuits, and being subdivided to meet the requirements of all classes of purchasers, Terry's meadows is brought into the market for positive sale, and the auctioneers feel assured that the UNDISPUTED REPUTATION AND SUPERIORITY of the estate requires nothing but the above
PLAIN UNVARNISHED STATEMENT
of its merits to attract the attention of all interested in husbandry to the opportunity that will be afforded for securing a
FIRST-CLASS FARM AND HOMESTEAD,
which no one will deny is
THE BEST INVESTMENT IN THE WORLD,
one which neither
COMMERCIAL PROSPERITY or ADVERSITY
can materially affect.

☞ This extensive property is surrounded by the great undivided lands of Messrs. Jenkins, Osborne, Johnston, Hoskins, Hughes, and by Peterborough, the estate of W. C. Wentworth, Esq.

The difficulty of purchasing a really good small farm in the Illawarra District has been for a long time deplored by a large increasing population, yearly becoming more wealthy, and in the subdivision of the Meadows care has been especially taken that an equal opportunity for investment should be offered to the small capitalist with his hard earned savings, as well as to richer members of the community, so that all may with equal advantages, on liberal terms, become possessed of a freehold in accordance with their means in this hitherto prohibited locality.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH, in conclusion, will only add that this great unreserved sale should not be overlooked by any of the practical and persevering husbandmen and dairymen in this and the neighbouring colonies, seeking homesteads where comfort and plenty will soon reward their energy, and where all the blessings of life can be enjoyed, without the numerous cares and troubles incident to a life in the vicinity of an over-populous city.

Large plan on view at the Rooms, in Sydney, where also lithographs can be obtained. Plans will also be on view at the Queen's Head Hotel, and the several public places of resort in Wollongong.

NORTH GRAFTON.

FIVE CHOICE ALLOTMENTS, adjoining each other, containing upwards of half an acre each, situated in FITZROY and MARY STREETS, NORTH GRAFTON, close to the RIVER, the COURT-HOUSE, and other principal buildings.
Title, unexceptionable—four of the lots being grants from the Crown.
FOR POSITIVE SALE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank Buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 7th May, at 11 o'clock
FIVE REALLY CHOICE ALLOTMENTS, in the important town of NORTH GRAFTON, being allotment No. 1 of section No. 20, situated at the corner of Mary and Fitzroy streets, and allotments Nos. 17, 18, 19, and 20, of section No. 20, having frontages to Mary-street, each containing an area of 2 roods and 8 perches, making together two acres and three-quarters.
☞ The above valuable allotments are all partly cleared, elevated, perfectly level, and of a rich description of land. They are favourably situated, close to the wharf, bank, and leading business part of the town. Separately, or as a block, they are well worth the attention of speculators, as they cannot fail in a short time to become much enhanced in value, from the rapid advance and increased business which are now taking place in the important town of North Grafton.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

FIRST-CLASS CITY INVESTMENTS.
GEORGE-STREET NORTH.
JAMISON-STREET.

GEORGE-STREET.—Those extensive stone-built premises, THE WHITE SWAN INN, formerly known as the Australian Hotel, having a FRONTAGE to GEORGE-STREET of 64 feet, adjoining Messrs. Mitchell and Co.'s stores.
JAMISON-STREET.—Handsome three-story range of buildings, comprising the dwelling-house occupied by Dr. Brown, the counting-house and stores occupied by Messrs. Roberton and Co., and the stores at the rear occupied by Messrs. Tidswell, Wilson, and Co.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank Buildings, George-street, on TUESDAY, 15th May, at 11 o'clock,
The following first-class valuable CITY PROPERTIES:—
LOT 1.—All that extensive allotment of land in the city of Sydney on the east side of GEORGE-STREET, distant about 117 feet from the corner of the waterman's stairs, Queen's Wharf, and having 64 feet FRONTAGE TO GEORGE-STREET, on which are erected those commodious, massive, and substantial stone-built premises, THE WHITE SWAN INN, formerly known as the Australian Hotel, containing on the GROUND FLOOR, large bar and three fine lofty public rooms; on the FIRST FLOOR, eight bedrooms; on the SECOND FLOOR, eleven bedrooms and two closets; on the BASEMENT, kitchen, laundry, stables, coach-house, and most extensive cellarage, yard, &c., with entrance from lane from Queen's Wharf.
. The White Swan Inn is occupied by Mr. Pearson, at the extremely low rental of £260 PER ANNUM. Considering the valuable position of this property, its proximity to the main public wharf, and the very great frontage it enjoys to the principal thoroughfare of the city; also the solid, substantial nature of the premises, the auctioneers feel justified in directing attention to it, as one of the MOST VALUABLE GEORGE-STREET PROPERTIES that has been in the market for some time back.
LOT 2.—All that piece of land, having a frontage of about 35 FEET TO JAMISON-STREET, a few yards from George-street, next to Bank Buildings, and adjoining the property of Charles Hunt, Esq., with a depth of about 92 feet, on which the following premises are erected:—That range of buildings, built of brick on stone foundations, comprising the STORES AND OFFICES now in the occupation of Messrs. ROBERTON and CO., at a rental of £140 PER ANNUM, containing three stories, with cellars in the basement; the DWELLING-HOUSE in the occupation of Dr. BROWN, at a rental of £175 PER ANNUM, containing hall, 6 rooms and kitchens, &c., in the basement and at the rear, with entrance from Margaret-lane; the THREE-STORY STORE, with cellarage, in the occupation of Messrs. TIDSWELL, WILSON, and CO., at a rental of £150 PER ANNUM.
. The total income derivable from this lot at the reduced rentals is £465 PER ANNUM, and as far as regards eligibility of position or the substantial nature of the premises, it will rank second to no other city property in the market. Trustees and others seeking SECURE AND PAYING INVESTMENTS, are particularly invited to inspect these properties prior to the sale.
Plans on view at the Rooms.
Terms, liberal.

TOWN OF GRAFTON.
Clarence River.
Two choice half-acre Allotments, situate at the corner of Queen and Pound streets, close to the wharf, being lots 14 and 15 of Section 21 as per Government plan.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank Buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 7th May,
The above described allotments in the TOWN OF GRAFTON.
☞ These lots are situate in the most important position in this rising town, being early and valuable selections.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

FIRST-RATE CITY INVESTMENT.

SPLENDID BLOCK OF LAND at the CORNER OF CASTLEREAGH AND BATHURST STREETS,
With all the Buildings thereon, well known as
THE CHERRY TREE INN,
And other Premises.

Title, unquestionable, can be inspected at the Rooms.

Terms, liberal.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank Buildings, George-street, on TUESDAY, 15th May, at 11 o'clock,
All that piece or parcel of land situated in the parish of St. Lawrence, bounded on the north by BATHURST-STREET 74 FEET 6 INCHES, on the west by CASTLEREAGH-STREET 71 FEET 3 INCHES; on the south by allotment No. 14, 73 FEET 11 INCHES; and on the east by allotment No. 12, 66 FEET; being allotment No. 13 of section No. 15, and containing by admeasurement 19 PERCHES, upon which are erected the well-known
CHERRY TREE INN,
And a two-story house facing Castlereagh-street, extending to, and including the shop in Bathurst-street now occupied by Mr. , plumber.
. The above premises have recently been thoroughly drained and connected with the main sewer at a considerable expense. They are now in full trade as the Cherry Tree Inn, and are let on lease to Mr. Lee, at a rental of £208 per annum.
☞ The above extensive CORNER BLOCK of LAND is without doubt the most valuable of the whole of Castlereagh-street, being the centre of a great and important thoroughfare from the busy portions of both GEORGE and PITT STREETS to the RACECOURSE, WOOLLOOMOOLOO, and PADDINGTON, and is well worth the attention of capitalists seeking a PERMANENT CITY INVESTMENT, as being without doubt the most eligible and improving city property which has been offered in the market for some time.

WALTON'S FARM, PICTON.

A CAPITAL AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY known as WALTON'S FARM, containing about 136 ACRES, situate about ONE MILE FROM THE TOWN OF PICTON, with numerous improvements.
TOWN OF PICTON.
THREE VALUABLE HALF-ACRE ALLOTMENTS fronting the MAIN STREET in the heart of the Town, and a SUBURBAN ALLOTMENT adjoining at the rear, containing 1 acre 1 rood and 35 perches.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 7th May, at 11 o'clock,
That first-class agricultural property known as
WALTONS FARM, PICTON,
containing 136 acres more or less, about one mile from the town, and about three miles from the
RAILWAY TERMINUS.
The land is fenced and subdivided into two cultivation cleared paddocks, containing about 56 acres, and a grass paddock of about 80 acres. The other improvements comprise—Cottage residence of four rooms, with several attached skillion rooms, a detached kitchen, a barn, and shed, &c.
. This is a most desirable country property, which combines within itself, both in position and the nature of the soil, everything that can be desired in a
CHOICE AGRICULTURAL FARM,
and the auctioneers feel convinced that it is only necessary to announce that it will be positively sold on the above date to attract the attention of all in search of a really valuable and eligible country freehold.
TOWN OF PICTON.
Allotments No. 1, 2, and 3, of section 8, containing each half an acre, situate at the junction of Argyle-street (the main road) and Hill-street, also a suburban allotment at the rear, containing 1 acre 1 rood and 35 perches.
. These allotments are in the heart of the town, and will be sold in one or more lots, to suit purchasers.
Title unquestionable.
For full particulars, apply to the Hon. R. J. WANT Esq., solicitor, Pitt-street.
Terms at sale.

QUEEN-STREET, GLEBE.

Two Brick-built Houses, near the corner of Cowper-street, immediately at the rear of Mr. Dalehenty's Friend in Hand public-house.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 7th May, at 11 o'clock,
All that allotment of land having 30 feet frontage to
QUEEN-STREET, GLEBE,
together with two recently-erected brick-built houses with slate roofs, containing each two rooms and kitchen, with yards, &c., at the rear, with entrance by arched passage from the main street.
☞ This is a compact well-built block of freehold property, in a populous and rapidly-improving neighbourhood, and will be found, on inspection, well worthy the attention of parties in search of a small paying investment.
Terms at sale.

THE PICK OF COOGEE.

LOT 1—TWO ACRES opposite the residence and grounds of Mr. JAMES POWELL, being lots 13, 14, 15, and 16, of SECTION 12, at the corner of Mount and Whale streets. This fine elevated site is enclosed with a paling fence, cleared, and in cultivation. There is good BUILDING STONE on one part of the block, also a VALUABLE SPRING OF WATER.
LOT 2—ONE ACRE AND A HALF, a little beyond Mr. C. KIDMAN'S RESIDENCE, being lots 1, 2, and 20, of Section 12, at the junction of Carr and Mount streets. This is a block of land quite equal to Lot 1. It is cleared, and the soil is remarkably good.
LOT 3—ONE ACRE, fronting Fish-street, being lots 5 and 6 of Section 5. This site is about opposite the Maze below the Bishop's Palace.
LOT 4—ONE ACRE, being lots 2 and 3 of Section 2 A, fronting Beach, Perouse, and Neptune streets. This lot is close to Coogee Bay, nearly opposite to South Bondi head.
LOT 5—ONE ACRE, being lots 6 and 7, section 4, at the corner of Ardern and Fish streets.

TITLE—Unquestionable.
For particulars, apply to Messrs. Rowley, Holdsworth, and Garrick, Solicitors, Elizabeth-street.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 7th May, at 11 o'clock,
The above choice and valuable selections at
COOGEE.
☞ To admirers and parties acquainted with the beautiful suburb of Coogee, this sale affords a first-rate opportunity for purchasing to advantage, and every one will admit, on examining their position on the Government map, that the several lots occupy without exception the very best positions, and are approached for the most part by capital roads the whole distance.
Plan on view at the Rooms.

BATHURST.
MAGNIFICENT AGRICULTURAL and GRAZING ESTATES.
DALHUNTY'S 2560-ACRE GRANT, about ten miles from Bathurst, on the main road to Caliula, watered by Queen Charlotte's Ponds, and adjoining the grants of Messrs. C. B. Clay and J. Keane.
2138 ACRES, known as YARROWS, on the Winburndale Rivulet, about six miles from Bathurst, adjoining Brown's 2000-acre grant.
2000 ACRES, known as MILLAH MARRAH, on the Lower Turon Road, about twenty-two miles from Bathurst, adjoining the property of George Suttor, Esq.
BAYLEY'S 1000-ACRE GRANT, on Winburndale Rivulet, about six miles from Bathurst, adjoining Brown's 2000 acres and Cox's 1160 acres.
TERRY'S 500-ACRE GRANT, adjoining Bayley's and Wilshire's grants.
SADLEIR'S 400 ACRES, adjoining the village of Peel, and on the main road from Bathurst to Sofala.
BLACKMAN'S 71-ACRE GRANT, on the Macquarie River, in the suburbs of Kelso, and surrounded by the estate of William Lee, Esq.
PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, in BATHURST, on an early date in July next, due notice of which will be given,
The above extensive and most valuable estates, close to the TOWN OF BATHURST.
FULL PARTICULARS and DESCRIPTIONS OF THE IMPROVEMENTS will be given in a future advertisement.
Plans may be inspected, and further information obtained, on application to RICHARDSON and WRENCH, at the Rooms.

WITHOUT ANY RESERVE.
CANTERBURY FARM.
50 ACRES close to West's Public-house, and the land lately sold, known as Fyther's, Stock, Butler's and Maxwell's grants.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 7th May, at 11 o'clock,
All that valuable piece of land containing 50 acres, known as MOSS' GRANT, in the parish of St. George, a short distance beyond West's Inn, and close to the estate and residence of —— O'Connell, Esq.
☞ This is one of the earliest selections in this locality, and a block of land well worthy the attention of speculators or those in search of a good farm in the neighbourhood of the city, as it will positively be sold to the highest bidder.
Terms—one-third cash, residue credit.
Plan on view at the rooms.

PALMER-STREET, WOOLLOOMOOLOO.
By order of the Mortgagee.
For Positive SALE.
TWO Substantially-built TWO-STORY VERANDAH-HOUSES, Nos. 70 and 72, Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo, together with a neat FOUR-ROOMED HOUSE at the rear.
Title unquestionable.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the mortgagee to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank Buildings, George-street, on TUESDAY, 15th MAY, at 11 o'clock,
All that piece or parcel of land, situated on the east side of PALMER-STREET, Woolloomooloo, commencing 54½ feet from the intersection with a lane adjoining St. Kilda House, and having a frontage of 26 feet by a depth of about 92 feet 10 inches, extending to a wide lane, and upon which are erected Nos. 70 and 72, PALMER-STREET, two substantial DWELLING-HOUSES, built of brick on stone foundations, with slated roofs, each containing four good rooms and kitchens, with yard, &c.; water laid on. At the rear there is a strongly-built BRICK HOUSE, containing balcony, three rooms, and kitchen, with good yard, &c.
☞ The whole of these premises are in good order and let. As a block of house property it is well worthy the attention of those looking out for a profitable investment in a substantial, well-situated freehold, close to the Domain, and within five minutes' walk of the busiest part of George-street, and a certain and handsome rate of interest may with safety be relied on in the dullest time, the houses always commanding good tenants.
Terms at sale.

MACLEAY STREET, POTTS'S POINT.
FOUR MAGNIFICENT BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, having large frontages to MACLEAY-STREET, between Roslyn Hall, the seat of Thomas Barker, Esq., and Kellet House, the property of S. A. Donaldson, Esq.
Title Unquestionable.
TERMS LIBERAL—A large proportion of the purchase money may remain secured upon the property for seven years, at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 7th May, at 11 o'clock,
All that piece or parcel of land situated on the east side of MACLEAY-STREET, bounded on the north by a wide lane dividing it from the grounds of Roslyn Hall, having a frontage of about 153 feet, by a depth varying from 110 to 143 feet, extending to a lane, and which has been subdivided into
FOUR MAGNIFICENT BUILDING SITES,
Three of which have a frontage of 30 feet each, and the fourth about 63 feet to MACLEAY-STREET.
. This valuable block of land has been subdivided with great care, and three of the allotments have the advantage of a back entrance from a lane leading from Macleay-street.
On LOT 3 at the back is erected a comfortable and substantial brick-built cottage, and large shed—buildings which, with but little alteration, might be converted into kitchens and servants' room—and capital stabling, coach-house, &c.
With LOT 4 will be included a large quantity of building stone, now on the ground, and ready for immediate use.
☞ The above valuable block of land is without exception the choicest site for the erection of first-class dwelling houses which has been, or is likely to be offered in the market for some time, and the attention of persons looking out for really SPLENDID BUILDING ALLOTMENTS is particularly directed to this sale, as offering an opportunity for acquiring such on the most favourable terms, and which possess the advantage of being in the city, and within convenient walking distance of its busiest part, while they also enjoy a position which, in point of eligibility for a private residence cannot be surpassed in any of the most favoured suburbs of the city.
Plan on view at the Rooms.

HEIGHTS OF DARLINGHURST.

THREE CAPITAL ALLOTMENTS OF LAND, situated in LIVERPOOL-STREET, DARLINGHURST, between DOWLING-STREET and the residence of John Rae, Esq.
Title, unquestionable.
Terms, liberal—Three-quarters of the purchase money may remain secured by mortgage, for a term of years, subject to a low rate of interest.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, on MONDAY, 7th May, at 1 o'clock,
All that piece or parcel of land, situated on the north side of LIVERPOOL-STREET, DARLINGHURST, to which it has a frontage of 100 feet, and bounded on the east by DOWLING-STREET, to which it has also a frontage of 60 feet, forming a very complete block, and which will be sold in one or three lots, to suit purchasers.
☞ The elevated and healthy position of the above allotments, which can hardly be equalled by any portion of the city, and the pleasant neighbourhood in which they are situated, point them out as very desirable sites for the erection of cottage residences, and as the land is now brought into the market for bona fide sale, upon terms unusually liberal, the opportunity should not be neglected by parties in search of building land in the best part of Darlinghurst.
Plan on view at the Rooms.

NORTH SHORE.
THE CREAM OF ST. LEONARD'S.

That romantically situated Villa Residence UPTON HOUSE, with all the extensive GROUNDS, comprising about SIX ACRES, divided into orchard, garden, and paddock.
UPTON HOUSE (well known as the residence of the late Commissary-General Miller) is a massively constructed Family Residence, built of cut stone in front, containing wide flagged verandah on three sides, hall, drawing, and dining-rooms, two bedrooms, two dressing-rooms, and domestics' room on the ground-floor, and very large cellarage in the basement.
The Outbuildings, which are very extensive, form a large court-yard at the rear. They consist of kitchen, with range and oven complete, shed and storeroom; on the west a range of stone buildings, with slate roof; on the north side containing four appartments on the ground-floor, and two attic bedrooms above; on the east side of the yard are the stables, coach-house, harness room, out offices, &c.
The premises are supplied with water from a well in the courtyard, which is never-failing, being excavated an enormous depth in the solid rock. There is also a fine well in the garden.
At the rear of the house and outbuildings, bounded by a private road, is a beautiful level paddock containing about two acres. The grounds in front, about four acres, are laid out with great taste as flower garden and orchard. The carriage road to the premises passes through them by an avenue leading from Union-street.
From the verandah of the house and from the grounds there is a MAGNIFICENT PANORAMIC VIEW, which is acknowledged by all to stand unrivalled in prominence, richness, or extent by anything in the colonies, or perhaps in any other country. It comprises in one glance the whole of the harbour, with its garden islands—also Sydney, Balmain, Pyrmont, the suburbs reaching beyond Botany Bay to the ocean.
Terms:—One-half of the purchase-money may remain secured on the property.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank Buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 7th May, at 11 o'clock, at 11 o'clock,
UPTON HOUSE and GROUNDS, ST. LEONARD'S, NORTH SHORE.
☞ This delightfully situated property is in the market for positive sale, and the auctioneers would, with confidence, recommend it to the notice of all in search of a valuable suburban estate close to the ferry, and having large prospective advantages.

ENFIELD ESTATE,
LIVERPOOL ROAD.
Three acres one rood and thirty-two perches, being lots 34, 35, and 44 of the Enfield Estate, at the junction of Ann and Baker streets, close to Mr. Seales' Inn, and near the Ashfield and Burwood railway station.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 7th May, at 11 o'clock,
The above-described block of suburban land on the ENFIELD ESTATE, LIVERPOOL ROAD.
Terms at sale.
Particulars of title can be ascertained on application to Messrs. Rowley, Holdsworth, and Garrick, solicitors, Elizabeth-street.

POSITIVE SALE.
BOTANY-STREET, REDFERN.

SHOP and DWELLING-HOUSE, Botany-street, now in the occupation of Mr. Green, a few yards beyond the Redfern Hotel, near the Toll-bar.

R. P. RICHARDSON has received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on TUESDAY, 15th May, at 11 o'clock,
All that valuable freehold block of land, having about 25 feet frontage to BOTANY-STREET, REDFERN, with a depth of 100 feet, on which is erected a SHOP AND DWELLING-HOUSE, built principally of brick on stone foundations, with slated roof, containing large shop with double front, and fixtures and shelves inside, complete; four rooms, detached kitchen, and servants' room, yard, well of water, small garden, &c., at the rear.
☞ The above is in a capital business position, and in one of the most populous neighbourhoods in Sydney. Parties in search of a really paying investment, or good business premises, should inspect this property prior to the day of sale. Terms at sale.

NELSON'S BAY, COOGEE.
BEAUTIFUL SITE, containing 2 acres 2 roods and 5 perches, on the Nelson Bay Road, adjoining the properties of Dr. Woodcock and John Taylor, Esq., and opposite the well-known mansion and grounds of J. J. Falconer, Esq., being allotment No. 46, as per Government plan, of Little Coogee.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 7th May, at 11 o'clock,
The above described valuable block of land, Little Coogee, overlooking Nelson Bay.
☞ This is without exception one of the finest sites in this beautiful and favourite locality, and the attention of parties in search of a villa site in this flourishing suburb is directed to the sale of the above, which will be without any reserve.
Terms at sale.

DOUBLE BAY.
CHOICE WATERSIDE VILLA ALLOTMENT, containing nearly one acre, having extensive frontage to the BAY, and the SOUTH HEAD ROAD, adjoining the land belonging to JOHN FAIRFAX, Esq., and within a few yards of BUCKHURST, the mansion of F. TOOTH, Esq.
Title unquestionable.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on TUESDAY, 15th May, at 11 o'clock,
The unexpired term of lease, having about 93 years to run, and subject to the nominal ground rent of £15 per annum, of all that allotment of ground containing NEARLY ONE ACRE, situated on the SOUTH HEAD ROAD, to which it has a frontage of 111 FEET 6 INCHES, by a depth averaging above 370 feet, EXTENDING TO THE BEACH, bounding the waters of DOUBLE BAY, and to which it has also a very considerable frontage.
☞ The above is one of the choicest WATERSIDE ALLOTMENTS in the delightful neighbourhood of Double Bay, and as it is only subject to a building covenant of £500, it is worthy particular notice; situated on the most attractive road out of Sydney, and at a convenient distance from the city, it is a site peculiarly eligible for a villa or cottage residence, and its sale affords an opportunity which should not be overlooked by those seeking a desirable allotment fronting the waters of Double Bay, and commanding extensive and pleasing views of the surrounding scenery.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

ULTIMO ESTATE.

IMPORTANT OPENING SALE,
WITHOUT RESERVE,
of the above well-known valuable estate, in and about the
CENTRE OF THE CITY,
Comprising a selection of choice sites in
HARRIS-STREET, adjoining Parramatta-street,
MEWS-STREET,
MACARTHUR-STREET,
JONES-STREET,
CROWN-STREET,
ANN-STREET,
WATTLE-STREET.

Terms.—ONE QUARTER CASH; residue in three years, secured on the property, bearing interest at the rate of SIX PER CENT. PER ANNUM.
Title, unquestionable, full particulars of which can be obtained of BURTON BRADLEY, Esq., solicitor, Margaret-street.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the proprietor, GEORGE HARRIS, Esq., to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank Buildings, George-street, on TUESDAY, 22nd May, at 11 o'clock,
The following portion of the celebrated ULTIMO ESTATE, subdivided into building allotments, adjoining or close to Parramatta-street
BLOCK 11 B.—20 ALLOTMENTS, having each 20 to 30 feet frontage to HARRIS and MEW STREETS, with a depth of 132 feet.
. These are the most valuable allotments on the estate, fronting principally the main street, in a line with Botany-street, and immediately adjoining Parramatta-street, at the Railway Bridge.
BLOCK 25.—54 ALLOTMENTS, having each frontages of about 20 feet to Macarthur, Jones, Crown, and William streets, with depths of 100 to 122 feet, extending to a lane 20 feet wide.
BLOCK 57.—54 allotments, fronting Wattle, Ann, Jones, and Macarthur streets, with depths varying from 100 to 122 feet to lanes 20 feet wide.
. The allotments in blocks 17 and 25 are situate on the fine level ground immediately opposite Ultimo Cottage, and within a few hundred feet from Parramatta-street.
☞ In announcing the opening sale of this VALUABLE FREEHOLD CITY ESTATE, it is only necessary to state that it will be WITHOUT RESERVE, to attract the attention of builders and capitalists, while the very LIBERAL TERMS under which the allotments will be sold offer inducements to those of more limited means to invest with great confidence.
The portions now advertised occupy the most valuable positions on the estate, in the midst of the most populous part of the city, and within a few feet of its main thoroughfare; and there cannot be a doubt that those who are the first purchasers of Ultimo will reap eventually an immense profit, so soon as the public gradually become aware of the fact that this hitherto prohibited city land can be disposed of, and the great importance and value of the locality.
Ultimo is the great connecting link of the two extremes of the city, being equally accessible from the north and south ends, and must eventually become one of the great approaches to and from the interior, while at the same time it possesses very large prospective advantages, and will every year increase in value.
Plan on view at the rooms, where also LITHOGRAPHS can be obtained, and as each allotment is pegged out, intending purchasers can make their selection prior to the sale with the greatest facility.

NEWTOWN.
CAPITAL BUSINESS PREMISES, on the NEWTOWN ROAD, comprising the well-known Inn, THE COTTAGE OF CONTENT; and a SUBSTANTIAL BRICK-BUILT HOUSE and SHOP adjoining—situated nearly opposite the new Wesleyan Church, the very best and most valuable position in this advancing suburb.
Title, unquestionable.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from Mr. Robert Short to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bank-buildings, George-street, on MONDAY, 21st May, at 11 o'clock,
The above capital business premises, in two lots, situate in the centre of NEWTOWN, on the main road.
LOT 1.—The COTTAGE OF CONTENT INN, containing large bar, bar parlour, and two other parlours, one having separate entrance from the street; three good bedrooms, kitchen, wash shed, with yard, stable, large shed, &c.; also extensive cellarage beneath the house.
. These premises occupy an allotment of land having 50 FEET FRONTAGE to the NEWTOWN ROAD, by a depth of about 80 feet, extending to a lane. They are let on lease to Mr. Eggleton at the rate of £104 per annum.
LOT 2—A NEWLY-BUILT TWO-STORY HOUSE, containing large SHOP and room over, having balcony, and French windows attached to it; of wood-brick nogged are parlour, bedroom, and skillion, with large yard, two-stall stable, &c.
. These premises occupy 20 feet frontage to the NEWTOWN ROAD, by a depth of about 80 feet. Both premises have access from a lane at the back, and side entrance by a lane, separating them, and which is equally divided between the two lots, and included in the above measurement.
☞ This valuable block of property is situated in the midst of the most populous part of the Newtown Road. The Cottage of Content is a well-known hostel, doing a good business, which, from its central position in this leading thoroughfare, cannot fail to increase. The shop adjoining is also a capital business position, and lets well. As an investment these properties can be strongly recommended as producing a steady rental, which may always be relied on, and, as they are now brought forward for bona fide sale, they afford an opportunity for a really good investment which deserves attention.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

FITZGERALD'S HORSES.—POSTPONEMENT of SALE.—On account of the inclemency of the weather and the flood, the sale of these Horses will take place on TUESDAY, the 8th May, at 11 o'clock precisely, at Mamre, South Creek, near Mr. James Landers' Inn.

Parramatta.

A superior Two-story brick-built DWELLING-HOUSE, containing eight good rooms, kitchen, dairy, pantry, two-stall stable, coach-house, granary, and a good garden.
For Positive and Unreserved Sale, by Auction,
On WEDNESDAY, 9th May.

MR. J. F. STAFF has received instructions from the proprietor to dispose of the abovementioned most eligible freehold property, being a part of a grant from the Crown to William James, and described as,
All that allotment, No. 3 of section No. 12, bounded on the north by Grose-street, east by Rouse's allotment, south by J. M'Govern's, west by Gouldring's.
The dwelling-house, &c., is comparatively new, substantially built of brick upon a good stone foundation. It has a large verandah. The entrance-hall is 14 by 8, parlour and drawing rooms each 16 by 14; dining-room 24 by 10; sitting-room, 16 by 10; two large bedrooms and nursery upstairs; good kitchen, with oven; pantry, dairy, two-stall stable, coach-house and loft—the whole of brick. A garden and right of carriage-way to the back premises, which has a frontage of 46 feet 6 inches, depth 153 feet, back line 46 feet 6 inches.
This property, being situated near the Centenary Methodist Chapel, would make a good mission house, or comfortable residence for a retired family.
Intending purchasers may view the property by applying to Mr. HANCOCK, at the next house, or to the Auctioneer.
Sale takes place on the premises, at 11 o'clock.

Parramatta.
Household Furniture, Cottage Pianoforte, Books, Poultry, 3 superior milking Cows, a strong Horse for saddle or carriage, Gig and Harness, Saddle, &c., &c.

TUESDAY, 8th May.

MR. J. F. STAFF has been favoured with instructions from A. O. Grant, Esq., to sell by auction, his household effects, amongst which may be enumerated,
Tables of every description, rosewood and other chairs, couch, sofas, sideboard, whatnots, carpets, pictures, chests of drawers, toilet glasses, washstands, bedsteads and mattrasses, timepiece, large kitchen dresser and shelves, crockery, glass, kitchen utensils, and cooking stove.
An excellent toned pianoforte, upright.
BOOKS.
36 vols. Encyclopædia Britannica, Entymology, Arkman's History of Scotland, 6 vols.; Allan's Naval History, Memoirs du Duc de Sully, 4 vols., French; and a variety of other works, many of recent publication.
Several very superior cows, quiet, and milking, 100 fowls, of very select breeds, consisting of pure Spanish, Cochin China, and other choice poultry
A good horse, for saddle or draught
A gig and harness, and numerous other lots.
Sale commences at 11 o'clock.
Terms, cash.

Box Hill, Windsor-road,
2 Large Stacks of Hay.
In the Insolvent Estate of G. Cobban.

MONDAY, 7th May.

MR. J. F. STAFF, by instructions from J. Morris, Esq., Official Assignee, will sell by auction, at Box Hill, Windsor-road,
2 large stacks of hay and straw.
Without reserve, at 11 o'clock.

Preliminary Announcement.

MR. JOHN SHEA has received instructions from William Riley, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Camden Inn, Camden, on MONDAY, May 14th,
The splendid estate of "Matavie," near Cobbety, five miles from Camden. The estate contains about 800 acres of first-class land, full particulars of which will be given in a future advertisement.
Terms at sale.

Fitzgerald Horses, of a first-class Description.
Annual Sale of this Stud, at Mamre, selected from the largest Herd in the Colony.

Will be sold by Auction on TUESDAY, 8th day of May, at 11 o'clock.

MR. JAMES T. RYAN has been instructed by Robert Fitzgerald, Esq., to sell by auction, at his Yards, Mamre, St. Mary's, South Creek,
One hundred and sixty horses, consisting of powerful upstanding cart colts, excellent roadsters, stylish hackneys, splendid carriage pairs, of showy colours, possessing bone and beauty in a high degree.
The sale will be conducted with the usual tact and regularity which has distinguished the annual sales of this stud. Every horse will have a strap round his neck, indicating his number, and a card, containing the number and description of the animal, will be handed to the purchaser, thereby preventing the possibility of any error. To save trouble in drafting, each lot, as sold, will be kept separate. As small yards have been erected for the occasion, little or no trouble can be experienced in delivery.
The Auctioneer can confidently recommend the above. They are the finest lot that have ever been offered for sale.
The Mamre paddocks, full of grass and water, will be given to purchasers for fourteen days gratis, and all attention will be given to horses left, but without risk.
A luncheon will be provided on the ground.
Sale to commence on the 8th day of May, at sharp 11 o'clock. Terms at sale.

Sale of Two 30-Acre Farms, on the South Creek, adjoining each other, well known as Mr. Marsden's Dairy Farms, situate about 1½ mile from Windsor, and about 40 acres are under cultivation.
The above land is well known to be the richest land in the Hawkesbury District.
With the above will be given a right of about 100 acres enclosed.
The above will be sold without the least reserve, on account of the proprietor leaving the colony.

Sale of Two 30-Acre Farms, adjoining each other.

MR. J. T. ROWTHORN has been favoured with instructions from Mr. John Marsden, who is leaving the colony, to sell by public auction, on TUESDAY, the 8th day of May next, at 12 o'clock, at Mr. Thomas Marsden's, Fitzroy Hotel, Windsor,
The two above-mentioned farms.
Title—Grant from the Crown.
The auctioneer deems it unnecessary to make any comment on the above farms, as they are so well known to the residents of the district as being some of the best land in the Hawkesbury. Any further particulars can be had from the auctioneer; or the proprietor, Mr. John Marsden, Fitzroy Hotel, Windsor.
Terms at sale.

The well-known Magnificent Fattening Stations
BUNNA WANNAH,
and
BUNNA WANNAH WEST,
situated on the Lower Barwan, or Upper Darling River, in the District of Warregal.

Terms, liberal, at sale.

MR. THOMAS CADELL has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Northumberland Hotel, West Maitland, on an early day (due notice of which will be given, and further particulars published in the MAITLAND MERCURY, SYDNEY MORNING HERALD, MELBOURNE ARGUS, and BEAR'S WEEKLY CIRCULAR,
The well-known and justly-celebrated fattening stations—Bunna Wannah, and Bunna Wannah West, situated on the Upper Darling or Lower Barwan River, and having a frontage to the above river of upwards of twenty miles, with
UNLIMITED BACK COUNTRY.
With the stations will be sold 4500 head of Cattle, all heifers and cows, from 2 to 5 years old.
The above have been carefully selected from herds numbering upwards of 20,000 head of cattle, which will tend to support the statement that a better bred herd cannot be found in the colonies.
For the information of those not knowing the fattening nature of the country, it can be stated that there will shortly be 1000 head of fat cattle on the stations.
The country is splendidly grassed, with never-failing water, and the back country is also abundantly supplied by creeks and lagoons in every direction.
The above stations are capable of depasturing 6000 head of cattle.
The above fine runs are surrounded by the stations of the Bogan River Company, Messrs. Sharp, George Loder (late Druitt's), and other fine pastoral properties, and about thirty miles from Fort Burke. The mail passes through these stations.
The Adelaide steamer has landed cargo at these stations, thereby effecting a great saving in cost of carriage.
The auctioneer would respectfully direct the attention of squatters, capitalists, merchants, and all interested in pastoral pursuits, to the sale of the above splendid stations, which he can confidently assert without any exaggeration to be equal to any in the colony.
The great advantage of water carriage must conduce considerably to increasing the value of these stations. The herd are very quiet, and, having been well managed, the fortunate purchaser will have in reality a mine of wealth at his disposal.
As some guarantee of the value of pastoral property in the neighbourhood, the Auctioneer would direct the attention of all interested to the sale of a station near to the Bogan River Company, for about £50,000.
No further comment is necessary, and the above facts are simply quoted as a guide to those in quest of a paying investment, at a moderate rate.
There are very extensive improvements, and many advantages, which will be more fully enumerated in future advertisements.
Stock, horses, drays, stores, &c., to be taken at a valuation.
Terms at sale.

National Library of Australia
http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1487996

TELEGRAPH LINE OF COACHES.—In consequence of the breakage of the line of railway between Liverpool and Campbelltown, CRANE and ROBERTS will run their COACHES from and to Liverpool, Campbelltown, and Goulburn, daily.
Booking office: Mr. JOHN HOLMAN'S, White Horse, George-street.
Sydney, May 3rd.

FOX'S RAILWAY EXPRESS, CAMPBELLTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
GEORGE FOX begs to acquaint the public that he is now running a Four-Horse Coach daily between Liverpool and Campbelltown. Leaves Liverpool on the arrival of the 2 o'clock p.m. train from Sydney. Fares 5s. each way.
Booking Office, Sydney—Markwell's, Golden Fleece, Brickfield-hill.

CLYDE RIVER.—The Doncaster covered COACHES ply daily between Braidwood and Nelligen.
Goods per luggage van, 12s. per cwt.
Ditto per passenger van, as per agreement.
Booking office, Phoenix Wharf, Sydney.

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY.—Advertisement Show Cards Railway Carriages.
Fifty show cards displayed, 30s. monthly, Railway stations. Office 76, King-street West.

SHOW BOARDS can now be displayed at the various Stations upon the Great Southern Railway, at 1s. per week each station. Office 76, King-street West, and Bockstall Railway Station.

A. STANGAR LEATHES, Esq., Secretary, Liverpool and London Fire Insurance Company.—SIR,—I beg to acknowledge the receipt from the Liverpool and London Fire Insurance Company of the sum of £2000, the amount insured upon Tahlee House, Port Stephens, which was destroyed by fire on the 27th March last. I have the honour to be, Sir, your obedient servant, FREDERICK MANTON.

TO WILLIAM HEARD, Collector—Take notice, if the MONEYS collected by you, on our account, be not forthwith handed over to us, we shall at once institute legal proceedings against you. HOLT and ANGUS, coach-builders, Castlereagh-street.
P.S.—WILLIAM HEARD is no longer authorised to receive moneys on our account. H. and A.

A REWARD will be given to the finder of a mauve-coloured PARASOL, lost between Liverpool and Bathurst streets, yesterday evening. 261, Elizabeth-street South.

£1 REWARD.—Notice.—I hereby caution the public against harbouring a Chinaman named YAN; he is five feet high. Any person bringing the above (or giving any information concerning him) to No. 74, Goulburn-street, will receive £1 reward. PINGAN, a Chinaman.

£2 REWARD.—LOST, STOLEN, or STRAYED, on Thursday, the 3rd instant, a Bay HORSE, branded W.B near side. Any person bringing him to Mr. WILLIAM GILES, Pitt-street, Redfern, shall receive the above reward.

£2 REWARD.—LOST, on Wednesday evening, about 6 or 7, a PORTRAIT BROOCH, CHAIN, and LOCKET, between King and York streets. To be left at the Queen's Arms, Castlereagh-street.

DOG LOST, early on Saturday morning last, at the H.R.N.S.N. Co.'s Wharf, a long-haired TERRIER, tan coloured, answers to the name of Beppo. Whoever will bring him to Messrs. DANGAR, GILCHRIST, and CO.'S, 88, Clarence-street, will receive £1 reward.

LOST, between Liverpool-street and the Haymarket, the drop of a Lady's Gold BROOCH, set with garnets in centre, and surrounded with brilliants. The finder will be handsomely rewarded by leaving it with Mr. FELTON, jeweller, George-street, opposite Wynyard-street.

LOST, on Thursday morning, in George-street, between the Railway Station and the Market, a Sable BOA. Any one bringing the same to Mr. SHEPHERD, grocer, Pitt-street, Redfern, will be well rewarded.

LOST, on Tuesday, a Bull and Terrier DOG, answers to the name of "Bully." Any person bringing him to Mr. PENNY, Derwent-street, Bishopthorpe, Glebe, will be handsomely rewarded.

LOST, on the 2nd, a Manila POODLE, "Slut." Ten shillings reward will be paid on returning it to 125, Prince-street, Goodwin's-buildings.

CALLAGHAN'S ACTS.—LOST, from the Supreme Court, the 4th volume of Callaghan's Acts. JOHNSON and JOHNSON, 181, Pitt-street, Sydney.

THE "ERA" NEWSPAPER.—Persons indebted for subscription to, or advertising in, the ERA newspaper, are requested to pay the amount of their respective accounts to the undersigned, who is alone authorised to receive the same. Prompt payment is particularly requested. Amounts under £1 may be remitted in postage stamps. J. R. MOORE, agent for the proprietor.
Office, Wilshire Place, May 4.

ESTATE OF GEORGE FLOWER and CO., Bathurst.—A first dividend of six shillings and eight-pence (6s. 8d.) in the £ is payable at the counting-house of the undersigned. Creditors will please produce promissory notes for dividend to be marked thereon.
4th May. PRINCE, BRAY, and OGG.

NOTICE.—WILLIAM GRACE, Bricklayer and Contractor, 321, Elizabeth-street South, is the only person employed by us in setting, fixing, and cleaning our stoves; we will not, therefore, be responsible for any damage done to these articles by incompetent workmen representing themselves as having been in our employ. Orders sent to Sydney Foundry will be punctually attended to. P. N. RUSSELL and CO. Sydney, 4th May.

SEE BELL'S LIFE
Pearson, the Lieutenant, and the Turkeys;
Or, a Rowland for an Oliver.

TO SECRETARIES of Exchanges, Public Libraries, Schools of Art, and Public Companies.—Newspaper Files.—On SALE by the undersigned,
Clips for filing newspapers—the most serviceable yet introduced.
A. CUBITT, news agent, Hunter-street.

THE COMMITTEE of the RELIGIOUS TRACT and BOOK SOCIETY announce that the Sunday at Home, and Leisure Hour, for 1859, have arrived by the General Wyndham, and will be landed in a few days at their Depot, 264, Pitt-street South, nearly opposite the Mechanics' School of Arts. J. H. MORRISON, Depositary.

WALKER'S DICTIONARY and KEY, 4s. 6d.; post free, 5s. Glasgow Book Warehouse, 249, Elizabeth-street.

THE CARPENTERS' and JOINERS' ASSISTANT, a Complete Course of Practical Instruction, with numerous wood engravings and steel plates; in parts, 1 to 20, 2s. 3d. each. Glasgow Book Warehouse, 249, Elizabeth-street. R. MACKAY, importer.

BARNES' NOTES on the New Testament. 6 vols., with 70 plates and new notes, &c., 38s.
Barnes' Notes on Job, Isaiah, and Daniel, 4 vols., 22s.
Glasgow Book Warehouse, 249, Elizabeth-street, top of Bathurst-street. R. MACKAY, importer.

CHEAP STATIONERY, &c.—Foolscap paper, blue white, and ruled; letter and note paper, envelopes, brief paper, Gillot's pens, memorandum books, day books, cash books, journals and ledgers, school exercises, copy-books, Mavor's, Fenning's, Vyse's, and Carpenter's spelling books; inks and ink powders, pencils, and penholders. Storekeepers supplied at very reduced prices with everything suited to the book and stationery business. WILLIAM DOLMAN, 234, Pitt-street.

HULLAH'S MANUAL OF SINGING, in cloth, 7s. 6d. Hullah's Class Book, in two parts, 2s. 6d., at SANDON'S.

MOORE'S IRISH MELODIES, with music and words complete, handsomely bound, for 21s., at SANDON'S, George-street.

THE above MUSIC can be obtained also of Mr. JONES, bookseller, Bathurst, sole agent for the Western District.

DANCE MUSIC, in endless variety, consisting of all the latest publications; also, the old favourites. A good discount to the trade, and £1 worth sent free per post. C. T. SANDON. George street.

SELF-EDUCATION for the bush, Cassell's Popular Educator, 6 volumes in 3; price 33s., at SANDON'S, George-street.

SELECT PIANO SOLOS.—Come into the Garden, Maud; the Power of Love; the Shadow Air; a Maiden's Prayer; Santa Maria; the Nun's Prayer. C. T. SANDON, George-street, near Hunter-street.

FAVOURITE SONGS.—The Power of Love, Juanita, Jessie's Dream, Come into the Garden, Maud; When the Sow Sleepeth, It was on a Sunday Morning, The glorious Vintage, Good-bye-Sweetheart, The three Fishers went sailing, What will they say in England, Minnie, Nelly Gray, The sands o' Dee, Those dear old times; Phoebe, dearest, tell me. Also, the popular songs from Dinorah, Trovatore. C. T. SANDON, music-seller, George-street, near Hunter-street.

BOOSEY'S Flute and Violin Music, in books containing 100 pieces, prices 2s. C. T. SANDON.

BOOSEY'S Cheap Series of Instruction Books for all instruments, 2s. each, at SANDON'S, George-street.

THE VERDI ALBUM, D'Albert's Album, Laurent's Album, and the Operatic Album for 1860, at SANDON'S.

BOOSEY'S CHEAP SERIES OF THE OPERAS, bound in cloth, complete, from 5s. to 10s. 6d.; also arranged as Duetts, full music size, 7s. 6d. to 12s. 6d. C. T. SANDON, George-street, near Hunter-street.

MENDELSSOHN'S SONGS, without words.—The six books handsomely bound in one volume, for 12s. 6d., at SANDON'S.

NEW EDITIONS OF POPULAR SONGS.—Molly Asthore, 2s. 6d.; Ever of Thee, 2s. 6d.; Truth in Absence, 2s. 6d.; Beautiful Star, 2s.; Sweet Home, 2s.; Tempest of the Heart, 2s. 6d.; Ah, I have sighed to rest me, 2s. 6d.; Excelsior, 3s.; Hearts and Homes, 2s. 6d.; Norah M'Shane, 2s. 6d.; The Gipsy Girl, 2s. 6d.; The Reaper and the Flowers, 2s. 6d.
J. R. CLARKE, Music Seller.

BATTERIDGE and HAYDON request all parties indebted to them to PAY their ACCOUNTS without further delay, at the offices, No. 12, Barrack-street. All accounts not settled by 20th instant will be handed over to their solicitor, without respect to persons. May 2.

MUSICAL NOVELTY.—Now ready, No. 1 of the AUSTRALIAN MUSICAL BOUQUET, price one shilling. This interesting publication contains four popular and scarce songs (music and words), which ordinarily cost 2s. 6d. each, and is intended for the use of those who do not require the more expensive pianoforte arrangements. Contents of No. 1:—Lavenu's "Molly Asthore," Hall's "Ever of thee I'm fondly dreaming," Eliza Cook's "Norah M'Shane," and Balfe's new song, "The power of love," which has recently created such a great sensation in England, 35,000 copies having been sold the first week of publication. To be had at GEORGE PECK'S music repository, 13, Park-street.

ON SALE, ex George Marshall and Lloyds, and will be landed in a few days, PIANOS by esteemed makers; also, Alexandre's Harmoniums, 1 to 14 stops. J. H. ANDERSON, 27, Cowper-terrace, Church-hill.

NEW MUSIC, vocal and instrumental, by all the celebrated composers. Chappell's and Boosey's Operas complete; ditto instructions for all instruments; orchestra and military band parts, &c., &c. ANDERSON, Church-hill.

PIANOFORTES, by Broadwood, Collard, Murphy, Cadby, Frood, Allison, in rosewood and walnut, for SALE or HIRE. HARMONIUMS, by Alexandre, ex Lloyds, will be landed in a few days, from 1 to 15 stops. New MUSIC, from the celebrated houses of Cramer, Chappell, Boosey, Wessel, Coote, in every variety, &c. MOSS, Hunter-street.

HARMONIUMS, in rosewood and oak cases, 1, 3, 8, and 15 stops. D. BUIST and SON, George-street.

REMOVALS by SPRING VANS.—Pianos and furniture removed. D. BUIST and SON, 254, George-st.

MELODIAS, Flutinas, Concertinas, Violins, Guitars, Cornopeons, Flutes, Bassoons, Strings, &c. D. BUIST and SON.

PIANOFORTES.—The undersigned, importer of Broadwood and Sons' Pianofortes, has a few very superior and elegant first-class instruments, in grands and cottages; also a few elegant cheaper cottages just landed ex Flamingo. WILLIAM KING (from Broadwood and Sons'). Pianofortes tuned and repaired. 71, Market-street.

ORATORIOS.—A large shipment now landing from the Waterloo, comprising the Messiah, Judas Maccabeus, Israel in Egypt, Samson, Saul, Solomon, St. Paul, Elijah, Creation, Last Judgment, &c. Choral Societies and wholesale buyers supplied on favourable terms. HURFORD'S Pianoforte Warehouse, Castlereagh-street.

PIANOFORTES.—Now landing, from the Flamingo and Asia, in rosewood and walnut, by Broadwood and Sons and Frood, both plain and elegant. HURFORD'S Pianoforte Warehouse, Castlereagh-street.

PIANOFORTE MAKERS are informed that the undersigned has received, per Asia, Salisbury and Imperial Glue, centre wires, belly bar buttons, hopper springs, mahogany legs, &c. H. R. HURFORD, pianoforte maker, Castlereagh-street.

W. H. PALING, Sole Agent for Erard's Pianos, Pianoforte, Harmonium, and Music Warehouse. Pianofortes for SALE and HIRE, on moderate terms, by Erard, Broadwood, Collard, Murphy, Archer, Cadby, &c. Harmoniums from 1 to 8 stops, Pianos with all the latest improvements, ex Waterloo and General Windham. MUSIC.—An extensive stock in every variety. Catalogues and music forwarded by post. 83, Wynyard-square.

FRANCIS HAMILTON.—Take NOTICE that it is my intention to SELL the bald-face PONY, brown colour, branded J on near shoulder, short tail, two white hind legs, left with me on the 14th August, 1856, to defray expenses, if not released within fourteen days from this date. DAVID BEYNON, Willberforce, April 27th.

GLENLEE BUTTER.—The public are respectfully informed that the Depôt is REMOVED to the CORNER SHOP in the New Market, next to Mrs. Buckingham's, fruiterer, where this favourite and delicious butter will be on sale from Thursday to Saturday every week. N.B.—Sole Agents for the Glenlee Butter.

BILLIARD PLAYERS will find the best tables in Sydney at the Imperial Hotel, William street, Woolloomooloo. BERNARD SCULLY, proprietor. A furnished BEDROOM to LET.

NOTICE of REMOVAL.—Messrs. JAMES MONAGHAN and CO., Auctioneers and Commission Agents, beg to inform their numerous friends that they have removed from King-street to those extensive premises previously occupied by the late Mr. Graves, in George-street, opposite the Police Office, where they intend carrying on business as above.
N.B.—All sales intrusted to their charge will be duly attended to, and the money handed over immediately after the sale. Out-door sales punctually attended to.

G. F. BAKER, Auctioneer, Estate, Land, and Commission Agent, Hunter-street, formerly the EMPIRE Office, two doors from George-street. Out Sales of furniture, &c., conducted on liberal terms. Advances made on all kinds of property sent in for sale; also on deeds of land and houses. Furniture Sales every Thursday.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.—Any parties wishing to avoid a sale by auction of their effects, the undersigned is prepared to purchase entire houses of furniture for cash, or dispose of the same privately.—ROBERT MURIEL, auctioneer and commission agent, Wynyard-street.

TO IMPORTERS OF FURNITURE.—The undersigned will purchase, for cash, invoices of English-made furniture, of a substantial and useful character.—ROBERT MURIEL, auctioneer, &c., Wynyard-street.

TO MAKERS of all Descriptions of Colonial-made Furniture.—The undersigned is prepared to receive and advance upon any quantity of substantially-made Colonial Household Furniture, either for immediate sale, or otherwise. Ample store room and show rooms, unequalled in the colony, and store rent given for a reasonable time, gratis.
ROBERT MURIEL, auctioneer and commission agent, Wynyard-street.

TO PARTIES LEAVING THE COLONY and others.—The undersigned will purchase, make advances, or sell by public auction, Household Furniture, Plate, Articles of Vertu, &c.
ROBERT MURIEL, auctioneer and commission agent, Wynyard-street.

TO PARTIES FURNISHING.—All descriptions of Household Furniture, Pianofortes, and Household Requisites can be purchased privately at the Auction Rooms of ROBERT MURIEL, Wynyard-street.

IMPORTANT TO PARTIES Recently Arrived in the Colony, and others.—A most eligible opportunity of securing a comfortable family Cottage, at a nominal rental, within a short distance of the Post Office, completely and substantially furnished.
The HOUSE contains six rooms, coach-house, stabling, outhouse, &c.
The Furniture, which is nearly all new, and made to order, is to be taken at a valuation.
For particulars and cards to view apply to ROBERT MURIEL, auctioneer, Wynyard-street.

CENTRAL BEDDING WAREHOUSE, 128, Pitt-street, six doors from Hunter-street.
Hair, fibre, flax, and French mattresses.
Iron bedsteads and children's cots.
Steam-dressed feather beds and pillows.
N.B.—Old mattresses re-made and freed from moth.

REAL VIRGINIA GOLD LEAF TOBACCO.—J. BARTLETT respectfully informs his customers and the smoking community that he has now on SALE a very superior sample of the above tobacco, which for quality is rarely imported, being manufactured from the finest Virginia leaf. There has of late been so much puffing about tobacco, the undersigned deems any remarks unnecessary by simply stating that connoisseurs and others who are competent to give an opinion, after trying it, have pronounced it to be superior to any now offering in Sydney. To be had only at BARTLETT'S American Tobacco Warehouse, 526, George-street, Sydney, opposite Central Police Office.

375 MEERSCHAUM PIPES clearing out, at 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., 3s. each, at BARTLETT'S, tobacconist.

MEERSCHAUM PIPES, silver-mounted, beautiful goods, 463 to select from, at BARTLETT'S, 526, George-street.

THE OLD HOUSE IN PARK-STREET.—
OUR COLLECTOR APPEAL.

Who goes wooing, goes a-cooing
Many a fair but faithless maid.
Who goes suing, ends in ruing
He e'er sought the legal trade.

Who go borrowing, go a-sorrowing—
And oft their friends to madness drive;
But who goes collecting, goes dissecting
People while they're still alive.

We hope our patrons will take in good part our bluff method of announcing the fact that we are "hard up."
We will dispense with the polite threat of handing them over to the tender mercies of "our solicitor," for the reason that during the seven years we have been in business we never employed one.
Those poor devils who cannot pay, we freely forgive; but those gentlemen from all parts of the country, who deport themselves in Sydney and the levant without giving us a call, after six, nine, and twelve months' credit—of course in the blissful ignorance that the "Old House" is never in want of cash—to these gentlemen we would say, remit at once, for we are "hard up." "No song, no supper," is an old tale, but we would say, "No supper no song," for without some stamina not only must the "Old House" sink beneath the commercial current of the day,

But the spirit of song
That upheld it so long
Must return to "Old Nic,"
To whom all sprites belong;
And we must return to the land whence we came,
With a purse full of naught, save Australian fame.

WILEY and SONS, Park-street.

TO GLASS, CHINA, AND EARTHENWARE BUYERS.—MASON, BROTHERS, Importers for Wholesale and Export only. Assorted crates of Earthenware for storekeepers, and other goods in original packages. New Pitt-street.

TOOTH BRUSHES.—Try M'Mahon's 1s. tooth brush. The hair warranted not to fall out. M'MAHON, 410, George-street.

CRICKET GOODS.—Just arrived, ex General Wyndham, and will be landed in a few days, a large and varied selection of first-class CRICKET GOODS, consisting of Duke's treble-seam balls, Clapshaw's spring and cane handle bats, stumps and bails, leg guards, gloves, gauntlets, &c., &c. M. M'MAHON, 40, George-street.

HOMAN and CO.'S BOOTS AND SHOES.—WILLIAM SOOLE has received, per "Asia," a fresh supply of the above, which will be sold at reduced prices, to make room for several shipments daily expected. Ladies' best cashmere elastic-side boots, 8s. 6d.
Ditto ditto to lace, 4s. 6d.
404, George-street.

FRENCH STAYS, direct from Paris, coutille, watered silk, and satin. Mrs. PIPER, 207, Macquarie-st. North.

STAYS TO ORDER.—A perfect fit guaranteed. Mrs. PIPER, 207, Macquarie-st., near Hunter-st.

YOUNG AND YEO'S DRAPERY WAREHOUSE.
Blankets, heavy Witney, in every size
Sheetings, all widths, from 9½d. per yard
Counterpanes and quilts
Horrocks' longcloths
Ladies' cloth mantles, from 6s. 6d. to 2½ guineas
Bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, very superior
Ladies' and children's hats, newest shapes
Ditto ditto underclothing, in variety
Fancy goods of all kinds
French merinos, very superior, 2s. 6d. per yard
173, Pitt-street.

PIGOU'S and WILKS' Dartford Sporting Gunpowder, warranted genuine, 5s. per lb. To be had of GEORGE WHITFIELD, gunmaker, Cannon House, King-street. Established 1835.

IMPORTANT TO MOTHERS.—HENRY'S AUSTRALIAN WORM POWDERS are a never-failing remedy for worms in children and adults. Thousands of persons, old and young, can bear testimony to the proprietor's assertion, that these powders are a real worm specific. Sixpence each. WORM LOZENGES, some ingredients as the powders, 1s. per packet. Sent to all parts of the colonies by post, to order. Prepared only by J. HENRY, chemist, &c., 659, George-st., Haymarket.

POULTRY! POULTRY! POULTRY!—Notice.—The public can be supplied with poultry of superior quality, at the following prices, viz.:
100 fat chickens, at 2s. each.
100 plump young fowls, at 2s. 6d. each.
100 prime large fowls, at 3s. each.
Capons, as large as turkeys, from 4s. each.
Turkeys, geese, and ducks, very large and fat, equally cheap. Dairy-fed pork of the best quality, at the renowned Pork and German Sausage Depot.
H. CUMMINS, 194, Pitt-street.

TO SHIPPERS AND MASTERS OF VESSELS.—CLARENCE AND RICHMOND RIVERS CURED BEEF—ACHESON'S Brand, cured expressly for foreign markets—in tierces of 336 lbs., in 42 pieces, weighing 8 lbs. each. A supply of this celebrated brand always on hand. Apply to MOLISON and BLACK, 4, Bridge-street; or to CLARK IRVING, Pitt-street.

LIVE TURTLE.—For SALE by F. S. BIRD, Circular Quay.

FOR SALE, a full-size CAMERA, with chemicals complete. F. LARTER, Fancy Bazaar, 80, South Head Road.

KAURI SPARS for SALE, from 40 to 90 feet. BROWN and HILL, Grafton Wharf.

FOR SALE, 25,000 feet prime Richmond River PINE LOGS. Apply to W. WRIGHT, 28, Bathurst-st.

TIMBER at the Liverpool-street Saw Mills.—Every description of rough and dressed timber prepared to order on the shortest notice. H. MOON.

MANUFACTURES in wood generally, to order, with despatch, at the Liverpool-street Saw Mills.

WOODEN HOUSES and STORES at the Liverpool street Saw Mills.

WINE and PACKING CASES, Soap and Candle Boxes, at the Liverpool-street Saw Mills.

THE TRADE allowed a liberal discount, and country buyers supplied at low rates, at the Liverpool-street Saw Mills. H. MOON.

WOOLLOOMOOLOO STEAM SAW MOULDING MILLS and JOINERS' WORKS, Woolloomooloo Bay, bottom of Dowling-street.—The above works are in full operation, and every description of colonial manufacture, of superior workmanship and materials, at reduced rates.
Joiners' work—doors, window sashes, French casements and shutters, architraves, mouldings, in cedar, deal, &c., to any dimensions and design
Turnery—chair, table, sofa, legs, stumps, and rails, of new and improved patterns
Boxes—wine, soap, and candle cases made to order
Colonial grooved and tongued hardwood boards
¾, 1, and 1¼ inch deal battens, weatherboards, &c.
Sawing, grooving, and tonguing, &c.
500,000 feet cedar, pine, oregon, and deal, on SALE.

NORTH SHORE.—FOR SALE, 97 years' LEASES of Allotments from one-third acre upwards, overlooking Neutral Bay, closely adjoin, and command the best views of the Harbour. Terms, £20; half cash; ground rent, £2 per year. No restriction. Also three Allotments having water frontage.

SOUTH SYDNEY.—FOR SALE, a COTTAGE, four rooms, verandah, yard, and flower garden, on reasonable terms. GEORGE LANGHORNE, estate agent, Newtown.

FOR SALE, more than Two Acres of good LAND, only three miles from Sydney, freehold. Apply to ISAAC NEWBURY, baker, Chippendale.

GROCERY BUSINESS.—For SALE, the Stock-in-trade and Goodwill of a General Grocery Business, doing a good trade, corner of Liverpool-street, Darlinghurst. Terms moderate. Apply on the premises.

MEDICAL.—A duly qualified Medical Practitioner, about returning to Europe, wishes to DISPOSE of his Practice. Full particulars of terms, &c., given on reference to Mr. HEATH, chemist, 334, George-street.

WANTED, to DISPOSE OF, Two useful HORSES, with saddles and bridles, just from the country, for £8 each; work in harness and good journey hacks. GIBSON, 402, Castlereagh-street South.

PONY for SALE, small and very quiet, suitable for children. E. H. FLATMAN'S stables, King and Elizabeth streets. N.B.—A vacancy for two livery horses, at 25s. per week.

ANY Gentleman's Family REQUIRING the services of a professed Man COOK will hear of one by addressing ENTREES, HERALD Office. Superior references.

AN ARCHITECTURAL and MAPPING DRAFTSMAN WANTS EMPLOYMENT for a short time; wages no object. DRAFTSMAN, HERALD Office.

A LADY is desirous of an ENGAGEMENT as NURSERY GOVERNESS; or would take charge of a young family deprived of a mother's care. Address, A. B. D., Post Office.

A GENTLEMAN, capable of keeping books, is desirous of obtaining EMPLOYMENT in a counting-house or store, in town or country. Address Q. C. R., Post Office, Newtown.

No. 60—31. Town Clerk's Office, Sydney, 4th May, 1860.
BUILDING AND DISTRICT SURVEYOR.—Applications, accompanied by testimonials, will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 14th instant, at 12 o'clock noon, from parties desirous of filling the office of Building and District Surveyor under the Corporation.
All information respecting the duties of the office, &c., may be obtained at the office of the City Engineer.
CHARLES H. WOOLCOTT, Town Clerk.

BOARD and RESIDENCE Wanted, by a Gentleman, in Balmain, near a ferry. Address X, HERALD Office.

CANDLE MAKERS WANTED, first-rate workmen only. COWAN and ISRAEL, Elizabeth-street.

CHARCOAL WANTED, to purchase, by JOHN DUGUID and CO., next Sydney Exchange.

LODGINGS WANTED, by a respectable Man and little Boy, in a small quiet family. No objection to a short distance from Sydney. State full particulars to L. W. HERALD Office.

ORANGE TREES.—Wanted, towards the end of August next, 150 SILETTAS, at least two years from grafting, and on three or four old stocks. Apply, by letter, to A. B., stating price, at Mr. Pinhey's, chemist and druggist, Pitt-street.

PARTNERSHIP.—Wanted a PARTNER, with capital of £1600, to take a half-share in a business yielding £5000 per annum, with capabilities of considerable extension. The highest references will be given. Apply, by letter, to A. B., care of Norton, Son, and Barker, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

PUBLIC-HOUSE wanted, a good stand, and near the wharves. C. H. ROOKS, 123, King-street.

SHIPWRIGHTS WANTED, the men who built the punt, at Windsor, preferred. Apply at office George-street Markets, to-day, or at Penrith, Monday.

STORE CATTLE.—WANTED, to purchase, 5000 head of mixed well-bred, quiet cattle. Apply to THOMAS DAWSON, auctioneer and commission agent, 421, George-street.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted, an ASSISTANT. M. SPENCE, 101 and 103, Pitt-street, Sydney.

THE FRIENDS of a Young Lady, want a home and instruction in music and general education. O. P., HERALD Office.

TO FANCY BOX-MAKERS.—Wanted, a few dozen Cardboard BOXES; the pattern can be seen at READING and WELLBANK'S, 13, Bridge-street.

TO MERCHANTS.—Wanted, by a respectable young Married Man, a SITUATION as CLERK in an office or store. Highly respectable references to past and present employers. Address M., Box 48, Post Office.

TO DRAPERS' ASSISTANTS.—WANTED one GOOD HAND, also a junior and a youth as LIGHT PORTER. P. CHARTERS, late Charters and Griffiths, 688, Brickfield-hill.

TRAINING for PRIMARY SCHOOLS in connection with the Church of England.—WANTED, several young Married MEN, of unexceptionable moral character, to enter the St. James' Model School for a period of six months, to be trained as TEACHERS of primary schools in connection with the Church of England. Further particulars may be obtained of W. J. CUTHBERT, Diocesan Inspector, St. James' School, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

PAPERHANGER wanted, early THIS MORNING. Apply J. SMITH, corner of William and Yurong sts.

WANTED, to purchase, a cheap second-hand Waterman's SKIFF. T. WHATSON, Custom-house.

WANTED, a GENERAL SERVANT. Apply to Mrs. PALMER, William and Crown streets.

WANTED, a BRICKMAKER. Steam Engine Inn, George-street South.

WANTED, 50 SHOEMAKERS to make kip boots. Good workmen. Apply to P. HANRATTY, Glebe.

WANTED, a PUBLICAN'S General LICENSE. Apply JAMES W. MAY, Parramatta-street.

WANTED, a good GENERAL SERVANT. Apply 51, William-street.

WANTED, a SLATER. Apply, between 6 and 10 THIS MORNING, to HUGH MACMASTER, 84, Sussex-street.

WANTED, a GROOM and COACHMAN. Apply at DRISCOLL'S Horse Bazaar, Pitt street.

WANTED, a strong active LAD, with good character. GEORGE GRIFFITHS, 7, Jamison-street.

WANTED, a quiet HORSE, broken to saddle and harness. Trial required. R., HERALD Office.

WANTED, Quick Horse TEAMS for Yass. JOHN WATKINS, Margaret-street.

WANTED, 50,000 or 60,000 best Shingles. Apply to Mr. STRUTH, Phillip-street North.

WANTED, a Female as GENERAL HOUSE SERVANT. Apply 428, Castlereagh street.

WANTED, a Young GIRL, to make herself generally useful. Apply at 202, Palmer-st., Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a PUBLIC-HOUSE. Address, at once, H. M. L., Post Office.

WANTED, good MANTLE HANDS, next Royal Arms, Devonshire-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a first-hand MILLINER. Mrs. HALBERT'S, 88, King-street.

WANTED, a WAITER. Apply to the House Steward of the Australian Club.

WANTED, a smart Youth, as MESSENGER. Apply to the House Steward of the Australian Club.

WANTED, a YOUTH as PORTER. WEIGHT and JOHNSON, 251, Pitt-street.

WANTED, an active YOUTH as PORTER. ROBERT LITTLE, 27°, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a GENERAL SERVANT. Apply at Evergreen Cottage, Cooper-st., Strawberry Hills.

WANTED, to purchase COCOANUT OIL. MRS. ASBLIN, 139, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID, either English or Scotch, who will wash. Apply after 10, at 4, Bligh-street.

WANTED, Six NAVVIES, to work on the Randwick Course. Apply to BURT and CO., Pitt-street.

WANTED, a GIRL, about 14 years of age. Apply Dumbarton Castle, Kent-street North.

WANTED, a YOUNG GIRL.—Apply to Mrs. BRADLY, Alliance Auction Rooms, 205, Pitt-st.

WANTED, a PORK BUTCHER, to make small goods, at J. GIBBINS', 675, George-street South.

WANTED, a SITUATION as Coachman, with undeniable character. A. B., Mr. ARTHUR, Coachmaker, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, by THOMAS PIERCE, Woolloomooloo Agent for HERALD, readers for London papers and periodicals.

WANTED by a respectable Woman, a CHILD to Dry Nurse. Apply at 146, Liverpool-street, near the Woolloomooloo Dairy.

WANTED, a respectable single young MAN, to keep books in a butcher's shop. Apply from 12 till 1. CLEEVE and CO., Charlotte-place.

WANTED, a GENERAL SERVANT, in a small family. Belvedere Cottage, Bourke street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a GENERAL FEMALE SERVANT. Mrs. CADMAN, Abbotsford Cottage, Nelson Bay Road, Waverley.

WANTED, a SITUATION as STEWARDESS, in a steamer, or in a travelling family. Apply to M. M., 31, Union-street, near the Patent Slip.

WANTED, by two sisters (English), well recommended, SITUATIONS, in a gentleman's family. Apply at Mrs DUNN'S Office, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, Rubble MASONS, to build a house by the perch. Apply to W. G. EVANS, builder, Kent-street South.

WANTED, a MARRIED COUPLE; man to teach children, woman to be housekeeper and servant. J. C. GLUE, 162, Pitt-street.

WANTED, an efficient SHOP WALKER for a Country Drapery Store. Apply to CHRISTOPHER NEWTON, BROTHER, and CO., George-st.

WANTED, a thorough IRONMONGER, for a country store. A liberal salary will be given to a competent person. LEVICKS and PIPER, Pitt-street.

WANTED, by a young Person just arrived in the colony, a situation as HOUSEMAID, and to assist in the Nursery. Please address H. H., HERALD Office.

WANTED, by an experienced Person, CATTLE to DRIVE overland to Melbourne, on terms to be agreed on. Apply C. P., care of Mr. W. P. Woolcott, 14, Jamison-street.

WANTED, £3500, on security of City Property producing a rental of over £1600 per annum. Apply to JOSIAH MULLENS, stock and share broker, Hunter-street.

WANTED, an active MAN, as Boots and Waiter. Must know his business. Wages £1 per week. Apply at BARKAUSEN'S Hotel, Prince of Wales Theatre.

WANTED, a MAN as COOK, for a Hotel, distance about forty miles from Sydney; he must understand making bread. Apply to Mr. BUSS, at Mr. Markwell's, Golden Fleece, George-street South.

WANTED, by a Young MAN, a SITUATION, in which he can make himself useful; understands horses; writes a good hand; good references. Apply to A. F. FORD'S Agency Office, 348, George-street.

WANTED to purchase for CASH, a detached RESIDENCE in the suburbs, containing not less than six rooms, exclusive of servant's room, kitchen, &c. Apply stating full particulars, to SILEX, Box 46, Post Office.

WANTED, by Two respectable Females, Situations in one family as Housemaid, and Nurse and Needlewoman. Wanted, Blacksmiths (shoeing), Man Cook, Waiters, Married Couples, Slubber, Female Servants, &c. HAIGH and BROWN, labour agent, 120, King-street East.

WANTED, TEAMS for
Goulburn
Queanbeyan
Snowy River.
JOHN FRAZER and CO., 97, York-street.

AN OFFICE to LET, on the first-floor, over Tarring's Bazaar, 350, George-street.

A YOUNG MAN can be accommodated with Board, &c., 180, Elizabeth-street South.

APARTMENT to LET, furnished. Apply at Mrs. DUNN'S Registry Office, Castlereagh street.

A FURNISHED BEDROOM to LET, with partial board. Apply at Mrs. DUNN'S Registry Office.

A COMFORTABLE Furnished BEDROOM to LET, on moderate terms, 147, Pitt-street.

A LARGE and convenient STORE to be LET, adjoining the Circular Wharf. Apply to MOREHEAD and YOUNG, O'Connell-street.

A RESPECTABLE FEMALE can have PARTIAL BOARD and RESIDENCE in town. C. M., HERALD Office.

A GENTLEMAN can have BOARD or Partial Board and Residence, 19, Botany-street, Surry Hills. The bedroom is a large and airy front room.

BEDROOM, with or without Board, at 128, Elizabeth-street North, near King-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE at the Pelican Hotel, South Head Road—healthily situated. Terms moderate.

BOARD and LODGING, cheap and comfortable, at COLE'S, Waratah Hotel, William-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, No. 6, Burdekin-terrace, Hyde Park.

BOARD and RESIDENCE. Mrs. ELDERS, 294, Castlereagh-street, near Park-street. Stabling.

BOARD, &c.—Comfortable quarters, 21s. per week; also stabling. Sydney Club, Cumberland-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE. Mrs. SAMSON, 28, Upper Fort-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, 157, Elizabeth-street, near Market-street. Terms moderate.

BOARD and RESIDENCE in a private family. Apply to Mr. PALMER, naturalist, 9, Hunter-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, with separate apartments, at Mrs. CAREW'S, 122, Castlereagh-street.

BALMAIN, TO LET, a stone COTTAGE, 5 rooms, &c. RICHARDSON and WRENCH, George-st.

COTTAGES to LET, at the station, Burwood, cheap. H. MOON, Liverpool-street Saw Mills.

COMMODIOUS STORES TO LET.—A Three-storied commodious STORE, centrally situated in Queen's-place, two doors from New Pitt-street, close to the Circular Quay; rent moderate. Apply to L. E. THRELKELD and CO., City Mart.

EXCELLENT BUSINESS PREMISES, in GOULBURN.—To LET, that portion of the premises of the Australian Joint Stock Bank in Goulburn known as Bull's Commercial Store, Market-square, adjoining the bank, and comprising two-storied warehouse, shop, offices, and out-offices, with excellent stable and large yard;—the same to be let for a term of years. Full particulars can be had on application at the Australian Joint Stock Bank, Sydney and Goulburn. A. H. RICHARDSON, General Manager.

MORVILLE COTTAGE, NEWTOWN.—TO LET, the above cottage, with about 3 acres of paddock and garden well-stocked with all sorts of fruit trees. The contains four good bedrooms, large drawing and dining rooms, kitchen, servants' room, and laundry, besides three-stall stable, coach-house, fowl-house, &c. Entrance gate next the railway bridge. Enquire on the premises, or of the undersigned. J. DONOHOE, Newtown.

OFFICES to LET.—Two Front Rooms on first floor, near the Post Office. 400, George-street.

OFFICES for Solicitors and others; Stores if required. Next the Commercial Bank, George-street.

OFFICES for Solicitors and others; Stores if required. Next the Commercial Bank, George-street.

PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY (first-class) to LET. Next the Commercial Bank, George-street.

PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY (first class) TO LET. Next the Commercial Bank, George-street.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE, 100, Harrington-street, Church-hill. Terms moderate.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE. 346, Kent-street, near Market-street.

RANDWICK, COOGEE.—To LET, the HOUSE and GROUNDS, known as VERONA, overlooking the Pacific, Coogee, and the waters of Botany. This first class residence stands on three acres of lawn, garden, and paddocks; eight rooms, closets, kitchen, bath-room, servants' offices, coachhouse, stables, gardener's cottage; water laid on. Apply on premises, or to WILLIAM ELLIS, 5, Exchange.

SITTING and two BED ROOMS, with a private family; board if required. Corner of Elizabeth and Liverpool streets.

ST. LEONARD'S, North Shore, within 100 yards of the Catholic Chapel.—To LET, a four-room COTTAGE, with a good well of water, and an acre of garden planted with choice fruit trees. Apply to TUCKER and CO., 288, George-street.

TO LET, that double verandah HOUSE, 70, Upper Fort-street, seven rooms and kitchen. Apply at 64.

TO LET, a Three-roomed Cottage, in Dowling-street. J. YEOMANS, 799, George-street South.

TO LET, a good grazing FARM, near Pye Farm, Eastern Creek. ALBEMARLE LAYARD, Jamison-st.

TO LET, a HOUSE, with six rooms; large stable. Apply to ISAAC NEWBURY, baker, Chippendale.

TO LET, a HOUSE, in Upper Forbes-street. Apply to T. CRIPPS, confectioner, 510, George-street.

TO LET, 75, Yurong-street; six rooms and kitchen. BEIT and MACDONALD, 6, Wynyard street.

TO LET, a large ROOM, suitable for an office, No. 120, King-street.

TO LET, at Snail's Bay, Exeter Villa, six rooms, with every convenience. G. ELWORTHY, 381, George-st.

TWO GENTLEMEN, willing to occupy the same bedroom, with partial BOARD if required. 351, Elizabeth-street South. N.B. No children or other lodgers.

TO TANNERS.—TO LET, the GLENMORE TANNERY, Rushcutter's Bay. Apply to RAYMOND and CO., Treasury-buildings, George-street.

TO LET, Two four-roomed HOUSES, in York-place; water laid on, taxes paid. Apply to EDWARD SALAMON, Margaret-street.

TO LET, a PUBLIC-HOUSE, centrally situated, doing a first-class business. Rent moderate. Apply to BROWNE and WILLIAMS, 140, King-street.

TO LET, an HOTEL. Price £1500; its real value considerably more. Apply to ALBEMARLE LAYARD, Jamison-street.

TO LET, a HOUSE with five rooms and kitchen, with water laid on, ISAAC NEWBURY, baker, Chippendale.

TO LET, a four-room COTTAGE, verandah, yard, and well of water in Redfern-street West, near the toll bar, No. 29. Rent 8s. per week.

TO LET, Rev. Mr. STEWART'S COTTAGE and Paddocks, at Charing Cross, Waverley. Inquire next door.

TO LET, a HOUSE situated in Pitt-street, containing eight rooms, kitchen, &c.; rent £84 per year. Apply to R. W. MOORE, opposite Queen's Wharf.

TO LET, a BEDROOM and PARLOUR, Furnished—quiet home and no other lodgers. 155, Woolloomooloo-street.

TO LET, commodious Business PREMISES, in Wynyard-square, adjoining Messrs. B. and W. Paul's office. Apply to L. E. THRELKELD, City Mart.

TO BUILDERS and others.—To LET, the whole of those PREMISES in O'Connell-street lately occupied by Mr. John Mollitor. Apply to RICHARDSON and WRENCH, Bank-buildings, George-street.

TO LET, a HOUSE of eight rooms, verandah and balcony, No. 204, Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo, one door north of Liverpool-street. Apply on the premises: or, Smith's Shirt Factory, Park-street.

TO BE LET, No. 167, Botany-street, Surry Hills, containing five rooms and kitchen, with yard, &c.; rent £52 per annum. Apply to Mr. COWLISHAW, Paddington.

TO LET, near Alpha Cottage, William-street, a four-roomed HOUSE, verandah and balcony, kitchen and servants' room. £1 5s. per week. Apply at 88, Crown and William streets.

TO LET, a first-class RESIDENCE, in the most respectable and delightful part of the Point Piper Road, with the best supply of water; rent moderate. Apply to Mr. J. CAREW, 235, George street, Sydney.

TO LET, a PUBLIC-HOUSE, in a good locality. Possession can be given immediately, worth attention. Incoming trifling. Apply to ALBEMARLE LAYARD, Jamison-street.

TO LET, a HOUSE in Victoria-terrace, Miller's Point, containing ten rooms; stabling, &c.; now occupied by G. Dibbs, Esq. Inquire on the premises; or to P. TALBOT, Phillip-street North.

TO LET, at Upper Paddington, Point Piper Estate, near the Half-way House, a BUTCHER'S SHOP, with three rooms, doing a good trade. Plenty of water. Apply H. CUMMINS, 196, Pitt-street.

TO LET, a HOUSE, containing six rooms, with garden, and stabling, pleasantly situated in Prince's Road, Darlinghurst. Rent moderate. Apply to Mr. T. MOORE, Upper William-street; or B. PALMER, Pitt and King streets.

TO LET, the HOUSE, No. 43, Macleay-street, Darlinghurst, containing six rooms, servant's room, kitchen, washhouse, &c., and a well of excellent water. Apply to H. DENT, at Smith, Brothers, and Co., Macquarie-place.

TO LET or SELL, on the Enmore Road, near Newtown, a comfortable brick COTTAGE, with four rooms, kitchen, &c., a good five-stall stable, garden, and large yard. Apply to F. SMITH, SOUTHERN CROSS Office, 3, Queen's-place.

TO LET, Two of those excellent new eight-roomed HOUSES, in York-street, fit for the immediate reception of a respectable tenant; water laid on, back entrance, &c. Apply to EDWARD SALAMON, Margaret-street.

TO LET, a superior DAIRY FARM, within a few miles of Sydney, containing seven hundred acres, with a never-failing supply of pure water. A comfortable cottage, dairy, stockyard, &c. For particulars apply to Mr. THOMAS ALLEN, commission agent, Market and Sussex streets.

TO LET, delightfully situated, a COTTAGE of six rooms, with stable, coachhouse, and other outhouses, flower garden in front, kitchen garden in rear, all in good order. For particulars apply to E. PUGH, 428, George-street.

TO LET, with immediate possession, all that extensive and commodious HOTEL, with stables, coach-house, and granary, situate at Honeysuckle Point, Newcastle. For further particulars apply to Messrs. H. A. BROWN, Woolf-street, Newcastle.

TO LET, one of those neat family RESIDENCES in Williams-terrace, Stanley-street, Woolloomooloo, opposite the new Scots Church; water laid on, and every convenience. For particulars, &c., apply to Mr. GILL, No. 11, for the key; or to Mr. J. WILLIAMS, Hotel, Parramatta.

TO LET, those extensive Business PREMISES, No. 513, LOWER GEORGE-STREET, at present occupied by Mr. John Fletcher, comprising shop and fittings, parlour, six good rooms, and kitchen, with stabling, and convenient back entrance; water and gas laid on. Rent moderate. For full particulars apply to RICHARDSON and WRENCH, Bank-buildings, George-street.

TO LET, Nos. 265 and 267, situated in Pitt-street, that large and extensive DRAPER'S SHOP, and BONNET SHOP adjoining, which have been occupied by G. C. Tuting during the last ten years. The lease expires on the 1st of October next. Apply to W. NASH, Esq., Castlereagh-street.

TO LET, one of those newly-erected HOUSES, Cashmere-place, Paddington, containing seven rooms and kitchen, scullery, and drying ground, a good verandah, with fine view of the new Racecourse, grand stand, &c., suitable for a respectable family. Apply to Mr. JOHN GOOLD, Lloyd's-chambers.

TO INVALIDS, or Persons in want of a thorough Change of Air.—To be LET, for such a time as may be required, a comfortably furnished MARINE VILLA, garden and pleasure grounds, adjoining a steam ferry, on the north side of Port Jackson. Rent moderate. Apply to Mr. F. MADER, stationer, George-street.

TO MARKET GARDENERS, Wool-washers, Dairymen, and others.—To SELL or LET, on the Waterloo Estate, opposite the Waterloo Mills, on the Botany Road, the good-will of the LEASE, together with a four-roomed Cottage, and offices thereto. Also, two and three-quarter acres of Ground, formerly occupied by the late Foster Anderson. For further particulars apply to Mrs. ANDERSON, on the ground.

TO LET, at Waverley, a delightful Family RESIDENCE, consisting of seven rooms, kitchen, cellar; likewise a laundry at the rear of the above, consisting of three rooms, with a loft over all, and four-stall stable, hay loft, coach-house, shed, &c., &c. For particulars as to rent apply to BROWNE and WILLIAMS, agents, 140, King-street, opposite the Supreme Court; or to J. R. MYERS, 105, King-street.

TO BE LET, at Wingecaribbee, Berrima, large and small FARMS, on 99 years' leases, untrammelled with any conditions; the rent will be fixed at the value of the land as it at present exists. The land on this estate is well known as being of the best quality, is well watered in every part, and will be intersected by the railway from Sydney to Goulburn. Application may be made to Mr. H. M. OXLEY, on the property; or to Mr. J. N. OXLEY, Kirkham.

TO LET, a stone-built COTTAGE, at the Northern end of Prince-street. It has a verandah and flower plot in the front; it contains eleven apartments, large and small, with water laid on; it has an extensive balcony in the rear, commanding views of Darling Harbour and the North Shore, to which balcony is attached a patent water-closet. Apply to THOMAS RYAN, 31, Prince-street.

TO LET, at Newtown, adjoining the property of Mr. F. J. King, lately in the occupation of Mr. W. Yates, a COTTAGE, containing six rooms, with out-kitchen and servant's room, butler's pantry, gig-house, coach-house, stable, cow-sheds, &c., having undergone thorough repair. There are large garden, orchard, and extensive paddock, at a moderate rental. Apply on the premises; or to R. L. SCRUTTON, 35, Glebe Road.

TO LET, those newly erected STORES, in New Pitt-street, opposite Messrs. Brown and Co.'s, each having three large floors, with ample room for offices, and good dry cellars; being situated in the heart of the city they are admirably adapted for persons requiring large premises. They will be let separate or together, and if necessary can be converted into one store by removing arches in the partitional wall. For further particulars apply to Mr. E. MOSES, 3, Bridge-street.

TO LET, with immediate possession, either singly or together, those two capacious and substantial stone-built HOUSES, Nos. 2 and 3, College-buildings, Jamison-street, recently occupied as a first-class boarding establishment, by the late Mr. Robert Byers. These houses have long been known through the Press, to visitors from the neighbouring colonies, and were occupied successfully by the late tenant as a single establishment, for which they are well fitted, from having an internal communication between them, with fourteen apartments to each. For particulars apply No. 4, College-buildings.

TO LET, WAVERTON HOUSE and GROUNDS, situated on North Shore, about a mile from the wharf, Blue's Point, commanding, without exception, the finest view on either side of the harbour. The house affords every convenience for the residence of a respectable family. The grounds, comprising several acres of land, have been laid out at great expense, and consist of orchard, vineyard, flower and vegetable gardens, &c. Apply to Messrs. RICHARDSON and WRENCH, George-street, or ROBERT THOMSON, St. Leonard's Cottage, North Shore.

TO LET.—The HOUSE in Victoria-terrace, Miller's Point, lately occupied by James Barker, Esq., containing entrance-hall, eight large and lofty rooms, with extensive cellerage, and a spacious verandah overlooking the harbour. Water and gas laid on. A separate row of buildings contains spare bedrooms, laundry, kitchen, coachhouse and four-stall stable. A garden attached. For further particulars apply to RICHARDSON and WRENCH, Bank-buildings; or to the proprietor, HENRY MOORE, Moore's Wharf.

TO PUBLIC LECTURERS, Secretaries of Societies, and Others.—The Committee of the New South Wales Alliance have resolved in future to LET their spacious HALL, on the following reduced charges, viz.:—For evening, £2 2s.; for Bazaars, &c., any and every day, £5 5s.; and 30s. for half days. Special attention is called to the above, as the Hall can accommodate 700 people comfortable. Applications for the above to be sent to Mr. MORRISON, 264, Pitt-street, nearly opposite the School of Arts.
J. H. MORRISON, } Honorary
G. J. CROUCH, } Secretaries.

TO BE LET, for a term of years, CANTERBURY FARM.—The improvements consist of a Stone dwelling Cottage, in good repair, containing six rooms and a good kitchen, with front and back verandahs, large water tanks, &c. Also, a Cottage of stone, for the farm-servants, containing four good airy rooms and a kitchen, front and back porches, &c.; a dairy, built of stone; barn, milking sheds, and yards, stable, piggeries, fowl-houses, very complete in order and arrangement, poultry yards, &c. The supply of water is abundant. There are about 115 acres of land, of which the greater part is cleared and stumped. The whole is securely fenced. The farm house is about one mile from the Ashfield Station. For further particulars apply to Mr. JEFFREYS, at Campbell's Wharf; or to Mr. PENDALL, on the Ashfield Road, near the farm.

TO LET, some of the largest and best HOTELS and PUBLIC-HOUSES in SYDNEY, by the undersigned.—Mr. ALBEMARLE LAYARD thinks that, from the extensive experience already obtained respecting gold-fields, the people of Sydney will fully appreciate the advantages that must necessarily flow from these investments. The houses named are the largest and best in Sydney, and situated in the most crowded thoroughfares, which is the best guarantee for prosperity in undertakings of this kind. Mr. Layard would further point out that immediate communication with himself is most desirable for the incoming tenant on account of the easy terms on which these properties may at present be obtained. In three months time so great an alteration will be made in the value of all Sydney properties by the continued arrival of gold from the diggings that it will be difficult to ensure a ready occupation of such houses as the above described. The long leases that are enabled to be granted will prove another source of wealth to the tenant, for they are always so in any case. In entering upon speculations of any kind the future must be considered as of permanent importance compared with the present, and there can be no doubt that in this case an opening up of a paramount trade is given to the speculator, but there will be also immediate returns arising from the nature of the business which will render less irksome and annoying any little outlay that may be necessary at first. The thirst of mankind is proverbial, and it is a well known fact that publicans thrive when other tradesmen are pinched. Altogether, the chance is a rare one, and Mr. Layard invites the attention of everybody about to embark in the trade to this advertisement. Apply to ALBEMARLE LAYARD, Jamison-street.

TO BE LET.—WEEKLY SUMMARY.
COTTAGE, Paddington, 6 rooms
HOUSE, Cleveland-street, 8 rooms
COTTAGE, Parramatta River, 8 rooms
SHOP and DWELLING, George-street South (extensive)
COTTAGE, Woolloomooloo, 5 rooms
SHOP and DWELLING, Market-street
HOUSE, St. Peter's, 9 rooms
COTTAGE, Redfern, 7 rooms
SHOPS (3) with DWELLINGS, centre of George-st.
COTTAGE, Balmain, 5 rooms
SHOP and DWELLING, Castlereagh-street
HOUSE, Newtown, 6 rooms
SHOP, Pitt-street
WHARF and PRODUCE STORES, Darling Harbour
BREWERY, at Braidwood
First-class Board and Residence in private families and otherwise, registered.
Tenants requiring houses will find it a great saving of time, trouble, and expense, to apply to W. P. WOOLCOTT, house agent, 4, Jamison-street.

VICTORIA-STREET.—To LET, No. 217, six rooms, &c.; 18s. per week. ALEXANDER DICK, George-street.

YASS.—To LET, a large STORE, adjoining the Royal Hotel, in one of the most flourishing towns, and on the main road to all the Southern gold-fields. Rent, £100 a year. Apply to H. HART, Royal Hotel, Yass.

SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.—
Subscription, 20s. per quarter.
CASH TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
Two lines or 14 words ... One shilling.
Four lines or 30 ditto ... Two shillings.
Six lines or 48 ditto ... Three shillings.
Eight lines or 64 ditto ... Four shillings.
And 3d. (three pence) per line for every additional line eight words for each insertion.
*** All advertisements under six lines will be [illegible] 3s. to advertiser's account, if booked.
Births, Deaths, and Marriages, 3s. each insertion.
N.B.—Advertisers in the country can remit payment in postage stamps.

SYDNEY:—Printed and published by JOHN FAIRFAX AND SONS, at the Office of the "Sydney Morning Herald," Pitt and Hunter streets, Saturday, May 5th 1860.

National Library of Australia
http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1487997